# **SYRIATEL CHURN STUDY**

REPORT PREPARED FOR SYRIATEL

24.05.2023



#### **PRESENTATION AGENDA**

**Business Undestanding** 

**Exploratory Analysis** 

Modeling

**CONCLSIONS** 

## **Business Understanding**

#### Problem Statement

• The marketing team in syriatel would like to understand churn trends help them become more competitive against competition. This will help to improve their customer acquistion and retention strategy

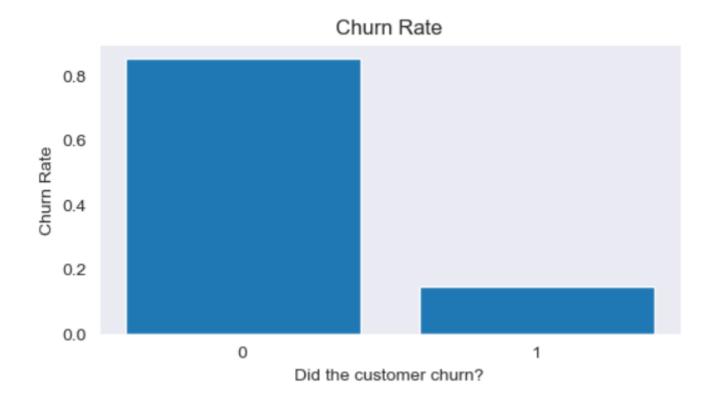
#### Objectives

- Understanding the reasons behind customer churn
- Build a prediction model to help proof the business against churn
- Reduce churn to improve business performance



#### **Churn Rate**

The data shows a churn rate of 14%, meaning that our target variable is imbalanced. We will therefore have to correct for the imbalances when modeling



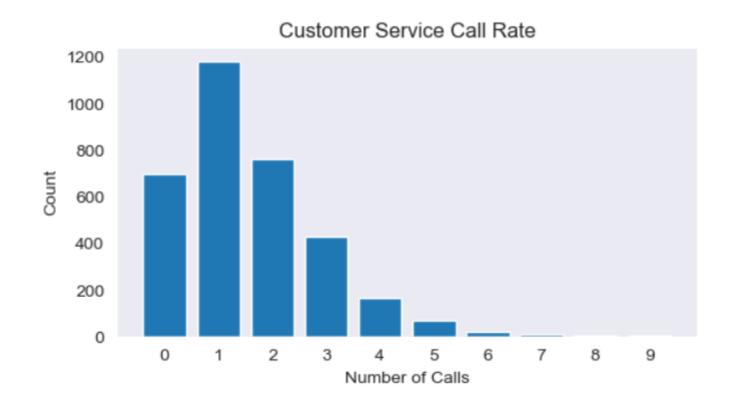
## **Geographic Distribution**

Roughly half of the subscribers are located in area code 415. The remainder are evenly distributed between 408 and 510



