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Foundations of Python Programming

Assignment 07

<https://github.com/pagh59258/IntroToProg-Python-Mod07>

Classes and Objects

Introduction

On module 07, I acquired knowledge on some Python programming tools and techniques. With this new knowledge, I created a Python script very similar to the one I have developed in Module 06, but adding some extra techniques, such as: **the use of classes and objects**.

Reading Python 100 Module 07 notes.doc file

- Statements, Functions and Classes
 - Objects vs. Classes
- Data Classes vs. Processing Classes
- Data Classes Components
 - Attributes
 - Constructors
 - The Self Keyword
- Adding Data Validation
 - Private Attributes
 - Properties
 - Abstractions and Encapsulation
- Inherited Code
 - Python's Magic Methods
 - Overriding Methods
 - The Advantages of Inheritance
- Git vs GitHub
 - Git
 - GitHub Desktop

Performing Module 07 labs

Throughout the module, I was asked to apply the learned knowledge into some practice labs, such as:

- Mod07-Lab01-Working with Constructors
- Mod07-Lab02-Working with Class Properties
- Mod07-Lab03-Working with Inheritance

Creating a Python script

I created a new file named Assignment07.py, which as the extension indicates, is a Python script. This Python script demonstrates using constants, variables, and print statements to display a message about a student's registration for a course. This program is very similar to Assignment06, but it adds the use of set of data classes.

Acceptance Criteria

Your program must include the following features and code to be accepted as complete:

File Name:

- The file is named **Assignment07.py**

Script Header:

- The script header includes this text and has been updated with your name and the current date.

Constants:

- The constant **MENU: str** is set to the value:

```
---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
1. Register a Student for a Course
2. Show current data
3. Save data to a file
4. Exit the program
-----
```

- The constant **FILE_NAME: str** is set to the value "Enrollments.json"
- Constant values do not change throughout the program.

Variables:

- **menu_choice: str** is set to empty string.
- **students: list** : list is set to and empty list

Classes:

- The program includes a class named FileProcessor.
- The program includes a class named IO.

- The program includes a class named Person.
- The program includes a class named Student.
- All classes include descriptive document strings.

Class Properties:

- The program includes properties for **student_first_name: str** and defaults to an empty string.
- The program includes properties for **student_last_name: str** and defaults to an empty string.
- The program includes properties for **course_name: str** and defaults to an empty string.
- The program's properties must include simple validation code.

Class Methods:

- The program includes a method to extract comma separately data from each data class.

Functions:

- All functions include descriptive document strings.
- All functions the include exception blocks use the `output_error_messages()` function for handling error messages.
- All non-instance functions use the `@staticmethod` decorator (The ones in the `FileProcessor` and `IO` classes.)
- The program includes functions with the following names and parameters:
 - `output_error_messages(message: str, error: Exception = None)`
 - `output_menu(menu: str)`
 - `input_menu_choice()`
 - `output_student_courses(student_data: list)`
 - `input_student_data(student_data: list)`
 - `read_data_from_file(file_name: str, student_data: list):`
 - `write_data_to_file(file_name: str, student_data: list):`

Input / Output:

- On menu choice 1, the program prompts the user to enter the student's first name and last name, followed by the course name, using the `input()` function and stores the inputs in the respective variables.
- Data collected for menu choice 1 is added to the **students** two-dimensional list of `Student` objects.
- On menu choice 2, the program uses the `print()` function to show a string of comma-separated values for each row collected in the **students** variable.

Processing

- When the program starts, the contents of the "Enrollments.json" are automatically read into a two-dimensional list of dictionaries rows using the json.load() function. Next, it converts that data into a list of Student object rows. (**Tip:** Make sure to put some starting data into the file or you will get an error!)
- On menu choice 3, the program opens a file named "Enrollments.json" in write mode using the open() function. Next, it converts the data in the **students** variable (a list of Student object rows) into a list of dictionary rows, then writes the list of dictionary data into the file using the json.dump() function. Finally, it closes the file using the close() method.
- On menu choice 4, the program ends.

Error Handling

- The program provides structured error handling when the file is read into the list of dictionary rows.
- The program provides structured error handling when the user enters a first name.
- The program provides structured error handling when the user enters a last name.
- The program provides structured error handling when the dictionary rows are written to the file.

