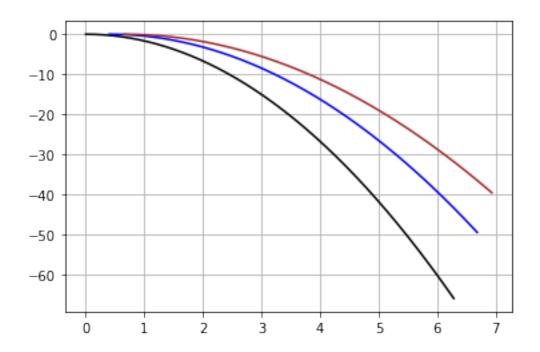
December 29, 2021

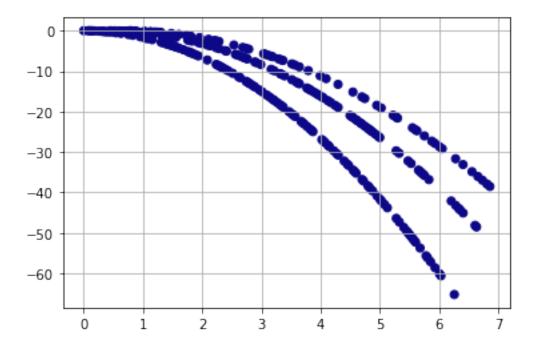
1

№ 3

```
1.1
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
     from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
     from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
     from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, mean_squared_error
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
[]: step = 0.025
     tPoints = np.linspace(0, 2*np.pi, int(2*np.pi/step), endpoint=True)
     def split_df(df):
        x_train, x_test = train_test_split(df, test_size=0.3, shuffle=True,_
     →random_state=20)
        x_valid, x_test = train_test_split(x_test, test_size=0.3, shuffle=True,_
     →random_state=76)
        return x_train, x_valid, x_test
[]: p1 = -0.3
     shiftX1 = 0
     p2 = -0.4
     shiftX2 = 0.4
     p3 = -0.5
     shiftX3 = 0.65
[]: first = np.random.permutation(tPoints)[:120]
     second = np.random.permutation(tPoints)[:100]
     third = np.random.permutation(tPoints)[:60]
```

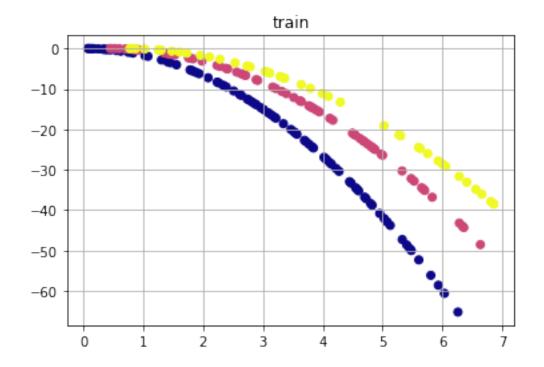
```
[]: x1 = tPoints + shiftX1
     y1 = tPoints * tPoints / (2*p1)
     x2 = tPoints + shiftX2
    y2 = tPoints * tPoints / (2*p2)
    x3 = tPoints + shiftX3
    y3 = tPoints * tPoints / (2*p3)
    plt.plot(x1, y1, 'black')
    plt.plot(x2, y2, 'blue')
     plt.plot(x3, y3, 'brown')
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.show()
    x1 = first + shiftX1
     y1 = first * first / (2*p1)
     x2 = second + shiftX2
     y2 = second * second / (2*p2)
     x3 = third + shiftX3
     y3 = third * third / (2*p3)
     df1 = pd.DataFrame({'x' : x1, 'y' : y1, 'target' : 0})
    df2 = pd.DataFrame({'x' : x2, 'y' : y2, 'target' : 1})
     df3 = pd.DataFrame({'x' : x3, 'y' : y3, 'target' : 2})
     for idx, df in enumerate((df1, df2, df3)):
         plt.scatter(df.x, df.y, c= df.target, cmap=plt.cm.plasma)
         plt.grid(True)
     plt.show()
```