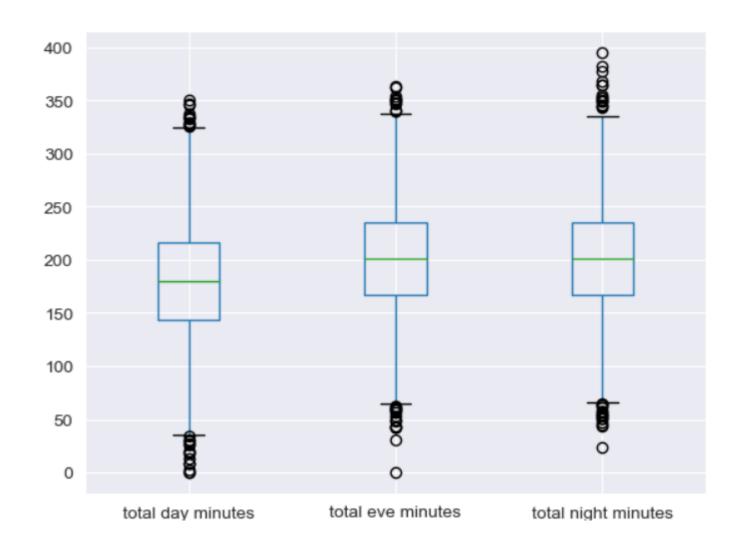
#### **Customer Service Calls**

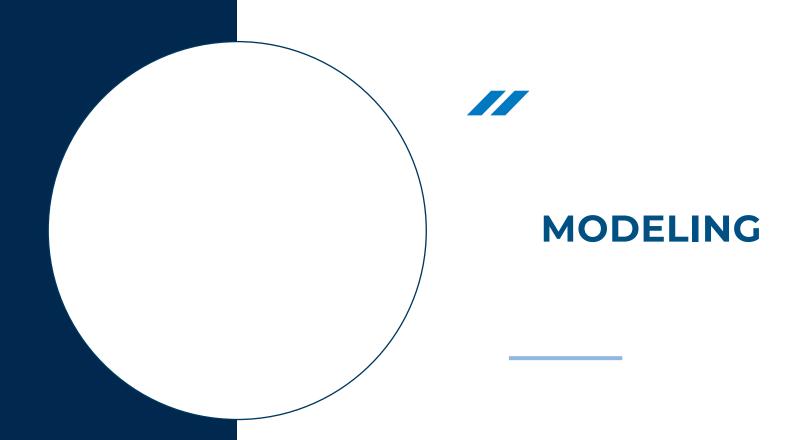
Calls to customer service is binomially distributed with most people making 1 to 3 calls



## **How Does Call Duration Vary By Day Part?**

Call duration increases by day part, thus evening and night calls last longer than day calls

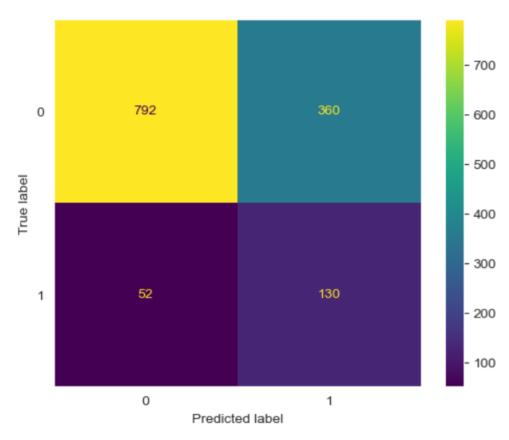




O We start with logistic regression as our baseline model. We will use a pipeline to streamline our work and balanced class weight to account for classification for classification models. We have a high number of false positives affecting the precision score. However, our key metrics to consider are the accuracy and auc scores

precision: 0.265 recall: 0.714 accuracy: 0.691

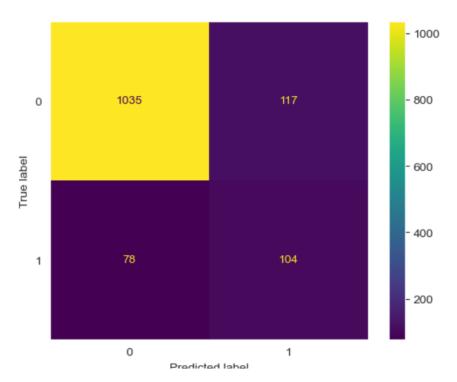
AUC: 0.701



#### **Improved Model: Decision Tree**

Next we will use DecisionTree with grid search to look for optimal solutions.

precision: 0.471 recall: 0.571 accuracy: 0.854 AUC: 0.735



- With Decision Tree classifier, we have been able to improve the metrics as shown below
  - accuracy improves from 69% to 85%
  - auc score improves from 70% to 73%

#### **Conclusion and Recommendations**

We therefore conclude that a decision tree model of `max\_depth` None and `min\_samples\_split` 5 is the better model at predicting churn

Areas of further investigation include:

- trying other models like ensemble methods
- further tuning of the model
- applying dimensionality reduction to engineer correlated features

