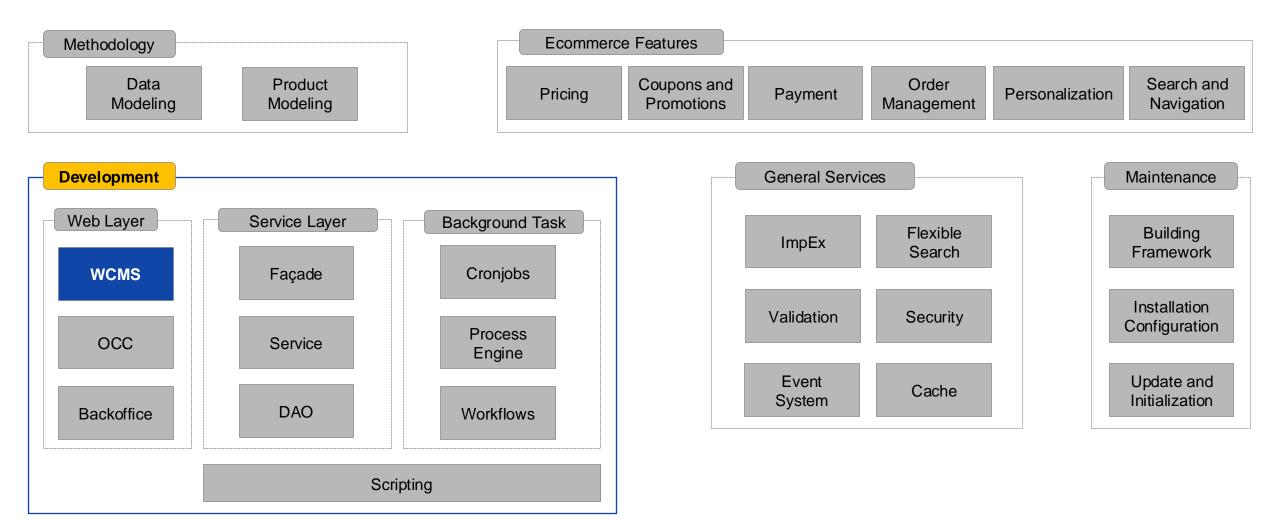


**SAP Customer Experience** 

# **WCMS**



# What we will cover in this topic



### We will learn about:

- > Storefront Management
- > CMS Model
- > Slots and Components
- View Rendering
- > Personalization
- SmartEdit
- Website Links

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### **The Context**

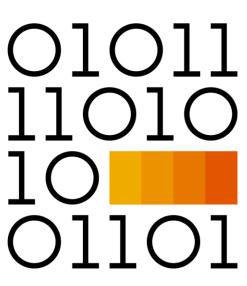


SAP Commerce Cloud WCMS Module provides a web content management and publishing system that enables you to easily maintain website contents.

# **Preparation**

Complete step P1 of the WCMS exercise

(The setup ant target will compile your system during the lecture)



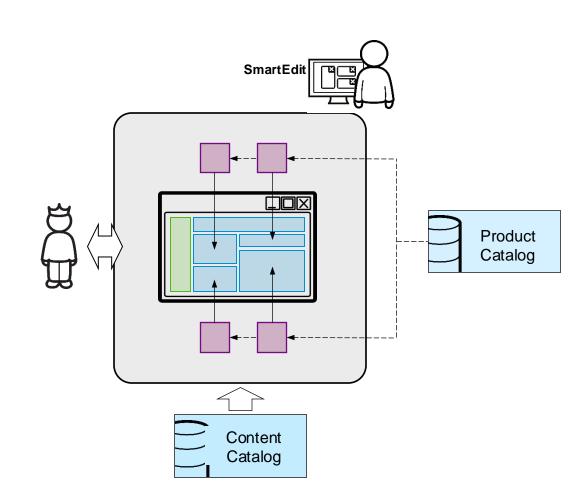
# **Storefront Management**



# **Defining a page on the Storefront**

SAP Commerce Cloud storefront pages are defined and assembled by a Web Content Management System (WCMS) that provides authoring, collaboration and administration tools.

- Pages are defined in SmartEdit
- Allows users with little knowledge of web programming to create and manage storefront content
- Manage dynamic and static pages
  - Homepage, information pages, product/category pages, or search result pages
- Personalize content based on context
  - Specific user/group, time, product or category, customer segment
- Live edit and preview
  - Change content on the fly
  - Dynamically change user context for testing



# **Out-of-the-Box WCMS Page Types**

#### **Category Page**

- Display the contents of a product category
- Example: Product List Page, Product Grid Page

#### Content Page

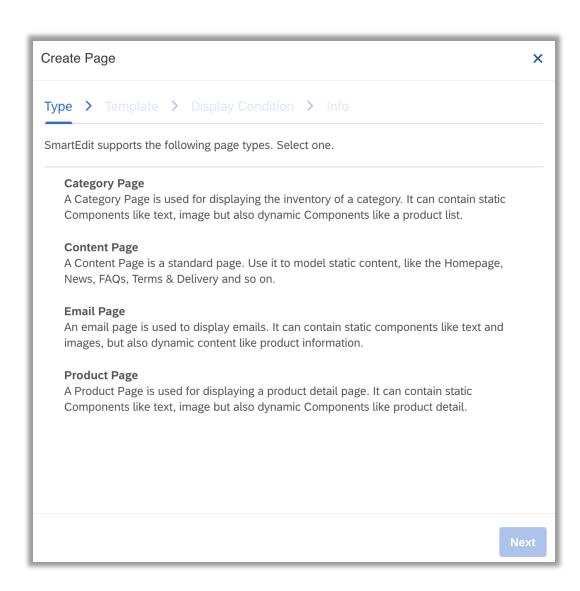
- Standard content page
- Example: Home page, help page, press releases and policies page

