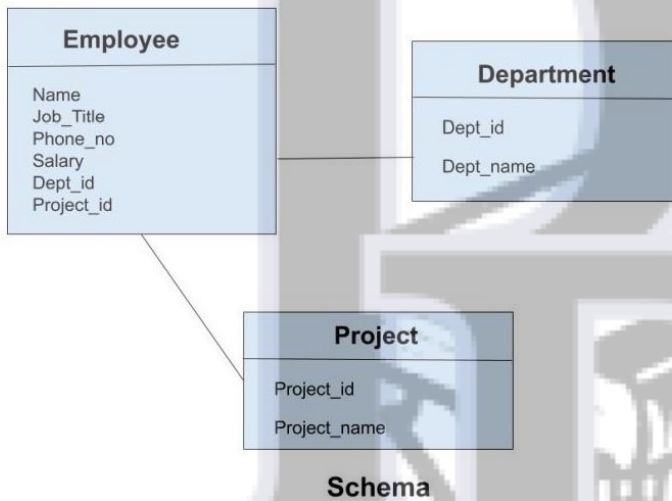


SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
LAB: CYCLE SHEET -3 (PL/SQL) - FALL SEMESTER 2023-2024
Programme Name & Branch: B.Tech
Course Name: Database Systems LAB
Course Code: BCSE302L
QUESTION

Consider the following Relations with Records and write PL/SQL Block for each of the Questions



```

SQL> -- Create Employee table
SQL> CREATE TABLE Employee (
  2   Name VARCHAR2(100),
  3   Job_Title VARCHAR2(100),
  4   Phone_no VARCHAR2(20),
  5   Salary NUMBER,
  6   Dept_id NUMBER,
  7   Project_Id NUMBER
  8 );
  
```

Table created.

```

SQL> -- Create Department table
SQL> CREATE TABLE Department (
  2   Dept_id NUMBER,
  3   Dept_name VARCHAR2(100),
  4   CONSTRAINT PK_Department PRIMARY KEY (Dept_id)
  5 );
  
```

Table created.

```

SQL> -- Create Project table
SQL> CREATE TABLE Project (
  2   Project_id NUMBER,
  3   Project_name VARCHAR2(100),
  4   CONSTRAINT PK_Project PRIMARY KEY (Project_id)
  5 );
  
```

Table created.

SQL>

```

SQL> INSERT INTO Department (Dept_id, Dept_name) VALUES (5, 'IT');
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Department (Dept_id, Dept_name) VALUES (6, 'Operations');
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Department (Dept_id, Dept_name) VALUES (7, 'Research');
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Department (Dept_id, Dept_name) VALUES (8, 'Customer Service');
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Department (Dept_id, Dept_name) VALUES (9, 'Legal');
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Department (Dept_id, Dept_name) VALUES (10, 'Production');
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Project (Project_id, Project_name) VALUES (1, 'Project A');
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Project (Project_id, Project_name) VALUES (2, 'Project B');
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Project (Project_id, Project_name) VALUES (3, 'Project C');
  
```

```
SQL> select * from Employee;
```

NAME	JOB_TITLE	PHONE_NO	SALARY	DEPT_ID	PROJECT_ID
John Smith	Manager	1234567890	5000	1	1
Jane Doe	Engineer	9876543210	4000	1	1
Michael Johnson	Analyst	2345678901	3500	2	2
Emily Wilson	Developer	7890123456	4500	2	2
David Brown	Designer	5678901234	3000	3	3
Sarah Thompson	Administrator	9012345678	3800	3	3
Robert Miller	Engineer	3456789012	4200	1	1
Jennifer Davis	Analyst	8901234567	3600	2	2
Christopher Clark	Developer	6789012345	4100	2	2
Jessica Anderson	Designer	0123456789	3200	3	3

```

10 rows selected.

SQL> select * from Department;
```

DEPT_ID	DEPT_NAME
1	Finance
2	Marketing
3	Human Resources
4	Sales
5	IT
6	Operations
7	Research
8	Customer Service
9	Legal
10	Production

```

10 rows selected.
```

```
SQL> select * from Project;
```

