

# Greedy Algorithms: Fractional Knapsack

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Algorithmic Toolbox  
Data Structures and Algorithms

# Outline

- 1 Long Hike
- 2 Fractional Knapsack
- 3 Pseudocode and Running Time

# Long Hike



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# Long Hike



How can you fill the bag  
such that we have food  
with the maximum  
calorie value?



# Outline

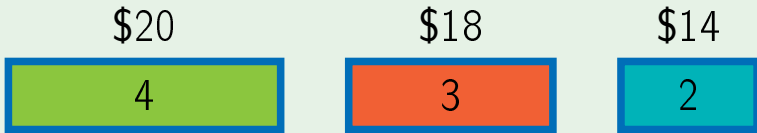
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## Fractional knapsack

**Input:** Weights  $w_1, \dots, w_n$  and values  $v_1, \dots, v_n$  of  $n$  items; capacity  $W$ .

**Output:** The maximum total value of fractions of items that fit into a bag of capacity  $W$ .

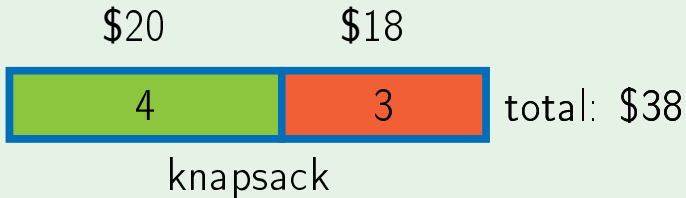
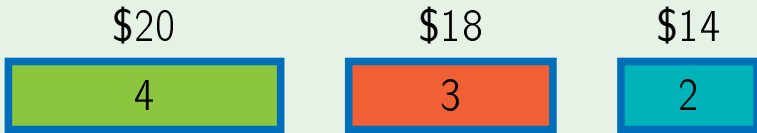
# Example



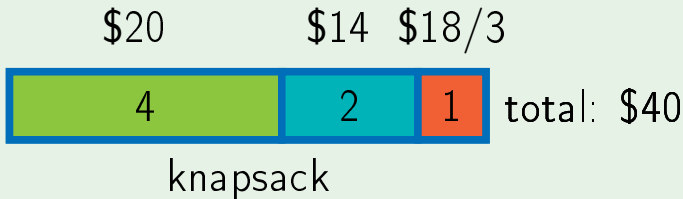
knapsack



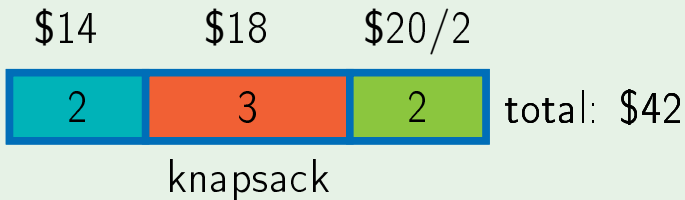
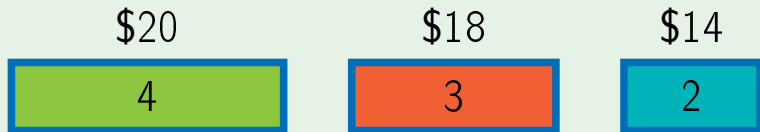
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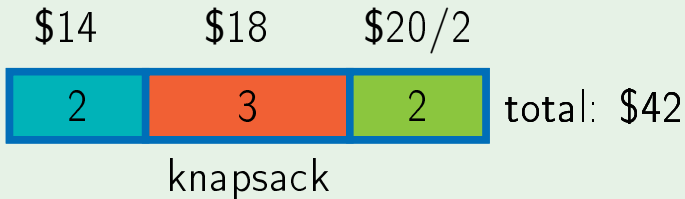
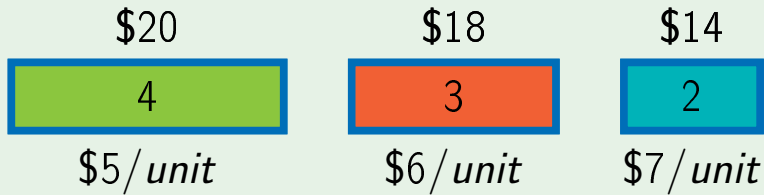
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# Safe move

## Lemma

There exists an optimal solution that uses as much as possible of an item with the maximal value per unit of weight.

