

Jaypee University of Engineering and Technology, Guna



[LAB ACTIVITY 1]

DATA

STRUCTURES(18B11CI311)

Name: Palash Mishra

Enroll No. : 201B172

1. WAP to find out largest element of an array.

Solution:

```
#include<iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
int largest(int array[], int n){
```

```
    int max = array[0];
```

```
    for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
```

```
        if(max<array[i]){
```

```
            max=array[i];
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    return max;
```

```
}
```

```
int main(){
```

```
    int n,max=0;
```

```
cout<<"Enter the total number of
elements"<<endl;

cin>>n;

int array[n];

cout<<"Enter the elements"<<endl;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
    cin>>array[i];
}

cout<<largest(array,n)<<endl;
}
```

Windows PowerShell

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```
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1\" ; if ($?) { g++ question1.cpp -o question1 } ; if ($?) { .\question1 }
```

Enter the total number of elements

5

Enter the elements

42 65 12 35 79

79

```
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> |
```

2. WAP to search an element in array.

Solution:

```
#include<iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
int search(int array[],int n,int number){
```

```
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
```

```
        if(array[i]==number){
```

```
            return i;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    return -1;
```

```
}
```

```
int main(){
```

```
    int n,result;
```

```
cout<<"Enter the number of
elements"<<endl;
cin>>n;          //no. of elements
int array[n];
cout<<"Enter the elements"<<endl;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
    cin>>array[i];
}
int number;
cout<<"Enter the element to be
found"<<endl;
cin>>number;
result=search(array,n,number);
if(result == -1){
    cout<<"Element not found"<<endl;
}
else{
    cout<<"Element found at index no.
"<<result<<endl;
```

}

}

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```
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1\" ; if ($?) { g++ question2.cpp -o question2 } ; if ($?) { .\question2 }
Enter the number of elements
5
Enter the elements
16
48
36
95
72
Enter the element to be found
36
Element found at index no. 2
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> █
```

3. WAP to check whether the number is prime or not.

Solution:

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
int main()
```

```
{int n;
```

```
cout<<" enter the number to be  
checked"<<endl;
```

```
cin>>n;
```

```
for(int i=2;i<n;i++)
```

```
{
```

```
    if((n%i)==0)
```

```
    {cout<<"not a prime"<<endl;
```

```
    break;
```

```
}
```

```
if(i==n)
```

```
{
```

```
    cout<<"prime"<<endl;
```

```
}
```

```
}  
  
return 0;  
  
}
```

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```
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1\" ; if ($?) { g++ question3.cpp -o question3 } ; if ($?) { .\question3 }  
enter the number to be checked  
54  
not a prime  
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> █
```


4. WAP to calculate x^y where x and y are two integer numbers entered by the user. [do not use pow() function].

Solution:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int power(int x, int y)
{
    if (y == 0)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    else{
        return (x * power(x,y-1));
    }
}
```

```
int main()
{
    int x, y, result;
```

```
    cout << "Enter the number and its power"
    << endl;
    cin >> x >> y;
    result = power(x, y);
    cout << result << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

```
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```

```
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```

```
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1\" ; if ($?) { g++ question4.cpp -o question4 } ; if ($?) { .\question4 }
Enter the number and its power
5
9
1953125
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> █
```

5. WAP to replace a character by another character in a string. Take both the choices from the user.

Solution:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int char_replace(string &str,char c1,char
c2){
    for(int i=0;str[i] !='\0';i++){
        if(str[i] == c1){
            str[i]=c2;
            break;
        }
    }
    cout<<str<<endl;
}
```

```
int main(){
    string str;
    char c1,c2;
```

```
cout<<"Enter the string"<<endl;
cin>>str;
cout<<"Enter the character to be
replaced"<<endl;
cin>>c1;
cout<<"Enter the character to be replaced
with"<<endl;
cin>>c2;
char_replace(str,c1,c2);
return 0;
}
```

