

School of Computer Science and Engineering

Winter Semester 2023-24 Continuous Assessment Test – I1

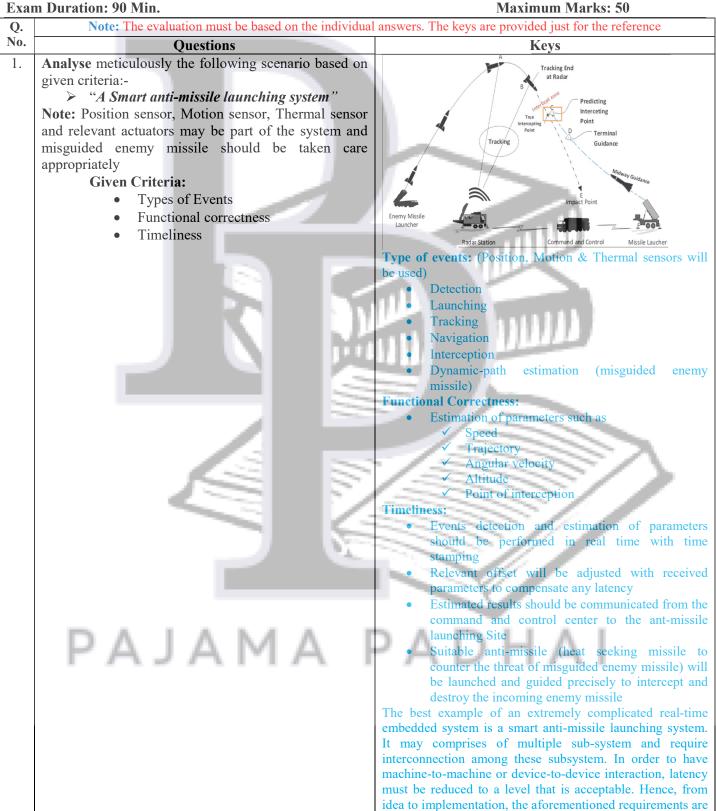
Programme Name &Branch: BTech (CSE)

SLOT:A2+TA2

Course Name & Code:

Embedded Systems – BCSE305L

Faculty Name (s): All



crucial.

- 2. **Using** two sample data sets of your choice, **prove** that how do the rate monotonic scheduling technique:-
 - Will fail to schedule a given set of tasks and
 - Will be successful in scheduling a given set of tasks.

Find out the causes for the scheduling success and failure. **Provide** a remedy for the scheduling failure and enough justifications.



- 3. **Evaluate** how do the following parameters affect the schedulability of real time tasks:-
 - Arrival Time
 - Current Time / Scheduling point
 - Execution Time
 - Rate or Period
 - Deadline

Suggest an optimal scheduling scheme using any three relevant parameters as mentioned above and apply it for the following dataset:-

Task	Arrival Time	Execution Time	Period	Deadline
T1	0	5	20	9
T2	0	4	15	6
Т3	0	4	20	12

Note: Consider current time as per the scheduling points. **Illustrate** the task time-line graph for **at least three cycles**.

- 4. **Construct** FSM model for the given scenario: -
 - "Pick and Place Robot"

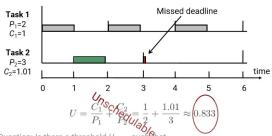
Specification:

- 1. **Ambience:** Factory floor with racks on the walls and two robots per floor.
- 2. Rack compartments are of different size.
- Different type of objects will be supplied via conveyor belt.
- 4. Mobile robot with 360° scanning capability.

Requirements:

- 1. Optimal rack space utilization
- 2. Collision avoidance to be incorporated
- Relevant states, events and actions to be considered

RMS-will fail to schedule a given set of tasks



- Question: Is there a threshold U_{hound} such that
- When $U < U_{bound}$ deadlines are met
 - When $U > U_{bound}$ deadlines are missed?

RMS- will be successful in scheduling a given set of tasks

Process	Execution time(E)	Period (P)
P1	1	4
P2	2	6
Р3	3	12
Process	Line Ball	
	Land V	

- Arrival time determines the task priority and the overall schedulability of any given set of real-time tasks.
- Current Time & Execution Time-acts as a driving factor in implementing hybrid real time scheduler.

It also affects the balancing of task loads.

Rate or period – faster the rate makes higher the task priority. Any system having more tasks with faster rate may lead to deadline misses, task starvation and decreased processor utilization

Deadline-based on time, context, content, parametric minimization and maximization. It drives the classification of real time embedded systems into hard, fair and soft. It serves as a deciding factor when choosing an appropriate real-time scheduler.

Case-1: (execution time, Current time & deadline)

T3 will miss the deadline.

Case-2: (execution time, current time & period)

Every task will be successfully scheduled.

Note: Illustration must be done for 3 cycles.

Entity

- Factory floor
- Types of objects
- Size of rack and compartments
- Mobile robots

Objects

- Number of objects
- Types
- Size-Space

Racks and compartments

- Empty
- Full
- Partial
- Large
- Medium

Illustrate the CDFG for the above scenario. Small Robot Idle / home move-forward move-backward turn-left turn-right arm-rotate(360°) scan / search pick / select sort place halt From State **Event/Action** To State Idle/Home Pick-Move-forward/ object/Search-Moverack/Selectbackward/ Turn-left/ compartment/ Place-object/ Turn-Rack-emptyright/Evade/Sc partial/ Rackan full/Compartm ent-emptypartial/Compar tmentfull/obstacle true/obstacle-false/Evade or any other Move-forward/ Rack-empty-Halt partial/ Rack-full/Compartm ent-empty-partial/Compar Movebackward/ Turn-left/ right/Evade/Sc tmentfull/obstaclean true/obstacle-false/Evade or any other Partial-CDFG Move Manipulator arm to home position Check if object is at position1? Maintain the home Is the object in position 1? Display "Caution! Object object 1 present" object in osition 2 Move manipulator to position 2? Return back to home position

Investigate the challenges and issues faced by embedded system programmer.

Using the findings from your investigation optimize the code snippet as given below and provide appropriate justifications.

```
int x;
for (int i=0; i< x+300; i++)
for (int i=0; i<300; i++)
  Temperature[i] = i ^5;
  Moisture[i] = i ^ 3;
 x=1;
  If (x == 0)
   for(k=0; k<20;k++)
    printf("I am always a Star");
```

Challenges and Issues:

- Unique requirements
- Meeting deadlines
- Logic optimization
- Functional customization
- Time to market
- Hardware-Software integration
- Selection of programming tools
- Minimization of space & time complexities
- Code portability issues
- Data criticality
- Task dependency
- Task & Thread-level parallelism

Optimization Techniques

- Code motion
- Strength reduction
- Dead code elimination
- Loop unrolling
- Array access using pointer
- Loop fusion

