# **SOLVING ODE'S**

### **GENERAL SOLUTION**

#### **DEFINITION**

The **General Solution** includes arbitrary constants and we use the initial conditions to determine the values of these constants.

The arbitrary constants are constants of integration

$$F(x) = \int f(x)dx + C$$

## **SOLVING ODE'S USING FTC**

### FTC

#### **LEMMA**

$$y'(t) = f(t)$$
  $\Rightarrow y(t) = y(t_0) + \int_{t_0}^t f(u) du$ 

## **EXAMPLE**

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$$egin{cases} y'(t) &= t^2 \ y(1) &= 3 \end{cases}$$

## FREE FALL

#### **EXAMPLE**

$$egin{cases} z''(t) &= -g \ z(0) &= z_0 \ z'(0) &= v_0 \end{cases}$$

Let 
$$v=z'\dots$$

# SEPARABLE ODE'S

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#### **DEFINITION**

A separable ODE is an ODE of the form

$$f(y)y'=g(t)$$

# **EXPONENTIAL GROWTH/DECAY**

$$egin{cases} y' &= 3y \ y(0) &= 4 \end{cases}$$

## **EXAMPLE**

$$egin{cases} y' &= (x^2-4)(3y+2) \ y(0) &= -2 \end{cases}$$