

Scala Assignment 14

For this assignment, I've used IntelliJ Idea.

Create a calculator to work with rational numbers.

- 1) It should provide capability to add, subtract, divide and multiply rational numbers
- 2) Create a method to compute GCD (this will come in handy during operations on rational)
- 3) Add option to work with whole numbers which are also rational numbers i.e. $(n/1)$
 - achieve the above using auxiliary constructors
 - enable method overloading to enable each function to work with numbers and rational.

Steps followed:

A rational number is any number that can be expressed as the quotient or fraction p/q of two integers.

- 1) Created a class which takes 2 variables ($n \rightarrow$ numerator, $d \rightarrow$ denominator) as below. The denominator shouldn't be 0 so specified here.
- 2) The program should also support whole numbers, so specifying auxiliary constructor to call the 2 variable constructor, as below.

```
//creating a class
```

```
class Rational(n: Int, d: Int) {  
  require(d != 0)
```

```
//Defining constructor
```

```
// auxiliary constructor to support whole number a rational number
```

```
def this(n: Int) = this(n, 1)
```

```
// auxiliary constructor to support no arg
```

```
def this() = this(1, 1) }
```

- 3) Created a method to compute GCD the method used is as below:

```
//Method to compute gcd:
```

```
private def gcd(a: Int, b: Int): Int =
```

```
if (b == 0) a else gcd(b, a % b)
```

- 4) When a pair of rational number is passed as argument, gcd of argument n & d. Then set the numer value as n/gcd(n,d) and denom as d/gcd(n,d)

```
//Creating a numerator and denominator for a rational number
```

```
private val g = gcd(n.abs, d.abs)
val numer = n / g
val denom = d / g
```

- 5) Created a method "+" by passing a rational number as argument, and add rational number as below.

```
//Add for Rational numbers
```

```
def + (that: Rational): Rational = new Rational(
    numer * that.denom + that.numer * denom,
    denom * that.denom
)
```

```
//Overloaded Add for whole numbers
```

```
def + (i: Int): Rational = new Rational(numer + i * denom, denom)
```

- 6) Created a method method "-" by passing a rational number as argument, and subtract rational number as below.

```
//Subtract for Rational numbers
```

```
def - (that: Rational): Rational = new Rational(
    numer * that.denom - that.numer * denom,
    denom * that.denom
)
```

```
//Overloaded Subtract for whole numbers
```

```
def - (i: Int): Rational = new Rational(numer - i * denom, denom)
```

- 7) Created a method "*" by passing a rational number as argument, and multiply the rational number as below..

```
//Multiply for Rational numbers
```

```
def * (that: Rational): Rational =
    new Rational(numer * that.numer, denom * that.denom)
```

```
//Overloaded Multiply for whole numbers
```

```
def * (i: Int): Rational =
    new Rational(numer * i, denom)
```

- 8) Created a method “/” by passing a rational number as argument, and divide the rational number as below.

```
//Div for Rational numbers
```

```
def / (that: Rational): Rational =  
    new Rational(number * that.denom, denom * that.number)
```

```
//Overloaded Div for whole numbers
```

```
def / (i: Int): Rational =  
    new Rational(number, denom * i)
```

- 9) Finally writtern a toString method, to print the spring representation of the object as below

```
//overridden To String method, to print meaningful output
```

```
override def toString = number + "/" + denom
```

- 10) Tested the calculator methods by passing the input.

```
object assignment14 extends App {  
    //rational number input  
    val r1 = new Rational(3, 5)           // r1 = 3/5  
    val r2 = new Rational(2, 7)           // r2 = 2/7  
    val r3 = new Rational(5, 9)           // r3 = 5/9  
  
    println(r1 + " + " + r2 + " = " + (r1 + r2));           // 3/5+2/7 = 31/35  
    println(r1 + " - " + r2 + " = " + (r1 - r2));           // 3/5-2/7 = 11/35  
    println(r1 + " * " + r2 + " = " + (r1 * r2));           // 3/5*2/7 = 6/35  
    println(r1 + " / " + r2 + " = " + (r1 / r2));           // 3/5/2/7 = 21/10  
    println(r1 + " == " + r2 + " : " + (r1 == r2))           // false  
  
    val x = new Rational(7, 3)             // x = 1/3  
    val y = new Rational(5, 7)             // y = 5/7  
    val z = new Rational(3, 2)             // z = 3/2  
  
    println(x + " - " + y + " - " + z + " = " + (x - y - z)) // 7/3-5/7-3/2 = 5/42  
  
    //passing whole number as rational number  
    val a = new Rational(5)                // a = 5/1  
    val b = new Rational                    // b = 1/1  
    println(a + " + " + b + " = " + (a+b)); // 5/1+1/1 = 6/1  
}
```

