

User Guide v1.0

User guide for the yoGERT toolbox

This guide covers usage of all public modules and functions. Every function can be accessed via `moduleName.functionName()` after having “import moduleName” at the beginning of your Python file.

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PreProcessing module

PreProcessing.ValidateCSV(csvpath, directoryname)

- Confirms that CSV is valid and creates a CSV based on the input and corrects column names while removing invalid data.
- The new column names are a prerequisite before using any of the toolbox's analysis functionality on the user's geo-data.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• csvpath (<i>string</i>): a full path to the input CSV file.• directoryname (<i>string</i>): string directory that will be created within the current directory to store processed traces.
Returns	CSVCreated - boolean to indicate the status of the uploaded CSV.
Return type	boolean
Exceptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• InvalidInputDataException - when the inputted CSV file is invalid because it doesn't have all required columns (latitude, longitude, time).

Example:

```
bool CSVCreated = PreProcessing.ValidateCSV("./directoryname/filename.csv",  
                                             "directoryname")
```

episodeGeneration module

episodeGeneration.createTrace(csv_path, tracefolder_fullpath)

- Assigns a unique ID to each GPS ping point of the inputted trace file and creates a new CSV file, called trace.csv, for the trace's geo-data in the inputted directory path.
- The function requires that the inputted trace file is for one entity only. This can be done by calling the preprocessing function.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• csv_path (<i>string</i>): a full path to the input CSV file.• tracefolder_fullpath (<i>string</i>): a directory path where the new CSV file will be created.
Returns	N/A

Return type	N/A
Exceptions	N/A

Example:

```
episodeGeneration.createTrace("./directoryname/filename.csv", "./directoryname")
```

episodeGeneration.createSegments([tracefolder_fullpath](#))

- Finds segments of the trace.csv file and creates a CSV file for segment information, called segments.csv, in the inputted directory path.
- The function requires that the inputted directory contains a CSV file for a trace's geo-data with a unique ID for each row. It can be done by calling the episodeGeneration.createTrace function.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tracefolder_fullpath (<i>string</i>): a directory path that contains trace.csv and where the new CSV file will be created.
Returns	N/A
Return type	N/A
Exceptions	N/A

Example:

```
episodeGeneration.createSegments("./directoryname")
```

episodeGeneration.findStops([tracefolder_fullpath](#))

- Analyzes segments in segments.csv file and creates a CSV file for stop points, called stops.csv, in a newly created directory, called stop, within the input directory path.
- The function requires that the input directory contains a CSV file for a trace's segment information. It can be done by calling the episodeGeneration.createSegments function.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tracefolder_fullpath (<i>string</i>): a directory path that contains trace.csv and where the new directory and CSV file will be created.
Returns	N/A
Return type	N/A
Exceptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FileExistsError - when stops directory exists within the inputted

	directory.
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Example:

```
episodeGeneration.createStops("./directoryname")
```

episodeGeneration.cleanStops([tracefolder_fullpath](#))

- Updates stops.csv file at the stop directory within the inputted directory path with the inputted filtering parameters. It removes any stop points that don't satisfy the filtering tolerances.
- The function requires that the input directory contains a directory called stop with a CSV file for a trace's stop point information. It can be done by calling the episodeGeneration.createStops function.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tracefolder_fullpath (<i>string</i>): a directory path that contains the directory called stop that has stops.csv.
Returns	N/A
Return type	N/A
Exceptions	N/A

Example:

```
episodeGeneration.cleanStops("./directoryname")
```

episodeGeneration.createEpisodes([tracefolder_fullpath](#))

- Generates episodes for the trace.csv file in the inputted directory path and creates a new directory, called episode, that will contain all the episodes' information as CSV files.
- The function requires that the input directory contains a CSV file for a trace's segment information. It can be done by calling the episodeGeneration.createSegments function.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tracefolder_fullpath (<i>string</i>): a directory path that contains trace.csv and where the new directory and CSV files will be created.
Returns	N/A
Return type	N/A
Exceptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FileExistsError - when episode directory exists within the inputted

	directory.
--	------------

Example:

```
episodeGeneration.createEpisodes("./directoryname")
```

episodeGeneration.episodeGenerator(csv_path, tracefolder_fullpath, title)

- Generates episodes for the inputted geo-data and creates new directories and CSV files to store information on segments, stops, and episodes for the inputted trace information.
- The function requires that the inputted trace file is for one entity only. This can be done by calling the preprocessing function..

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • csv_path (<i>string</i>): a file path for the trace's geo-data. • tracefolder_fullpath (<i>string</i>): a directory path that contains the user's geo-data. • title (<i>string</i>): a directory name where all the trace's information should be stored.
Returns	N/A
Return type	N/A
Exceptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FileExistsError - when episode, stop, or trace directory exists within the inputted directory.