Test:

- The program takes the user's input for a student's first, last name, and course name.
- The program displays the user's input for a student's first, last name, and course name.
- The program saves the user's input for a student's first, last name, and course name to a JSON file. (check this in PyCharm or a simple text editor like Notepad or TextEdit.)
- The program allows users to enter multiple registrations (first name, last name, course name).
- The program allows users to display multiple registrations (first name, last name, course name).
- The program allows users to save multiple registrations to a file (first name, last name, course name).
- The program runs correctly in both **PyCharm** and from the **console or terminal**.

Source Control:

- The script file and the knowledge document are hosted on a GitHub repository.
- A link to the repository is included in the knowledge document.
- A link to the repository is included in the GitHub links forum.

Here are some notes about this Python script:

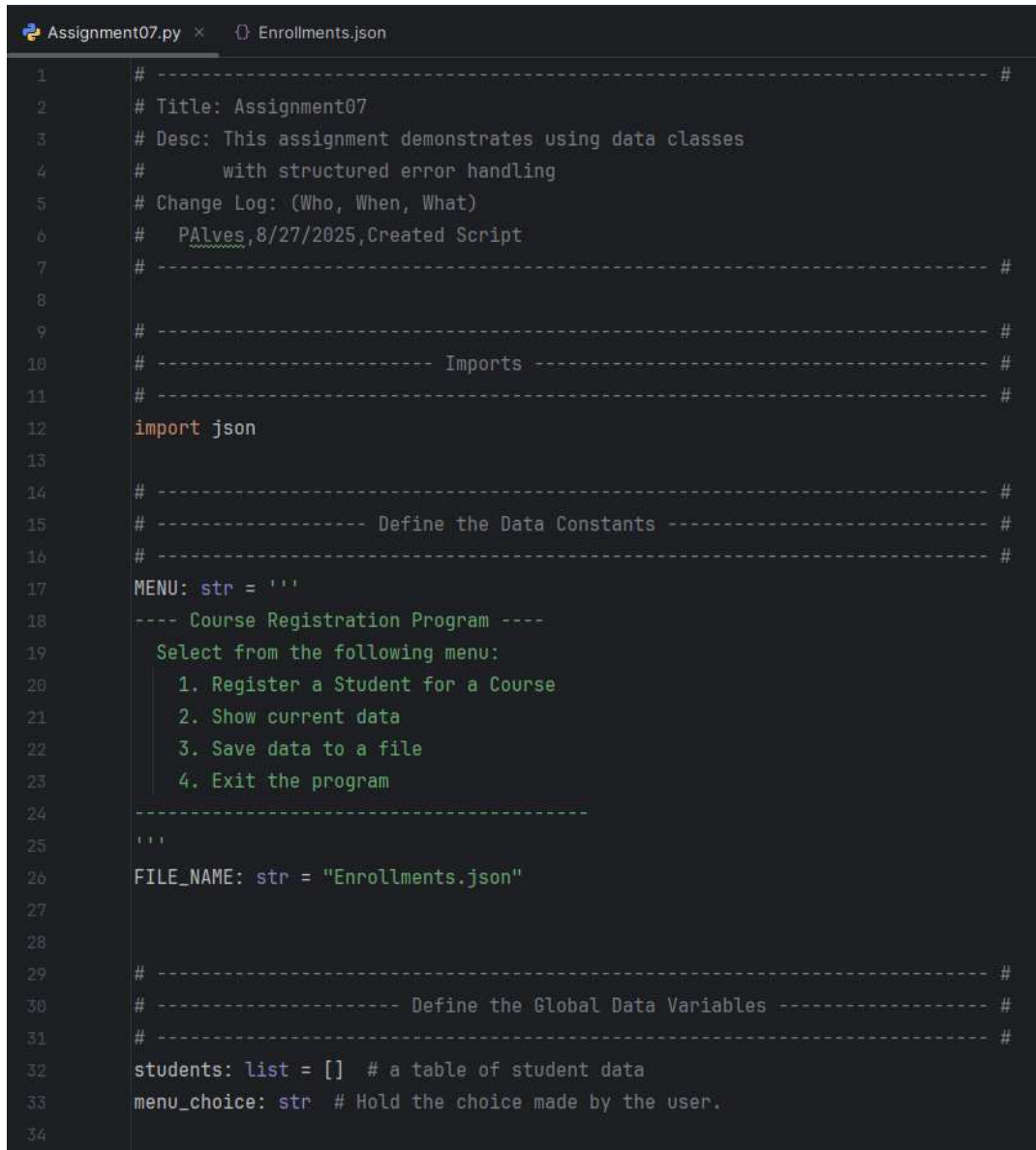
- To avoid errors, we need to have some data already populated on the "Enrollments.json" file before starting script execution.
- A "While" loop is started
 - o Function "IO.input_menu_choice" is invoked to display a menu with 4 options
 - Only accept options are 1, 2, 3 or 4. If any other option is entered, an error is shown and menu is displayed again;
 - Regarding Menu Option "1":
 - "IO.input_student_data" function is invoked
 - o Function does a critique to not allow invalid fields:
 - Student's first name cannot be numeric or blank;
 - Students' last name cannot be numeric or blank;
 - Course name cannot be blank.
 - Users are allowed to make several enrollments;
- Regarding Menu Option "2":
 - o Function "IO.output_current_student_data" is invoked
 - It displays current student registrations (including the ones not yet saved to the json file)
- Regarding Menu Option "3":
 - o Function "FileProcessor.write_data_to_file" is invoked
 - Writes current student registrations to json file
 - Display list of student registrations saved
- Regarding Menu Option "4":
 - o Function "IO.output_check_unsaved_student_data" is invoked
 - It checks if there is unsaved data and offer the user the option to save it or not;
 - Program is terminated

