## Bonus Assignment - Thomas Boyko - 30191728

1. Let X and Y be continuous random variables and let

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{5} + cy & 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 5\\ 0 & elsewhere \end{cases}$$

Find the value of the constant c that makes f(x, y) a valid pdf.

For f to be a valid pdf, the double integral over all nonzero values of x, y must equal 1.

$$1 = \int_0^1 \int_0^5 \frac{x}{5} + cy dy dx$$
$$= \int_0^1 \frac{25c}{2} dx$$
$$= \frac{25cx}{2} \Big|_0^1$$
$$= \frac{25c}{2}$$
$$= \frac{25c}{2}$$

2. Let X and Y be continuous random variables with a joint probability density function defined as follows:

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} 2e^{-(x+y)} & 0 \le x, 0 \le y, x \le y \\ 0 & elsewhere \end{cases}$$

Are  $\overline{X}$  and  $\overline{Y}$  independent random variables? Show why/why not.

X, Y are independent  $\iff f(x, y) = f(x)f(y)$ .

$$f(x)f(y) = \int_0^\infty f(x,y)dy \cdot \int_0^y f(x,y)dx$$
$$= \int_0^\infty 2e^{-(x+y)}dy \cdot \int_0^y 2e^{-(x+y)}dx$$
$$= 2e^{-x} \cdot (2e^{-y} - 2e^{-2y}) \neq 2e^{-(x+y)} = f(x,y)$$

Since  $f(x,y) \neq f(x)f(y)$ , the variables are not independent.

3. Let X and Y be continuous random variables with a joint probability density function defined as follows:

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} xy & 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 2\\ 0 & elsewhere \end{cases}$$

Find  $P(X \leq Y)$ .

$$P(X \le Y) = \int_0^2 \int_0^y xy dx dy$$

$$= \int_0^2 \frac{yx^2}{2} |_0^y dy$$

$$= \int_0^2 \frac{y^3}{2} dy$$

$$= \frac{y^4}{8} |_0^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{8}$$

So  $P(X \le Y) = \frac{1}{8}$ .

4. Suppose a game consists of rolling two fair four-sided die (a red one and a blue one) and observing the number on the uppermost face of each die. In this game, you win \$2 if the blue die shows the same number as the red die, you win nothing (\$0) if the blue die shows a higher number than the red die, and you lose \$1 on any other outcome.

Define two random variables as follows:

- $\bullet$  Let X be the number shown on the uppermost face of the blue die.
- Let Y be the amount of money you win (or lose) playing this game once.
- (a) Find the joint probability distribution of X and Y and display it as a joint probability distribution table. Please be sure to clearly label which variable corresponds to the row values and which variable corresponds to the column values.

$\downarrow Y \to X$	1	2	3	4	Total
-1	0	1/16	2/16	3/16	6/16
0	3/16	2/16	1/16	0	6/16
2	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	4/16
Total	4/16	4/16	4/16	4/16	1

(b) Find COV(X, Y).

$$COV[X,Y] = E[XY] - E[X]E[Y]$$