



# The Challenge

https://code.golf/gijswijts-sequence#ruby



# **The Starter Code**

https://gitlab.com/-/snippets/4808279



Iterate 1000 times over an array that:

- Puts the last item
- Performs the required evaluation logic
- appends the result to the array

Results in 1000 entries of result '1'

```
g=[1]

1000.times do |i|
p g[-1]
    s=1
    g.append(s)
end
```



```
Expected Output

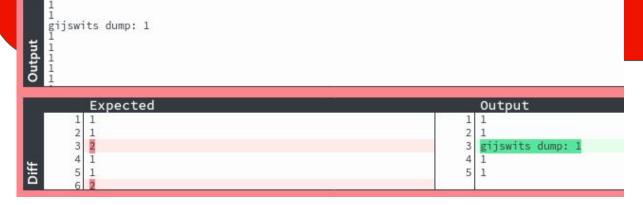
1 1 2 1 2 1
3 2 4 1 3 1 5 1 4 1
```



Add a line to dump your analysis on any chosen line

```
g=[1]
ln = 3

1000.times do |i|
p g[-1]
    s=1
    print "gijswits dump: " if i == ln
    g.append(s)
end
```





```
Step 3
```

```
For line 3, need to compare arr[-1] and arr[-2]
Use a 'stabby' lambda

[1]
[1],[1]
[1],[1]
[1],[1],[2]
[1],[1]
```

, 1 , 2],[1 , 1 , 2]

```
arr=[1]
lam = -> (p1, p2) { p1 == p2 }
line = 1
1000.times do |i|
    p arr[-1]
    s=1
    print "arr[-1]: #{arr[-1]}, \
    arr[-2]: #{arr[-2]}, \
    lam.call(arr[-1],arr[-2]): \
    \#\{lam.call(arr[-1], arr[-2])\} " if i == line
    arr.append(s)
end
```

```
1
1
arr[-1]: 1, arr[-2]: 1, lam.call(arr[-1],arr[-2]): true 1
1
1
```

Expecte	d	Output
1 1		1 1
2 1		2 1
3 2		3 arr[-1]: 1, arr[-2]: 1, lam.call(
55.76.80		[-1],arr[-2]): true 1
4 1		4 1
5 1		5 1





Increment 's' using the lambda

Move line\_dump several lines to see next failure

```
arr=[1]
lam = -> (p1, p2) { p1 == p2 }
dump_line = 8
1000.times do |i|
   p arr[-1]
   s=1
   print "arr[-1]: #{arr[-1]}, \
   arr[-2]: #{arr[-2]}, \
   lam.call(arr[-1],arr[-2]): \
   #{lam.call(arr[-1],arr[-2])} " if i==dump_line
   s+=1 if lam.call(arr[-1],arr[-2])
   arr.append(s)
end
```

```
Output
```

```
6 2 6 2 7 1 8 1 9 2 9 2 10 arr[-1]: 2, arr[-2]: 1, lam.call(arr [-1],arr[-2]): false 1
```



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Extract dump code to proc to save space

Note the change to calling the Proc with '[]'

```
arr=[1]
lam = -> (p1, p2) { p1 == p2 }
dump_line = 5
gijs_dump = ->(s1, s2, lam) {
   print "s1: #{s1}, \
   s2: #{s2}, \
   lam[s1,s2]: #{lam[s1,s2]} "
1000.times do |i|
   p arr[-1]
   s=1
     gijs_dump[arr[-1], arr[-2], lam] if i==dump_line
   s+=1 if lam[arr[-1],arr[-2]]
    arr.append(s)
end
```

```
1
2
1
2
1
1
2
1
1
2
51: 2, s2: 1, lam[s1,s2]: false 1

6
2
7
8
1
7
2
8
9
2
10
11
11
11
11
12
2
```



For line 6, need to compare arr[-3..-1] with arr[-4..-6]

Without breaking earlier logic

```
[1]
[1],[1]
1,1,[2]
1,1,2,[1]
1,1,2,[1]
[1,1,2],[1,1,2]
1,1,2,1,1,[2],[2]
1,1,2,1,1,[2],[2]
1,1,2,1,1,2,2,2,2,3]
1,1,2,1,1,2,2,2,2,3,1
```

```
arr=[1]
lam = -> (p1, p2) { p1 == p2 }
dump_line = 8
qijs_dump = ->(s1, s2, lam) { print "s1: #{s1},
10.times do |i|
  p arr[-1]
  s=1
  (0..i).each do |f|
   gijs_dump[arr[-1-f..], arr[-2-2*f..-2-f], lam
   if lam[arr[-1-f..],arr[-2-2*f..-2-f]]
  arr.append(s)
```





For line 8, need to compare arr[-1] with arr[-2] with arr[-3]

Without breaking earlier logic

```
1000.times do |i|
  p arr[-1]
  s=1
  (0..i).each do |f|
    # qijs_dump[arr[-3-3*f..-3-2*f],arr[-4-4*f..-4-3*f],
    if lam[arr[-1-f..],arr[-2-2*f..-2-f]]
      if lam[arr[-2-2*f..-2-f],arr[-3-3*f..-3-2*f]]
    end
  end
  arr.append(s)
```

```
3
[1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3]2

11
12
216
217
3
218
218
218
219
3
219
3
219
3
```



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Add extra print statements to better understand this error

