

CÓNQUER BLOCKS

PYTHON

TRABAJANDO CON ARRAYS (PARTE 2)

CLASE ANTERIOR

- 1) Convertir Listas en Arrays
- 2) Multidimensionalidad en los Arrays
- 3) Crear Arrays sin usar Listas
- 4) Crear Arrays unidad
- 5) Reasignar el contenido de los Arrays
- 5) Ordenar el contenido de los Arrays

CREACION DE UN ARRAY

```
import numpy as np  
  
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)  
a[:] = 2  
print(a)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[2 2 2]  
 [2 2 2]  
 [2 2 2]]
```

```
import numpy as np  
  
b = np.arange(1,10)  
print(b)  
b = b.reshape((3,3))  
print(b)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]  
[[1 2 3]  
 [4 5 6]  
 [7 8 9]]
```

CREACION DE UN ARRAY

```
import numpy as np
```

```
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
```

```
a[:] = 2
```

```
print(a)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[2 2 2]
```

```
 [2 2 2]
```

```
 [2 2 2]]
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
```

```
print(b)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
```

```
 [4 5 6]
```

```
 [7 8 9]]
```

LLENAR ARRAYS DE VALORES

fill()

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
a.fill(8)
print(a)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]]
```

operador de asignación

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
a += 6
print(a)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]]
```

LLENAR ARRAYS DE VALORES

fill()

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
a.fill(8)
print(a)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]]
```

operador de asignación

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
a -= 6
print(a)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[ -4 -4 -4]
 [ -4 -4 -4]
 [ -4 -4 -4]]
```

LLENAR ARRAYS DE VALORES

fill()

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
a.fill(8)
print(a)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]]
```

operador de asignación

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
a *= 6
print(a)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[12 12 12]
 [12 12 12]
 [12 12 12]]
```


LLENAR ARRAYS DE VALORES

fill()

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
a.fill(8)
print(a)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]]
```

operador de asignación

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
a /= 6
print(a)
```

⊗ 0.2s

```
-----
UFuncTypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[10], line 4
      2 a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
      3 a[:] = 2
----> 4 a /= 6
      5 print(a)
```

UFuncTypeError: Cannot cast ufunc 'divide' output from dtype('float64') to dtype('int64') with casting rule 'same_kind'

LLENAR ARRAYS DE VALORES

fill()

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
a.fill(8)
print(a)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]
 [8 8 8]]
```

operador de asignación

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3))
a[:] = 2
a /= 6
print(a)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[0.33333333 0.33333333 0.33333333]
 [0.33333333 0.33333333 0.33333333]
 [0.33333333 0.33333333 0.33333333]]
```

SUMAR ELEMENTOS DE UN ARRAY

sum()

sum(0)

sum(1)

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
suma_array = b.sum()
print(b)
print(suma_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
45
```

suma de todos los elementos del array

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
suma_array = b.sum(axis = 0)
print(b)
print(suma_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
[12 15 18]
```

suma de las columnas del array

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
suma_array = b.sum(axis = 1)
print(b)
print(suma_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
[ 6 15 24]
```

suma de las filas del array

SUMAR ELEMENTOS DE UN ARRAY

sum()

sum(0)

sum(1)

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
suma_array = b.sum()
print(b)
print(suma_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
45
```

suma de todos los elementos del array

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
suma_array = b.sum(0)
print(b)
print(suma_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
[12 15 18]
```

suma de las columnas del array

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
suma_array = b.sum(1)
print(b)
print(suma_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
[ 6 15 24]
```

suma de las filas del array

MULTIPLICAR ELEMENTOS DE UN ARRAY

prod()

prod(0)

prod(1)

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
prod_array = b.prod()
print(b)
print(prod_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
362880
```

multiplica todos los elementos del array

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
prod_array = b.prod(axis = 0)
print(b)
print(prod_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
[ 28  80 162]
```

multiplica las columnas del array

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
prod_array = b.prod(axis = 1)
print(b)
print(prod_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
[  6 120 504]
```

multiplica las filas del array

MULTIPLICAR ELEMENTOS DE UN ARRAY

prod()

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
prod_array = b.prod()
print(b)
print(prod_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
362880
```

multiplica todos los elementos del array

prod(0)

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
prod_array = b.prod(0)
print(b)
print(prod_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
[ 28  80 162]
```

multiplica las columnas del array

prod(1)

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
prod_array = b.prod(1)
print(b)
print(prod_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
[  6 120 504]
```

multiplica las filas del array

MÁXIMO MÍNIMO Y VALOR MEDIO DE LOS ELEMENTOS DE UN ARRAY

mean()

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
mean_array = b.mean()
print(b)
print(mean_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
5.0
```

valor medio de todos los elementos del array

max()

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
mean_array = b.max()
print(b)
print(mean_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
9
```

máximo de todos los elementos del array

min()

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
mean_array = b.min()
print(b)
print(mean_array)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
1
```

mínimo de todos los elementos del array

OBTENER INDICES DE MÁXIMO Y MÍNIMO DE LOS ELEMENTOS DE UN ARRAY

argmin()

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
min_array_id = b.argmin()
print(b)
print(min_array_id)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
0
```

argmax()

