Jaypee University of Engineering and Technology, Guna

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Object Oriented Programming Lab (18B17CI271)

Lab Exercise-2

(Revisiting C Programming)

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Question 1.

1. Write a function that will return the length of a character string using pointer. You are not allowed to use the strlen C library function.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int len(char *len)
{
    int i;
    for ( i = 0; len[i] != '\0'; i++);
    return i;
}
int main()
{
    char str[100];
    printf("Enter your string \n");
    gets(str);
    printf("The Lenght of the string : %d\n",len(str));
    return 0;
}
```

```
PROBLEMS (1) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
Windows PowerShell
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Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS D:\college stuff\sem2\OOP\lab2> cd "d:\college stuff\sem2\OOP\lab2\" ; if ($?) { gcc que1.c -o que1 } ; if ($?) { .\que1 }
Enter your string
palash mishra
The Lenght of the string : 13
PS D:\college stuff\sem2\OOP\lab2> _____
```

Question 2.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void minmax(int arr[], int length, int *min, int *max)
    int temp;
    for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < length - 1; j++)
            if (arr[j] < arr[j + 1])</pre>
                temp = arr[j];
                arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
                arr[j + 1] = temp;
    *min = arr[length-1];
    *max = arr[0];
int main()
    int len, max, min;
    printf("Enter the length : \n");
    scanf("%d", &len);
    int arr[len];
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i++)
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    int *ptr = arr;
    minmax(ptr, len, &min, &max);
    printf("The Maximum Value is : %d \nThe Minimum Value is : %d",max,min);
    return 0;
```

Output:

```
Windows PowerShell
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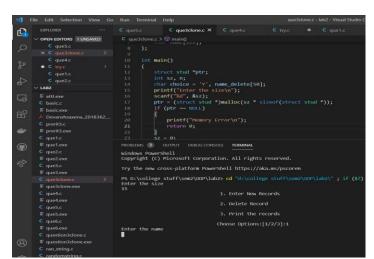
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS D:\college stuff\sem2\00P\lab2> cd "d:\college stuff\sem2\00P\lab2\"; if ($?) { gcc que2.c -o que2 }; if ($?) { .\que2 }
Enter the length:
10
1
2
4
8
9
6
5
7
7
1
The Maximum Value is: 9
The Minimum Value is: 9
The Minimum Value is: 1
PS D:\college stuff\sem2\00P\lab2> |
```

Question 3.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <string.h>
struct stud
    char name[100];
};
int main()
    struct stud *ptr;
    int sz, n;
    char choice = 'Y', name_delete[50];
    printf("Enter the size\n");
    scanf("%d", &sz);
    ptr = (struct stud *)malloc(sz * sizeof(struct stud *));
    if (ptr == NULL)
    {
        printf("Memory Error\n");
        return 0;
    sz = 0;
    while (choice != 'N')
        printf("\t\t\t");
        printf(" 1. Enter New Records\n\n");
```

```
printf("\t\t\t\t");
printf(" 2. Delete Record\n\n");
printf("\t\t\t");
printf(" 3. Print the records\n\n");
printf("\t\t\t");
printf("Choose Options:[1/2/3]:");
scanf("%d", &n);
switch (n)
case 1:
    printf("Enter the name\n");
   fflush(stdin);
    gets((ptr + sz)->name);
    SZ++;
   break;
case 2:
    printf("Enter the name to be deleted\n");
   fflush(stdin);
    gets(name_delete);
    int k = -1;
    for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++)
        if (strcmp(name_delete, (ptr + i)->name) == 0)
            k = i;
            break;
    if (k == -1)
        printf("ERROR\n");
    else
        for (int j = k; j < sz - 1; j++)
            strcpy((ptr + j)->name, (ptr + j + 1)->name);
        SZ--;
        ptr = (struct stud *)realloc(ptr, sz * sizeof(struct stud *));
   break;
case 3:
    printf("Names of the students are\n");
    if (sz == 0)
        printf("ERROR\n");
    else
        for (int i = 0; i < sz; i++)
```



```
PROBLEMS (3) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

1. Enter New Records

2. Delete Record

3. Print the records

Choose Options:[1/2/3]:2

Enter the name to be deleted dhoni
Enter 'Y' to continue or 'N' to stop

Y

1. Enter New Records

2. Delete Record

3. Print the records

Choose Options:[1/2/3]:3

Names of the students are Palash shirley
Enter 'Y' to continue or 'N' to stop
```

```
PROBLEMS 3 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

2. Delete Record

3. Print the records

Choose Options:[1/2/3]:1

Enter the name
shirley
Enter 'Y' to continue or 'N' to stop

Y

1. Enter New Records

2. Delete Record

3. Print the records

Choose Options:[1/2/3]:3

Names of the students are
Palash
dhoni
shirley
Enter 'Y' to continue or 'N' to stop
```