#### **Email Page**

- Used to display email messages
- Contains static and dynamic content

#### Product Page

- Display a single product and all product-related information
- Example: Product Details Page



# **CMS Model**



#### The WCMS Model

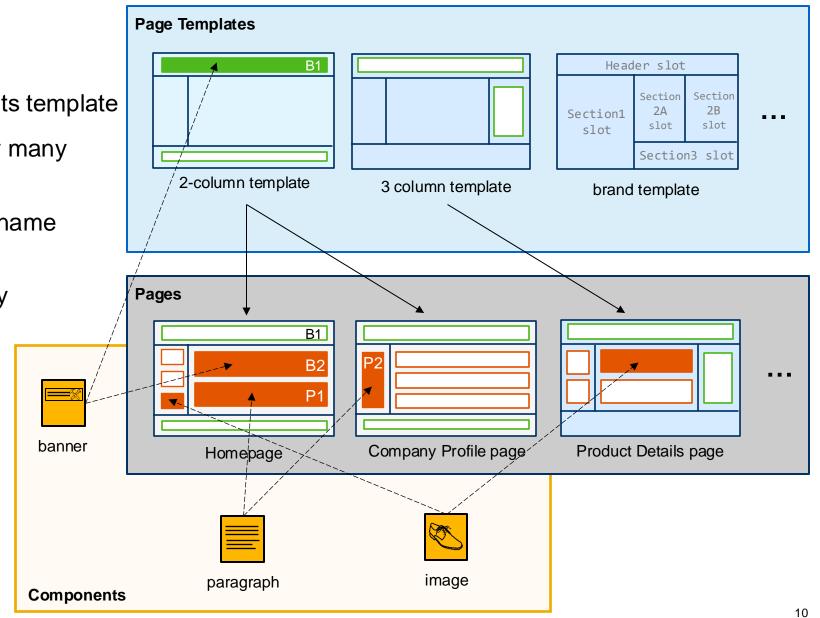
A page's structure is defined by its template

 A template can be referenced by many pages

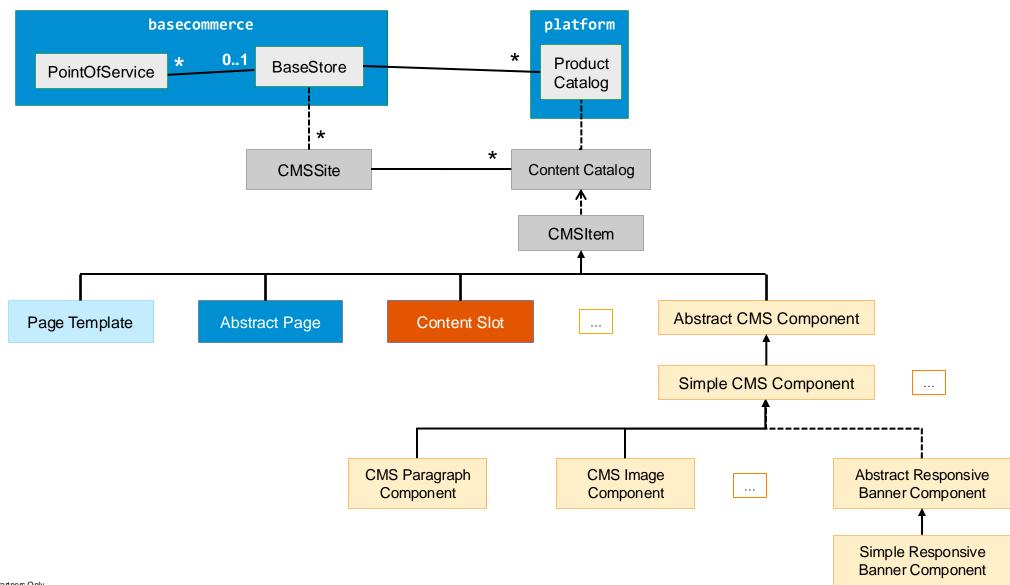
 A template defines position and name of content slots

Each content slot is populated by components

- Simple components (e.g. image, paragraph)
- Complex components
   (e.g. banner, link, carousel)



