# Nondimensionalization of Haseloff et al. 2018

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## 1 Definitions

A few of the scales jump out right away:

$$[z] = h_s \qquad [T] = T_m - T_s$$

These will be used in the following:

$$y = [z] Y \qquad z = [z] Z$$
$$T = [T] \mathcal{T} + T_{s}$$

Note: Haseloff et al. reads:  $T = [T] \mathcal{T} + T_m$  which is incorrect.

The three velocity scales can also be defined:

$$u = [u] U$$
  $v = [v] V$   $w = [v] W$ 

I will, however, make no assumptions in regards to the values of these scales.

$$[s'] = \frac{n+2}{n+1} \frac{q_r}{A\tau_s^n h_s^2} \frac{\tau_s}{\rho g} \qquad [u] = Ah_s \tau_s^n$$

$$[v] = \frac{n+2}{n+1} \frac{q_r}{h_s}$$

$$s' = [s'] S' \qquad p = \rho g [s'] P$$

$$\alpha = \frac{A\tau_s^{n+1} h_s^2}{k (T_m - T_b)} \qquad Pe = \frac{n+2}{n+1} \frac{\rho c_p q_r}{k} \qquad \nu = \frac{T_b - T_s}{T_m - T_s}$$

$$\tau = \frac{\tau_c}{\tau_s} \qquad \varepsilon = \frac{n+2}{n+1} \frac{q_r}{A\tau_s^n h_s^2}$$

# 2 Nondimensionalization of Velocity Equations

Nondimensionalizing the equations in terms of dimensional scales (this section will not yet try write the scales in terms of parameters)

Here I use:

$$\begin{aligned} [z] &= h_s \qquad y = [z] \, Y \qquad z = [z] \, Z \\ u &= [u] \, U \qquad v = [v] \, V \qquad w = [v] \, W \\ \eta &= [\eta] \, \mu \qquad p = [p] \, P \end{aligned}$$

The convention I used here is to provide the equation number when it matches the same equation in Haseloff's paper. If the equation doesn't match an equation in Haseloff, but I plan to resolve the differences later in the notes I will denote that with primes.

 $2.1 \quad 2 \rightarrow 22$ 

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \eta \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \eta \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{[z]} \frac{\partial}{\partial Y} \left( [\eta] \mu \frac{[u]}{[z]} \frac{\partial U}{\partial Y} \right) + \frac{1}{[z]} \frac{\partial}{\partial Z} \left( [\eta] \mu \frac{[u]}{[z]} \frac{\partial U}{\partial Z} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{[\eta] [u]}{[z]^2} \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial Y} \left( \mu \frac{\partial U}{\partial Y} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial Z} \left( \mu \frac{\partial U}{\partial Z} \right) \right] = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial Y} \left( \mu \frac{\partial U}{\partial Y} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial Z} \left( \mu \frac{\partial U}{\partial Z} \right) = 0$$

$$(22)$$

 $2.2 \quad 3a \rightarrow 23a$ 

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( 2\eta \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[ \eta \left( \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right) \right] - \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} &= 0 \\ \frac{1}{[z]} \frac{\partial}{\partial Y} \left( 2 \left[ \eta \right] \mu \frac{[v]}{[z]} \frac{\partial V}{\partial Y} \right) + \frac{1}{[z]} \frac{\partial}{\partial Z} \left[ \left[ \eta \right] \mu \frac{[v]}{[z]} \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial Z} + \frac{\partial W}{\partial Y} \right) \right] - \frac{[p]}{[z]} \frac{\partial P}{\partial Y} &= 0 \\ \frac{[\eta] \left[ v \right]}{[z]^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial Y} \left( 2\mu \frac{\partial V}{\partial Y} \right) + \frac{[\eta] \left[ v \right]}{[z]^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial Z} \left[ \mu \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial Z} + \frac{\partial W}{\partial Y} \right) \right] - \frac{[p]}{[z]} \frac{\partial P}{\partial Y} &= 0 \end{split} \tag{3a'}$$

 $2.3 \quad 3b \rightarrow 23b$ 

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[ \eta \left( \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right) \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( 2 \eta \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right) - \frac{\partial p}{\partial z} &= 0 \\ \frac{1}{|z|} \frac{\partial}{\partial Y} \left[ [\eta] \mu \frac{[v]}{|z|} \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial Z} + \frac{\partial W}{\partial Y} \right) \right] + \frac{1}{|z|} \frac{\partial}{\partial Z} \left( 2 [\eta] \mu \frac{[v]}{|z|} \frac{\partial W}{\partial Z} \right) - \frac{[p]}{|z|} \frac{\partial P}{\partial Z} &= 0 \\ \frac{[\eta] [v]}{|z|^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial Y} \left[ \mu \left( \frac{\partial V}{\partial Z} + \frac{\partial W}{\partial Y} \right) \right] + \frac{[\eta] [v]}{|z|^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial Z} \left( 2 \mu \frac{\partial W}{\partial Z} \right) - \frac{[p]}{|z|} \frac{\partial P}{\partial Z} &= 0 \end{split} \tag{3b'}$$