PROJECT_ID	PROJECT_NAME
1	Project A
2	Project B
3	Project C
4	Project D
5	Project E
6	Project F
7	Project G
8	Project H
9	Project I
10	Project J

```

10 rows selected.

SQL>
```

1. PL/SQL Block For any Given Project-ID, Display its Project_Name

```

SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE
  v_project_name Project.Project_name%TYPE;
  v_project_id Project.Project_id%TYPE := 5;
BEGIN
  SELECT Project_name INTO v_project_name
  FROM Project
  WHERE Project_id = v_project_id;

  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Project Name: ' || v_project_name);
EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No project found for the given Project ID.');
```

```

END;
/
SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL>
SQL> DECLARE
  2  v_project_name Project.Project_name%TYPE;
  3  v_project_id Project.Project_id%TYPE := 5;
  4  BEGIN
  5  SELECT Project_name INTO v_project_name
  6  FROM Project
  7  WHERE Project_id = v_project_id;
  8
  9  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Project Name: ' || v_project_name);
 10  EXCEPTION
 11  WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
 12    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No project found for the given Project ID.');
```

Project Name: Project E

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

2. PL/SQL Block to delete a record from Department where there is no employee.

```

SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE
  v_dept_id Department.Dept_id%TYPE := 7;
  v_employee_count NUMBER;
BEGIN
  -- Check if there are any employees associated with the department
```

```

SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_employee_count
FROM Employee
WHERE Dept_id = v_dept_id;

-- Delete the department record if no employees are found
IF v_employee_count = 0 THEN
    DELETE FROM Department
    WHERE Dept_id = v_dept_id;

    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Department record deleted successfully.');
```

```

ELSE
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Cannot delete department. Employees are associated with it.');
```

```

END IF;
EXCEPTION
    WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No department found for the given Department ID.');
```

```

END;
/

SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL> DECLARE
  2   v_dept_id Department.Dept_id%TYPE := 7;
  3   v_employee_count NUMBER;
  4 BEGIN
  5   -- Check if there are any employees associated with the department
  6   SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_employee_count
  7   FROM Employee
  8   WHERE Dept_id = v_dept_id;
  9
 10  -- Delete the department record if no employees are found
 11  IF v_employee_count = 0 THEN
 12      DELETE FROM Department
 13      WHERE Dept_id = v_dept_id;
 14
 15      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Department record deleted successfully.');
```

```

 16  ELSE
 17      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Cannot delete department. Employees are associated with it.');
```

```

 18  END IF;
 19  EXCEPTION
 20      WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
 21          DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No department found for the given Department ID.');
```

```

 22  END;
 23  /
Department record deleted successfully.

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

3. PL/SQL Block to Update All Null valued Phone_no with “123456789”.

```

SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE
BEGIN
    UPDATE Employee
    SET Phone_no = '123456789'
    WHERE Phone_no IS NULL;

    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Null-valued Phone_no updated successfully.');
```

```

    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Number of records updated: ' || SQL%ROWCOUNT);
EXCEPTION
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error updating null-valued Phone_no: ' || SQLERRM);
END;
/
```

```

SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL> DECLARE
  2 BEGIN
  3   UPDATE Employee
  4   SET Phone_no = '123456789'
  5   WHERE Phone_no IS NULL;
  6
  7   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Null-valued Phone_no updated successfully.');
```