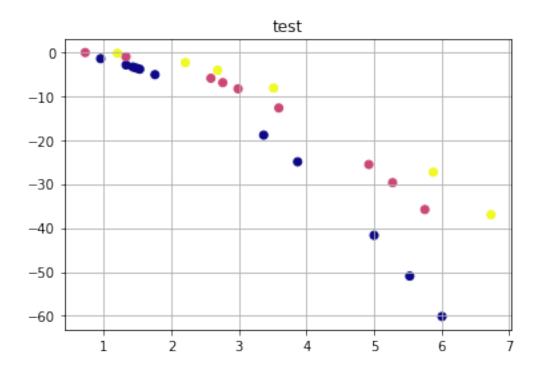


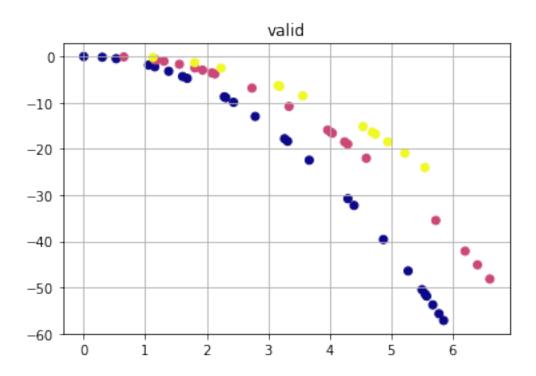


```
[]: train = [] valid = [] test = []
```

```
for df in (df1, df2, df3):
         tr, v, te = split_df(df)
         train.append(tr)
         valid.append(v)
         test.append(te)
     train = pd.concat(train)
     valid = pd.concat(valid)
     test = pd.concat(test)
[]: print(len(train))
     print(len(valid))
     print(len(test))
    196
    58
    26
[]: model = Sequential()
     model.add(Dense(20, input_shape=(2,), activation='tanh'))
     model.add(Dense(3, activation='softmax'))
     model.compile(Adam(learning_rate=0.01), 'categorical_crossentropy',__
     →metrics=['accuracy'])
[]: y = pd.get_dummies(train['target'])
     history = model.fit(train.iloc[:, :-1], y, epochs=1500, verbose=False,
     ⇒shuffle=True)
     p = []
     p.append(np.argmax(model.predict(train.iloc[:, :-1]), axis=-1))
     print(accuracy_score(train['target'], p[-1]))
     p.append(np.argmax(model.predict(test.iloc[:, :-1]), axis=-1))
     print(accuracy_score(test['target'], p[-1]))
     p.append(np.argmax(model.predict(valid.iloc[:, :-1]), axis=-1))
     print(accuracy_score(valid['target'], p[-1]))
    1.0
    1.0
    1.0
[]: titles = ['train', 'test', 'valid']
     for idx, df in enumerate((train, test, valid)):
         plt.scatter(df.x, df.y, c=p[idx], cmap=plt.cm.plasma)
         plt.grid(True)
         plt.title(titles[idx])
```







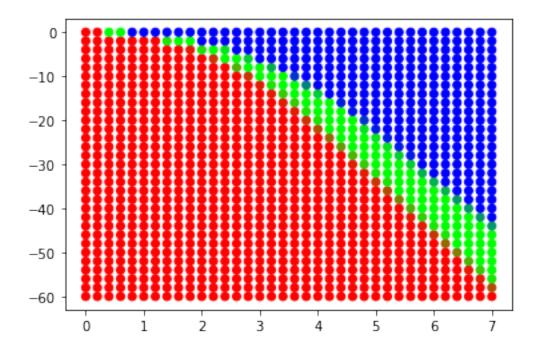
```
[]: hx = 0.2
hy = 2
grid_pred = [model.predict(np.array([[i, j]])).round(1) for i in np.arange(0, -7+hx, hx) for j in np.arange(-60, 0+hy, hy)]

[]: x_vals = np.arange(-60, 0+hy, hy)
y_vals = np.arange(0, 7+hx, hx)

xx, yy = np.meshgrid(x_vals, y_vals)

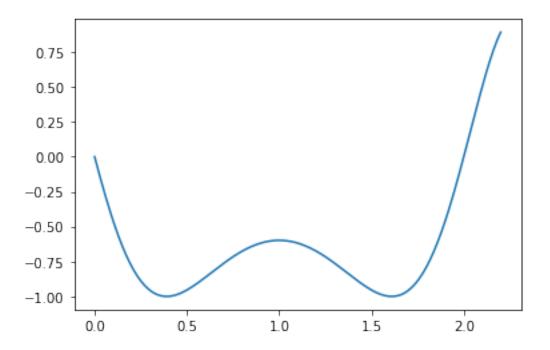
rows = len(grid_pred)
colors = np.array(grid_pred).reshape((rows, 3))
colors.shape

plt.scatter(yy, xx, c=colors, cmap=plt.cm.plasma);
plt.show()
```



```
[]: #

[]: h = 0.01
    t = np.linspace(0, 2.2, int(2.2/h), endpoint=True)
    x = np.sin( (2.5) * t ** 2 -5*t)
    plt.plot(t, x)
    print(len(t))
```

