

# Parallel frontend deployment

for continuous integration and deployment

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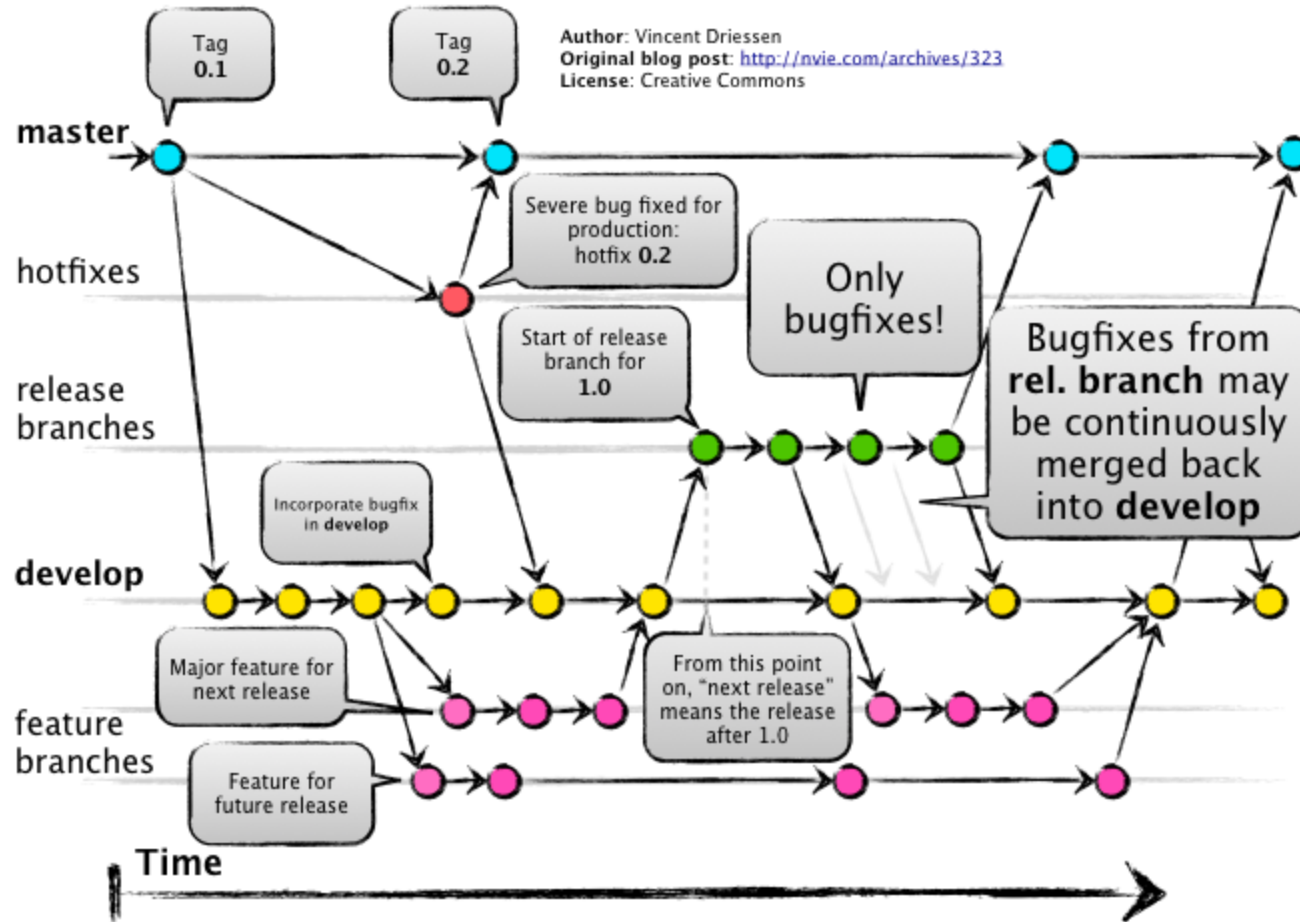
# Continuous deployment