### **Data Model**



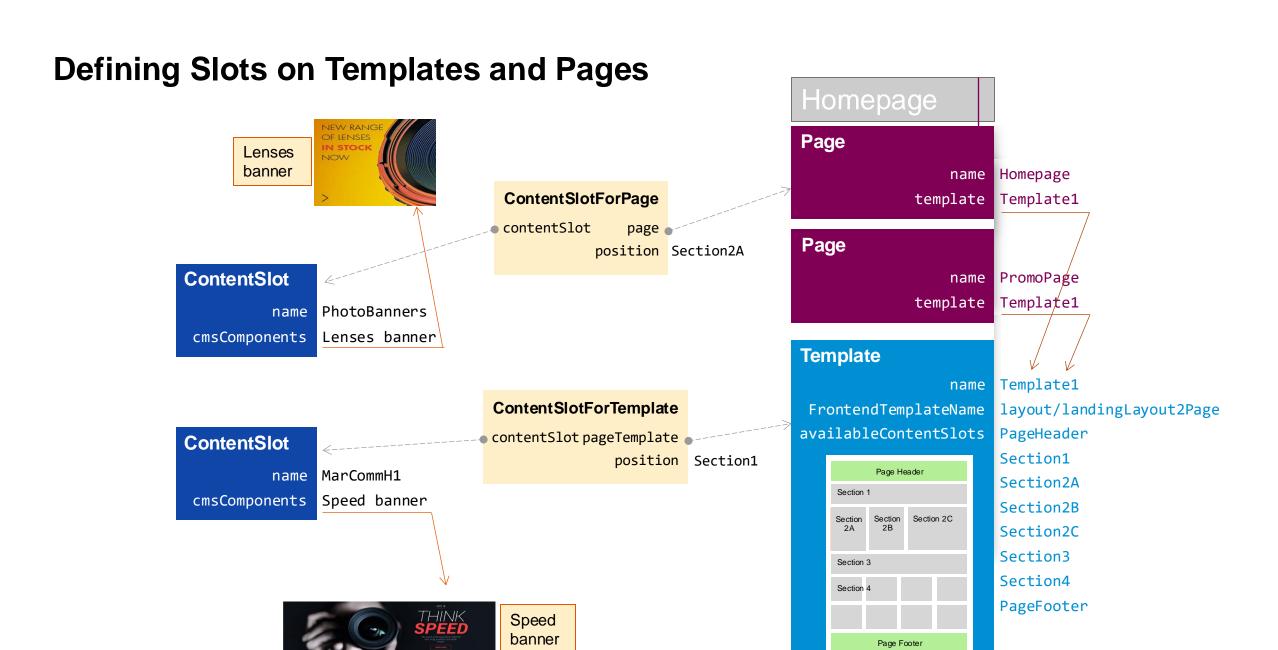
# **Slots and Components**



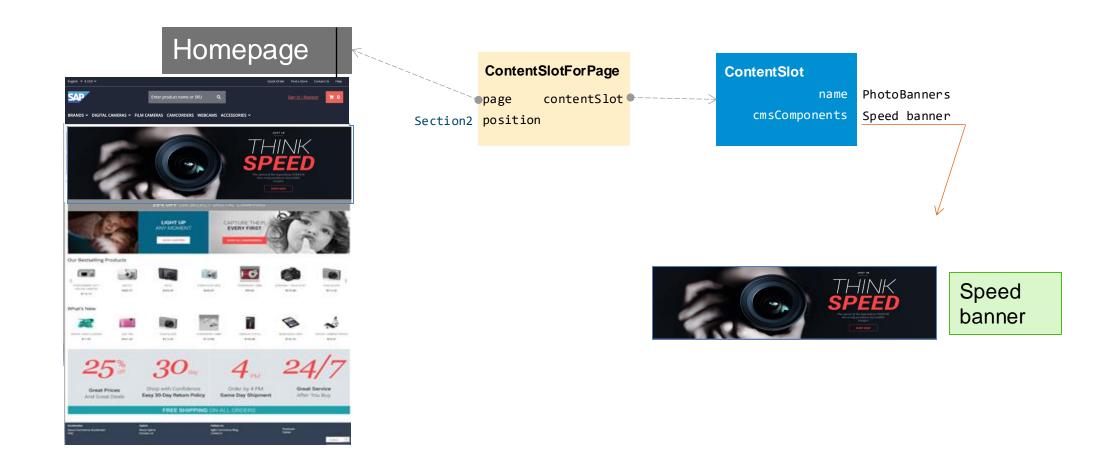
#### **WCMS Model - Slots**

- Each template defines named slot locations, which are associated with ContentSlot items when templates and pages are defined
- Some slots are defined at the template level, and will appear on every page based on that template
  - Altering such a slot affects every page based on that template
- A ContentSlot instance, containing any number of components, can be associated with any slot location on any template
- Templates usually have more slots than most pages initially need, to allow for additional content to be added to a page over time, without additional development overhead

