## **GREEN'S THEOREM**

- Green's Theorem
- Proof on a Rectangle
- General Domains

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#### **THEOREM**

Let  $D\subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$  be an open set with boundary C a piecewise smooth, simple, closed curve. Let F=(P,Q) be a  $C^1$  vector field. Then

$$\oint_C Pdx + Qdy = \iint_D \partial_x Q - \partial_y PdA$$

## **EXAMPLE**

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$$\oint_C 2ydx + 5xdy = \iint_D 5 - 2dA$$

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**Evaluate** 

$$\iint_D x^2 + y^2 dA$$

where D is the region inside the disc,  $D_2$  of radius 2 centred on the origin and outside the disc,  $D_1$  of radius 1 centred on the origin.

### AREA OF AN ELLIPSE

### **EXAMPLE**

$$ext{Area}(E) = \iint_E dA = rac{1}{2} \int_C x dy - y dx$$

$$\mathbf{c}(t) = (a\cos t, b\sin t) \quad 0 \le t \le 2\pi$$

#### **PROOF**

Let R be a rectangle with horizontal sides  $H_1, H_2$  and vertical sides  $V_1, V_2$ 

$$egin{aligned} \oint_C \overrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \cdot \overrightarrow{\mathbf{T}} ds &= \int_{H_1} \overrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \cdot \overrightarrow{\mathbf{T}} ds - \int_{H_2} \overrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \cdot \overrightarrow{\mathbf{T}} ds \ &= \int_{V_1} \overrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \cdot \overrightarrow{\mathbf{T}} ds - \int_{V_2} \overrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \cdot \overrightarrow{\mathbf{T}} ds \end{aligned}$$

#### **PROOF**

$$ullet$$
 On  $H_1, H_2$  :  $\overrightarrow{f T} = \overrightarrow{f e_1}$  and  $\overrightarrow{f F} \cdot \overrightarrow{f T} = P$ 

$$ullet$$
 On  $V_1,V_2$  :  $\overrightarrow{f T}=\overrightarrow{f e_2}$  and  $\overrightarrow{f F}\cdot\overrightarrow{f T}=Q$ 

#### PROOF

$$-\int_a^b P(x,d) - P(x,c) dx = -\int_a^b \int_c^d \partial_y P(x,y) dy dx \ \int_c^d Q(b,y) - P(a,y) dy = \int_c^d \int_a^b \partial_x Q(x,y) dx dy$$

# **GENERAL DOMAINS**

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- Break up the domain into rectangles
- Inner line integrals cancel