## **Continuous deployment parts**

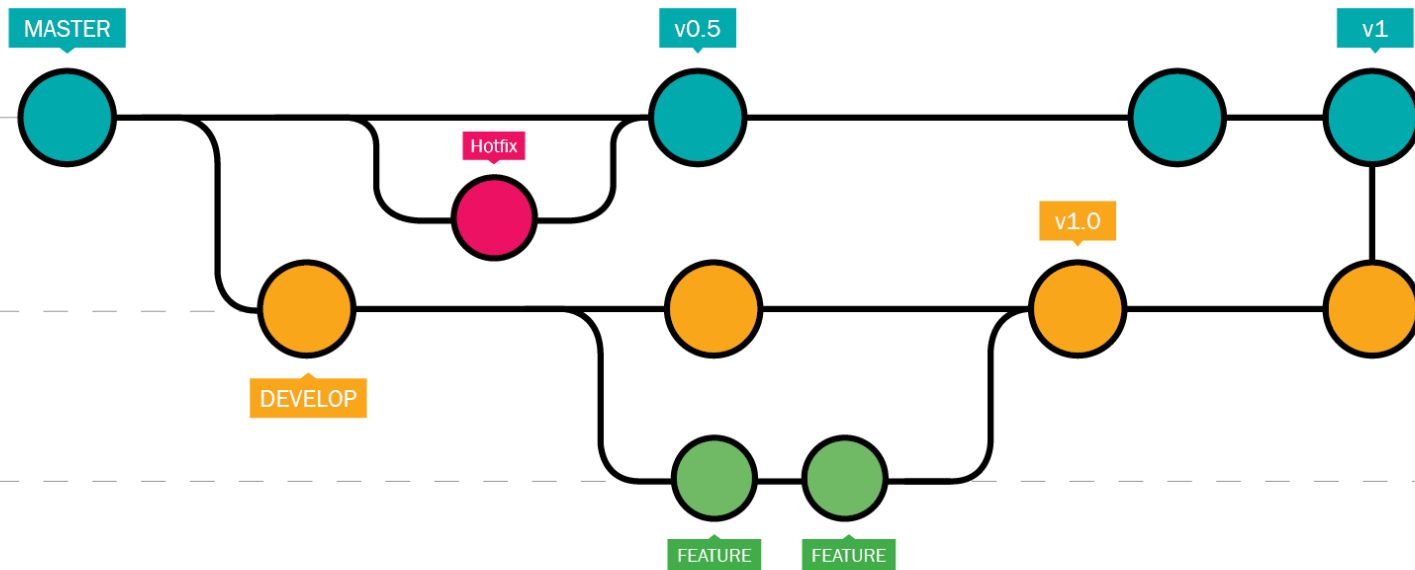
- Version control
- CI/CD automation
- Runtime environment