On Figure 1 below, we can see the initial Enrollment.json file (provided inside assignment zip file), must contain some data:

```
1  [
2    {
3      "FirstName": "Bob",
4      "LastName": "Smith",
5      "CourseName": "Python 100"
6    },
7    {
8      "FirstName": "Sue",
9      "LastName": "Jones",
10     "CourseName": "Python 100"
11   }
12 ]
```

Figure 1: Enrollment.json initial file

On Figure 2 below, we can see the basic coding used for Script header, Import and constants & variables definition:



```
1  # ----- #
2  # Title: Assignment07
3  # Desc: This assignment demonstrates using data classes
4  #       with structured error handling
5  # Change Log: (Who, When, What)
6  #   PAlves,8/27/2025,Created Script
7  # ----- #
8
9  # ----- #
10 # ----- Imports ----- #
11 # ----- #
12 import json
13
14 # ----- #
15 # ----- Define the Data Constants ----- #
16 # ----- #
17 MENU: str = '''
18 ---- Course Registration Program ----
19   Select from the following menu:
20   1. Register a Student for a Course
21   2. Show current data
22   3. Save data to a file
23   4. Exit the program
24 -----
25 '''
26 FILE_NAME: str = "Enrollments.json"
27
28
29 # ----- #
30 # ----- Define the Global Data Variables ----- #
31 # ----- #
32 students: list = [] # a table of student data
33 menu_choice: str # Hold the choice made by the user.
34
```

Figure 2: Assignment07.py Python script header, imports, constants and variables

On Figure 3 below, we can see Processing Layer – Person class:

```
34
35
36 # ----- Processing Layer ----- #
37 # ----- Processing Layer ----- #
38 # ----- Processing Layer ----- #
39
40 # ----- Person class ----- #
41 class Person: 1 usage
42     """
43     A class representing person data.
44
45     Properties:
46         first_name (str): The student's first name.
47         last_name (str): The student's last name.
48
49     ChangeLog:
50         - PAlves, 8/27/2025, Created the class.
51     """
52
53     # Add first_name and last_name properties to the constructor
54     def __init__(self, first_name: str = '', last_name: str = ''):
55         self.first_name = first_name
56         self.last_name = last_name
57
58     # Getter for the first_name property
59     @property
60     def first_name(self):
61         return self.__first_name.title() # formatting code
62
63     # Setter for the first_name property
64     @first_name.setter
65     def first_name(self, value: str):
66         if value.isalpha(): # is character
67             self.__first_name = value
68         else:
69             raise ValueError("The first name should not contain numbers or be blank.")
70
```

```

71     # Getter for the last_name property
72     @property
73     def last_name(self):
74         return self.__last_name.title() # formatting code
75
76     # Setter for the last_name property
77     @last_name.setter
78     def last_name(self, value: str):
79         if value.isalpha(): # is character
80             self.__last_name = value
81         else:
82             raise ValueError("The last name should not contain numbers or be blank.")
83
84     # Override the __str__() method to return Person data
85     def __str__(self):
86         return f'{self.first_name},{self.last_name}'
87

