

**Exam of Automatic Controls. July 13<sup>th</sup>, 2020**

**Duration: 135 mins**

Solve the following problems. Laude is granted if more than 34 points are gained, including the max 3 points from the (optional, upon student's request) oral exam.

- 1) Provide an asymptotic stability criterion for a discrete time system described by the transfer function

$$G(z) = \frac{b_0 z^m + b_1 z^{m-1} + \dots + b_m}{z^n + a_1 z^{n-1} + \dots + a_n}$$

**Pts: 2**

- 2) State the Nyquist criterion for OL unstable systems.

**Pts: 2**

- 3) Show that high loop gain decreases the effect of parametric uncertainties on the output response. Show what happens when the parametric uncertainty is in the sensor TF.

**Pts: 2**

- 4) Calculate the Laplace transform of

$$x(t) = t^2 + e^{-2t} \cos 5(t-1)$$

**Pts: 2**

- 5) Calculate the response to the unitary step of the system

$$G(s) = \frac{s-1}{s+2}.$$

Check the correctness of your result with the initial and final value theorem.

**Pts: 2**

- 6) Write the transfer function of a 2<sup>nd</sup> order system whose output response  $y(t)$  to a unitary step has

- $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} y(t) = 2$ ,
- has a max overshoot  $S = 30\%$ ,
- has pseudo-oscillations with period  $T = 0.1s$

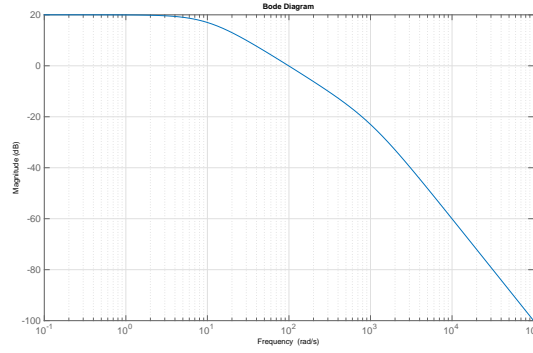
**Pts: 2**

- 7) Plot the asymptotic Bode diagrams of the transfer function

$$G(s) = \frac{s(s+50)}{(s+1)(s^2+4s+100)}.$$

**Pts: 2**

- 8) Consider the following Bode diagrams.



Find a 1<sup>st</sup> order approximation.

**Pts: 2**

9) Draw the Nyquist plot of the system

$$G(s) = \frac{s + 1}{(s + 10)(s^2 + 4s + 100)},$$

and mention the plotting rules you used.

**Pts: 2**

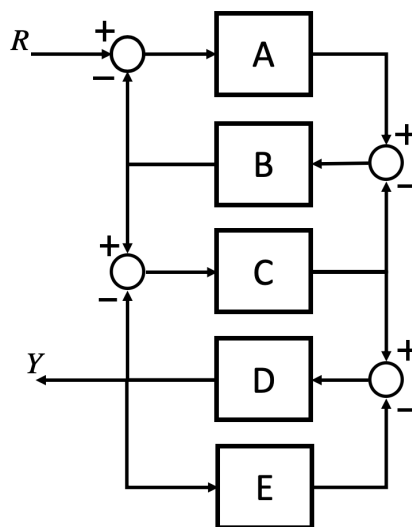
10) Consider the system

$$G(s) = -\frac{s + 1}{(s + 10)(s^2 + 4s + 100)}.$$

Use the Routh criterion to find the max value of a proportional controller such that the closed-loop system is asymptotically stable.

**Pts: 2**

11) Reduce the following block diagram and find the transfer function  $G = \frac{Y}{R}$ .



Check the correctness of the result with the Mason's formula.

**Pts: 3**

12) Consider a mass-spring-damper system. Calculate the speed  $v(0^+)$  when the a constant force  $F$  is applied and the initial position and speed are  $p(0)$  and  $v(0)$ , respectively.

**Pts: 3**

- 13) Write the differences equation of a 1<sup>st</sup> order digital filter that attenuates the signal

$$u(t) = A \sin \omega t, \quad \omega \in [10, 50] \text{ rad/s},$$

of at least a factor 10, without introducing a delay larger than  $\tau_{\max} = 0.2s$  in  $[10, 50] \text{ rad/s}$ . For convenience, discretize the filter with the bilinear discretization method. **Pts: 3**

- 14) Consider the system

$$G(s) = \frac{10}{s^3 + 3s^2 + 3s + 1}.$$

Design a lag network such that the phase margin is  $60^\circ$ .

**Pts: 3**

- 15) Consider a car with mass  $M = 1000 \text{ Kg}$ . Its aerodynamic is such that the drag force can be sufficiently well described by  $F_{\text{drag}} = bv$ , where  $v$  is the vehicle speed in m/s and  $b = 200 \text{ Ns/m}$ .

Design a speed controller such that

- (a) a zero steady-state speed error is achieved in presence of a constant speed reference and of a road grade, while a steady-state speed error smaller than  $5 \text{ m/s}$  is achieved for acceleration references of max  $2 \text{ m/s}^2$ .
- (b) the closed-loop system exhibits a maximum overshoot  $S_{\max} = 10\%$  and a settling time at  $5\%$  not larger than  $2s$ .

**Pts: 5**