Example:

```
episodeGeneration.createGenerator("./directoryname/filename.csv",  
"./directoryname","trace1")
```

episodeGeneration.summarymode(tracefilepath)

- Finds the most used travel mode for the inputted trace.csv file and creates a new CSV file containing the summary mode.
- The function requires that the inputted file directory contains the trace's information including episodes. It can be done by calling the episodeGeneration.episodeGenerator function or calling 4 episodeGeneration functions: createTrace, createSegments, findStops, and createEpisodes.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tracefilepath (<i>string</i>): a file path that contains trace.csv and where the new CSV file will be created.
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Returns	N/A
Return type	N/A
Exceptions	N/A

Example:

```
episodeGeneration.summarymode("./directoryname/filename.csv")
```

episodeGeneration.createStats([tracefolder_fullpath](#))

- Analyzes the trace's information and creates a new CSV file, called stats.csv, of ping frequency, mode change count, number of trips, and trace period in the input directory path.
- The function requires that the inputted directory contains the trace's information including episodes. It can be done by calling the episodeGeneration.episodeGenerator function or calling 4 episodeGeneration functions: createTrace, createSegments, findStops, and createEpisodes.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tracefolder_fullpath (<i>string</i>): a directory path that contains trace.csv and where the new CSV file will be created.
Returns	N/A
Return type	N/A
Exceptions	N/A

Example:

```
episodeGeneration.createStats("./directoryname/")
```

fetchActivityLocation module

fetchActivityLocations.fetchActivityLocations([inPath](#), [outPath](#), [tol=25](#))

- Uses the Overpass server to retrieve and create a CSV file for the nearby activity locations to the inputted geo-data.
- Activity locations are amenities that the user might be interested to include in geo-spatial analysis. .

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • inPath (<i>string</i>): a full file path to the input CSV file. • outPath (<i>string</i>): a file path of where
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	<p>the new file for the activity locations should be stored.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tol (integer): tolerance for the search radius of nearby activity locations.
Returns	0 - nothing is returned when the file is created successfully.
Return type	integer
Exceptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OverpassGatewayTimeout - when connecting to Overpass server fails because it is at capacity. • OverpassTooManyRequests - when connecting to Overpass server fails because it is at capacity. • InvalidInputFileException - when the inputted CSV file is invalid because it doesn't have all required columns (latitude, longitude, time). • WritingFileException - when the function fails to write to the CSV file.

Example:

```
fetchActivityLocations.fetchActivityLocations("./directoryname/filename.csv",
"./directoryname/filename.csv")
```

NetworkGraph module

NetworkGraph.NetworkGraph(filePath, networkMode=None, episodeAnalysis=True, alternativeAnalysis=False)

- Uses the OSMNX server to create a transportation network graph object for the inputted geo-data.
- NetworkGraph is an object that stores the following information about the network graph: transportation mode, start GPS coordinate, end GPS coordinate, radius distance, and graph of type networkx.MultiDiGraph. The function requires the geo-data to be labeled with unique ideas. This can be done by calling the episodeGeneration.createTrace function.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • filePath (<i>string</i>): a full file path to the input CSV file. • networkMode (<i>string</i>): for the entity's mode of transportations for ex: drive or walk. • episodeAnalysis (<i>boolean</i>): to know
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	the type of inputted geo-data. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • alternativeAnalysis (<i>boolean</i>): to know the type of analysis required.
Returns	networkG
Return type	NetworkGraph
Exceptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • InvalidModeException - when the input value is not a subset of {drive, walk}. • EmptyFileException - when input file path is empty.

Example:

```
networkG = NetworkGraph.NetworkGraph("./directoryname/filename.csv", "walk", False, False)
```

NetworkGraph.getNearestNode(**self**, **coord**)

- For a NetworkGraph object to find the nearest graph node to a given GPS coordinate.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • coord (<i>tuple of integers</i>): GPS coordinate.
Returns	node
Return type	integer
Exceptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OutOfBoundsCoordExceptio - when the input coordinate is not within the graph area.

Example:

```
node = networkG.getNearestNode((43.58565864968933, -79.68830703019592))
```

NetworkGraph.getMode(**self**)

- For a NetworkGraph object to find the transportation mode of the network.

