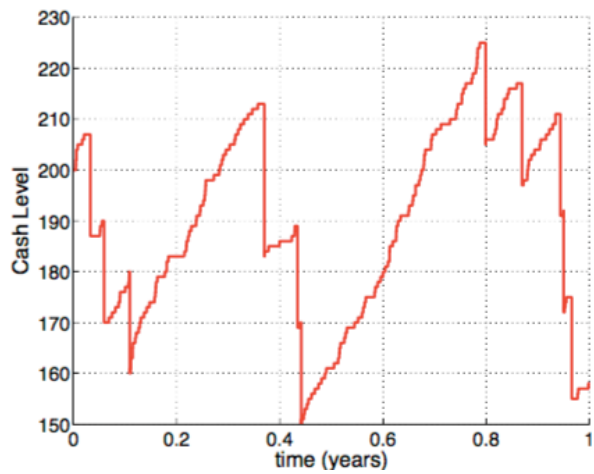
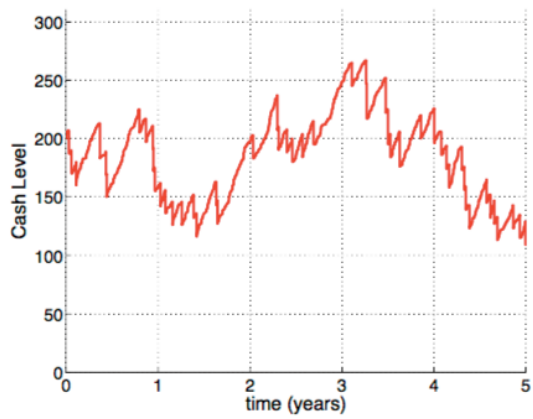
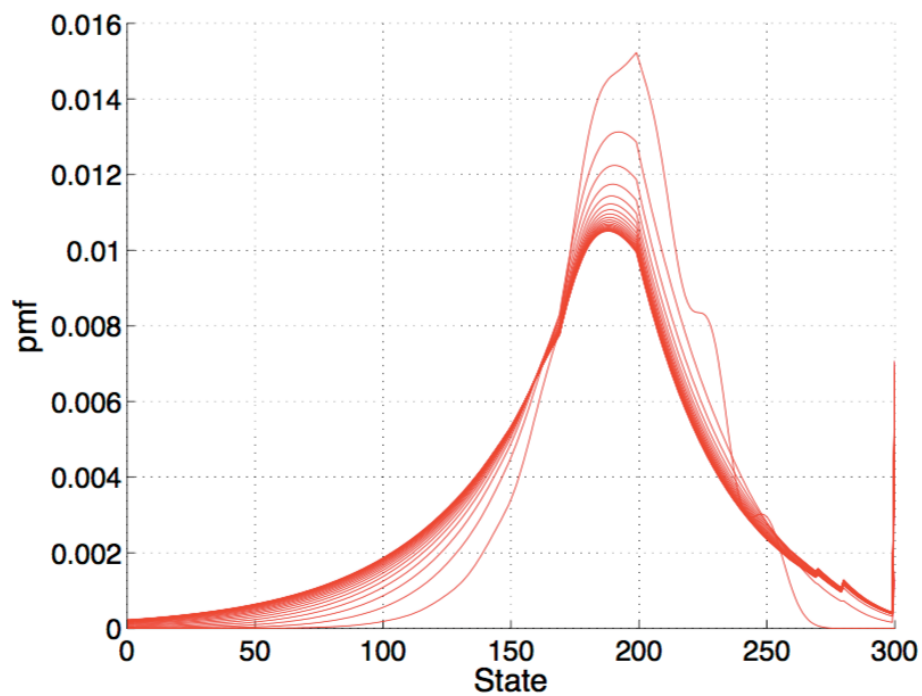


Question7

E:

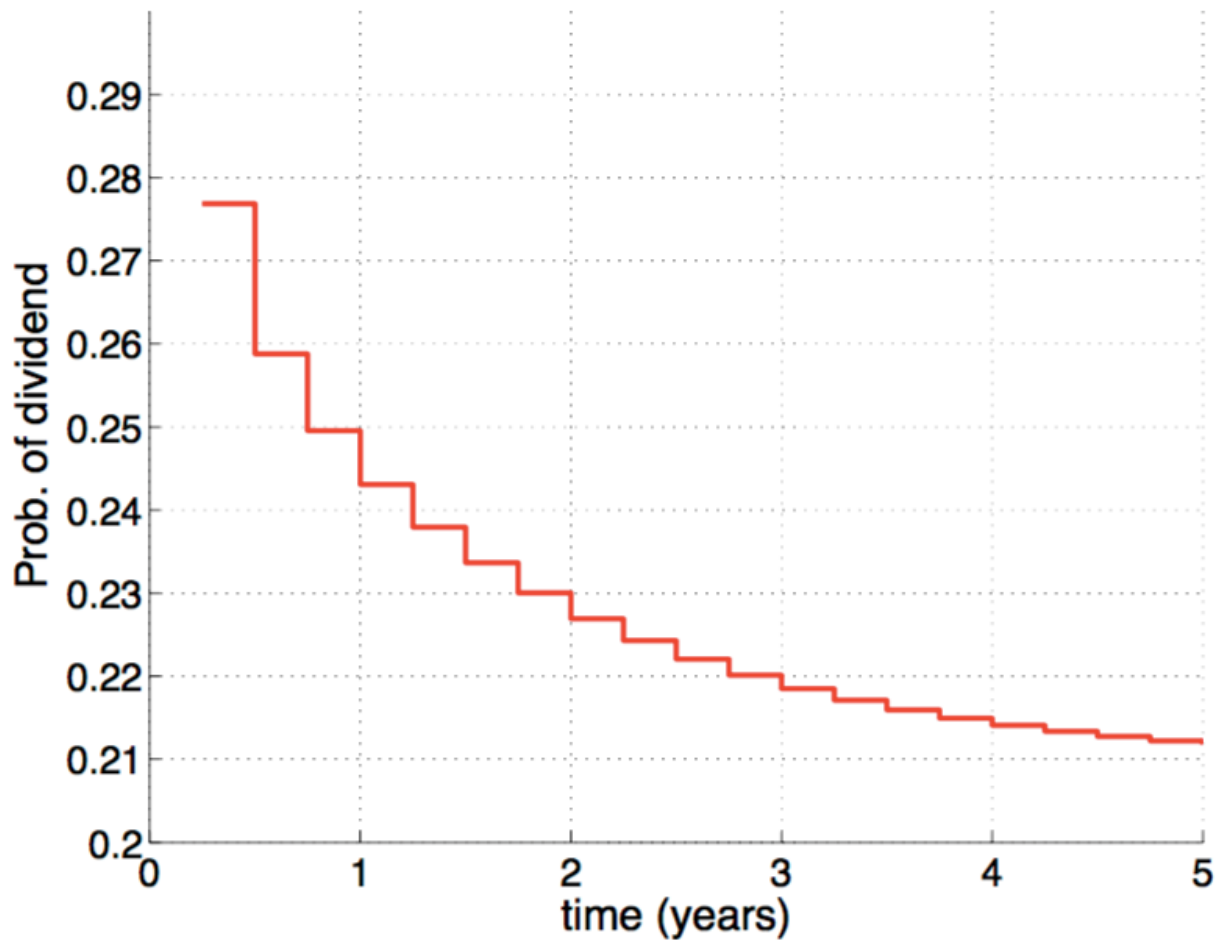


question H



All the transition prob are shown as the plot above.

question E



Through the simulation, we plot the probability of the company pay dividend as a function of quarterly increase of time. It is clear that the probability decrease over time.