'break' statement exits loop early during small repetitions

In this case: [3,3]

```
f1='arr[-1-f..]
f2='arr[-2-2*f..-2-f]'
f3='arr[-3-3*f..-3-2*f]'
f4='arr[-4-4*f..-4-3*f]
1000.times do |i|
  p arr[-1]
  print arr[-40..] if i==dump_line
    (0..i).each do |f|
        gijs_dump[eval(f1),eval(f2), lam] if i==dump_line
        if lam[eval(f1), eval(f2)]
            gijs_dump[eval(f2),eval(f3), lam] if i==dump_line
            if lam[eval(f2), eval(f3)]
                qijs_dump[eval(f3),eval(f4), lam] if i==dump_line
```

```
2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3]sl: [3], s2: [3], lam[s1,s2]: true s1: [3], s2: [2], lam[s1,s2]: false

2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3]sl: [3], s2: [2], lam[s1,s2]: true s1

218 3
219 3
220 1
```



Add magic numbers to resolve this later

```
1000.times do |i|
   p arr[-1]
   # print arr[-40..] if i==dump_line
   (0..i).each do |f|
       s+=1 if [216,436,657,877].include?(i)
       gijs_dump[eval(f1),eval(f2), lam] if i==dump_line
       if lam[eval(f1), eval(f2)]
           gijs_dump[eval(f2),eval(f3), lam] if i==dump_line
           if lam[eval(f2), eval(f3)]
                gijs_dump[eval(f3),eval(f4), lam] if i==dump_line
   arr.append(s)
```





Add final conditional to get code passing

```
1000.times do |i|
    p arr[-1]
    # print arr[-40..] if i==dump_line
    (0..i).each do |f|
        s+=1 if [216,436,657,877].include?(i)
        gijs_dump[eval(f1),eval(f2), lam] if i==dump_line
        if lam[eval(f1), eval(f2)]
            gijs_dump[eval(f2), eval(f3), lam] if i==dump_line
            if lam[eval(f2), eval(f3)]
                gijs_dump[eval(f3),eval(f4), lam] if i==dump_line
                if lam[eval(f3),eval(f4)]
```





Refactor eval strings into a single lambda taking 1 arg

```
fa =->(k) {"arr[-\#\{k\}-\#\{k\}*f..-\#\{k\}-\#\{k-1\}*f]"}
1000.times do |i|
    p arr[-1]
    # print arr[-40..] if i==dump_line
    (0..i).each do |f|
        s+=1 if [216,436,657,877].include?(i)
        qijs_dump[eval(fa[1]),eval(fa[2]), lam] if i==dump_line
        if lam[eval(fa[1]),eval(fa[2])]
            qijs_dump[eval(fa[2]),eval(fa[3]), lam] if i==dump_line
            if lam[eval(fa[2]), eval(fa[3])]
                gijs_dump[eval(fa[3]), eval(fa[4]), lam] if i==dump_l
                if lam[eval(fa[3]),eval(fa[4])]
                end
```





Use lambda recursively

Can't replace last one because of syntax error when trying to put 'break' inside lambda

```
arr=[1]
lam = -> (p1, p2) { p1 == p2 }

fa =->(k) {"arr[-#{k}-#{k}*f..-#{k}-#{k-1}*f]"}
r = ->(n) {"if lam[eval(fa[#{n}]),eval(fa[#{n+1}])];s+=1;eval(r[#{n+1}]);end"}
1000.times do |i|
    p arr[-1]
    s=1
    (0..i).each do |f|
    s+=1 if [216,436,657,877].include?(i)
    if lam[eval(fa[1]),eval(fa[2])]
        s+=1
        eval(r[2]);break
    end
    end
    arr.append(s)
end
```





Minify everything

```
arr=[1]
l=->(p,q){p==q}
h=->(k){"arr[-#{k}-#{k}*f..-#{k}-#{k-1}*f]"}
r=->(n){"if l[eval(h[#{n}]),eval(h[#{n+1}])];s+=1;eval(r[#{n+1}]);end"}
1000.times do|i|
p arr[-1]
s=1
(0..i).each do|f|
s+=1 if [216,436,657,877].include?(i)
if l[eval(h[1]),eval(h[2])]
s+=1
eval(r[2]);break
end
end
arr.append(s)
end
```





Before After

```
g=[1]
f1 = "g[-1-f..]"
f2 = "q[-2-2*f..-2-f]"
f3 = "g[-3-3*f..-3-2*f]"
f4 = "g[-4-4*f..-4-3*f]"
1000.times do lil
p g[-1]
            s=1
            (0..i).each do Ifl
            if [216,436,657,877].include?(i);s+=1;
# print "f: \#\{f\}, f1: \#\{eval(f1)\}, f2: \#\{eval(f2)\} \#\{eval(f1) == eval(f2)\}, f3: \#\{eval(f3)\}
\#\{\text{eval}(f2) == \text{eval}(f3)\}, f4: \#\{\text{eval}(f4)\} \#\{\text{eval}(f3) == \text{eval}(f4)\} 
             end
            if eval(f1) == eval(f2)
            if eval(f2) == eval(f3)
            if eval(f3) == eval(f4)
            end
            break
            end
            break
            end
            end
            g.append(s)
end
```

```
arr=[1]
l=->(p,q){p==q}
h=->(k)("arr[-#[k]-#[k]*f..-#[k]-#[k-1]*f]")
r=->(n)("if [[eval(h[#[n]]),eval(h[#[n+1]])];s+=1;eval(r[#[n+1]]);end")
1000.times dolil
p arr[-1]
s=1
(0.i),each dolfl
s+=1 if [216,436,657,877].include?(i)
if [[eval(h[1]),eval(h[2])]
s+=1
eval(r[2]);break
end
end
arr.append(s)
end
```