```

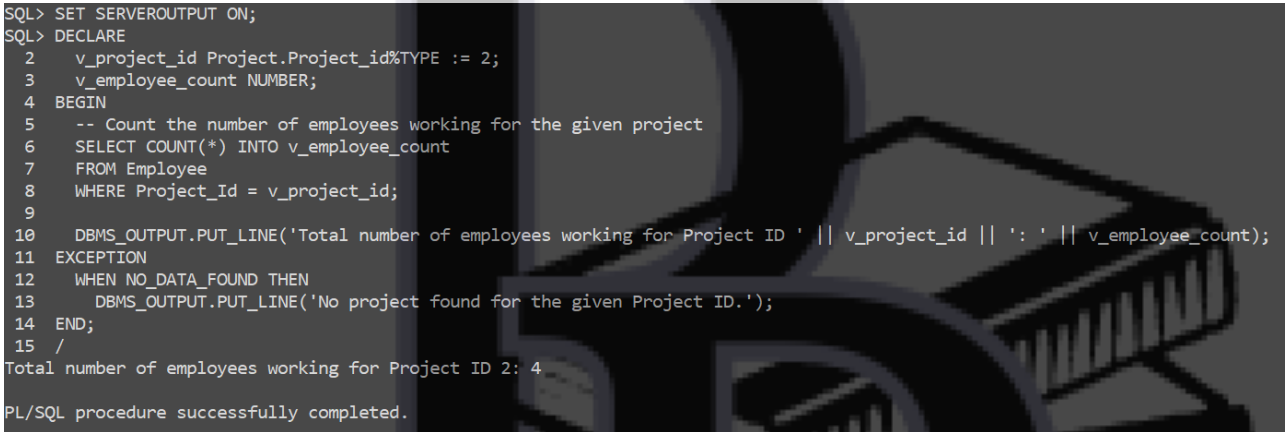
  8   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Number of records updated: ' || SQL%ROWCOUNT);
  9  EXCEPTION
 10      WHEN OTHERS THEN
 11          DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error updating null-valued Phone_no: ' || SQLERRM);
 12  END;
 13  /
Null-valued Phone_no updated successfully.
Number of records updated: 0

