



## CHIANG MAI UNIVERSITY

### Bachelor of Science (Digital Industry Integration)

### College of Arts, Media and Technology

### 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester / Academic Year 2019

### Data Structure and Algorithm

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1. Write a method to calculate the multiplication of 2 and the last value in an array

- Inside the main method, you may use the following lines to initial the values in an array.

```
Random random = new Random();  
int[] myArr = random.ints(100, 10, 100000).toArray();
```

Note that 100 is the size of the array, you may print `array.length` to double check. 10 is the lower bound and 100000 is the upper bound. You may try to change the lower bound to 1 and upper bound to 5, and then check the values either by debugging or printing them out. `;;`

- Before calling the method from the main method, please add the following line to start the timer.

```
long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
```

- After calling the method from the main method, please add the following line to stop the timer.

```
long endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
```

- Add the following lines to print out how long does it take to finish this method.

```
System.out.println("The method took " + (endTime - startTime) + "  
milliseconds");
```

- What is `long`? and What are the different between `long` and other variable types?

- Varying the size of the input array and observe the execution time.

Length of the array	10	1000	100000	100000000
Execution time				

2. Write a method to calculate the summation of all the values in an array

- Add the timer, similar to the previous question
- Varying the size of the input array and observe the execution time.

Length of the array				
Execution time				

3. Write a method to receive a table (i.e., square two-dimension array) and calculate the summation of each row.

- Add the timer, similar to the previous questions
- Varying the size of rows and columns and observe the execution time.

Length of the array				
Execution time				