# Jaypee University of Engineering and Technology,

### Guna



## [LAB ACTIVITY 3]

# DATA STRUCTURES (18B11CI311)

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1. WAP to insert new element at given index number in the array.

#### **Solution:**

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
    int size,pos,ele;
    cout<<"Enter the Size of the array\n";</pre>
    cin>>size;
    int arr[size];
    cout<<"Enter the Elements in the Array\n";</pre>
    for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
         cin>>arr[i];
    cout<<"Enter the element you want to enter and its position : \n";</pre>
    cin>>ele>>pos;
    size=size+1;
    for(int i=size-1;i>pos;i--)
    arr[i]=arr[i-1];
    arr[pos]=ele;
    for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
         cout<<arr[i];</pre>
```

#### **Output:**

```
Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS\lab3\"; if ($?) { g++ que1.cpp -0 que1 }; if ($?) { .\que1 }
Enter the Size of the array

5
Enter the Elements in the Array
1 2 3 4 6
Enter the element you want to enter and its position :

5
4
1 2 3 4 5 6
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS\lab3>
```

2. WAP to implement the linear search. Use function concept, if element is found then return index number of element otherwise return - 1;

#### Solution:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int search(int arr[], int size, int key)
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
        if (arr[i] == key)
             return 1;
    return -1;
int main()
    int size, key, res;
    cout << "Enter the Size of the array\n";</pre>
    cin >> size;
    int arr[size];
    cout << "Enter the Elements in the Array\n";</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
        cin >> arr[i];
    cout << "Enter the element you want to search : \n";</pre>
    cin >> key;
    res = search(arr, size, key);
    if (res == 1)
        cout << "Element Found\n";</pre>
    else
        cout << "Element Not Found\n";</pre>
    return 0;
```

#### Output:

```
Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS\lab3\" ; if ($?) { g++ que2.cpp -o que2 } ; if ($?) { .\que2 }
Enter the Size of the array
5
Enter the Elements in the Array
1 2 3 4 5
Enter the element you want to search :
4
Element Found
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS\lab3>
```

3. WAP to delete an element from an array, use search algorithm to find the index number of given number; if element to be deleted is not found then print "Error: element not found".

#### **Solution:**

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int delete_element(int array[], int n, int element)
    int flag;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        if (element == array[i])
            flag = 1;
            array[i] = array[i + 1];
    if (flag == 1)
        return 1;
    else
        return -1;
int main()
    int n, element, res;
    cout << "Enter the number of elements" << endl;</pre>
    cin >> n;
    int array[n];
    cout << "Enter the elements of the array" << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        cin >> array[i];
    cout << "Enter the element to be deleted" << endl;</pre>
    cin >> element;
    res = delete_element(array, n, element);
    if (res == -1)
        cout << "Element not found!";</pre>
    else
        for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
            cout << array[i] << " ";
    return 0;
```

#### Output:

```
Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS\lab3\" ; if ($?) { g++ que3.cpp -0 que3 } ; if ($?) { .\que3 }

Enter the number of elements

Enter the elements of the array

1 2 3 4 5

Enter the element to be deleted

4

1 2 3 5

PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS\lab3>
```

4. WAP for checking whether there are any duplicated elements in the array or not?

#### **Solution:**

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int duplicatecheck(int array[], int n)
    int flag = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
             if (array[i] == array[j])
                 flag++;
                 break;
             }
    if (flag == 0)
        cout << "No duplicate element";</pre>
    else
        cout << "Yes duplicate element present";</pre>
int main()
    int Size;
    cout << "Enter the size of array" << endl;</pre>
    cin >> Size;
    int array[Size];
    cout << "Enter the elements of the array" << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < Size; i++)
        cin >> array[i];
    duplicatecheck(array, Size);
    return 0;
```

#### **Output:**

```
Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS\lab3\"; if ($?) { g++ que4.cpp -0 que4 }; if ($?) { .\que4 }
Enter the size of array
6
Enter the elements of the array
1 2 3 4 5 2
Yes duplicate element present
PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS\lab3>
```

5. Mary is a kindergarten teacher. She has given a task to the children after teaching them a list of words. The task is to find the unknown words (other than the words they already know) from the given text. Write a function which accepts the text and the known list of words and prints a set of unknown words found. If there are no unknown words found then prints "Successful". [Hint use find\_word() function of Lab 1]

Sample Input Expected Output

Text: "the sun rises in the east"

Vocabulary: ["sun","in","east","doctor","day"]

{"rises", "the"}

#### Solution:

#### Output:

6. [This is a Q. 10 of Lab 2, Solve it if you have not done earlier] Consider that you are given with a data base of employee records (at least 5). Each employee record having following information –

Emp\_id(integer) Emp\_name(string) Emp\_city

Assume that Emp\_id is unique. Write a function for taking data base and put it in your header file. Use this function by including your own header file for following questions.

