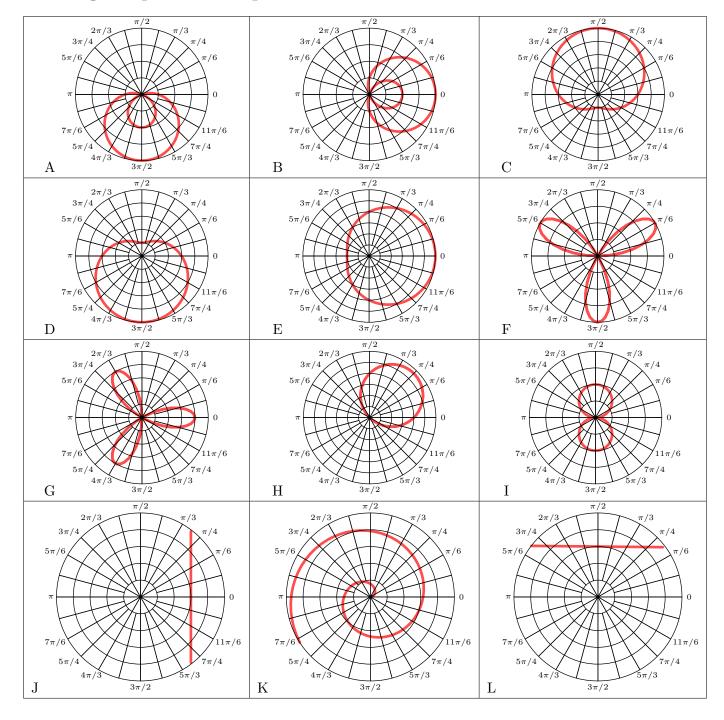
## Matching – 1 point each question



1. 
$$r = 4\cos(3\theta)$$
 **G**

2. 
$$r = 4 + 2\cos(\theta)$$
 **E**

3. 
$$r = 3\csc(\theta)$$
 L

4. 
$$r = 4\sin(3\theta)$$
 **F**

5. 
$$r = \theta/2$$
 **K**

6. 
$$r = 4\sin(\theta) + 4\cos(\theta)$$
 H

7. 
$$r = 1 - 3\sin(\theta)$$
 **A**

8. 
$$r^2 = 4\sin^2(\theta)$$
 I

9. 
$$r = 3 + 2\sin(\theta)$$
 **C**

10. 
$$r = 3 - 2\sin(\theta)$$
 **D**

11. 
$$r = 1 + 3\cos(\theta)$$
 **B**

12. 
$$r = 3\sec(\theta)$$
 **J**

## Short Answer -2 pts each

Work must be shown for credit.

1. Convert the polar coordinate to rectangular coordinates:  $(-2,2\pi/3)$ 

- $\left(1, -\sqrt{3}\right)$
- 2. Convert the polar coordinate to rectangular coordinates:  $(4, -\pi/2)$

- 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Convert the rectangular coordinate to polar coordinates:  $(15, 5\sqrt{3})$

- $\left(10\sqrt{3}, \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$
- 4. Convert the rectangular coordinate to polar coordinates: (-12, -12)

 $\left(12\sqrt{2}, -\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$ 

5. Convert the rectangular equation to polar:  $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ 

r=4

6. Convert the rectangular equation to polar: 2xy = 1

 $r^2 = \frac{1}{2\sin\theta\cos\theta}$ 

7. Convert the polar equation to rectangular:  $\theta=2\pi/3$ 

 $y = -\sqrt{3}x$ 7. \_\_\_\_\_

8. Convert the polar equation to rectangular:  $r = \frac{2}{1 + \sin \theta}$ 

 $x^2 + y^2 = (y - 2)^2$ 8. \_\_\_\_\_

9. Find the intersection points of  $r = 3\cos\theta$  and  $r = \sqrt{3}\sin\theta$ 

 $\{\pi/3, 4\pi/3\}$ 

## Free Response Section

## Calculator Active

At time t, a particle moving in the xy-plane is at position (x(t),y(t)), where x(t) and y(t) are not explicitly given. For  $t \ge 0$ ,  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 4t + 1$  and  $\frac{dy}{dt} = \sin\left(t^2\right)$ . At time t = 0, x(0) = 0 and y(0) = -4.

1. Find the speed of the particle at time t=3

2. Find the acceleration vector of the particle at time t=3.

3. Find the slope of the line tangent to the path of the particle at time t=3.

4. Find the position of the particle at time t=3.

5. Find the total distance traveled by the particle over the time interval  $0 \le t \le 3$ .