```
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PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1\" ; if ($?) { g++ question5.cpp -o question5 } ; if ($?) { .\question5 }
Enter the string
palash
Enter the character to be replaced
s
Enter the character to be replaced with
J
palash
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> █
```

6. WAP to find the reverse of given string.

Solution:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <string.h>
void main(){
    char string[20],temp;
    int i,length;
    printf("Enter String : ");
    scanf("%s",string);
    length=strlen(string)-1;
    for(i=0;i<strlen(string)/2;i++){
        temp=string[i];
        string[i]=string[length];
        string[length--]=temp;
    }
    printf("\nReverse string :%s",string);
    getch();
}
```

Windows PowerShell

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```
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1\" ; if ($?) { gcc question6.c -o question6 } ; if ($?) { .\question6 }
```

Enter String : palash

Reverse string :hsalap

7. WAP to sort the array and ask the choice from user for ascending/descending.

Solution:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void Asc_Desc(int array[],char ch,int size)
{ int temp;
  switch (ch)
  {
  case 1:
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    {
      for (int j = 0; j < size - 1; j++)
      {
        if (array[j] > array[j + 1])
        {
          temp = array[j];
          array[j] = array[j + 1];
          array[j + 1] = temp;
        }
      }
    }
  }
```

```
}  
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)  
{  
    cout << array[i] << " ";  
}  
break;
```

case 2:

```
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)  
{  
    for (int j = 0; j < size - 1; j++)  
    {  
        if (array[j] < array[j + 1])  
        {  
            temp = array[j];  
            array[j] = array[j + 1];  
            array[j + 1] = temp;  
        }  
    }  
}  
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)  
{  
    cout << array[i] << " ";  
}
```



```
        break;
    default:
        cout << "Error 404 \n";
        break;
    }
}
int main()
{
    int size, ch;
    cout << "Enter size\n";
    cin >> size;
    int array[size];
    cout<<"enter elements\n";
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    {
        cin >> array[i];
    }
    cout << "Enter your choice\n Press 1 for
Ascending \n Press 2 for Descending\n";
    cin >> ch;
    Asc_Desc(array,ch,size);
    return 0;
}
```

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```
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1\" ; if ($?) { g++ question7.cpp -o question7 } ; if ($?) { .\question7 }
```

Enter size

5

Enter elements

10 30 50 15 3

Enter your choice

Press 1 for Ascending

Press 2 for Descending

1

3 10 15 30 50

PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> █

8. WAP to find a word in given statement.

Solution:

9. WAP to concatenate two strings using pointer.

Solution:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
void conc(char *,char *);
int main(){
    char str1[100],str2[50];
    puts("Enter the string");
    gets(str1);
    puts("Enter the string you want to
concatenate");
    gets(str2);
    conc(str1,str2);
    printf("String after concatenating is
%s",str1);
```

```
        return 0;
    }
    void conc(char *str1,char *str2){
        int i,k=0;

        for(i=strlen(str1);i<=strlen(str1)+strlen(str2);
        i++){
            str1[i]=str2[k++];
        }
        str1[i]='\0';
    }
}
```

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```
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1\" ; if ($?) { g++ question8.cpp -o question8 } ; if ($?) { .\question8 }
Enter the string
Pal
Enter the string you want to concatenate
ash
String after concatenating is Palash
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> █
```

10. WAP to create a dynamic array of user desired size and search an element in that array.

Solution:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int size_;
int searchx(int x,int *p)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<size_;i++)
    {
        if(p[i]==x)
            return i;
    }
    return -1;
}
int main()
{
    int *p,x;
    cout<<"ENTER SIZE: ";
```

```

cin>>size_;
p=new int[size_];
cout<<"ENTER ELEMENTS: \n";
for(int i=0;i<size_;i++)
{
    cin>>p[i];
}
cout<<"ENTER ELEMENT TO BE
SEARCHED: ";
cin>>x;
if(searchx(x,p)==-1)
    cout<<"\nNOT FOUND";
else
    cout<<"\nELEMENT AT INDEX:
"<<searchx(x,p)+1;
    delete []p;
    return 0;
}

