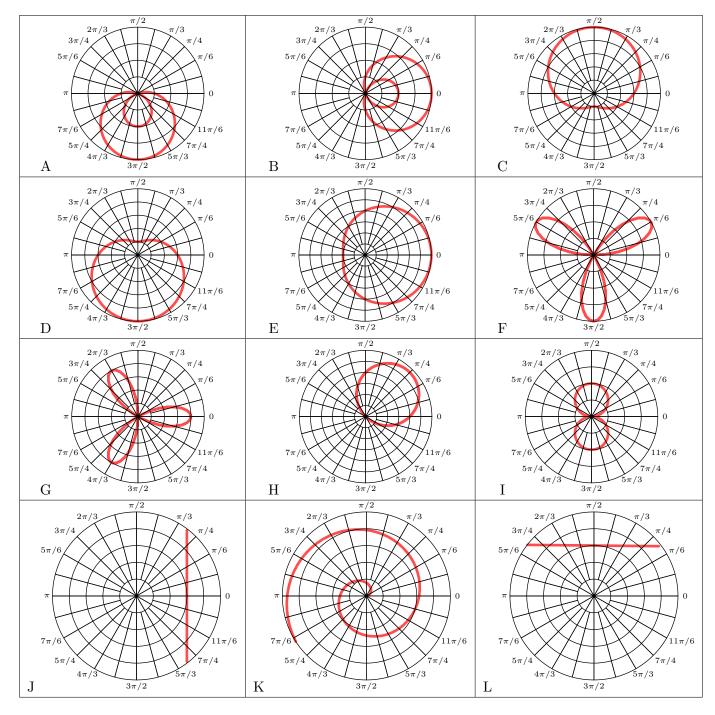
Matching – 1 point each question



1.
$$r = 4\cos(3\theta)$$

2.
$$r = 4 + 2\cos(\theta)$$

3.
$$r = 3\csc(\theta)$$

4.
$$r = 4\sin(3\theta)$$

5.
$$r = \theta/2$$

6.
$$r = 4\sin(\theta) + 4\cos(\theta)$$

7.
$$r = 1 - 3\sin(\theta)$$

8.
$$r^2 = 4\sin^2(\theta)$$

9.
$$r = 3 + 2\sin(\theta)$$

10.
$$r = 3 - 2\sin(\theta)$$

11.
$$r = 1 + 3\cos(\theta)$$

12.
$$r = 3\sec(\theta)$$

Short Answer -2 pts each

| Work | must | be | shown | for | credit. |
|------|------|----|-------|-----|---------|

| 1. Convert the polar coordinate to rectangular coordinates: $(-2, 2\pi/3)$ | |
|--|--|
| | |
| | |



2. Convert the polar coordinate to rectangular coordinates:
$$(4,-\pi/2)$$

3. Convert the rectangular coordinate to polar coordinates:
$$(15,5\sqrt{3})$$

4. Convert the rectangular coordinate to polar coordinates:
$$(-12, -12)$$

| 5. | Convert | the | rectangular | equation | to | polar: | $x^2 + y^2$ | ! = | 16 |
|----|---------|-----|-------------|----------|----|--------|-------------|-----|----|
| | | | | | | | | | |

6. Convert the rectangular equation to polar:
$$2xy = 1$$

7. Convert the polar equation to rectangular:
$$\theta=2\pi/3$$

8. Convert the polar equation to rectangular:
$$r = \frac{2}{1 + \sin \theta}$$

| | | | | | | | | _ | |
|----|------|-----|--------------|--------|--------|-----------------|---------|-------------|---------------|
| 9. | Find | the | intersection | points | of r | $= 3\cos\theta$ | and r | $=\sqrt{3}$ | $\sin \theta$ |

9. _____

Free Response Section

Calculator Active

At time t, a particle moving in the xy-plane is at position (x(t), y(t)), where x(t) and y(t) are not explicitly given. For $t \ge 0$, $\frac{dx}{dt} = 4t + 1$ and $\frac{dy}{dt} = \sin(t^2)$. At time t = 0, x(0) = 0 and y(0) = -4.

1. Find the speed of the particle at time t=3

2. Find the acceleration vector of the particle at time t=3.

3. Find the slope of the line tangent to the path of the particle at time t=3.

4. Find the position of the particle at time t = 3.

5. Find the total distance traveled by the particle over the time interval $0 \le t \le 3$.