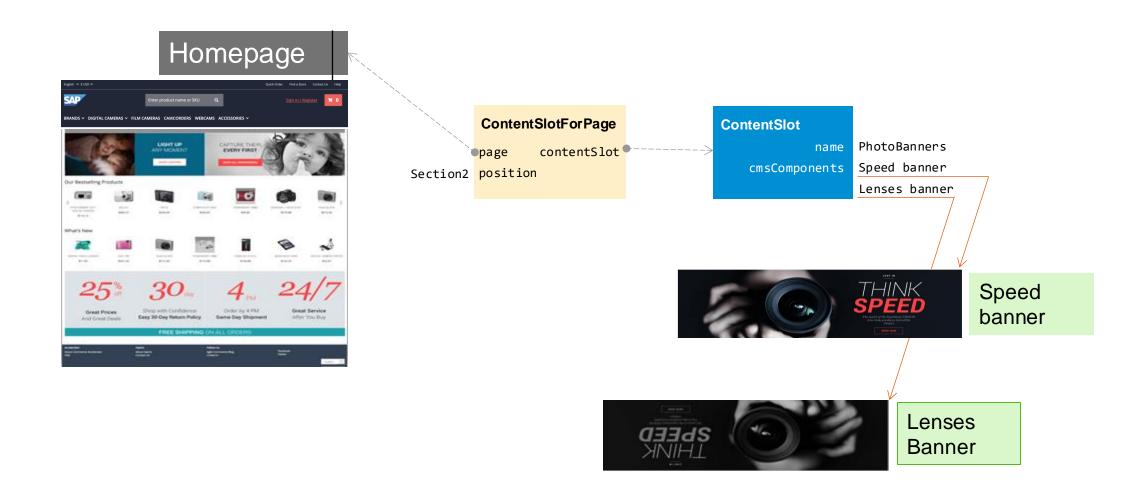




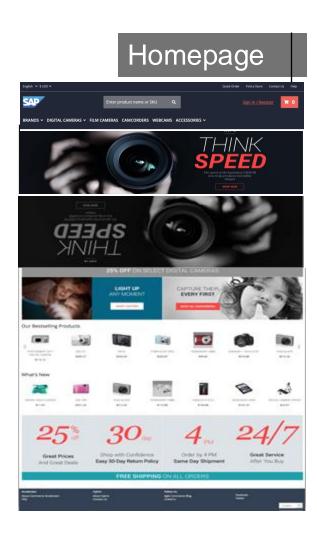
# **Example: Banner Component**



# **Example: 2 Banners**



# **Multiple Banners**

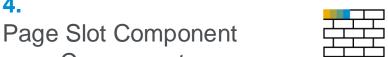


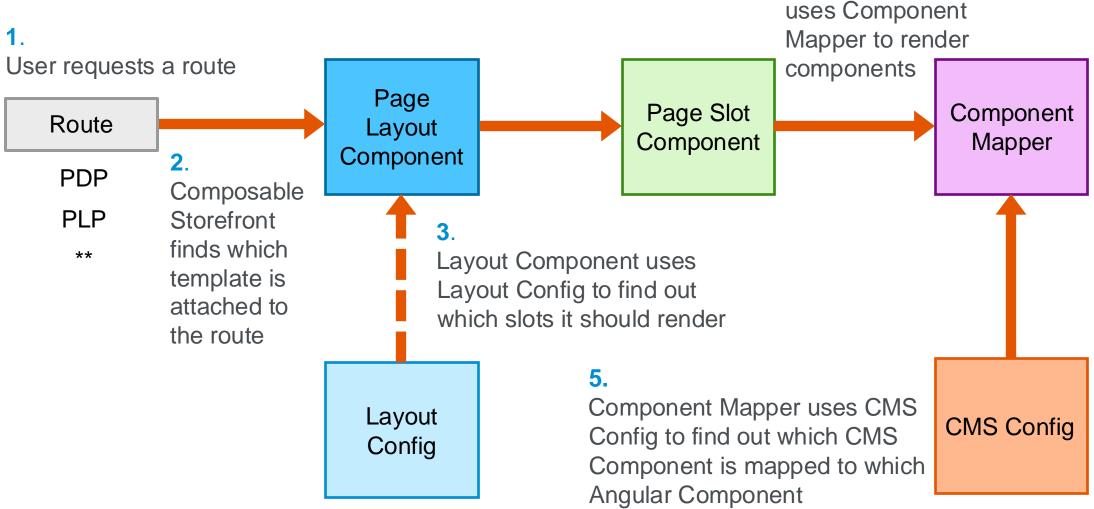
- The slot grows or shrinks depending on the number of components it contains
- Components in a slot may be arranged vertically or horizontally

# View Rendering



# **CMS** Rendering in Composable Storefront





# **Rendering Consideration**



- The Composable Storefront page rendering process is CMS-based
  - The backend does not provide all the information required to render a page (e.g., slot order).
  - Part of the configuration is stored in the Layout Configuration (LayoutConfig).
- LayoutConfig contains information about page templates and slot positions.
  - slots defines the position of content slots, which contain CMS Components.
  - Information about CMS Components comes from the backend.
- CMS Components are mapped to Angular components using Component Mapping
  - The mapping is provided in a configuration that can be customized
  - This allows you to configure a Custom Component to render a specific CMS Component

# **Creating an Angular Component**

Component Metadata

Component
Class to
provide
rendering logic

```
@Component({
    selector: 'app-custom-product-carousel',
    templateUrl: './custom-product-carousel.component.html'
})
export class CustomProductCarouselComponent {
    data$: Observable<CmsProductCarouselComponent> = this.componentData.data$;
    constructor(private componentData: CmsComponentData<CmsProductCarouselComponent>)
{
    }
}
```



CmsProductCarouselComponent represents the concrete payload for the backend CMS component ProductCarouselComponent

Component template to provide HTML view

### **CMS Component Data**



- The backend CMS data for a CMS Component is provided by the <u>CmsComponentData</u> class
  - CmsComponentData contains
     CMS component uid, and data\$
     (Observable of CmsComponent payload)
  - With Angular Dependency Injection, CMS components and component-specific services can access CmsComponentData

```
"uid":"ElectronicsHomepageProductCarouselComponent",
"uuid":"eyJpdGVtSWQiOiJFbGVjdHJvbmljcOhvbWVwYWdlUHJvZHVjdENhcm91c2VsQ2...",
"typeCode":"ProductCarouselComponent",
"modifiedtime":"2023-01-26T20:44:47.884Z",
"name":"Electronics Homepage Product Carousel",
"container":"false",
"popup":"false",
"synchronizationBlocked":"false",
"scroll":"ALLVISIBLE",
"productCodes":"300938 358639 553637 816802 1934793 1382080 1981415 ...",
"title":"Our Bestselling Products"
}
```

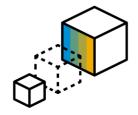
# **Accessing CMS Component Data in Angular Component**

- Import the component class:
  - import {CmsProductCarouselComponent} from '@spartacus/core';
- Import CmsComponentData:
  - import {CmsComponentData} from '@spartacus/storefront';
- Then the CMS data can be **injected** into the Custom Component
  - CmsComponentData payload is specific to each CMS Component
  - CmsComponentData will be used to render CMS Component's view

```
export class CustomProductCarouselComponent {{
    data$: Observable<CmsProductCarouselComponent> = this.componentData.data$;

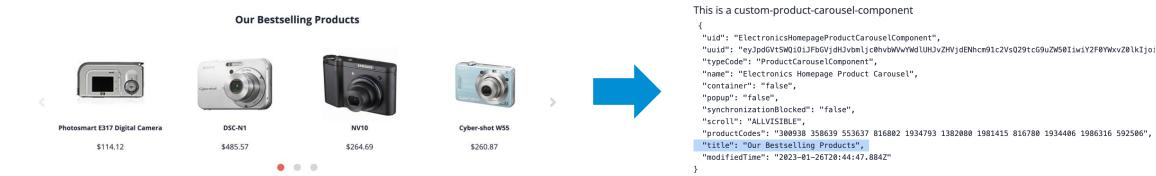
    constructor(private componentData: CmsComponentData<CmsProductCarouselComponent>) {}
}
```

