

Anggota Kelompok

- Akirareka Kinantan Jiraiya 140810190032
- Muhammad Hilmi Aufaraman 140810190062
- Fadhillah Akbar Indarawan 140810190068

Kelas A

Hill Cipher

- Exercise

Enkripsi dengan key $\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 6 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

Plain teks : GOPHER

6 14 | 15 7 | 4 17

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 6 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{matrix} 126 \text{ mod } 26 = 22 \\ 82 \text{ mod } 26 = 4 \end{matrix}$$

$$82 \text{ mod } 26 = 4$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 6 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{matrix} 147 \text{ mod } 26 = 17 \\ 65 \text{ mod } 26 = 13 \end{matrix}$$

$$65 \text{ mod } 26 = 13$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 6 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 17 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{matrix} 130 \text{ mod } 26 = 0 \\ 93 \text{ mod } 26 = 15 \end{matrix}$$

$$93 \text{ mod } 26 = 15$$

22 4 | 17 13 | 0 15

Cipher teks : W E R N A P

- Penjelasan Hill Cipher

```
string removeSpaces(string str)
{
    str.erase(remove(str.begin(), str.end(), ' '), str.end());
    return str;
}
```

kodingan di atas berfungsi untuk tetap menjalankan kalimat yang ada spasinya dan tidak mengubah enkripsi maupun deskripsinya

```
void getInverseMatrix(int key[2][2]){
    int tempKey[2][2];
    tempKey[0][0] = (int)(key[1][1]);
    tempKey[0][1] = (int)((-1) * key[0][1]);
    tempKey[1][0] = (int)((-1) * key[1][0]);
    tempKey[1][1] = (int)(key[0][0]);
    int determinant = (key[0][0] * key[1][1]) - (key[0][1] * key[1][0]);
    int det_inv = 0;
    int flag = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++){
        flag = (determinant * i) % 26;
        if (flag < 0){
            flag = flag + 26;
        }if (flag == 1){
            det_inv = i;
        }
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++){
        for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++){
            if (tempKey[i][j] < 0){
                int tempNumber = tempKey[i][j] * det_inv;
                inversedKey[i][j] = ((tempNumber % 26) + 26) % 26;
            }else{
                inversedKey[i][j] = (tempKey[i][j] * det_inv % 26);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Fungsi dari kodingan diatas adalah menginverskan matrix.

```

string encrypt(string plain, int key[2][2])
{
    string cipher = "";
    int stringLength = plain.length();
    if (plain.length() % 2 == 1){
        stringLength += 1;
    }
    char plainMatrix[2][stringLength];
    int count = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < stringLength / 2; i++){
        for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++){
            if (plainMatrix[j][i] == 32){
                break;
            }
            plainMatrix[j][i] = plain[count];
            count++;
        }
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < stringLength / 2; i++){
        for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++){
            int tempCipher = 0;
            for (int k = 0; k < 2; k++){
                int l = key[j][k] * (plainMatrix[k][i] % 65);
                tempCipher += l;
            }
            tempCipher = (tempCipher % 26) + 65;
            cipher += (char)tempCipher;
        }
    }
    return cipher;
}

```

Fungsi kodingan diatas adalah untuk mencari enkripsi dari plaintext yang kita masukkan.

```

string decrypt(string cipher, int key[2][2])
{
    string plain = "";
    int stringLength = cipher.length();
    if (plain.length() % 2 == 1)
        stringLength = cipher.length() + 1;
    getInverseMatrix(key);
    char cipherMatrix[2][stringLength / 2];
    int count = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < stringLength / 2; i++){
        for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++){
            cipherMatrix[j][i] = cipher[count];
            count++;
        }
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < cipher.length() / 2; i++){
        for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++){
            int tempPlain = 0;
            for (int k = 0; k < 2; k++){
                int l = inversedKey[j][k] * (cipherMatrix[k][i] % 65);
                tempPlain += l;
            }
            tempPlain = (tempPlain % 26) + 65;
            plain += (char)tempPlain;
        }
    }
    return plain;
}

```

Fungsi kodingan di atas merupakan kodingan yang mencari dekripsi dari ciphertext.

```

116 int gcd(int a, int b) {
117     if (b == 0)
118         return a;
119     return gcd(b, a % b);
120 }
121 int findInvers(int m, int n)
122 {
123     int t0 = 0, t1 = 1, invers, q, r, b = m;
124     while (r != 1)
125     {
126         q = m / n;
127         r = m % n;
128         invers = t0 - q * t1;
129         if (invers < 0)
130         {
131             invers = b - (abs(invers) % b);
132         }
133         else
134         {
135             invers %= b;
136         }
137         t0 = t1;
138         t1 = invers;
139         m = n;
140         n = r;
141     }
142     return invers;
143 }

```

Fungsi GCD yaitu untuk menginput alpha dan beta yang akan dipakai untuk proses pencarian Invers pada void findInvers.

