

Man multipliziert Brüche, indem man Zähler mal Zähler und Nenner mal Nenner nimmt.

$$\frac{2}{5} * \frac{3}{7} = \frac{2 * 3}{5 * 7} = \frac{6}{35}$$

Dabei sollte man so früh wie möglich kürzen.

$$\frac{3}{4} * \frac{8}{9} = \frac{\cancel{3}^1 * \cancel{8}^2}{\cancel{4}_1 * \cancel{9}_3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

1 Multipliziere

(1) $\frac{4}{40} * \frac{5}{20} =$

(2) $\frac{7}{10} * \frac{2}{63} =$

(3) $\frac{3}{56} * \frac{7}{15} =$

(4) $\frac{6}{70} * \frac{7}{48} =$

(5) $\frac{7}{10} * \frac{2}{70} =$

(6) $\frac{6}{12} * \frac{3}{54} =$

(7) $\frac{6}{6} * \frac{2}{48} =$

(8) $\frac{3}{70} * \frac{7}{15} =$

(9) $\frac{3}{56} * \frac{7}{12} =$

(10) $\frac{6}{42} * \frac{6}{42} =$

(11) $\frac{2}{40} * \frac{5}{8} =$

(12) $\frac{2}{10} * \frac{2}{10} =$

(13) $\frac{7}{42} * \frac{6}{63} =$

(14) $\frac{3}{12} * \frac{3}{15} =$

(15) $\frac{6}{48} * \frac{6}{48} =$

(16) $\frac{4}{54} * \frac{6}{24} =$

(17) $\frac{6}{12} * \frac{3}{48} =$

(18) $\frac{3}{12} * \frac{3}{12} =$

(19) $\frac{5}{35} * \frac{5}{35} =$

(20) $\frac{4}{70} * \frac{7}{20} =$