# Mapping an Angular Component to a CMS Component



- Map the Angular Component to the CMS Component in the providers array
- Use component mapping (CmsConfig) to override the standard component implementation.

your-component.module.ts



# Personalization



#### **Personalization**

Your website's content can be tailored to users in two ways:

- 1. CMS Restrictions
  - include date/time, category, product, and usergroup restrictions ootb.
    - Can also be further customized to support more restrictions.
  - Can be applied to either a CMS component or an entire page.
- 2. Segmentation based on the Personalization Module (covered in C4H341)
  - Customers may be associated with one or more segments.
  - Use SmartEdit to provide personalized CMS content to customers in different segments.
    - Or support commerce customization (for personalized search results and promotions)
  - Key to integration with Big Data Service Providers.
    - E.g. SAP Emarsys can provides Campaign and Target Group Data to SAP Commerce Cloud to create and manage Segments automatically.

# **SmartEdit**



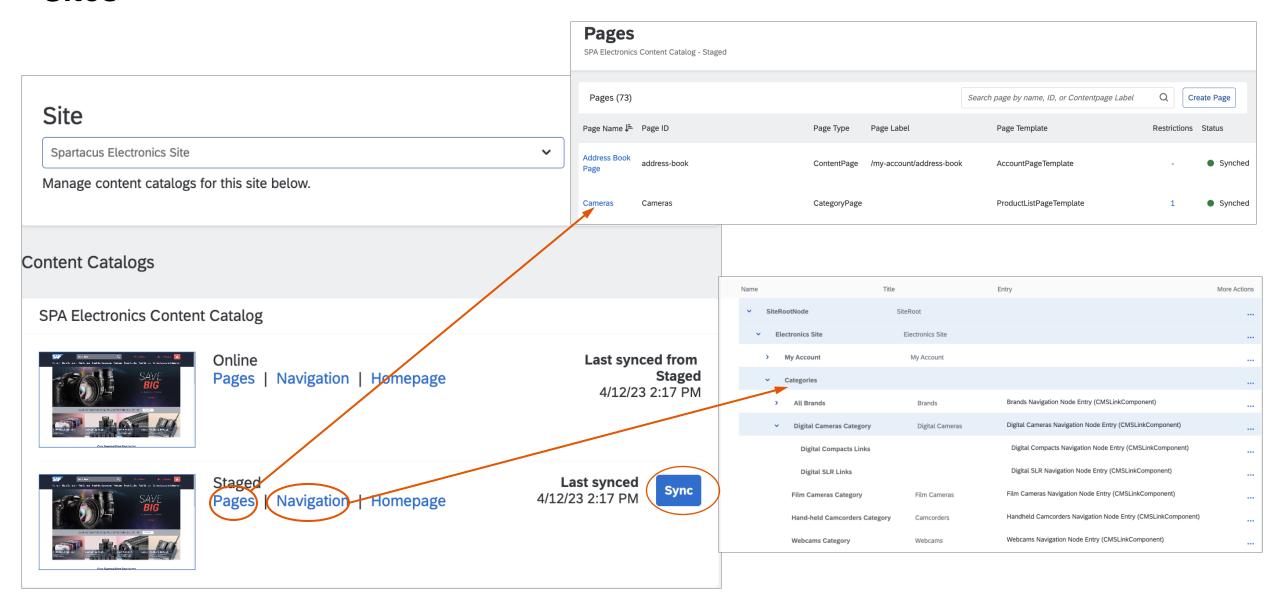
# SmartEdit

Intuitive, user-friendly UI for laying out creating managing

highly- personalized online and mobile sites.

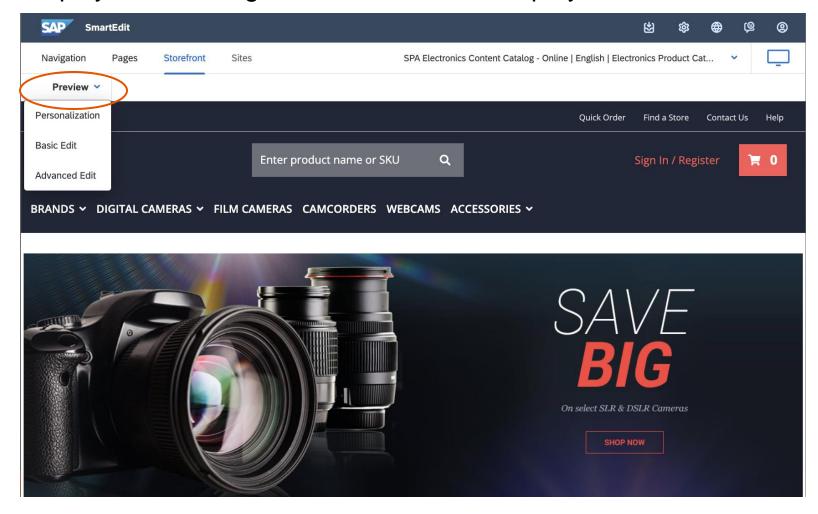
- A JavaScript overlay atop the customer view that facilitates editing page content in context
- Drag-and-drop components on pages
- Define and preview responsive design breakpoints
- Manage personalization in context
- SAML Single Sign-On
- Extensible Angular-based architecture to support needs of business users

#### **Sites**



### **Preview Mode**

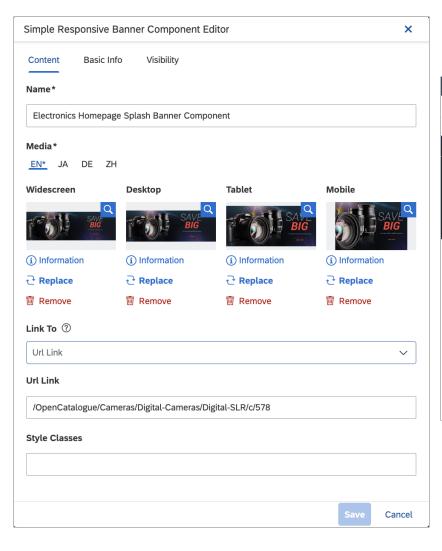
### Displays the catalog version as it will be displayed to customers