```

Figure 3: PyCharm – Assignment07.py Python Person Class

On Figure 4 below, we can see Processing Layer – Student class:


```

88
89 # ----- Student class ----- #
90 # Inherit code from the Person class
91 class Student(Person):
92     """
93     A class representing student data.
94
95     Properties:
96         first_name (str): The student's first name.
97         last_name (str): The student's last name.
98         course_name (str): The name of the course the student will be enrolled in.
99
100     ChangeLog: (Who, When, What)
101     PAlves, 08/27/2025, Created Class
102     """
103
104     def __init__(self, first_name: str = '', last_name: str = '', course_name: str = ''):
105         # Use first name and last name from parent class (Person)
106         super().__init__(first_name=first_name, last_name=last_name)
107
108         # Define a course name property for child class Student
109         self.course_name = course_name
110
111     # Getter for the course_name property
112     @property 5 usages (3 dynamic)
113     def course_name(self):
114         return self.__course_name
115
116     # Setter for the course_name property
117     @course_name.setter 4 usages (3 dynamic)
118     def course_name(self, value: str):
119         if value != '':
120             self.__course_name = value
121         else:
122             raise ValueError("The course name should not be blank.")
123
124     # Override the Parent __str__() method behavior to return a coma-separated string of data
125     def __str__(self):
126         return f'{self.first_name},{self.last_name},{self.course_name}'
127

```

Figure 4: PyCharm – Assignment07.py Python Student Class

On Figure 5 below, we can see the Data Layer – FileProcessor class – read_data_from_file function:

```
130 # ----- #
131 # ----- Data Layer ----- #
132 # ----- #
133
134 # ----- FileProcessor class ----- #
135 class FileProcessor:
136     """
137     A collection of processing layer functions that work with Json files
138
139     ChangeLog: (Who, When, What)
140     PAlves, 8/20/2025, Created Class
141
142     """
143
```

```

143
144 # ----- read_data_from_file function ----- #
145 @staticmethod
146 def read_data_from_file(file_name: str):
147     """ This function read data from the JSON file into student_data list
148
149     ChangeLog: (Who, When, What)
150     PAlves, 8/20/2025, Created function
151
152     :param file_name: string data with name of file to read from
153
154     :return: list
155     """
156
157     student_object = []
158
159     try:
160         file = open(file_name, "r")
161
162         # the load function returns a list of dictionary rows from the json data file
163         json_students = json.load(file)
164
165         #define local variable
166         student_object = []
167
168         #Convert the list of dictionaries into a list of Student objects
169
170         student_object = [Student(first_name=student["FirstName"],
171                                   last_name=student["LastName"],
172                                   course_name=student["CourseName"])
173                           for student in json_students]
174
175         file.close()
176
177     except FileNotFoundError as e:
178         IO.output_error_messages( message: "Text file must exist before\
179                                   running this script!", e)
180
181     except Exception as e:
182         IO.output_error_messages( message: "There was a non-specific error!", e)
183
184     finally:
185         if not file.closed:
186             file.close()
187
188     return student_object

```

Figure 5: PyCharm – Assignment07.py Python read_data_from_file function

On Figure 6 below, we can see the Data Layer – FileProcessor class – write_data_to_file function:

```

189
190
191 # ----- write_data_to_file function ----- #
192 @staticmethod
193 def write_data_to_file(file_name: str, student_data: list):
194     """ This function writes data onto the JSON file
195
196     ChangeLog: (Who, When, What)
197     PAlves, 8/20/2025, Created function
198
199     :param file_name: string data with name of file to write to
200     :param student_data: list of dictionary rows to be written to the file
201
202     :return: None
203     """
204
205     try:
206         file = open(file_name, "w")
207
208         json_students_dict = []
209
210         for student in student_data:
211             json_students_dict.append({
212                 "FirstName": student.first_name,
213                 "LastName": student.last_name,
214                 "CourseName": student.course_name})
215
216         json.dump(json_students_dict, file, indent=2)
217         file.close()
218         IO.output_current_student_data(student_data=student_data)
219
220     except TypeError as e:
221         IO.output_error_messages(message="Please check that the data is \
222             a valid JSON format", e)
223     except Exception as e:
224         IO.output_error_messages(message="There was a non-specific error!", e)
225     finally:
226         if not file.closed:
227             file.close()
228

