

MATH 119A
Practice Final
Fall 2025

Name _____ Student ID # _____

HONOR STATEMENT

“I affirm that my work upholds the highest standards of honesty and academic integrity at the University of California, and that I have neither given nor received any unauthorized assistance on this exam.”

SIGNATURE: _____

1	25	
2	25	
3	25	
4	25	
Total	100	

- Your exam should consist of this cover sheet, followed by 4 problems. Check that you have a complete exam.
- Pace yourself. You have 75 minutes to complete the exam and there are 4 problems, each problem has two pages. Try not to spend more than 20 minutes on each problem.
- Unless otherwise indicated, show all your work and justify your answers.
- Unless otherwise indicated, your answers should be exact values rather than decimal approximations. (For example, $\frac{\pi}{4}$ is an exact answer and is preferable to its decimal approximation 0.7854.)
- You may use one 8.5×11-inch sheet of handwritten notes. All other electronic devices (including graphing and programmable calculators and calculators with calculus functions) are forbidden.
- The use of headphones or earbuds during the exam is not permitted.
- You are not allowed to use your phone for any reason during this exam. Turn your phone off and put it away for the duration of the exam.
- You have signed an honor statement, and cheating is a hassle for everyone involved. DO NOT CHEAT.
- Raise your hand if you have any questions.
- Double check your work if you have time left.

GOOD LUCK!

1. (25 points) consider the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

(a) (5 points) Find the eigenvalues of A and state the multiplicity for each

(b) (5 points) Find a basis for \mathbf{R}^3 consists of generalized eigenvectors of A (eigenvectors are generalized eigenvectors)

- (c) (5 points) Using the previous part, construct a matrix T such that $T^{-1}AT$ is of the form $D + N$, where D is a diagonal matrix with the eigenvalues on the diagonal, N is a nilpotent

- (d) (5 points) Find the general solution of the system $X' = AX$

- (e) (5 points) Find the stable, unstable and center subspace

2. (25 points) Homework 6 problem 6

3. (25 points) Homework 6 problem 8

4. Consider the following nonlinear system: $\dot{x} = xy - 1, \dot{y} = x - y^3$.
- (a) Find all fixed points and classify them using linearization
 - (b) Determine if the linearization predicts the stability of the fixed points accurately (You may check the nonlinear system using nullclines, or use known theorems)
 - (c) Sketch the phase portrait using the information from the previous parts

5. Repeat the same procedure in problem 4 for the system $\dot{x} = \sin(y), \dot{y} = x - x^3$

6. Consider the nonlinear system: $\dot{x} = y - ax, \dot{y} = -ay + \frac{x}{(1+x)}$.

(a) Find the largest subset of \mathbf{R}^2 for which the uniqueness and existence theorem applies

(b) Find all fixed points for the case where $a = 0$ and $a \neq 0$.

(c) For $a \neq 0$, Determine for each fixed point if the Hartman-Grobman theorem applies. Classify all fixed points where the theorem applies.

7. (25 points)

- (a) Let v_1, \dots, v_n be eigenvectors corresponding to distinct real eigenvalues $\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n$ of a matrix $A \in M_n(\mathbf{R})$. Prove that v_1, \dots, v_n are linearly independent.
- (b) Let v_1, \dots, v_n be generalized eigenvectors corresponding to distinct real eigenvalues $\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n$ of a matrix $A \in M_n(\mathbf{R})$. Prove that v_1, \dots, v_n are linearly independent.
- (c) Suppose $A \in M_3(\mathbf{R})$. Let v be an eigenvector of A with the corresponding real eigenvalue λ with multiplicity 2. Let u be a vector such that $(A - \lambda I)u = v$. Let v_3 be an eigenvector for the real eigenvalue $\lambda_3 \neq \lambda$. Define $T = [v_1, v_2, v_3]$. Prove that T is invertible and the matrix $T^{-1}AT$ is block diagonal.

EXTRA SHEET