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

5. PL/SQL Block to count the total number of Employees working for the Given Project

```
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE
  v_project_id Project.Project_id%TYPE := 2;
  v_employee_count NUMBER;
BEGIN
  -- Count the number of employees working for the given project
  SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_employee_count
  FROM Employee
  WHERE Project_Id = v_project_id;

  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total number of employees working for Project ID ' || v_project_id || ': ' || v_employee_count);
EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No project found for the given Project ID.');
```



```
END;
/

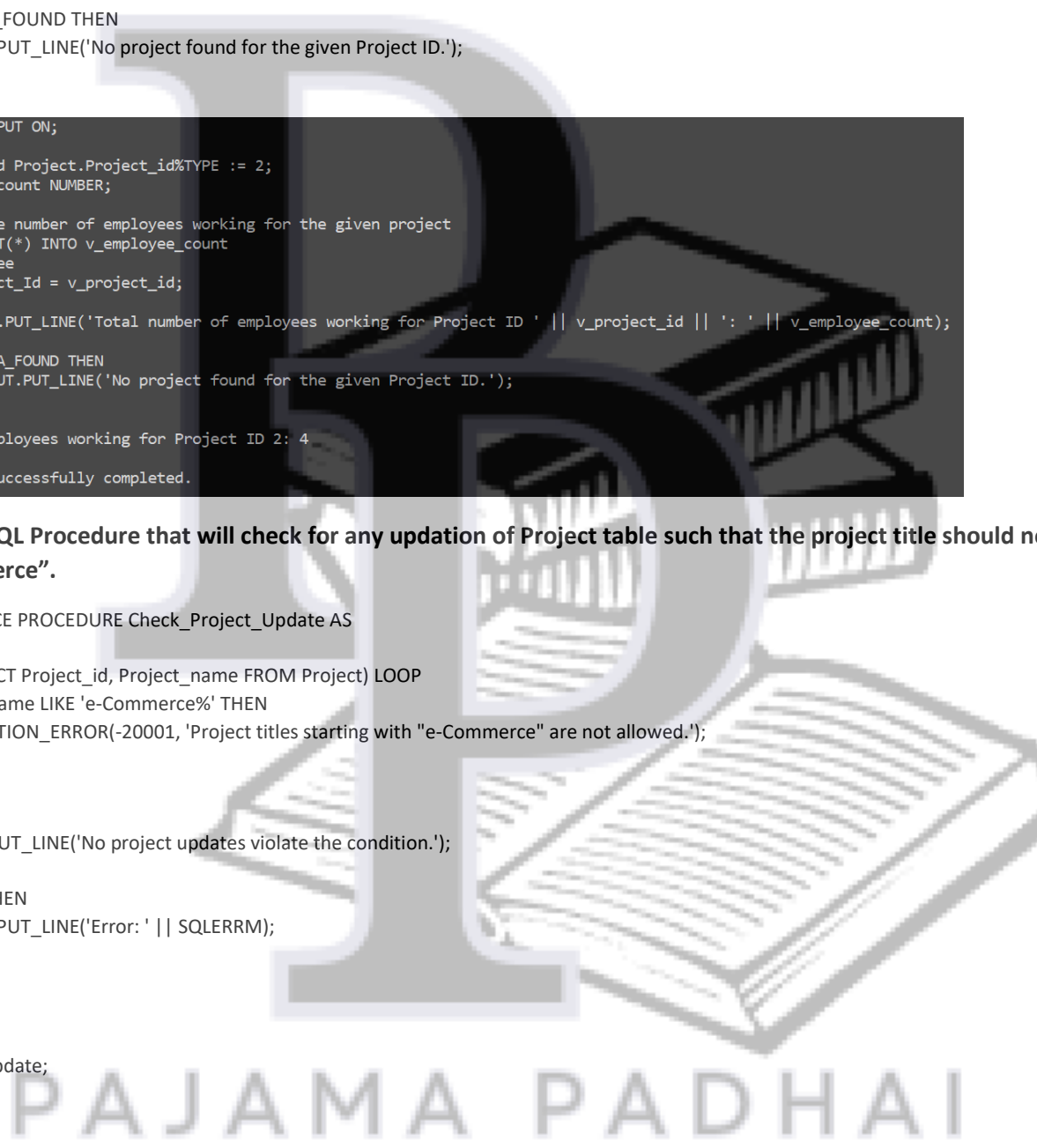
SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL> DECLARE
  2   v_project_id Project.Project_id%TYPE := 2;
  3   v_employee_count NUMBER;
  4 BEGIN
  5   -- Count the number of employees working for the given project
  6   SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_employee_count
  7   FROM Employee
  8   WHERE Project_Id = v_project_id;
  9
 10   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total number of employees working for Project ID ' || v_project_id || ': ' || v_employee_count);
11 EXCEPTION
12   WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
13     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No project found for the given Project ID.');
```

Total number of employees working for Project ID 2: 4

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

6. Write a PL/SQL Procedure that will check for any updation of Project table such that the project title should not be started with “e-Commerce”.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE Check_Project_Update AS
BEGIN
  FOR proj IN (SELECT Project_id, Project_name FROM Project) LOOP
    IF proj.Project_name LIKE 'e-Commerce%' THEN
      RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Project titles starting with "e-Commerce" are not allowed.');
```



```
    END IF;
  END LOOP;

  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No project updates violate the condition.');
```

EXCEPTION

```
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error: ' || SQLERRM);
END;
/

BEGIN
  Check_Project_Update;
END;
/
```

```

SQL>
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE Check_Project_Update AS
2 BEGIN
3   FOR proj IN (SELECT Project_id, Project_name FROM Project) LOOP
4     IF proj.Project_name LIKE 'e-Commerce%' THEN
5       RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Project titles starting with "e-Commerce" are not allowed.');
6     END IF;
7   END LOOP;
8
9   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No project updates violate the condition.');
10 EXCEPTION
11   WHEN OTHERS THEN
12     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error: ' || SQLERRM);
13 END;
14 /

```

Procedure created.

