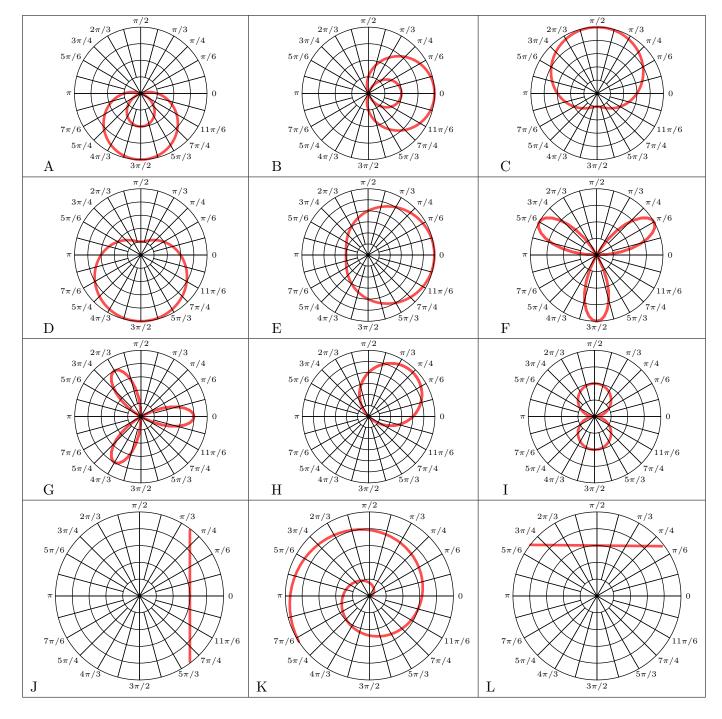
## Matching – 1 point each question



1. 
$$r = 4\cos(3\theta)$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

2. 
$$r = 4 + 2\cos(\theta)$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

3. 
$$r = 3\csc(\theta)$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

4. 
$$r = 4\sin(3\theta)$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

5. 
$$r = \theta/2$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

6. 
$$r = 4\sin(\theta) + 4\cos(\theta)$$

7. 
$$r = 1 - 3\sin(\theta)$$

8. 
$$r^2 = 4\sin^2(\theta)$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

9. 
$$r = 3 + 2\sin(\theta)$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

10. 
$$r = 3 - 2\sin(\theta)$$

11. 
$$r = 1 + 3\cos(\theta)$$

12. 
$$r = 3\sec(\theta)$$
 \_\_\_\_\_

## $Short\ Answer-2\ pts\ each$

Work must be shown for credit.

1. Convert the polar coordinate to rectangular coordinates:  $(-2,2\pi/3)$ 

2. Convert the polar coordinate to rectangular coordinates:  $(4,-\pi/2)$ 

3. Convert the rectangular coordinate to polar coordinates:  $(15, 5\sqrt{3})$ 

4. Convert the rectangular coordinate to polar coordinates: (-12, -12)

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. Convert the rectangular equation to polar:  $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ 

6. Convert the rectangular equation to polar: 2xy = 1

7. Convert the polar equation to rectangular:  $\theta=2\pi/3$ 

8. Convert the polar equation to rectangular:  $r = \frac{2}{1 + \sin \theta}$ 

7. \_\_\_\_\_

8. \_\_\_\_

9. Find the intersection points of  $r = 3\cos\theta$  and  $r = \sqrt{3}\sin\theta$ 

9. \_\_\_\_\_

## Free Response Section

## Calculator Active

At time t, a particle moving in the xy-plane is at position (x(t),y(t)), where x(t) and y(t) are not explicitly given. For  $t \ge 0$ ,  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 4t + 1$  and  $\frac{dy}{dt} = \sin\left(t^2\right)$ . At time t = 0, x(0) = 0 and y(0) = -4.

1. Find the speed of the particle at time t=3

2. Find the acceleration vector of the particle at time t=3.

3. Find the slope of the line tangent to the path of the particle at time t=3.

4. Find the position of the particle at time t=3.

5. Find the total distance traveled by the particle over the time interval  $0 \le t \le 3$ .