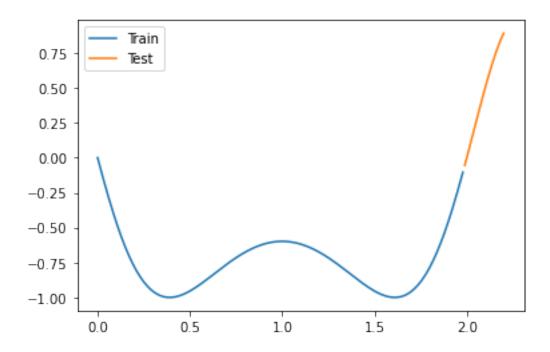


```
[]: train_size = int(len(t) * 0.9)

X_train = t[:train_size]
y_train = x[:train_size]
plt.plot(X_train, y_train, label='Train')

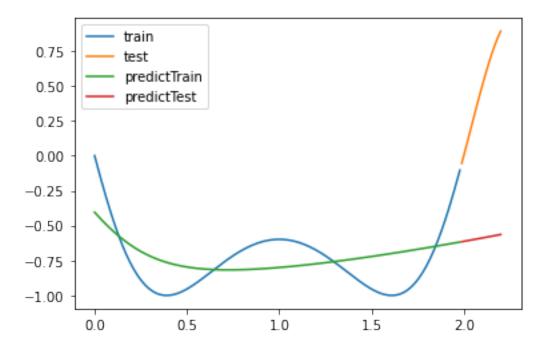
X_test = t[train_size:]
y_test = x[train_size:]

plt.plot(X_test, y_test, label = 'Test')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



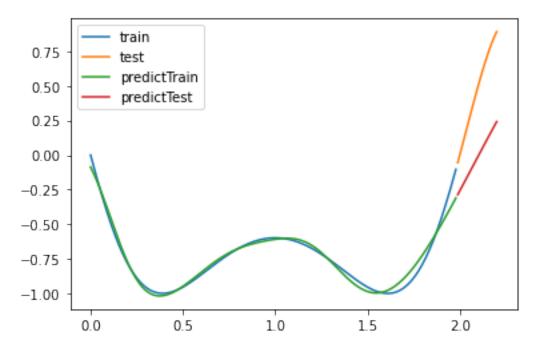
```
[]: model = Sequential()
     model.add(Dense(30, input_shape=(1,), activation='tanh'))
     model.add(Dense(1, activation='linear'))
     model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
[]: history = model.fit(X_train, y_train , epochs=600, verbose=0)
[]: plt.plot(X_train, y_train, label='train')
     plt.plot(X_test, y_test, label='test')
     pred_x = model.predict(X_train[:])
     mse = mean_squared_error(y_train, pred_x.flatten())
     plt.plot(X_train, pred_x, label='predictTrain')
     print(f'RMSE on train = {np.sqrt(mse)} ')
     pred_x = model.predict(X_test[:])
     mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, pred_x.flatten())
     plt.plot(X_test, pred_x, label='predictTest')
     print(f'RMSE on test = {np.sqrt(mse)}')
    plt.legend()
     plt.show()
    RMSE on train = 0.19247786005621578
```

RMSE on test = 1.0809122695034137



```
[]: #
[]: model = Sequential()
     model.add(Dense(5, input_shape=(1,), activation='tanh'))
     model.add(Dense(1, activation='linear'))
     model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam')
[]: history = model.fit(X_train, y_train , epochs=10000, verbose=0)
[]: plt.plot(X_train, y_train, label='train')
     plt.plot(X_test, y_test, label='test')
     pred_x = model.predict(X_train[:])
     mse = mean_squared_error(y_train, pred_x.flatten())
     plt.plot(X_train, pred_x, label='predictTrain')
     print(f'RMSE on train = {np.sqrt(mse)} ')
     pred_x = model.predict(X_test[:])
     mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, pred_x.flatten())
     plt.plot(X_test, pred_x, label='predictTest')
     print(f'RMSE on test = {np.sqrt(mse)}')
     plt.legend()
     plt.show()
```

RMSE on train = 0.04007339514058405



[]: MLPRegressor(activation='tanh', early_stopping=True, hidden_layer_sizes=(30,), max_iter=1000, solver='lbfgs', tol=1e-08)

```
[]: plt.plot(X_train, y_train, label='train')
plt.plot(X_test, y_test, label='test')

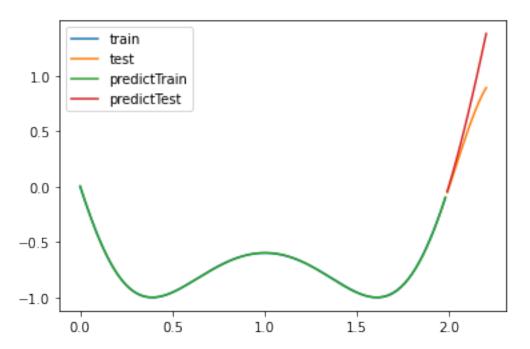
pred_x = model.predict(X_train_sk[:])
mse = mean_squared_error(y_train, pred_x.flatten())
plt.plot(X_train, pred_x, label='predictTrain')
print(f'RMSE on train = {np.sqrt(mse)} ')

X_test_sk = [[i] for i in X_test]
```

```
pred_x = model.predict(X_test_sk[:])
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, pred_x.flatten())
plt.plot(X_test, pred_x, label='predictTest')
print(f'RMSE on test = {np.sqrt(mse)}')

plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

RMSE on train = 0.00227225719563784RMSE on test = 0.2255345500572716



2 $\vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \\ \text{MINST (} 28*28).$