Code:

```
function hw8
E()
H()
I()
end
function [X,T]=cashflow1(X_0,lambda,alpha,beta,c,d,X_r,X_max,T_max)
index=1;
X(index)=X_0;
T(index)=0;
while T(index)<T_max
    x=X(index);
    if x==0
        tau=exprnd(1/lambda);
        T(index+1)=T(index)+tau;
        X(index+1)=x+1;
    elseif 0<x && x<c
        tau=exprnd(1/(lambda+alpha));
        T(index+1)=T(index)+tau;
        u=rand;
        if u<(lambda/(lambda+alpha))
            X(index+1)=x+1;
        else
            X(index+1)=0;
        end
    end
end
```

```

elseif c<=x && x<X_r %premium, claim
    tau=exprnd(1/(lambda+alpha));
    T(index+1)=T(index)+tau;
    u=rand;
    if u<(lambda/(lambda+alpha)) %
        X(index+1)=x+1;
    else
        X(index+1)=x-c;
    end
elseif X_r<=x && x<X_max
    tau=exprnd(1/(lambda+alpha+beta));
    T(index+1)=T(index)+tau;
    u=rand;
    if u<(lambda/(lambda+alpha+beta))
        X(index+1)=X(index)+1;
    elseif u<((lambda+alpha)/(lambda+alpha+beta))
        X(index+1)=X(index)-c;
    else
        X(index+1)=X(index)-d;
    end
elseif x==X_max
    tau=exprnd(1/(alpha+beta));
    T(index+1)=T(index)+tau;
    u=rand;
    if u<(alpha/(lambda+alpha))
        X(index+1)=x-c;
    else
        X(index+1)=x-d;
    end
else
    disp('Out Of Range')
    break
end
index=index+1;
end
end

function E()
clc; clear all; close all;
X_0=200;
N=200;
r=0.04;
lambda=N;
alpha=r*N;
beta=4;
X_r=200;
X_max=300;
T_max=5;
d=30;
c=20;
[X,t]=cashflow1(X_0,lambda,alpha,beta,c,d,X_r,X_max,T_max);
hold on
grid on
xlabel('time','FontSize',14)
ylabel('Cash Level','FontSize',14)
title('(a sample) Evolution of Cash Level over 5 Years','FontSize',14)
axis([0 5 0 310])
stairs(t,X,'Linewidth',2,'Color','r');
end

function H()
R=Kolmogrov_F(lambda,alpha,beta,c,d,X_r,X_max);
p0=zeros(X_max+1,1);

```

```

p0(X_0+1,1)=1;
T=0:0.25:5;
figure
hold on
xlabel('X','FontSize',14)
ylabel('pmf','FontSize',14)
title('pmf of the states between 0 and 5 over quarterly intervals','FontSize',14)
axis([0 300 0 0.016])
for t=T
    pmf=expm(R.*t)*p0;
    plot(0:X_max,pmf,'r')
end
end
function [R]=Kolmogrov_F(lambda,alpha,beta,c,d,X_r,X_max)
R=zeros(X_max+1); % initialization
% Range A:
R(1,1)=-lambda;
R(1,2:c+1)=alpha;
% Range B:
for i=2:c
    R(i,i-1)=lambda;
    R(i,i+c)=alpha;
    R(i,i)=-(lambda+alpha);
end
% Range C-1:
for i=c+1:X_r-d
    R(i,i-1)=lambda;
    R(i,i+c)=alpha;
    R(i,i)=-(lambda+alpha);
end
% Range C_2:
for i=X_r-d+1:X_r
    R(i,i-1)=lambda;
    R(i,i+c)=alpha;
    R(i,i+d)=beta;
    R(i,i)=-(lambda+alpha);
end
% Range D_1:
for i=X_r+1:X_max-d+1
    R(i,i-1)=lambda;
    R(i,i+c)=alpha;
    R(i,i+d)=beta;
    R(i,i)=-(lambda+alpha+beta);
end
% Range D_2:
for i=X_max-d+2:X_max-c+1
    R(i,i-1)=lambda;
    R(i,i+c)=alpha;
    R(i,i)=-(lambda+alpha+beta);
end
% Range D_3:
for i=X_max-c+2:X_max
    R(i,i-1)=lambda;
    R(i,i)=-(lambda+alpha+beta);
end
% Range E:
R(X_max+1, X_max)=lambda;
R(X_max+1, X_max+1)=-(alpha+beta);
end

function I()
R=Kolmogrov_F(lambda,alpha,beta,c,d,X_r,X_max);
p0=zeros(X_max+1,1);
p0(X_0+1,1)=1;
T=0.25:0.25:5;

```

```

prob=zeros(20,1);
figure
hold on
xlabel('time (years)','FontSize',18)
ylabel('Prob. of dividend','FontSize',18)
axis([0 5 0.2 0.30])
for t=T
    pmf=expm(R.*t)*p0;
    prob(t/0.25) = sum(pmf(201:end))*0.64;
end
set(gca, 'fontsize', 16)
stairs(T,prob,'Linewidth',2,'Color','r');
grid on
end

```