```

Figure 6: PyCharm – Assignment07.py Python write_data_to_file function

On Figure 7 below, we can see the Presentation Layer – IO class – output_error_messages function:

```

229
230 # ----- #
231 # ----- Presentation Layer ----- #
232 # ----- #
233
234 # ----- IO class ----- #
235 class IO:
236     """
237     A collection of presentation layer functions that manage user
238     input and output
239
240     ChangeLog: (Who, When, What)
241     PAIves, 8/20/2025, Created Class
242     """
243
244     # ----- output_error_messages function ----- #
245     @staticmethod
246     def output_error_messages(message: str, error: Exception = None):
247         """ This function displays a custom error messages to the user
248
249         ChangeLog: (Who, When, What)
250         PAIves, 8/20/2025, Created function
251
252         :return: None
253         """
254         print("-" * 65)
255         print(message, end="\n\n")
256         print("-" * 65)
257         if error is not None:
258             print("-" * 65)
259             print("-- Technical Error Message -- ")
260             print(error, error.__doc__, type(error), sep='\n')
261             print("-" * 65)
262

```

Figure 7: PyCharm – Assignment07.py Python output_error_messages function

On Figure 8 below, we can see the output_menu function:

```

263 # ----- output_menu function ----- #
264 @staticmethod
265 def output_menu(menu: str):
266     """ This function displays the menu of choices to the user
267
268     ChangeLog: (Who, When, What)
269     PAlves, 8/20/2025, Created function
270
271     :return: None
272     """
273     print()
274     print(menu)
275     print() # Adding extra space to make it look nicer.
276

```

Figure 8: PyCharm – Assignment07.py Python output_menu function

On Figure 9 below, we can see the input_menu_choice function:

```

276
277 # ----- input_menu_choice function ----- #
278 @staticmethod
279 def input_menu_choice():
280     """ This function gets a menu choice from the user
281
282     ChangeLog: (Who, When, What)
283     PAlves, 8/20/2025, Created function
284
285     :return: string with the users choice
286     """
287     choice = "0"
288     try:
289         choice = input("Enter your menu choice number: ")
290         if choice not in ("1","2","3","4"): # Note these are strings
291             raise Exception("Error: Please, choose only 1, 2, 3, or 4")
292
293     except Exception as e:
294         IO.output_error_messages(e.__str__())
295
296     return choice
297

```

Figure 9: PyCharm – Assignment07.py Python script input_menu_choice function

On Figure 10 below, we can see the input_student_data function:

```

297
298 # ----- input_student_data function ----- #
299 @staticmethod
300 def input_student_data(student_data: list):
301     """ This function gets the first name, last name, and Course Name
302
303     ChangeLog: (Who, When, What)
304     PAlves, 8/20/2025, Created function
305
306     :return: None
307     """
308
309     try:
310         # Input the data
311
312         #student = Student() # Note this will use the default empty string arguments
313         #student.first_name: str = input("What is the student's first name? ")
314         #student.last_name: str = input("What is the student's last name? ")
315         #student.course_name: str = input("What is the course name? ")
316
317         student_first_name = input("Enter the student's first name: ")
318         student_last_name = input("Enter the student's last name: ")
319         course_name = input("Enter the name of the course: ")
320
321         student = Student(first_name=student_first_name,
322                           last_name=student_last_name,
323                           course_name=course_name)
324
325         student_data.append(student)
326         print()
327         print(f"You have enrolled {student_first_name} {student_last_name} in course {course_name}.")
328
329     except ValueError as e:
330         IO.output_error_messages(message="That value is not the correct "\
331                                   "type of data!", e)
332     except Exception as e:
333         IO.output_error_messages(message="There was a non-specific error!", e)
334     return student_data
335

```

Figure 10: PyCharm – Assignment07.py Python script input_student_data function

On Figure 11 below, we can see the output_current_student_data function:

```

335
336 # ----- output_current_student_data function ----- #
337 @staticmethod 2 usages
338 def output_current_student_data(student_data: list):
339     """ This function Displays the current student data
340
341     ChangeLog: (Who, When, What)
342     PAlves, 8/20/2025, Created function
343
344     :param student_data: list of dictionary rows to be displayed
345
346     :return: None
347     """
348
349     student_object: str = ''
350
351     try:
352         print("-" * 65)
353         print("List of students currently registered for courses:")
354         print("-" * 65)
355
356         for student in student_data:
357             #student_object: Student = Student(first_name=student["FirstName"],
358             #                                last_name=student["LastName"],
359             #                                course_name=student["CourseName"])
360             print(student)
361
362         print("-" * 65)
363         print("IMPORTANT")
364         print("- Some of these registrations might not be yet saved")
365         print("- Make sure you use save registrations before exit")
366         print("-" * 65)
367
368     except ValueError as e:
369         IO.output_error_messages(e)
370     except Exception as e:
371         IO.output_error_messages(message="There was a\
372         non-specific error!", e)
373

```

Figure 11: PyCharm – Assignment07.py Python script output_current_student_data function