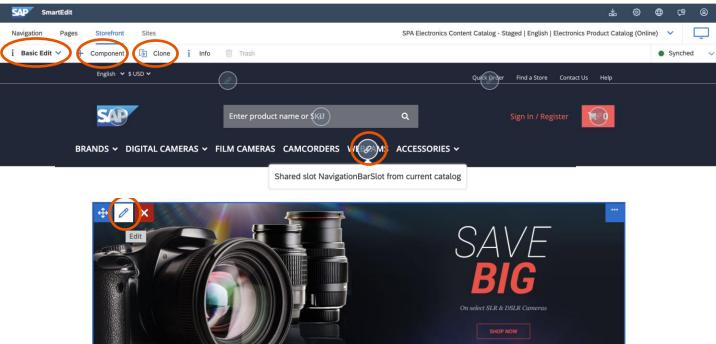
You can use this mode to navigate to page you intend to edit

(instead of opening it from the page list)

#### **Basic Edit Mode**



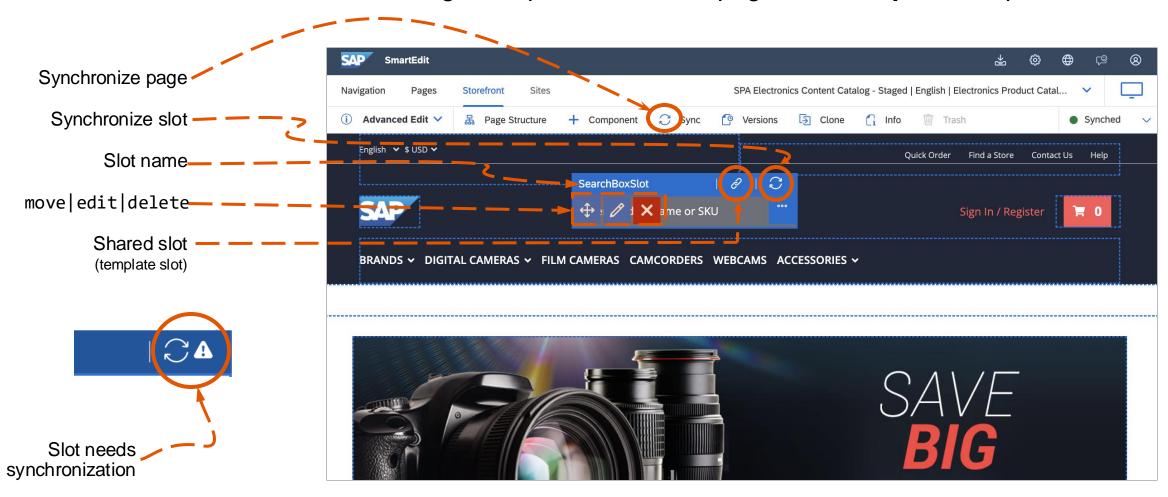
Allows you to manage components in **page**-scoped slots



- Add/edit components in page-scoped slots
- Provide images for defined responsive breakpoints
  - Template-scoped components are not editable

#### **Advanced Edit Mode**

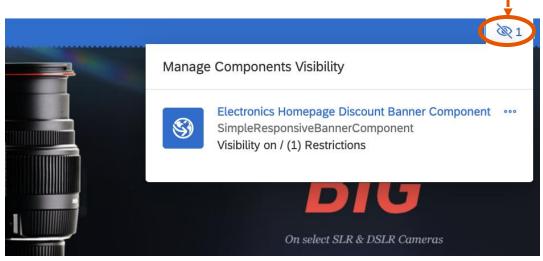
Manage components in both page- and **template**-scoped slots.

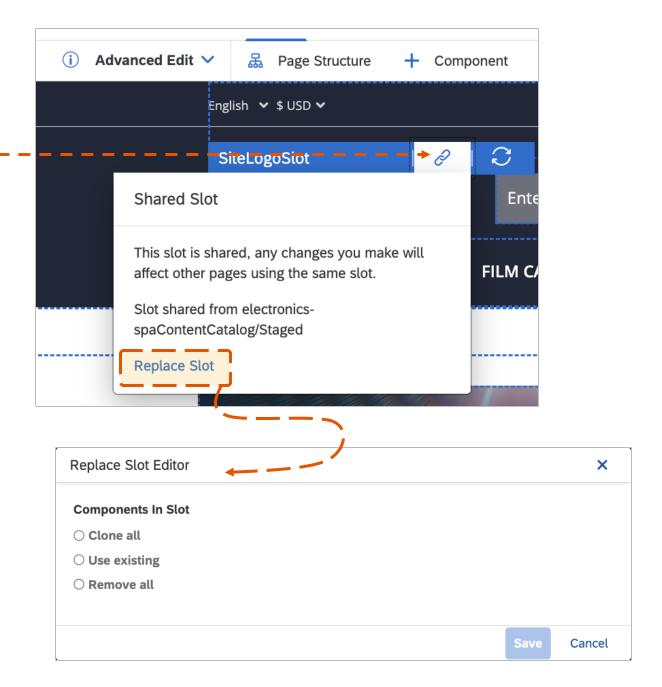


#### **Advanced Edit Mode**

 Convert shared (template) slot to non-shared (page-scoped) slot and revert the conversion.

 Manage component visibility, Indicator in slot's header indicates the number of conditional components in the slot.