Parameters	N/A
Returns	mode
Return type	string
Exceptions	N/A

Example:

```
mode = networkG.getMode()
```

ShortestRouteTrace module

ShortestRouteTrace.ShortestRouteTrace(networkGraph, filePath, optimizer="time")

- Finds the shortest route by some optimizer parameter for a given trace.
- ShortestRouteTrace is an object that stores the following information about the shortest route for a trace: input data, optimizer, graph nodes, and routes.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• networkGraph (<i>NetworkGraph</i>): the network of streets, roads, and walkways for the entire trace.• filePath (<i>string</i>): the file path to the CSV file of the trace's geo-data.• optimizer (<i>string</i>): the weight type on the graph's edges.
Returns	traceRoute
Return type	ShortestRouteTrace
Exceptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• InvalidWeightException - when the inputted optimizer is not a subset of {time, length}.• NetworkXNoPath - when no connection exists between 2 GPS coordinates.

Example:

```
traceRoute = ShortestRouteTrace.ShortestRouteTrace(networkGraph,  
"./directoryname/filename.csv", "length")
```

ShortestRouteEpisode module

ShortestRouteEpisode.ShortestRouteEpisode(networkGraph, filePath, optimizer="time", sampling=True, samplingDist=50)

- Finds the shortest route by some optimizer and sampling parameters for a given episode.
- ShortestRouteEpisode is an object that stores the following information about the shortest route for an episode: input data, sampled data, sampling flag, sampling distance, optimizer, graph, graph nodes, and routes.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • networkGraph (<i>NetworkGraph</i>): the network of streets, roads, and walkways for the entire trace. • filePath (<i>string</i>): the file path to the CSV file of the episode's geo-data. • optimizer (<i>string</i>): the weight type on the graph's edges. • sampling (<i>boolean</i>): to decide when data sampling is needed to sample GPS coordinates by a specified distance. • samplingDist (<i>integer</i>): the sampling distance variable in meters.
Returns	episodeRoute
Return type	ShortestRouteEpisode
Exceptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • InvalidWeightException - when the inputted optimizer is not a subset of {time, length}. • NetworkXNoPath - when no connection exists between 2 GPS coordinates.

Example:

```
episodeRoute = ShortestRouteEpisode.ShortestRouteEpisode(networkGraph,
"./directoryname/filename.csv", "length")
```

AlternativeRoute module

AlternativeRoute.AlternativeRoute(filePath, optimizer="time")

- Finds the alternative bus route by some optimizer parameter for a given trace.
- AlternativeRoute is an object that stores the following information about the alternative route for a trace: network graph, and path.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • filePath (<i>string</i>): the file path to the CSV file of the trace's geo-data. • optimizer (<i>string</i>): the weight type on the graph's edges.
Returns	alternativeRoute
Return type	AlternativeRoute
Exceptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • InvalidWeightException - when the inputted optimizer is not a subset of

	{time, length}. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NetworkXNoPath - when no connection exists between 2 GPS coordinates.
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Example:

```
alternativeRoute = AlternativeRoute.AlternativeRoute("./directoryname/filename.csv",
"length")
```

Mapping module

Mapping.MapRoute(**networkGraph**, **route**, **savePath**)

- Creates an interactive map for the route and points used for route creation then saves the map as a HTML file.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • networkGraph (<i>NetworkGraph</i>): the network of streets, roads, and walkways for the entire trace. • route (<i>ShortestRoute or AlternativeRoute</i>): object that has information of the route and details of how it was created. • savePath (<i>string</i>): the full file path where the interactive map will be created.
Returns	0 - nothing is returned when the file is created successfully.
Return type	integer
Exceptions	N/A

Example:

```
Mapping.MapRoute(networkGraph, traceRoute, "./directoryname/filename.csv")
```

Mapping.MapActivityLocation(**activityLocationsFile**, **stopPointsFile**, **savePath**)

- Creates an interactive map for the activity locations and points used for activity location generation then saves the map as a HTML file.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • activityLocationFile (<i>string</i>): the file path of the trace's activity locations CSV file. • stopPointsFile (<i>string</i>): the file path
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	of the trace's stop points CSV file. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • savePath (<i>string</i>): the full file path where the interactive map will be created.
Returns	0 - nothing is returned when the file is created successfully.
Return type	integer
Exceptions	N/A

Example:

```
Mapping.MapActivityLocation("./directoryname/filename.csv",
"./directoryname/filename.csv", "./directoryname/filename.html")
```

Mapping.MapEpisodePoints(GPSCoordFile, savePath)

- Creates an interactive map for the episode points then saves the map as a HTML file.

Parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • activityLocationFile (<i>string</i>): the file path of the episode CSV file. • savePath (<i>string</i>): the full file path where the interactive map will be created.
Returns	0 - nothing is returned when the file is created successfully.
Return type	integer
Exceptions	N/A

Example:

```
Mapping.MapEpisodePoints("./directoryname/filename.csv",
"./directoryname/filename.html")
```