 $2.4 \quad 3c \rightarrow 23c$ 

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$\frac{[v]}{[z]} \frac{\partial V}{\partial Y} + \frac{[v]}{[z]} \frac{\partial W}{\partial Z} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial Y} + \frac{\partial W}{\partial Z} = 0$$
(23c)

 $2.5 \quad 4 \rightarrow 24$ 

$$\eta = \frac{A^{-1/n}}{2^{1/n}} \left[ \left| \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right|^2 + \left| \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right|^2 + \left| \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right|^2 + 2 \left| \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right|^2 + 2 \left| \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right|^2 \right]^{\frac{2-n}{2n}}$$

$$\frac{A^{-1/n}}{2^{1/n}} \left[ \frac{[u]^2}{[z]^2} \left( \left| \frac{\partial U}{\partial Y} \right|^2 + \left| \frac{\partial U}{\partial Z} \right|^2 \right) + \frac{[v]^2}{[z]^2} \left( \left| \frac{\partial V}{\partial Z} + \frac{\partial W}{\partial Y} \right|^2 + 2 \left| \frac{\partial V}{\partial Y} \right|^2 + 2 \left| \frac{\partial W}{\partial Z} \right|^2 \right) \right]^{\frac{1-n}{2n}}$$

$$\frac{A^{-1/n}}{2^{1/n}} \left( \frac{[u]}{[z]} \right)^{\frac{1-n}{n}} \left[ \left| \frac{\partial U}{\partial Y} \right|^2 + \left| \frac{\partial U}{\partial Z} \right|^2 + \frac{[v]^2}{[u]^2} \left( \left| \frac{\partial V}{\partial Z} + \frac{\partial W}{\partial Y} \right|^2 + 2 \left| \frac{\partial V}{\partial Y} \right|^2 + 2 \left| \frac{\partial W}{\partial Z} \right|^2 \right) \right]^{\frac{1-n}{2n}}$$

$$(4')$$

## $2.6 \quad 5 \rightarrow 25$

Boundary condition for:  $y \to \infty$ 

Becomes the boundary condition for:  $Y \to \infty$ This equation can be broken into three parts:

2.6.1 u

$$\eta \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \to \tau_s$$
 (5a)

$$[\eta] \mu \frac{[u]}{[z]} \frac{\partial U}{\partial Y} \to \tau_s$$

$$\mu \frac{\partial U}{\partial Y} \to \frac{\tau_s [z]}{[u] [\eta]} \tag{5a'}$$

2.6.2 v

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \to 0$$
 (5b)

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \to 0 \tag{5b}$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial Z} \to 0 \tag{25b}$$

2.6.3 w

$$w \to 0$$
 (5c)

$$W \to 0$$
 (25c)

#### $6 \rightarrow 26$ 2.7

Boundary condition for:  $y \to -\infty$ 

Becomes the boundary condition for:  $Y \to -\infty$ 

This equation can be broken into three parts:

2.7.1 u

$$u \to 0$$
 (6a)

$$U \to 0$$
 (26a)

2.7.2 v

$$v \to \frac{n+2}{n+1} \frac{q_r}{h_s} \left[ 1 - \left( 1 - \frac{z}{h_s} \right)^{n+1} \right]$$

$$v \to \frac{n+2}{n+1} \frac{q_r}{h_s} \left[ 1 - \left( 1 - \frac{h_s Z}{h_s} \right)^{n+1} \right]$$

$$v \to \underbrace{\frac{n+2}{n+1} \frac{q_r}{h_s}}_{[v]} \left[ 1 - (1-Z)^{n+1} \right]$$

$$(6b)$$

$$V \to 1 - (1 - Z)^{n+1}$$
 (26b)

2.7.3 w

$$w \to 0 \tag{6c}$$

$$W \to 0 \tag{26c}$$

 $2.8 \quad 7 \rightarrow 28$ 

Boundary condition for: z = 0

Becomes the boundary condition for: Z = 0

$$w = 0 \text{ at } z = 0$$
 (7)  
 $W = 0 \text{ at } Z = 0$  (28)

 $2.9 8 \rightarrow 29$ 

Boundary condition for: y > 0, z = 0

Becomes the boundary condition for: Y > 0, Z = 0

This equation can be broken into two parts:

2.9.1 u

$$\begin{split} \eta \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} &= 0 \\ \left[ \eta \right] \mu \frac{[u]}{[z]} \frac{\partial U}{\partial Z} &= 0 \\ \mu \frac{\partial U}{\partial Z} &= 0 \end{split} \tag{8a}$$

2.9.2 v

$$\begin{split} \eta \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} &= 0 \\ \left[ \eta \right] \mu \frac{\left[ v \right]}{\left[ z \right]} \frac{\partial V}{\partial Z} &= 0 \\ \mu \frac{\partial V}{\partial Z} &= 0 \end{split} \tag{8b}$$

 $2.10 9a \rightarrow 30a$ 

No slip boundary condition for: y < 0, z = 0

Becomes the no slip boundary condition for: Y < 0, Z = 0

$$u = v = 0 (9a)$$

$$U = V = 0 (30a)$$

 $2.11 9b \rightarrow 30b$ 

Subtemperate slip boundary condition for: y < 0, z = 0Becomes the subtemperate slip boundary condition for: Y < 0, Z = 0

 $2.11.1 \quad title$ 

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