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
max_array_id = b.argmax()
print(b)
print(max_array_id)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
8
```


APLANAR UN ARRAY

Pasar de líneas y columnas a tener todo en una línea

reshape() + size

flatten()

ravel()

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
array_plano = b.reshape(b.size)
print(b)
print(array_plano)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
```

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
array_plano = b.flatten()
print(b)
print(array_plano)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
```

Crea una copy() del array

```
import numpy as np

b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
array_plano = b.ravel()
print(b)
print(array_plano)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
```

Crea una view() del array

TRANSPOSICIÓN DE UN ARRAY

Intercambiar filas y columnas:

`swapaxes()`

```
import numpy as np
```

```
b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))  
array_trasnp = np.swapaxes(b, 0, 1)  
print(b)  
print(array_trasnp)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]  
 [4 5 6]  
 [7 8 9]]  
[[1 4 7]  
 [2 5 8]  
 [3 6 9]]
```

`transpose()`

```
import numpy as np
```

```
b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))  
print(b)  
array_trasnp = b.transpose(1, 0)  
print(array_trasnp)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[1 2 3]  
 [4 5 6]  
 [7 8 9]]  
[[1 4 7]  
 [2 5 8]  
 [3 6 9]]
```

OPERACIONES CON MATRICES

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
print(a)
print(b)
print('-----')
resultado_suma = a + b
print(resultado_suma)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[2 2 2]
 [2 2 2]
 [2 2 2]]
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
-----
[[ 3  4  5]
 [ 6  7  8]
 [ 9 10 11]]
```

suma de
matrices

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
print(a)
print(b)
print('-----')
resultado_resta = a - b
print(resultado_resta)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[2 2 2]
 [2 2 2]
 [2 2 2]]
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
-----
[[ 1  0 -1]
 [-2 -3 -4]
 [-5 -6 -7]]
```

resta de
matrices

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
print(a)
print(b)
print('-----')
resultado = (a + b - 2*a)/4
print(resultado)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[2 2 2]
 [2 2 2]
 [2 2 2]]
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
-----
```

```
[[ -0.25  0.   0.25]
 [ 0.5   0.75  1. ]
 [ 1.25  1.5   1.75]]
```

combinación
de
operaciones

MULTIPLICACIÓN MATRICIAL

Importante para IA y ML

$$\begin{bmatrix} \boxed{A} & \boxed{B} \\ \boxed{C} & \boxed{D} \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} \boxed{E} & \boxed{F} \\ \boxed{G} & \boxed{H} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \boxed{A} \boxed{E} + \boxed{B} \boxed{G} & \boxed{A} \boxed{F} + \boxed{B} \boxed{H} \\ \boxed{C} \boxed{E} + \boxed{D} \boxed{G} & \boxed{C} \boxed{F} + \boxed{D} \boxed{H} \end{bmatrix}$$

MULTIPLICACIÓN MATRICIAL

$$\begin{bmatrix} \boxed{A} & \boxed{B} \\ \boxed{C} & \boxed{D} \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} \boxed{E} & \boxed{F} \\ \boxed{G} & \boxed{H} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \boxed{A} \boxed{E} + \boxed{B} \boxed{G} & \boxed{A} \boxed{F} + \boxed{B} \boxed{H} \\ \boxed{C} \boxed{E} + \boxed{D} \boxed{G} & \boxed{C} \boxed{F} + \boxed{D} \boxed{H} \end{bmatrix}$$

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))
print(a)
print(b)
print('-----')
# multiplicacion de matrices
matrix_multi = np.matmul(a, b)
print(matrix_multi)
print(a*b)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[2 2 2]
 [2 2 2]
 [2 2 2]]
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
-----
[[24 30 36]
 [24 30 36]
 [24 30 36]]
[[ 2  4  6]
 [ 8 10 12]
 [14 16 18]]
```


MULTIPLICACIÓN MATRICIAL

$$\begin{bmatrix} \boxed{A} & \boxed{B} \\ \boxed{C} & \boxed{D} \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} \boxed{E} & \boxed{F} \\ \boxed{G} & \boxed{H} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \boxed{A} \boxed{E} + \boxed{B} \boxed{G} & \boxed{A} \boxed{F} + \boxed{B} \boxed{H} \\ \boxed{C} \boxed{E} + \boxed{D} \boxed{G} & \boxed{C} \boxed{F} + \boxed{D} \boxed{H} \end{bmatrix}$$

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))

# multiplicacion de matrices
matrix_multi = np.matmul(a, b)
print(matrix_multi)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[24 30 36]
 [24 30 36]
 [24 30 36]]
```

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))

# multiplicacion de matrices
matrix_multi = a.dot(b)
print(matrix_multi)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[24 30 36]
 [24 30 36]
 [24 30 36]]
```

```
import numpy as np
a = np.zeros((3,3), dtype = np.int64)
a[:] = 2
b = np.arange(1,10).reshape((3,3))

# multiplicacion de matrices
matrix_multi = a @ b
print(matrix_multi)
```

✓ 0.0s

```
[[24 30 36]
 [24 30 36]
 [24 30 36]]
```



NUMPY DOCS

<https://numpy.org/doc/stable/reference/generated/numpy.ndarray.html>

CÔNQUER BLOCKS