```

SQL> BEGIN
2   Check_Project_Update;
3 END;
4 /

```

No project updates violate the condition.

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

7. Write a PL/SQL Function to count the Number of departments works for a Given Project-ID.

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION Count_Departments_For_Project(
  v_project_id IN Project.Project_id%TYPE
) RETURN NUMBER IS
  v_department_count NUMBER;
BEGIN
  SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT Dept_id) INTO v_department_count
  FROM Employee
  WHERE Project_Id = v_project_id;

  RETURN v_department_count;
EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
    RETURN 0;
END;
/

DECLARE
  v_project_id Project.Project_id%TYPE := 1;
  v_department_count NUMBER;
BEGIN
  v_department_count := Count_Departments_For_Project(v_project_id);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Number of departments working for Project ID ' || v_project_id || ': ' || v_department_count);
END;
/

```

```

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION Count_Departments_For_Project(
2   v_project_id IN Project.Project_id%TYPE
3 ) RETURN NUMBER IS
4   v_department_count NUMBER;
5 BEGIN
6   SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT Dept_id) INTO v_department_count
7   FROM Employee
8   WHERE Project_Id = v_project_id;
9
10  RETURN v_department_count;
11 EXCEPTION
12   WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
13     RETURN 0;
14 END;
15 /

```

Function created.

```

SQL> DECLARE
2   v_project_id Project.Project_id%TYPE := 1;
3   v_department_count NUMBER;
4 BEGIN
5   v_department_count := Count_Departments_For_Project(v_project_id);
6   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Number of departments working for Project ID ' || v_project_id || ': ' || v_department_count);
7 END;
8 /

```

Number of departments working for Project ID 1: 1

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

8. Use Cursor in PL/SQL Block to List out the Project Name and its Employee count for all projects.

```
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE
CURSOR c_projects IS
  SELECT p.Project_id, p.Project_name, COUNT(*) AS employee_count
  FROM Project p
  LEFT JOIN Employee e ON p.Project_id = e.Project_id
  GROUP BY p.Project_id, p.Project_name;
BEGIN
  FOR proj IN c_projects LOOP
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Project Name: ' || proj.Project_name || ', Employee Count: ' || proj.employee_count);
  END LOOP;
END;
/

SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL>
SQL> DECLARE
  2   CURSOR c_projects IS
  3     SELECT p.Project_id, p.Project_name, COUNT(*) AS employee_count
  4     FROM Project p
  5     LEFT JOIN Employee e ON p.Project_id = e.Project_id
  6     GROUP BY p.Project_id, p.Project_name;
  7 BEGIN
  8   FOR proj IN c_projects LOOP
  9     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Project Name: ' || proj.Project_name || ', Employee Count: ' || proj.employee_count);
 10   END LOOP;
 11 END;
 12 /
Project Name: Project A, Employee Count: 3
Project Name: Project B, Employee Count: 4
Project Name: Project C, Employee Count: 3
Project Name: Project F, Employee Count: 1
Project Name: Project G, Employee Count: 1
Project Name: Project H, Employee Count: 1
Project Name: Project D, Employee Count: 1
Project Name: Project E, Employee Count: 1
Project Name: Project J, Employee Count: 1
Project Name: Project I, Employee Count: 1

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

9. Fire a Trigger during updation of Dept_ID in department table. The same dept-id should be reflected in employee table also.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER update_dept_id_trigger
BEFORE UPDATE ON Department
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  IF :OLD.Dept_id <> :NEW.Dept_id THEN
    UPDATE Employee
    SET Dept_id = :NEW.Dept_id
    WHERE Dept_id = :OLD.Dept_id;
  END IF;
END;
/
```

```
UPDATE Department
SET Dept_ID = '13'
WHERE Dept_ID = '3';
```

```
SELECT * FROM Employee;
```



```

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER update_dept_id_trigger
2  BEFORE UPDATE ON Department
3  FOR EACH ROW
4  BEGIN
5      IF :OLD.Dept_id <> :NEW.Dept_id THEN
6          UPDATE Employee
7          SET Dept_id = :NEW.Dept_id
8          WHERE Dept_id = :OLD.Dept_id;
9      END IF;
10 END;
11 /

```

Trigger created.

```

SQL> UPDATE Department
2  SET Dept_ID = '13'
3  WHERE Dept_ID = '3';