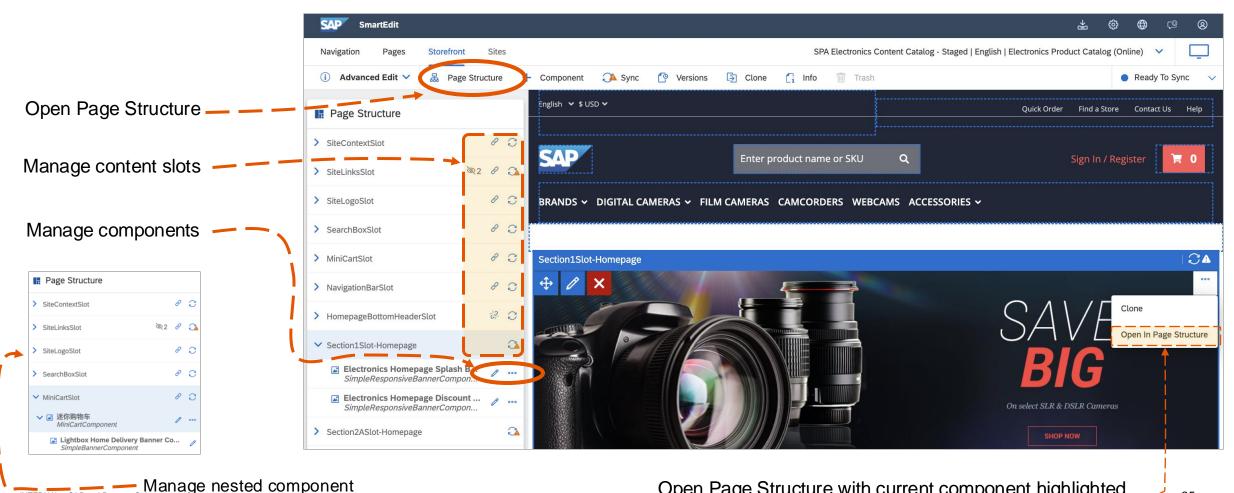




### **Advanced Edit Mode**

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With Page Structure, SmartEdit allows you to manage contents on a page in an easier way.

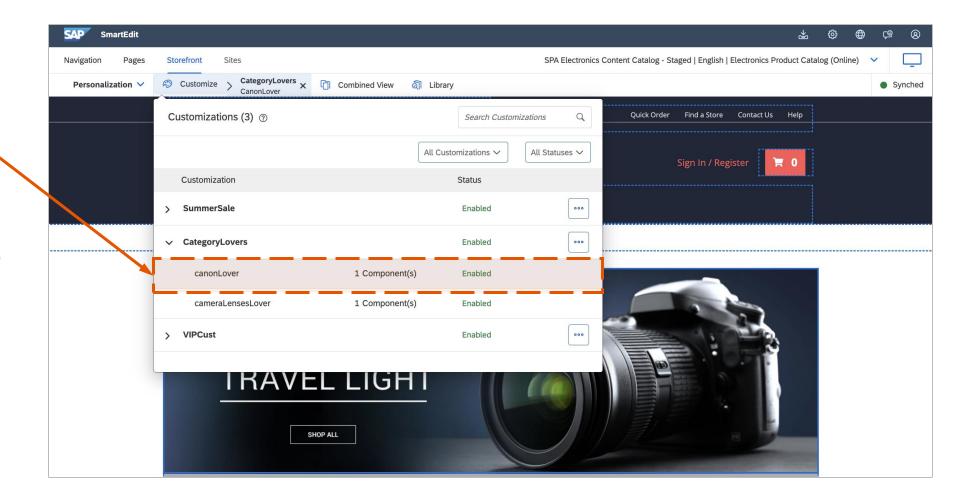


#### **Personalization Mode**

In the options menu, select a variation

(defined as part of a customization)

Each Variation refers to a personalized page which contains a set of different CMS components for e.g. specific user segments (canonLover)



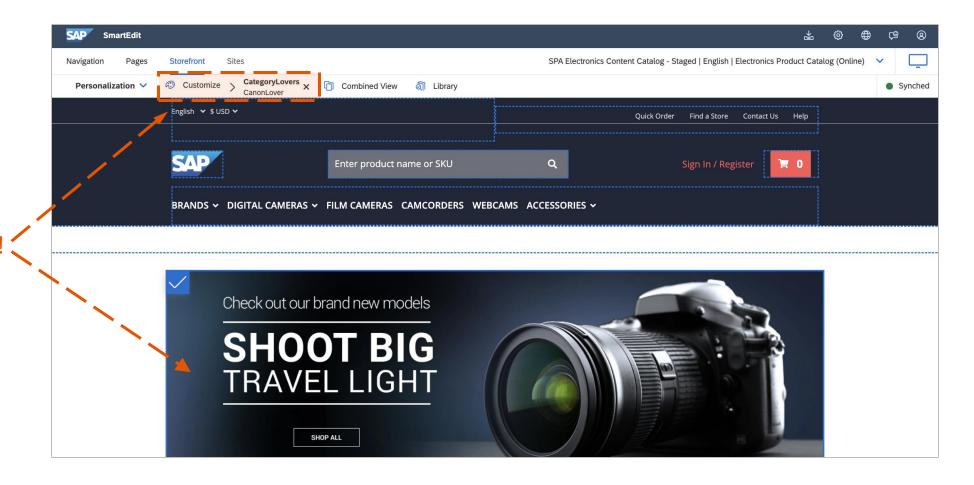
#### **Personalization Mode**

In the options menu, select a variation

(defined as part of a customization)

A Canon-specific product!