On Figure 12 below, we can see the output_check_unsaved_student_data function:


```

374
375 # ----- output_check_unsaved_student_data function ----- #
376 @staticmethod 1 usage
377 def output_check_unsaved_student_data(file_name: str, student_data: list):
378     """ This function Checks if there are any unsaved student data
379
380     ChangeLog: (Who, When, What)
381     PAlves, 8/20/2025, Created function
382
383     :param file_name: json file name
384     :param student_data: list of dictionary rows to be displayed
385
386     :return: None
387     """
388
389     rec_on_file = [] # a table of student data already saved on JSON file
390
391     try:
392         rec_on_file = FileProcessor.read_data_from_file(file_name=FILE_NAME)
393
394         if (len(student_data) != len(rec_on_file)):
395             print("-" * 65)
396             print("Warning: There are registrations not yet saved.")
397             print("-" * 65)
398             pend_save = input("Do you want to save the data? (y/n): ")
399             if (pend_save == "y"):
400                 # Invoke FileProcessor.write_data_to_file function to save data
401                 FileProcessor.write_data_to_file(file_name=FILE_NAME, \
402                                                  student_data=students)
403                 print("-" * 65)
404                 print("Unsaved data was written to JSON file!")
405                 for row in student_data:
406                     print(row.first_name, row.last_name, row.course_name)
407                 print("-" * 65)
408
409             else:
410                 print("-" * 65)
411                 print("Pending data were not saved to file!")
412                 print("-" * 65)
413         except ValueError as e:
414             IO.output_error_messages(e)
415         except Exception as e:
416             IO.output_error_messages(message="There was a non-specific error!", e)
417

```

Figure 12: PyCharm – Assignment07.py Python script output_check_unsaved_student_data function

On Figure 13 below, we can see the Python script main body:

```

418
419 # ----- #
420 # ----- Script Main body ----- #
421 # ----- #
422
423 # When the program starts:
424 #     Read from the Json file to extract data
425 #     Load extracted/read data into student_data list of lists (table)
426
427 students = FileProcessor.read_data_from_file(file_name=FILE_NAME)
428
429 # ----- Infinite loop until menu_option 4 is chosen ----- #
430 while True:
431     IO.output_menu(menu=MENU)
432     menu_choice = IO.input_menu_choice()
433
434     # ----- menu_option 1 - Register a Student for a Course ----- #
435     if menu_choice == "1":
436         students = IO.input_student_data(student_data=students)
437         continue
438
439     # ----- menu_option 2 - Show current data ----- #
440     elif menu_choice == "2":
441         IO.output_current_student_data(student_data=students)
442         continue
443
444     # ----- menu_option 3 - Save student data to JSON file ----- #
445     elif menu_choice == "3":
446         FileProcessor.write_data_to_file(file_name=FILE_NAME,student_data=students)
447         continue
448
449     # - menu_option 4 - Check unsaved data and break loop to finish script -- #
450     elif menu_choice == "4":
451         IO.output_check_unsaved_student_data(file_name=FILE_NAME,student_data=students)
452         break
453
454 # ----- #
455 # ----- End of script ----- #
456 # ----- #

```

Figure 13: PyCharm – Assignment07.py Python script main body

Then I executed the script via PyCharm and via Windows command shell.

Executing script on PyCharm

Figure 13 shown below displays the Assignment07.py Python script menu using PyCharm.

```
---- Course Registration Program ----  
Select from the following menu:  
  1. Register a Student for a Course  
  2. Show current data  
  3. Save data to a file  
  4. Exit the program  
-----  
  
Enter your menu choice number:
```

Figure 14: PyCharm – Assignment07.py script menu

Figure 15 shown below displays the critique if an invalid menu option is chosen (either alphabetic options or integers different from 1, 2, 3 or 4):

```
Project ▾ Assignment07.py × Enrollments.json
Run Assignment07 ×
↻ □ ⋮
↑
↓
≡
≡↓
📁
🗑️
---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
    1. Register a Student for a Course
    2. Show current data
    3. Save data to a file
    4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number:
-----
Error: Please, choose only 1, 2, 3, or 4
-----

---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
    1. Register a Student for a Course
    2. Show current data
    3. Save data to a file
    4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: a
-----
Error: Please, choose only 1, 2, 3, or 4
-----

---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
    1. Register a Student for a Course
    2. Show current data
    3. Save data to a file
    4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: 5
-----
Error: Please, choose only 1, 2, 3, or 4
```