```
PROBLEMS 3 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

Choose Options:[1/2/3]:1

Enter the name
dhoni
Enter 'Y' to continue or 'N' to stop
Y

1. Enter New Records
2. Delete Record
3. Print the records

Choose Options:[1/2/3]:1

Enter the name
shirley
Enter 'Y' to continue or 'N' to stop
Y

1. Enter New Records
2. Delete Record
3. Print the records
4. Print the records
6. Delete Record
7. Print the records
6. Choose Options:[1/2/3]:
```

Question 4.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
void printRandoms(int up , int down ,
                  int nums )
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < nums; i++)
        int num = (rand() %
                   (up - down + 1)) +
        printf("%d ", num);
int main()
    int m,n,num_s;
printf("Enter the upper bound : \n");
scanf("%d",&m);
printf("Enter the lower bound : \n");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Enter value that how many random numbers you want : \n");
scanf("%d",&num_s);
    srand(time(0));
    printRandoms(m,n,num_s);
    return 0;
```

```
Windows PowerShell
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Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS D:\college stuff\sem2\00P\lab2> cd "d:\college stuff\sem2\00P\lab2\"; if ($?) { gcc que4.c -0 que4 }; if ($?) { .\que4 } Enter the upper bound :

50
Enter the lower bound :

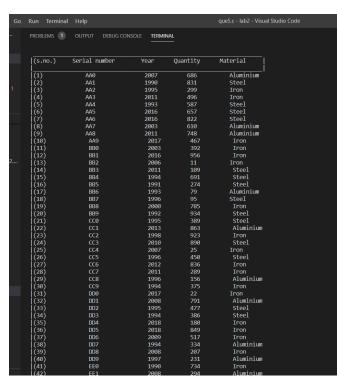
10
Enter value that how many random numbers you want :

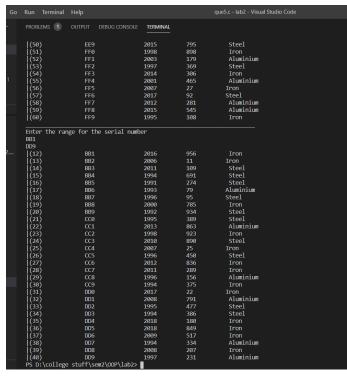
1
39
PS D:\college stuff\sem2\00P\lab2> ■
```

Question 5.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
char *random_ser();
char str[60][3];
char ch = 'A', ch2 = '0';
int n = 0, k;
typedef struct company
{ char ser_num[4];
   int year;
    char material[20];
    int qty;
} com;
int main()
   int q;
    srand(time(0));
    int num;
    com arr[60];
    for (int i = 0; i < 60; i++)
        q = rand() \% 3;
        strcpy(arr[i].ser_num, random_ser());
        arr[i].year = (rand() % (2018 - 1990 + 1)) + 1990;
        if (q == 0)
            strcpy(arr[i].material, "Steel
        else if (q == 1)
            strcpy(arr[i].material, "Aluminium");
            strcpy(arr[i].material, "Iron
        arr[i].qty = (rand() % (1000 - 1 + 1)) + 1;
    printf("
                                                                                   \n");
    printf("|(s.no.)
                                             Year
                                                       Quantity
                                                                     Material
                                                                                   \n");
    printf("|_
                                                                                   |\n");
    for (int j = 0; j < 60; j++)
        printf("|(%d)
                                 %s
                                                             %d
1, arr[j].ser_num, arr[j].year, arr[j].qty, arr[j].material);
    printf("_
                                                                                 \n");
    char ser1[3], ser2[3];
    printf("Enter the range for the serial number\n");
    gets(ser1);
    gets(ser2);
    int s, e;
    for (k = 0; 1; k++)
    if (arr[k].ser_num[1] == ser1[1] && arr[k].ser_num[2] == ser1[2])
```

```
s = k;
    if (arr[k].ser_num[1] == ser2[1] && arr[k].ser_num[2] == ser2[2])
            e = k;
            break;
    for (int z = s; z \leftarrow e; z++)
        printf("|(%d)
                                                    %d
                                                                %d
1, arr[z].ser_num, arr[z].year, arr[z].qty, arr[z].material);
return 0;
char *random_ser()
    char *ptr;
    int i, j;
    for (j = 0; j < 3; j++)
        str[i][j] = ch2;
        if (j < 2)
            str[i][j] = ch;
    ch2++;
    n++;
   while (n > 9)
        n -= 10;
        ch++;
        ch2 = '0';
    ptr = str;
    return ptr;
```





Question 6.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
    int N, t_case, sum = 0;
    printf("Enter the number of test cases : \n");
    scanf("%d", &t_case);
    for (int i = 1; i <= t_case; i++)
        printf("Enter the size \n");
        scanf("%d", &N);
        int arr[N];
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
            scanf("%d", &arr[j]);
        sum = ((N + 1) * (N + 2)) / 2;
        for (int k = 0; k < N; k++)
            printf("%d ", arr[k]);
            sum = sum - arr[k];
        printf("Missing element is : %d", sum);
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
```

```
PS D:\college stuff\sem2\OOP\lab2> cd "d:\college stuff\sem2\OOP\lab2\"; if ($?) { gcc que6.c -o que6 }; if ($?) { .\que6 }
Enter the number of test cases :

2
Enter the size
4
1
2
3
5
12 3 5 Missing element is : 4
Enter the size
9
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
8
10
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10 Missing element is : 9
PS D:\college stuff\sem2\OOP\lab2> ■
```