Output printed in the console is:

assignment14

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_121\bin\java" ...  
3/5 + 2/7 = 31/35  
3/5 - 2/7 = 11/35  
3/5 * 2/7 = 6/35  
3/5 / 2/7 = 21/10  
3/5 == 2/7 : false  
7/3 - 5/7 - 3/2 = 5/42  
5/1 + 1/1 = 6/1
```

Screenshot of IntelliJ source code:

```
Rational +(that: Rational) <anonymous>  
/* Calculator program 14.1 */  
class Rational(n: Int, d: Int) {  
  require(d != 0)  
  
  // auxiliary constructor to support whole number a rational number  
  def this(n: Int) = this(n, 1)  
  
  // auxiliary constructor to support no arg  
  def this() = this(1, 1)  
  
  private val g = gcd(n.abs, d.abs)  
  val numer = n / g  
  val denom = d / g  
  
  //Add for Rational numbers  
  def + (that: Rational): Rational =  
    new Rational(  
      numer * that.denom + that.numer * denom,  
      denom * that.denom  
    )  
  
  //Overloaded Add for whole numbers  
  def + (i: Int): Rational =  
    new Rational(numer + i * denom, denom)
```

assignment14

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_121\bin\java" ...  
3/5 + 2/7 = 31/35  
3/5 - 2/7 = 11/35  
3/5 * 2/7 = 6/35  
3/5 / 2/7 = 21/10  
3/5 == 2/7 : false  
7/3 - 5/7 - 3/2 = 5/42  
5/1 + 1/1 = 6/1
```

Source code:

```
/*Calculator program 14.1 */
class Rational(n: Int, d: Int) {
  require(d != 0)

  //Defining constructor
  def this(n: Int) = this(n, 1) // auxiliary constructor to support single arg
  def this() = this(1, 1) // auxiliary constructor to support no arg

  private val g = gcd(n.abs, d.abs)
  val numer = n / g
  val denom = d / g

  //Add for Rational numbers
  def + (that: Rational): Rational =
    new Rational(
      numer * that.denom + that.numer * denom,
      denom * that.denom
    )

  //Overloaded Add for whole numbers
  def + (i: Int): Rational =
    new Rational(numer + i * denom, denom)

  //Subtract for Rational numbers
  def - (that: Rational): Rational =
    new Rational(
      numer * that.denom - that.numer * denom,
      denom * that.denom
    )

  //Overloaded Subtract for whole numbers
  def - (i: Int): Rational =
    new Rational(numer - i * denom, denom)

  //Multiply for Rational numbers
  def * (that: Rational): Rational =
    new Rational(numer * that.numer, denom * that.denom)

  //Overloaded Multiply for whole numbers
  def * (i: Int): Rational =
    new Rational(numer * i, denom)

  //Div for Rational numbers
  def / (that: Rational): Rational =
    new Rational(numer * that.denom, denom * that.numer)

  //Overloaded Div for whole numbers
  def / (i: Int): Rational =
    new Rational(numer, denom * i)

  //GCD
  private def gcd(a: Int, b: Int): Int =
    if (b == 0) a else gcd(b, a % b)

  //overridden To String method, to print meaningful output
  override def toString = numer + "/" + denom
}

object assignment14 extends App {

  //rational number input
```

```

val r1 = new Rational(3, 5)           // r1 = 3/5
val r2 = new Rational(2, 7)           // r2 = 2/7
val r3 = new Rational(5, 9)           // r3 = 5/9

println(r1 + " + " + r2 + " = " + (r1 + r2)); // 3/5+2/7 = 31/35
println(r1 + " - " + r2 + " = " + (r1 - r2)); // 3/5-2/7 = 11/35
println(r1 + " * " + r2 + " = " + (r1 * r2)); // 3/5*2/7 = 6/35
println(r1 + " / " + r2 + " = " + (r1 / r2)); // 3/5/2/7 = 21/10
println(r1 + " == " + r2 + " : " + (r1 == r2)) // false

val x = new Rational(7, 3)           // x = 1/3
val y = new Rational(5, 7)           // y = 5/7
val z = new Rational(3, 2)           // z = 3/2

println(x + " - " + y + " - " + z + " = " + (x - y - z)) // 7/3-5/7-3/2 = 5/42

//passing whole number as rational number
val a = new Rational(5)               // a = 5/1
val b = new Rational(1)               // b = 1/1
println(a + " + " + b + " = " + (a+b)); // 5/1+1/1 = 6/1
}

```