

AOS Math 10, Spring 2024

Derivatives Test (#14)

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On my honor, I have not accepted or provided any unauthorized aid on this test, quiz, or assignment.

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May 10, 2024

Student Signature

Class

Date

Print Name:

Instructions: For each problem, circle the letter of the best answer. You **must show all work** for credit. Partial credit may be awarded as appropriate.

1. Given the function defined by $f(x) = 3x^5 - 20x^3$, find all values of x for which the graph of f is concave up.

- (a) $x > 0$
- (b) $-\sqrt{2} < x < 0$ or $x > \sqrt{2}$
- (c) $-2 < x < 0$ or $x > 2$
- (d) $x > \sqrt{2}$
- (e) $-2 < x < 2$

2. If $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$, then the set of values for which f increases is

- (a) $(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$
- (b) $[-1, 1]$
- (c) $(-\infty, \infty)$
- (d) $(0, \infty)$
- (e) $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$

3. If $f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x}$, for all $x > 0$, which of the following is true?

- (a) f is increasing for all x greater than 0.
- (b) f is increasing for all x greater than 1 .
- (c) f is decreasing for all x between 0 and 1 .
- (d) f is decreasing for all x between 1 and e .
- (e) f is decreasing for all x greater than e .

4. At what values of x does $f(x) = 3x^5 - 5x^3 + 15$ have a relative maximum?

- (a) -1 only
- (b) 0 only
- (c) 1 only
- (d) -1 and 1 only
- (e) -1, 0 and 1

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5. The graph of $y = \frac{-5}{x-2}$ is concave downward for all values of x such that
- (a) $x < 0$
 - (b) $x < 2$
 - (c) $x < 5$
 - (d) $x > 0$
 - (e) $x > 2$
6. The absolute maximum value of $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 12$ on the closed interval $[-2, 4]$ occurs at $x =$
- (a) 4
 - (b) 2
 - (c) 1
 - (d) 0
 - (e) -2
7. If the graph of $y = x^3 + ax^2 + bx - 4$ has a point of inflection at $(1, -6)$, what is the value of b ?
- (a) -3
 - (b) 0
 - (c) 1
 - (d) 3
8. The function f given by $f(x) = x^3 + 12x - 24$ is
- (a) increasing for $x < -2$, decreasing for $-2 < x < 2$, increasing for $x > 2$
 - (b) decreasing for $x < 0$, increasing for $x > 0$
 - (c) increasing for all x
 - (d) decreasing for all x
 - (e) decreasing for $x < -2$, increasing for $-2 < x < 2$, decreasing for $x > 2$

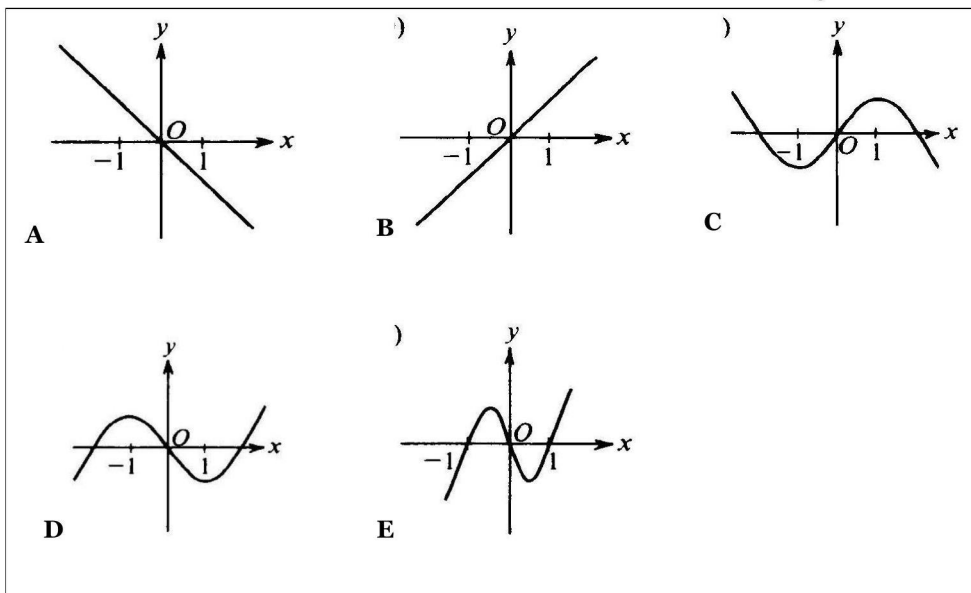
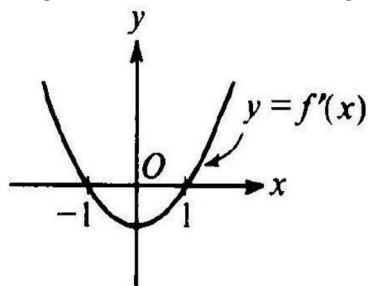
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9. The derivative of f is $x^4(x-2)(x+3)$. At how many points will the graph of f have a relative maximum?
- (a) None
 - (b) One
 - (c) Two
 - (d) Three
 - (e) Four
10. If $f(x) = x^2e^x$, then the graph of f is decreasing for all x such that
- (a) $x < -2$
 - (b) $-2 < x < 0$
 - (c) $x > 2$
 - (d) $x < 0$
 - (e) $x > 0$
11. The graph of $y = 3x^4 - 16x^3 + 24x^2 + 48$ is concave down for
- (a) $x < 0$
 - (b) $x > 0$
 - (c) $x < -2$ or $x > \frac{2}{3}$
 - (d) $x < \frac{2}{3}$ or $x > 2$
 - (e) $\frac{2}{3} < x < 2$
12. The function f given by $f(x) = 3x^5 - 4x^3 - 3x$ has a relative maximum at $x =$
- (a) -1
 - (b) $-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$
 - (c) 0
 - (d) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$
 - (e) 1