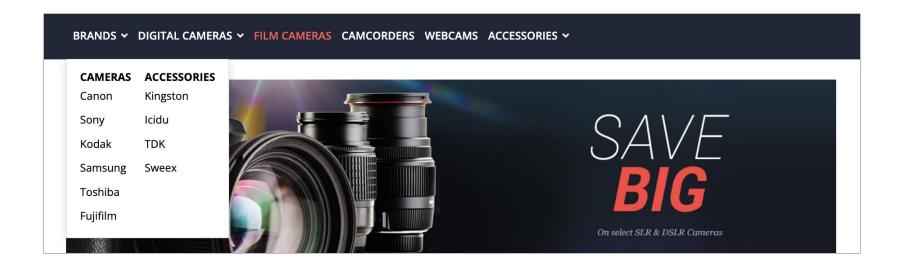
It's also possible to edit the personalized content for the selected variation.



# **Website Links**



#### **Link Overview**

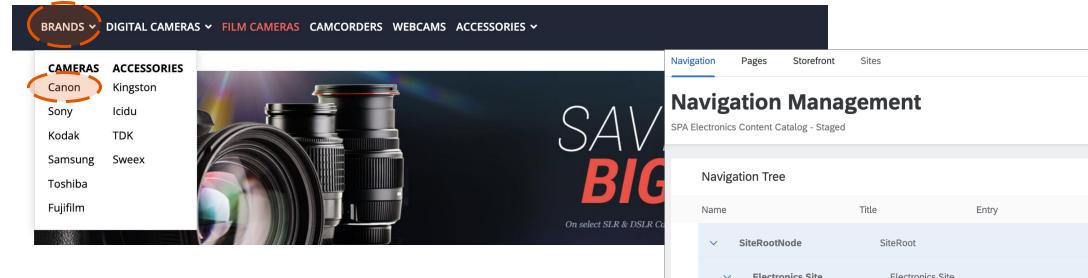


Page links are WCMS entities; they can be internal or external.

A portion of the Product Catalog structure is frequently duplicated as WCMS Links in a navigation component

Usually defined at the template level, at the top of the page

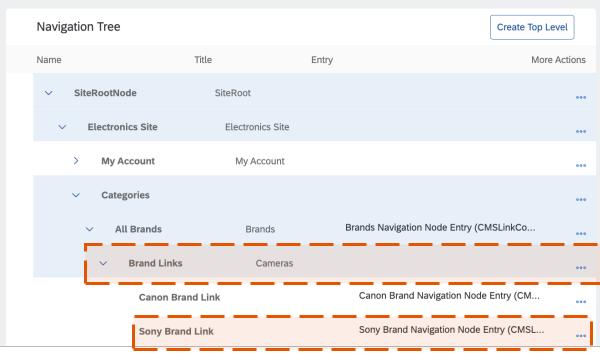
# **Defining Website Links**



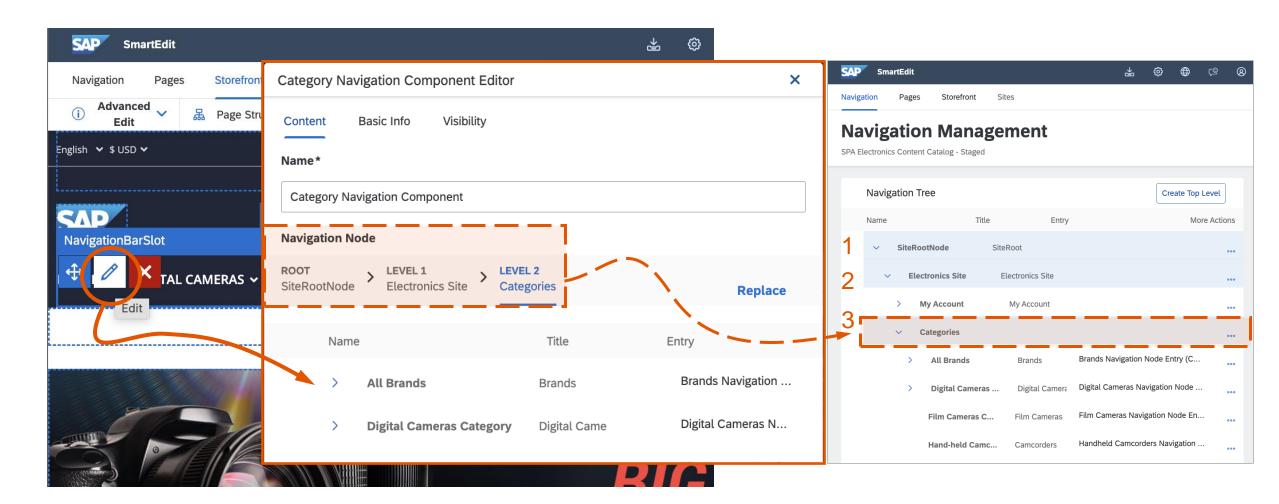
The Navigation bar consists of nested Nodes.

A node can be clicked if it contains a CMS Link Component, which contains the link target information.

 The CMSLinkComponent object can be created in either SmartEdit or Backoffice



# **Defining Website Links**



# **Demo**



# **Key Points**

- 1. The important data models in WCMS include pageTemplates, pages, slots and components
- 2. All WCMS-related components are **catalog-aware**.
- Every page is based on exactly one pageTemplate
- 4. Page Templates define the structure via named slot locations
- 5. Slot locations are associated with content slots, which contain any number of CMS Components
- 6. Content slots are attached to slot locations on individual pages or a pageTemplate (changes here affect all pages based on that template)
- 7. Every OOTB CMS component has a matching OOTB Angular component on the Composable Storefront.
- You can create custom Angular Components to replace or extend the OOTB components, or to map to custom CMS components
- 9. SmartEdit is used to manage CMS data in SAP Commerce Cloud, with
  - dedicated modes (preview, basic edit, advanced edit, etc.) for different purposes

navigation view to manage web site links

# **WCMS** Exercise



#### **SAP Customer Experience**

# Thank you.