Figure 15: PyCharm – Assignment07.py script menu invalid option critique

Figure 16 below shows error validation on Student's First and Last name and Course name invalid entries:

```
---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
  1. Register a Student for a Course
  2. Show current data
  3. Save data to a file
  4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: 1
Enter the student's first name:
Enter the student's last name: Alves
Enter the name of the course: Java 200
-----

That value is not the correct type of data!

-----
-----

-- Technical Error Message --
The first name should not contain numbers or be blank.
Inappropriate argument value (of correct type).
<class 'ValueError'>
-----
```

---- Course Registration Program ----

Select from the following menu:

1. Register a Student for a Course
2. Show current data
3. Save data to a file
4. Exit the program

Enter your menu choice number: *1*

Enter the student's first name: *Paulo*

Enter the student's last name:

Enter the name of the course: *Java 200*

That value is not the correct type of data!

-- Technical Error Message --

The last name should not contain numbers or be blank.

Inappropriate argument value (of correct type).

<class 'ValueError'>

```

---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
  1. Register a Student for a Course
  2. Show current data
  3. Save data to a file
  4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: 1
Enter the student's first name: Paulo
Enter the student's last name: Alves
Enter the name of the course:
-----
That value is not the correct type of data!

-----
-----

-- Technical Error Message --
The course name should not be blank.
Inappropriate argument value (of correct type).
<class 'ValueError'>
-----

```

Figure 16: PyCharm – Assignment07.py script validation on Student's First and Last name and Course name invalid entries

Figure 17 below shows a couple of valid registrations made via Menu Option 1:


```
---- Course Registration Program ----  
Select from the following menu:  
    1. Register a Student for a Course  
    2. Show current data  
    3. Save data to a file  
    4. Exit the program  
-----  
  
Enter your menu choice number: 1  
Enter the student's first name: Paulo  
Enter the student's last name: Alves  
Enter the name of the course: Java 200  
  
You have enrolled Paulo Alves in course Java 200.
```

```
---- Course Registration Program ----  
Select from the following menu:  
    1. Register a Student for a Course  
    2. Show current data  
    3. Save data to a file  
    4. Exit the program  
-----  
  
Enter your menu choice number: 1  
Enter the student's first name: Samuel  
Enter the student's last name: Jonh  
Enter the name of the course: Writing 101  
  
You have enrolled Samuel Jonh in course Writing 101.
```

Figure 17: PyCharm – Assignment07.py script shows a couple of valid registrations via menu option 1

Figure 18 shown below displays the output of Menu option 2, when the current data is shown:

```
---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
  1. Register a Student for a Course
  2. Show current data
  3. Save data to a file
  4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: 2
-----

List of students currently registered for courses:
-----
Bob,Smith,Python 100
Sue,Jones,Python 100
Paulo,Alves,Java 200
Samuel,Jonh,Writing 101
-----

IMPORTANT
- Some of these registrations might not be yet saved
- Make sure you use save registrations before exit
-----
```

Figure 18: PyCharm – Assignment07.py script menu option 2 output showing current data

Figure 19 shown below displays the output of Menu option 3, when data is saved to JSON file and displayed:

```
---- Course Registration Program ----
```

```
Select from the following menu:
```

1. Register a Student for a Course
2. Show current data
3. Save data to a file
4. Exit the program

```
-----
```

```
Enter your menu choice number: 3
```

```
-----
```

```
List of students currently registered for courses:
```

```
-----
```

```
Bob,Smith,Python 100
```

```
Sue,Jones,Python 100
```

```
Paulo,Alves,Java 200
```

```
Samuel,Jonh,Writing 101
```

```
-----
```

```
IMPORTANT
```

- Some of these registrations might not be yet saved
- Make sure you use save registrations before exit

```
-----
```

Figure 19: PyCharm – Assignment07.py script menu options 3 output

Figure 20 shown below displays the menu options 4 (when there is pending data to be saved to file):

---- Course Registration Program ----

Select from the following menu:

1. Register a Student for a Course
 2. Show current data
 3. Save data to a file
 4. Exit the program
-

Enter your menu choice number: 1

Enter the student's first name: John

Enter the student's last name: Doe

Enter the name of the course: Law 890

You have enrolled John Doe in course Law 890.

