Man multipliziert Brüche, indem man Zähler mal Zähler und Nenner mal Nenner nimmt.

$$\frac{2}{5} * \frac{3}{7} = \frac{2 * 3}{5 * 7} = \frac{6}{35}$$

Dabei sollte man so früh wie möglich kürzen.

$$\frac{3}{4} * \frac{8}{9} = \frac{\cancel{3}^1 * \cancel{8}^2}{\cancel{4}_1 * \cancel{9}_3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

1 Multipliziere

$$(1) \quad \frac{3}{63} * \frac{7}{12} =$$

(11)
$$\frac{7}{20} * \frac{4}{70} =$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{6}{20} * \frac{4}{42} =$$

$$(12) \quad \frac{6}{40} * \frac{5}{42} =$$

(3)
$$\frac{2}{6} * \frac{2}{10} =$$

(13)
$$\frac{7}{30} * \frac{5}{70} =$$

$$(4) \quad \frac{4}{54} * \frac{6}{28} =$$

$$(14) \qquad \frac{2}{6} * \frac{2}{6} =$$

(5)
$$\frac{2}{24} * \frac{4}{6} =$$

(15)
$$\frac{7}{20} * \frac{4}{63} =$$

(6)
$$\frac{6}{18} * \frac{3}{48} =$$

(16)
$$\frac{7}{35} * \frac{5}{70} =$$

$$(7) \quad \frac{6}{63} * \frac{7}{48} =$$

$$(17) \quad \frac{4}{48} * \frac{6}{28} =$$

$$(8) \quad \frac{5}{15} * \frac{3}{35} =$$

$$(18) \quad \frac{4}{54} * \frac{6}{24} =$$

(9)
$$\frac{2}{15} * \frac{3}{10} =$$

(19)
$$\frac{6}{35} * \frac{5}{48} =$$

$$(10) \quad \frac{7}{28} * \frac{4}{70} =$$

(20)
$$\frac{2}{28} * \frac{4}{10} =$$