```

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```

PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1\" ; if ($?) { g++ question9.cpp -o question9 } ; if ($?) { .\question9 }
ENTER SIZE: 5
ENTER ELEMENTS:
4 61 10 36 71
ENTER ELEMENT TO BE SEARCHED: 36

ELEMENT AT INDEX: 4
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> █

```

Advanced Problems:

11. WAP to calculate difference between two time periods using the C structures.

Solution:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
struct TIME {
```

```
    int seconds;
```

```
    int minutes;
```

```
    int hours;
```

```
};
```

```
void differenceBetweenTimePeriod(struct  
TIME t1, struct TIME t2, struct TIME *diff);
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    struct TIME startTime, stopTime, diff;
```

```
printf("Enter the start time. \n");  
printf("Enter hours, minutes and seconds: ");  
scanf("%d %d %d", &startTime.hours,  
      &startTime.minutes,  
      &startTime.seconds);
```

```
printf("Enter the stop time. \n");  
printf("Enter hours, minutes and seconds: ");  
scanf("%d %d %d", &stopTime.hours,  
      &stopTime.minutes,  
      &stopTime.seconds);
```

```
differenceBetweenTimePeriod(startTime,  
stopTime, &diff);
```

```
printf("\nTime Difference: %d:%d:%d - ",  
startTime.hours,  
      startTime.minutes,  
      startTime.seconds);
```



```
printf("%d:%d:%d ", stopTime.hours,  
      stopTime.minutes,  
      stopTime.seconds);  
printf("= %d:%d:%d\n", diff.hours,  
      diff.minutes,  
      diff.seconds);  
return 0;  
}
```

```
void differenceBetweenTimePeriod(struct  
TIME start, struct TIME stop, struct TIME *diff)  
{  
    while (stop.seconds > start.seconds) {  
        --start.minutes;  
        start.seconds += 60;  
    }  
    diff->seconds = start.seconds - stop.seconds;  
    while (stop.minutes > start.minutes) {
```

```
--start.hours;

start.minutes += 60;

}

diff->minutes = start.minutes - stop.minutes;
diff->hours = start.hours - stop.hours;

}
```

```
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Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1\" ; if ($?) { gcc question10.c -o question10 } ; if ($?) { .\question10 }
Enter the start time.
Enter hours, minutes and seconds: 23 51 42
Enter the stop time.
Enter hours, minutes and seconds: 12 49 12

Time Difference: 23:51:42 - 12:49:12 = 11:2:30
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> █
```

12. WAP to add two complex numbers by passing structure to a function.

Solution:

```
#include <stdio.h>
typedef struct complex {
    float real;
    float imag;
} complex;

complex add(complex n1, complex n2);

int main() {
    complex n1, n2, result;

    printf("For 1st complex number \n");
    printf("Enter the real and imaginary parts:
");
    scanf("%f %f", &n1.real, &n1.imag);
    printf("\nFor 2nd complex number \n");
    printf("Enter the real and imaginary parts:
");
```

```
scanf("%f %f", &n2.real, &n2.imag);

result = add(n1, n2);

printf("Sum = %.1f + %.1fi", result.real,
result.imag);
return 0;
}
```

```
complex add(complex n1, complex n2) {
    complex temp;
    temp.real = n1.real + n2.real;
    temp.imag = n1.imag + n2.imag;
    return (temp);
}
```

```
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```

```
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
```

```
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1\" ; if ($?) { g++ question11.cpp -o question11 } ; if ($?) { .\question11 }
```

```
For 1st complex number
```

```
Enter the real and imaginary parts: 45 93
```

```
For 2nd complex number
```

```
Enter the real and imaginary parts: 13 78
```

```
Sum = 58.0 + 171.0i
```

```
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\LAB1> █
```