---- Course Registration Program ----

Select from the following menu:

1. Register a Student for a Course
 2. Show current data
 3. Save data to a file
 4. Exit the program
-

Enter your menu choice number: 1

Enter the student's first name: Jenny

Enter the student's last name: Meyer

Enter the name of the course: Writing 200

You have enrolled Jenny Meyer in course Writing 200.

```
---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
  1. Register a Student for a Course
  2. Show current data
  3. Save data to a file
  4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: 4
-----

Warning: There are registrations not yet saved.
-----

Do you want to save the data? (y/n): y
-----

List of students currently registered for courses:
-----

Bob,Smith,Python 100
Sue,Jones,Python 100
Paulo,Alves,Java 200
Samuel,Jonh,Writing 101
John,Doe,Law 890
Jenny,Meyer,Writing 200
-----

IMPORTANT
- Some of these registrations might not be yet saved
- Make sure you use save registrations before exit
-----

Unsaved data was written to JSON file!
Bob Smith Python 100
Sue Jones Python 100
Paulo Alves Java 200
Samuel Jonh Writing 101
John Doe Law 890
Jenny Meyer Writing 200
-----

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Figure 20: PyCharm – Assignment07.py script menu option 4 output (when there is pending data)

Figure 21 shown below displays the menu option 4, which exits the program (and no pending enrollment):

```
---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
  1. Register a Student for a Course
  2. Show current data
  3. Save data to a file
  4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: 1
Enter the student's first name: Carl
Enter the student's last name: Benning
Enter the name of the course: Poetry 575

You have enrolled Carl Benning in course Poetry 575.

---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
  1. Register a Student for a Course
  2. Show current data
  3. Save data to a file
  4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: 4
-----
Warning: There are registrations not yet saved.
-----
Do you want to save the data? (y/n): n
-----
Pending data were not saved to file!
-----

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Figure 21: PyCharm – Assignment07.py script menu option 4 with no pending enrollment

Figure 22 shown below displays the final content of the Enrollments.json file:



```
1  [
2      {
3          "FirstName": "Bob",
4          "LastName": "Smith",
5          "CourseName": "Python 100"
6      },
7      {
8          "FirstName": "Sue",
9          "LastName": "Jones",
10         "CourseName": "Python 100"
11     },
12     {
13         "FirstName": "Paulo",
14         "LastName": "Alves",
15         "CourseName": "Java 200"
16     },
17     {
18         "FirstName": "Samuel",
19         "LastName": "Jonh",
20         "CourseName": "Writing 101"
21     },
22     {
23         "FirstName": "John",
24         "LastName": "Doe",
25         "CourseName": "Law 890"
26     },
27     {
28         "FirstName": "Jenny",
29         "LastName": "Meyer",
30         "CourseName": "Writing 200"
31     }
32 ]
```

Figure 22: PyCharm – Assignment07.py script – final content on Enrollment.json file

Executing script on Windows command shell (cmd)

Figure 23 shown below, displays the successful execution of Assignment07.py Python script using Windows command shell (cmd).

```
---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
  1. Register a Student for a Course
  2. Show current data
  3. Save data to a file
  4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: 1
Enter the student's first name: Milton
Enter the student's last name: Jansen
Enter the name of the course: Accounting 709

You have enrolled Milton Jansen in course  Accounting 709.

---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
  1. Register a Student for a Course
  2. Show current data
  3. Save data to a file
  4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: 2
-----
List of students currently registered for courses:
-----
Bob,Smith,Python 100
Sue,Jones,Python 100
Paulo,Alves,Java 200
Samuel,Jonh,Writing 101
John,Doe,Law 890
Jenny,Meyer,Writing 200
Milton,Jansen,Accounting 709
-----
IMPORTANT
- Some of these registrations might not be yet saved
- Make sure you use save registrations before exit
-----
```



```

---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
  1. Register a Student for a Course
  2. Show current data
  3. Save data to a file
  4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: 3
-----
List of students currently registered for courses:
-----
Bob,Smith,Python 100
Sue,Jones,Python 100
Paulo,Alves,Java 200
Samuel,Jonh,Writing 101
John,Doe,Law 890
Jenny,Meyer,Writing 200
Milton,Jansen,Accounting 709
-----
IMPORTANT
- Some of these registrations might not be yet saved
- Make sure you use save registrations before exit
-----

---- Course Registration Program ----
Select from the following menu:
  1. Register a Student for a Course
  2. Show current data
  3. Save data to a file
  4. Exit the program
-----

Enter your menu choice number: 4

```

Figure 23: Windows command shell (CMD) - Execution of Assignment07.py script

Summary

The creation and execution of this third Python script was a great way to enhance my Python programming using some of the new knowledge I learned on Module 07, including **the use of data classes**.