```

145 void findKey()
146 {
147     //deklarasi
148     string plainteks, cipherteks;
149     int key[2][2], det, detInv, adj[2][2], plainteksInv[2][2], plainMatrix[2][2], cipMatrix[2][2], counter;
150     int p, c;
151     int transpose[2][2];
152
153     //input plainteks
154     cout << "Masukan Plainteks : ";
155     cin.ignore();
156     getline(cin, plainteks);
157
158     //assign plainteks ke plainMatrix
159     counter = 0;
160     for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
161     {
162         for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
163         {
164             p = toupper(plainteks[counter]) - 65;
165             plainMatrix[i][j] = p;
166             counter++;
167         }
168     }
169
170     //input cipherteks
171     cout << "Masukan Cipherteks : ";
172     getline(cin, cipherteks);
173
174     //assign cipherteks ke cipMatrix
175     counter = 0;
176     for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
177     {
178         for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
179         {
180             c = toupper(cipherteks[counter]) - 65;
181             cipMatrix[i][j] = c;
182             counter++;
183         }
184     }

```

Fungsi kodingan void findKey untuk mencari key dari plaintext dan ciphertext yang sudah diketahui.

```

186 //mencari determinan
187 det = (plainMatrix[0][0] * plainMatrix[1][1]) - (plainMatrix[0][1] * plainMatrix[1][0]);
188 if (gcd(det, 26) == 1)
189 {
190     //mencari inverse dari determinan
191     detInv = findInvers(26, det);
192
193     //menghitung matriks adjoin
194     adj[0][0] = plainMatrix[1][1];
195     adj[0][1] = (-1) * plainMatrix[0][1];
196     adj[1][0] = (-1) * plainMatrix[1][0];
197     adj[1][1] = plainMatrix[0][0];
198
199     //menghitung matriks invers dari plainteks
200     for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
201     {
202         for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
203         {
204             plainteksInv[i][j] = detInv * adj[i][j];
205             if (plainteksInv[i][j] < 0)
206             {
207                 plainteksInv[i][j] = 26 - (abs(plainteksInv[i][j]) % 26);
208             }
209             else
210             {
211                 plainteksInv[i][j] = plainteksInv[i][j];
212                 plainteksInv[i][j] = plainteksInv[i][j] % 26;
213             }
214         }
215     }
216
217     //mencari key
218     for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
219     {
220         for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
221         {
222             key[i][j] = 0;
223             for (int k = 0; k < 2; k++)
224             {
225                 key[i][j] += (plainteksInv[i][k] * cipMatrix[k][j]);
226             }
227             key[i][j] %= 26;
228         }
229     }

```

gambar diatas merupakan cara mencari determinan (line 186-215) untuk digunakan dalam mencari key (line 217-229)

```

231 //output key
232 for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
233 {
234     for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
235     {
236         transpose[j][i] = key[i][j];
237     }
238 }
239
240 for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
241 {
242     for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
243     {
244         cout << (transpose[i][j]) << "\t";
245     }
246     cout << endl;
247 }
248
249 else
250 {
251     cout << "Determinan tidak relatif prima dengan jumlah huruf" << endl;
252     cout << "Key tidak dapat dicari" << endl;
253     << endl;
254 }
255 system("pause");
256 system("cls");
257 }

```

pada line 231 sampai 248 merupakan kodingan jika key ditemukan dan apabila key tidak ditemukan maka akan muncul kalimat pada line 251 dan 252


```

260 int main()
261 {
262     bool menuActive = true;
263     int key[2][2];
264     for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++){
265         for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++){
266             {
267                 cout << "key[" << i << "][" << j << "]: ";
268                 cin >> key[i][j];
269             }
270         }
271     }
272     string plain, cipher;
273     int pil;
274     while (menuActive)
275     {
276         cout << "\nProgram Hill Cipher 2x2" << endl;
277         cout << "Menu : " << endl;
278         cout << "1. Enkripsi" << endl;
279         cout << "2. Dekripsi" << endl;
280         cout << "3. Edit Key" << endl;
281         cout << "4. Cari Key" << endl;
282         cout << "5. Exit" << endl;
283         cout << "Pilih Menu : ";
284         cin >> pil;
285         switch (pil)
286         {
287             case 1:
288                 cout << "\nInput Plaintext: ";
289                 cin.ignore();
290                 getline(cin, plain);
291                 plain = removeSpaces(plain);
292                 transform(plain.begin(), plain.end(), plain.begin(), ::toupper);
293                 cout << "Ciphertext : " << encrypt(plain, key) << endl;
294                 break;
295             case 2:
296                 cout << "\nInput Ciphertext: ";
297                 cin.ignore();
298                 getline(cin, cipher);
299                 cipher = removeSpaces(cipher);
300                 transform(cipher.begin(), cipher.end(), cipher.begin(), ::toupper);
301                 cout << "Plaintext : " << decrypt(cipher, key) << endl;
302                 break;
303             case 3:
304                 cout << "\nInput key (2x2 matrix) : " << endl;
305                 for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++){
306                     for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++){
307                         {
308                             cin >> key[i][j];
309                         }
310                     }
311                 }
312                 for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++){
313                     {
314                         for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++){
315                             cout << key[i][j] << "\t";
316                         }
317                     }
318                 }
319                 break;
320             case 4:
321                 cout << endl;
322                 findKey();
323                 break;
324             case 5:
325                 menuActive = false;
326                 break;
327             default:
328                 cout << "\nPilihan salah" << endl;
329                 break;
330         }
331     }
332 }
333

```

kodingan diatas adalah main/utama berfungsi untuk menjadi menu menjalankan kodingan, mulai dari enkripsi, dekripsi, edit key, dan cari key.