## Proof

\$20

4

\$5/*unit*

\$18

3

\$6/*unit*

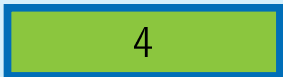
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2

\$7/*unit*

## Proof

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\$5/*unit*

\$18



\$6/*unit*

\$14



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\$20



\$18



total: \$38

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\$5/unit

\$18

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\$6/unit

\$14

2

\$7/unit

\$20/2

\$20/2

\$18

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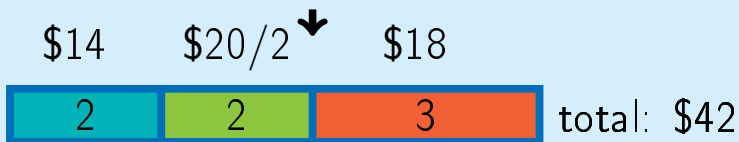
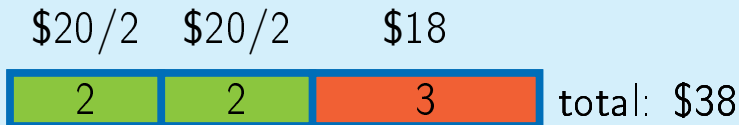
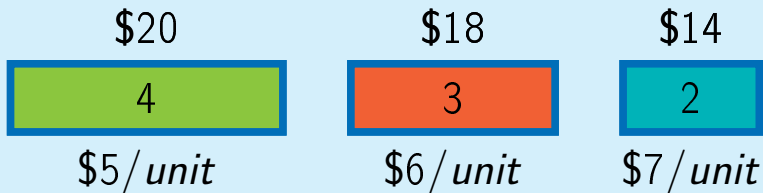
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total: \$38



## Proof



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## Knapsack( $W, w_1, v_1, \dots, w_n, v_n$ )

$A \leftarrow [0, 0, \dots, 0], V \leftarrow 0$

repeat  $n$  times:

    if  $W = 0$ :

        return  $(V, A)$

    select  $i$  with  $w_i > 0$  and  $\max \frac{v_i}{w_i}$

$a \leftarrow \min(w_i, W)$

$V \leftarrow V + a \frac{v_i}{w_i}$

$w_i \leftarrow w_i - a, A[i] \leftarrow A[i] + a, W \leftarrow W - a$

return  $(V, A)$

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- Select best item on each step is  $O(n)$
- Main loop is executed  $n$  times
- Overall,  $O(n^2)$



# Optimization

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- First, sort items by decreasing  $\frac{v}{w}$

Assume  $\frac{v_1}{w_1} \geq \frac{v_2}{w_2} \geq \dots \geq \frac{v_n}{w_n}$

Knapsack( $W, w_1, v_1, \dots, w_n, v_n$ )

$A \leftarrow [0, 0, \dots, 0], V \leftarrow 0$

for  $i$  from 1 to  $n$ :

    if  $W = 0$ :

        return  $(V, A)$

$a \leftarrow \min(w_i, W)$

$V \leftarrow V + a \frac{v_i}{w_i}$

$w_i \leftarrow w_i - a, A[i] \leftarrow A[i] + a, W \leftarrow W - a$

return  $(V, A)$



# Asymptotics

- Now each iteration is  $O(1)$
- Knapsack after sorting is  $O(n)$
- Sort + Knapsack is  $O(n \log n)$