Do Drivers Dream of Walking? An Investigation of Travel Mode Dissonance from the Perspective of Subjective Wellbeing

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9 Abstract

Introduction

Subjective wellbeing is a topic that has attracted considerable attention in recent years due to the way it correlates with health. From a transportation perspective, there is a burgeoning literature on the way travel can impact subjective wellbeing, and how this, in turn, can influence behavior.

Objective

The objective of this paper is to analyze a number of affective values associated with subjective wellbeing and the modes of transportation that people commonly use. In particular, we are interested in the potential for dissonance with respect to the primary mode of travel.

Materials and Methods

The study is based on data collected from a sample of travellers in the city of Santiago, in Chile. Participants in the study were asked about their usual mode of travel, and then were asked to name the mode or modes that they associate with the affective values of freedom, enjoyment, happiness, poverty, luxury and status. Analysis is based on tests of independence and visualization via mosaic plots.

Results

The results indicate that users of public transportation experience the most dissonance in terms of affective values, and active travellers the least. For those travellers who experience dissonance, active travel is the mode most commonly associated with freedom, enjoyment, and happiness, public transportation is most commonly associated with poverty, and the automobil is most commonly associated with luxury and status.

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