{Use the structure for creating data base}

- a. Write a function to find out the employee record from this data base on the base of Emp\_id.
- b. Write a function to sort the employee records on the base of Emp\_id.
- c. Write a function to sort (alphabetically) the array of characters.
- d. Write a function to count the number of employees in data base.
- e. Write a function to add 5 more records in data base.

#### Solution:

```
#include "my_headerfile.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX 100
int count_emp(struct emp DB[])
    int count = 0;
    int i = 0;
    while (i < MAX)
        if (DB[i].emp\_id == -1)
            break;
        i++;
        count++;
    return count;
void sort_by_id(struct emp DB[])
    int i, j;
    struct emp temp;
    int num = count_emp(DB); // call count_emp
    for (i = 0; i < num - 1; i++)
        for (j = i + 1; j < num; j++)
            if (DB[i].emp_id > DB[j].emp_id)
                temp = DB[i];
                DB[i] = DB[j];
                DB[j] = temp;
void sort_alpha(struct emp DB[])
    int i, j;
    struct emp temp;
    int num = count_emp(DB); // call count_emp
    for (i = 0; i < num - 1; i++)
        for (j = i + 1; j < num; j++)
            if (strcmp(DB[i].emp_name, DB[j].emp_name) > 0)
                temp = DB[i];
                DB[i] = DB[j];
                DB[j] = temp;
```

```
int main()
    struct emp DB[MAX]; //array struct
    int n, i;
   printf("Enter size: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for (i = 0; i < MAX; i++)
        DB[i].emp_id = -1; // set all emp_id by -1
    Input DB(DB, n);
    printf("\nBefore sorting: ");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        //printf("Enter data of employee %d",i);
        printf("\n%d %s %s", DB[i].emp_id, DB[i].emp_name, DB[i].emp_city);
    sort_alpha(DB);
    sort_by_id(DB);
   printf("\nAfter sorting: ");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        //printf("Enter data of employee %d",i);
        printf("\n%d %s %s", DB[i].emp_id, DB[i].emp_name, DB[i].emp_city);
   getch();
    return 0;
```

#### My\_headerfile.h

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
struct emp
    int emp_id;
    char emp_name[100], emp_city[100];
};
void Input_DB(struct emp DB[], int n)
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("Enter data of employee %d ", i + 1);
        printf("\nEnter ID");
        scanf("%d", &DB[i].emp_id);
        while ((getchar()) != '\n')
            ; // for clearing the input buffer
        printf("\nEnter name");
        scanf("%[^\n]s", DB[i].emp_name);
        while ((getchar()) != '\n')
            ; // for clearing the input buffer
```

```
printf("\nEnter City");
        scanf("%[^\n]s", DB[i].emp_city);
    //return DB;
int find_word(char *s1, char *s2)
    int n = 0;
   int m = 0;
    //printf("\nSearching %s word in string %s\n",s1,s2);
   int times = 0;  // store the frequency of the word
    int len = strlen(s2); // contains the length of search string
   while (s1[n] != '\0')
        if (s1[n] == s2[m])
        { // if first character of search string matches keep on searching
           while (s1[n] == s2[m] \&\& s1[n] != '\0')
                n++;
                m++;
            // if the sequence of characters matching with the length of searched string
           if (m == len \&\& (s1[n] == ' ' || s1[n] == ' \0'))
                         //we find our search string.
                times++; //count the frequency of word
        else
        { // if first character of search string DOES NOT match
           while (s1[n] != ' ')
                n++;
                if (s1[n] == '\0')
                    break;
           }
        m = 0; // reset the counter to start from first character of the search string.
   int flag = 0;
   if (times > 0)
        //printf("\n'%s' appears %d time(s)\n", s2, times);
        flag = 1;
   else
    {
        //printf("\n'%s' does not appear in the sentence.\n", s2);
    return flag;
```

#### Output:

```
Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS> cd "c:\Users\hp\Desktop\lab files DS\lab3\"; if ($?) { g++ que6.cpp -o que6 }; if ($?) { .\que6 }
Enter size: 2
Enter data of employee 1
Enter ID201

Enter namePalash

Enter CityGuna
Enter data of employee 2
Enter ID202

Enter nameRahul

Enter CityBhopal

Before sorting:
201 Palash Guna
202 Rahul Bhopal
After sorting:
201 Palash Guna
202 Rahul Bhopal
```