```

1 row updated.

```

SQL> SELECT * FROM Employee;

```

NAME	JOB_TITLE	PHONE_NO	SALARY	DEPT_ID	PROJECT_ID
John Smith	Manager	1234567890	5000	1	1
Jane Doe	Engineer	9876543210	4000	1	1
Michael Johnson	Analyst	2345678901	3500	2	2
Emily Wilson	Developer	7890123456	4500	2	2
David Brown	Designer	5678901234	3000	13	3
Sarah Thompson	Administrator	9012345678	3800	13	3
Robert Miller	Engineer	3456789012	4200	1	1
Jennifer Davis	Analyst	8901234567	3600	2	2
Christopher Clark	Developer	6789012345	4100	2	2
Jessica Anderson	Designer	0123456789	3200	13	3

10 rows selected.

10. Fire a Trigger during Insertion of any record into Project Table for ensuring the existence of its employee-id in employee table. Handle Exception if employee id is not available in the employee table.

```

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER check_employee_id_trigger
BEFORE INSERT ON Project
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
    v_employee_count NUMBER;
BEGIN
    SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_employee_count
    FROM Employee
    WHERE Employee_ID = :NEW.Employee_ID;

```

```

IF v_employee_count = 0 THEN
    RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Employee ID does not exist in the Employee table.');
```

```

END IF;

```

```

EXCEPTION

```

```

    WHEN OTHERS THEN

```

```

        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20002, 'Error: ' || SQLERRM);

```

```

END;

```

```

/

```

```

INSERT INTO Project (Project_ID, Project_Name, Employee_ID)

```

```

VALUES (1, 'Sample Project', 999);

```

```

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER check_employee_id_trigger
2 BEFORE INSERT ON Project
3 FOR EACH ROW
4 DECLARE
5     v_employee_count NUMBER;
6 BEGIN
7     SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_employee_count
8     FROM Employee
9     WHERE Employee_ID = :NEW.Employee_ID;
10
11     IF v_employee_count = 0 THEN
12         RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Employee ID does not exist in the Employee table.');
```

Warning: Trigger created with compilation errors.

```

SQL> INSERT INTO Project (Project_ID, Project_Name, Employee_ID)
2 VALUES (1, 'Sample Project', 999);
INSERT INTO Project (Project_ID, Project_Name, Employee_ID)
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-00904: "EMPLOYEE_ID": invalid identifier
```

11. Write a PL/SQL block to list the for each department name participating in the projects along with its total money spent for salary.

```

SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE
CURSOR c_project_departments IS
    SELECT DISTINCT d.Dept_name, SUM(e.Salary) AS total_salary
    FROM Department d
    JOIN Employee e ON d.Dept_id = e.Dept_id
    GROUP BY d.Dept_name;

v_dept_name Department.Dept_name%TYPE;
v_total_salary Employee.Salary%TYPE;
BEGIN
FOR project_department IN c_project_departments LOOP
    v_dept_name := project_department.Dept_name;
    v_total_salary := project_department.total_salary;
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Department: ' || v_dept_name || ', Total Salary: ' || v_total_salary);
END LOOP;
END;
/
```

```

SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL>
SQL> DECLARE
2     CURSOR c_project_departments IS
3         SELECT DISTINCT d.Dept_name, SUM(e.Salary) AS total_salary
4         FROM Department d
5         JOIN Employee e ON d.Dept_id = e.Dept_id
6         GROUP BY d.Dept_name;
7
8     v_dept_name Department.Dept_name%TYPE;
9     v_total_salary Employee.Salary%TYPE;
10 BEGIN
11     FOR project_department IN c_project_departments LOOP
12         v_dept_name := project_department.Dept_name;
13         v_total_salary := project_department.total_salary;
14         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Department: ' || v_dept_name || ', Total Salary: ' || v_total_salary);
15     END LOOP;
16 END;
17 /
```

```

Department: Finance, Total Salary: 13200
Department: Marketing, Total Salary: 15700
Department: Human Resources, Total Salary: 10000
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.