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13. What is the x -coordinate of the point of inflection on the graph of $y = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + 5x^2 + 24$?
- (a) 5
 - (b) 0
 - (c) $-\frac{10}{3}$
 - (d) -5
 - (e) -10
14. A particle moves along the x -axis so that its position at time t is given by $x(t) = t^2 - 6t + 5$. For what value of t is the velocity of the particle zero?
- (a) 1
 - (b) 2
 - (c) 3
 - (d) 4
 - (e) 5
15. If $f''(x) = x(x+1)(x-2)^2$, then the graph of f has inflection points when $x =$
- (a) -1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) -1 and 0 only
 - (d) -1 and 2 only
 - (e) -1, 0, and 2 only
16. The function f is given by $f(x) = x^4 + x^2 - 2$. On which of the following intervals is f increasing?
- (a) $\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \infty\right)$
 - (b) $\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$
 - (c) $(0, \infty)$
 - (d) $(-\infty, 0)$
 - (e) $\left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$

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17. If g is a differentiable function such that $g(x) < 0$ for all real numbers x and if $f'(x) = (x^2 - 4)g(x)$, which of the following is true?
- (a) f has a relative maximum at $x = -2$ and a relative minimum at $x = 2$.
 - (b) f has a relative minimum at $x = -2$ and a relative maximum at $x = 2$.
 - (c) f has relative minima at $x = -2$ and at $x = 2$.
 - (d) f has relative maxima at $x = -2$ and at $x = 2$.
 - (e) It cannot be determined if f has any relative extrema.
18. If f is the function defined by $f(x) = 3x^5 - 5x^4$, what are all the x -coordinates of points of inflection for the graph of f ?
- (a) -1
 - (b) 0
 - (c) 1
 - (d) 0 and 1
 - (e) -1, 0, and 1
19. What is the derivative of $y = \sec \sqrt{t}$?
- (a) $\sec \sqrt{t} \tan \sqrt{t}$
 - (b) $\tan^2 \sqrt{t}$
 - (c) $\frac{\sec \sqrt{t} \tan \sqrt{t}}{2\sqrt{t}}$
 - (d) $\sqrt{t} \tan^2 \sqrt{t}$
20. At which x coordinate is the tangent line to $y = 3x^2 - 8x + 12$ parallel to the line $4x + 2y = 7$?
- (a) 0
 - (b) 1
 - (c) 2
 - (d) -2

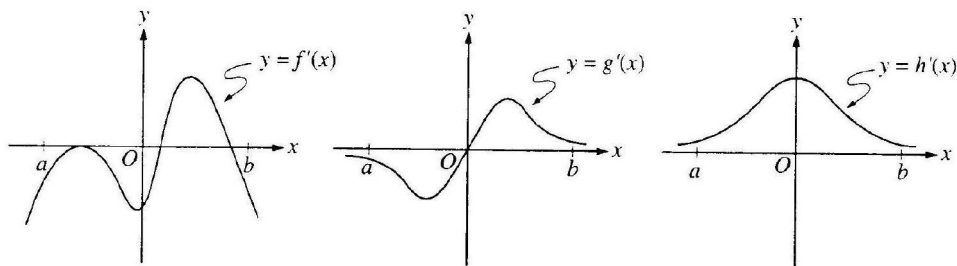
21. The graph of the derivative of f is shown in the figure to the right. Which of the following could be the graph of f ?

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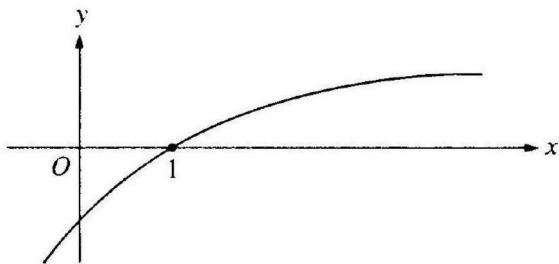


- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

22. The graphs of the derivatives of the functions f, g , and h are shown below. Which of the functions f, g , or h have a relative maximum on the open interval $a < x < b$?



- (a) f only
 (b) g only
 (c) h only
 (d) f and g only
 (e) f, g , and h
23. The graph of a twice-differentiable function f is shown in the figure below.



Which of the following is true?

- (a) $f(1) < f'(1) < f''(1)$
 (b) $f(1) < f''(1) < f'(1)$
 (c) $f'(1) < f(1) < f''(1)$
 (d) $f''(1) < f(1) < f'(1)$
 (e) $f''(1) < f'(1) < f(1)$

Free Response

The function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 4}$$

has first derivative

$$f'(x) = \frac{-2x}{(x^2 - 4)^2}$$

and second derivative

$$f''(x) = \frac{6x^2 + 8}{(x^2 - 4)^3}$$

Sketch the graph of $f(x)$ after completing the following questions:

1. State any domain restrictions for $f(x)$
2. Determine any critical points of $f(x)$
3. State intervals on which $f(x)$ is increasing or decreasing
4. State intervals on which $f(x)$ is concave up or concave down
5. Calculate any horizontal asymptotes of $f(x)$