# Version control

# Git workflow



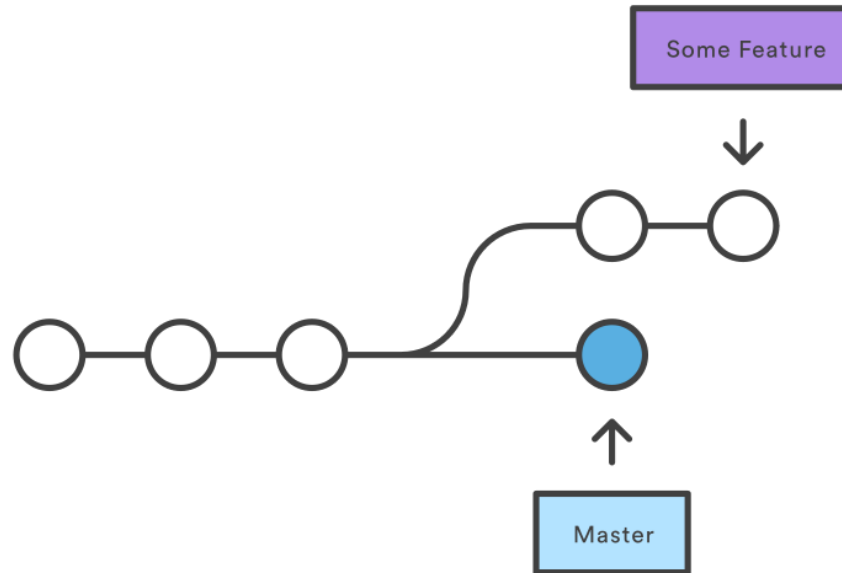
# Git workflow - explained





# Fixing git workflow

# Git workflow - fixed - step 1



```
$ git checkout -b feature-branch
```

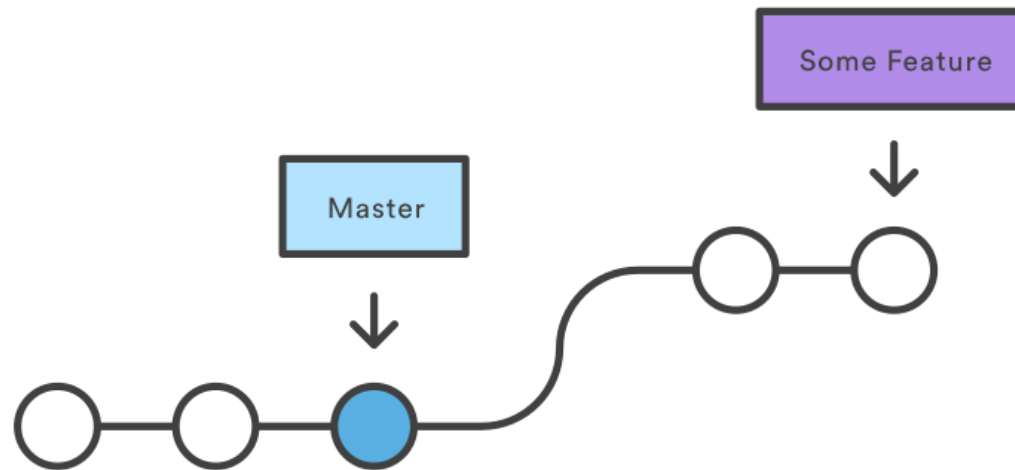
```
...
```

```
$ git commit
```

```
$ git pull --rebase
```

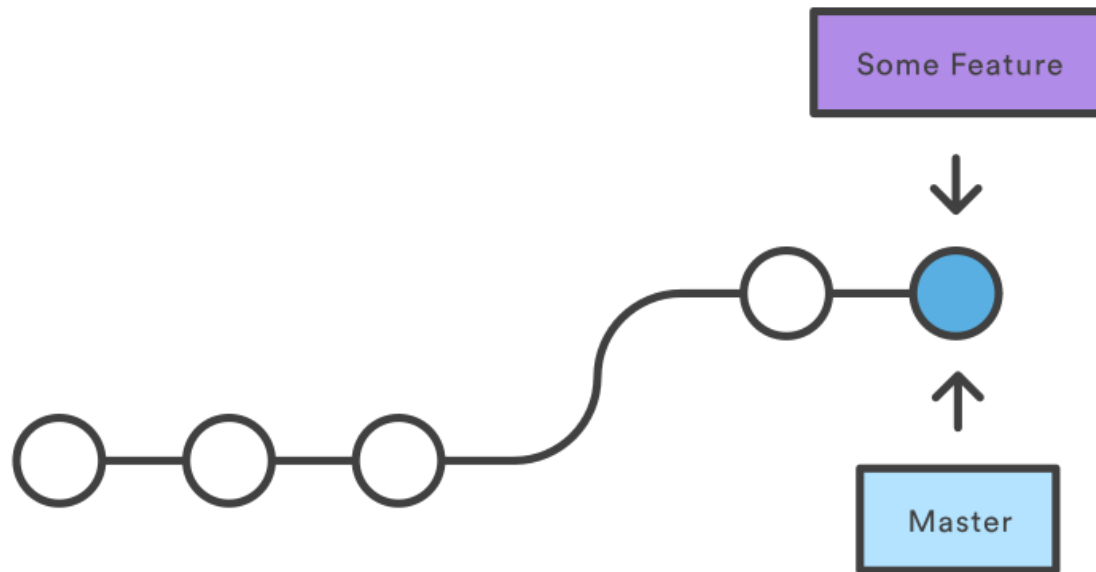
```
$ git push
```

## Git workflow - fixed - step 2



```
$ git fetch origin  
$ git rebase origin/master  
$ git push --force
```

## Git workflow - fixed - step 3



```
$ git checkout master  
$ git pull  
$ git merge --ff-only feature-branch
```

# CI/CD automation

## CI/CD automation

- Jenkins ([Pipeline Multibranch Plugin](#))
- Team City ([Working with multiple branches](#))
- TFS ([Build multiple branches](#))
- Bamboo ([Using plan branches](#))

# Runtime environment

## Runtime environment - backend

- Multiple processes (HTTP server, queues, database,...)
- Runs in isolation from the client (on the server)
- Runs on managed hardware (or in the cloud)
- Deployment requires restart of server process
- High availability is managed through clever load balancing
- Managing backend version requires clever load balancing
- **Slow change ratio**



## Runtime environment - frontend

- One process (the browser)
- Runs in isolation from the server
- Runs on client hardware
- Deployment is potentially done on every page refresh
- **Very rapid change ratio**

# Development flow

## The development flow

- **Backend first** - fully deployed and tested
- **Then frontend** - building on top of backend services

# Parallelizing frontend deployments

## Baibulo\*

- Node.js (<https://www.npmjs.com/package/baibulo>)
- Java/JavaEE (com.aplaline.baibulo:baibulo:1.0.6)
- .NET (<https://www.nuget.org/packages/baibulo-net>)

\* "baibulo" means "version" in Chewa

## Baibulo - Node.js

```
const app = require('express')()
const cookieParser = require('cookie-parser')
const baibulo = require('baibulo')

app.use(cookieParser())

app.use(baibulo({ root: '/var/lib/my-project' }))

app.listen(3000, () => {
  console.log("Listening for requests on ports 3000\n");
})
```

# Usage

## Accessing different versions

- Specific branch:  
<http://server/path?version=branch-name>
- Release version:  
<http://server/path>  
<http://server/path?version=release>



## Version discovery scheme - GET

- `version` query string param
- `Version` HTTP header
- `version` query string param in `Referer` header
- `__version` cookie
- defaults to `release`

## Version discovery scheme - GET

- Once the first request is made the `__version` cookie is set
- Following requests inherit version from the first request

## Version discovery scheme - PUT

- `version` query string param
- `Version` HTTP header

# Deployment of a file in a version

Using header:

```
$ curl -v -X PUT \  
  --data-binary "@image.png" \  
  -H "Version: TST-123" \  
  http://server/assets/image.png
```

Using query string param

```
$ curl -v -X PUT \  
  --data-binary "@image.png" \  
  http://server/assets/image.png?version=TST-123
```

Using `baibulo-deploy` utility

```
$ baibulo deploy \  
  --dir dist \  
  --url http://server/assets \  
  --version=TST-123
```

<https://www.npmjs.com/package/baibulo-deploy>

# Security

## Upload-only server

```
const app = require('express')()
const baibulo = require('baibulo')

app.use(baibulo({
  root: '/var/lib/my-project',
  download: false,
  upload: true,
}))

app.listen(3001, () => {
  console.log("Listening for uploads on ports 3001\n");
})
```



## Download-only server

```
const app = require('express')()
const cookieParser = require('cookie-parser')
const baibulo = require('baibulo')

app.use(cookieParser())

app.use(baibulo({
  root: '/var/lib/my-project',
  download: true,
  upload: false,
}))

app.listen(3000, () => {
  console.log("Listening for requests on ports 3000\n");
})
```

# Storage

## Storage - how versions are stored on disk

```
/storage-root/folder/filename/version
```

```
/var/lib/my-project/index.html/release  
/var/lib/my-project/index.html/TST-123
```

```
/var/lib/my-project/styles/styles.css/release  
/var/lib/my-project/styles/styles.css/TST-123
```

# Implications

## Implications

- DevOps can easily implement continuous deployment
- Only one server is needed to host **all** versions
- Product owners can decide if the feature is going as planned
- Testers can **always** test what is **really** going into production
- Developers can easily integrate with upstream changes
- Single point fast-forward final merges without merge conflicts
- **Clear** and **linear** change history on master
- Ability to use `git bisect` to find troublesome commits

**Using remote repo browsers testers can actually merge!**

# Incremental implementation

## **Incremental implementation**

1. Implement versioning on integration servers
2. (optional) Implement versioning on pre-production servers
3. (optional) Implement versioning on production servers



# The Future

## Planned improvements

- Multiple storage options (S3, Redis, relational databases)
- ETag handling
- Removal of old versions
- Python implementation
- Ruby implementation

Contributions are welcomed!

# Questions?

# May the force be with you!

Blog:

<https://padcom13.blogspot.com>

LinkedIn:

<https://linkedin.com/in/padcom>

This presentation:

<https://bit.ly/2Q81iv2>