Jaypee University of Engineering and Technology, Guna Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Object Oriented Programming Lab (18B17Cl271)



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Question 1.

Write a program with a mother class and a derived daughterclass. Bothof them should have a method void display ()that prints a message (different for mother and daughter). In the main function declare an object of class daughter and call the display() method on it. Also suitably invoke the display() function of mother class using this object of class daughter.

Answer:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Mother
public:
    void display()
        cout << "I Belong's to Mother's Class\n";</pre>
};
class Daughter : public Mother
public:
    void display()
        cout << "I Belong's to Daughter's Class\n";</pre>
};
int main()
    Daughter D;
    D.display();
    D.Mother::display();
    return 0;
```

Question 2.

Consider an example of declaring the examination result. Design three classes: Student, Exam, and Result. The Student class has data members representing roll number, name. Create the class Exam by inheriting Student class. The Exam class adds fields (data members) representing the marks scored in six subjects. Derive the Result from the Exam class, and it has its own fields such as total_marks. Write an interactive program to model this relationship.

Answer:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Student
    int roll no;
    char name[20];
public:
    void getdata()
        cout << "Enter Name \n";</pre>
        cin >> name;
        cout << "\nEnter Roll Number : \n";</pre>
        cin >> roll_no;
    void show()
        cout << "roll_no : " << roll_no << "\t"</pre>
              << "Name :" << name << endl;</pre>
};
class Exam : public Student
public:
    int Eng, phy, chem, bio, math, hindi;
    void input()
        cout << "Enter the marks of students in the six subjects\n";</pre>
        cout << "Eng, phy, chem, bio, math, hindi;\n";</pre>
        cin >> Eng >> phy >> chem >> bio >> math >> hindi;
};
class Result : public Exam
```

```
int total_marks;

public:
    int total()
    {
        total_marks = Eng + phy + chem + bio + math + hindi;
        return total_marks;
    }
    void display()
    {
        cout << "\nThe total of marks : " << total();
    }
};
int main()
{
    Result R;
    R.getdata();
    R.show();
    R.input();
    R.display();
}</pre>
```

Question 3.

There is a class student, that stores name of school or university from which he is enrolled and name of highest degree he has obtained so far. It has the function to get and display the members. Design a class Employee with name and employee number. Derive Manager, Scientist and Laborer classesfrom class. The manager class Employee has extra attribute title(string type)and dues(float type). The scientist class has extra attributes number of publications. The Laborer class has nothing extra. The classes have necessary functions for set and information.The scientist display the manager and are studentsof a university also. Use inheritance. Test your program by creating objects of type manager, scientists and laborer.

Answer:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class student
    char n_of_s[40];
    char degree[30];
public:
    void gdata()
        cout << "\nEnter name of school/university : ";</pre>
        cin >> n of s;
        cout << "\nEnter name of highest degree : ";</pre>
        cin >> degree;
    void sdata()
        cout << "University : " << n_of_s << endl;</pre>
        cout << "Highest degree: " << degree << endl;</pre>
};
class employee
    int no;
    char name[20];
public:
   void getdata()
```

```
cout << "Enter Number : ";</pre>
        cin >> no;
         cout << "\nEnter Name : ";</pre>
         cin >> name;
        cout << endl;</pre>
    void showData()
         cout << "employee no.: " << no << endl;</pre>
        cout << "name of employee : " << name << endl;</pre>
};
class manager : public employee, public student
    char title[40];
    float dues;
public:
    void get()
        cout << "\nEnter title : ";</pre>
        cin >> title;
        cout << "\nEnter dues : ";</pre>
        cin >> dues;
        cout << endl;</pre>
    void show()
    {
        cout << "\ntitle : " << title;</pre>
        cout << "\ndues : " << dues;</pre>
};
class scientist : public employee, public student
    int n_of_publ;
public:
    void enter()
        cout << "\nEnter Number of Publications: ";</pre>
        cin >> n_of_publ;
    void display()
         cout << "\nNo. of publications :" << n_of_publ;</pre>
```

```
class laborer : public employee
};
int main()
    manager mn;
    mn.gdata();
    mn.sdata();
    mn.getdata();
    mn.showData();
    mn.get();
    mn.show();
    scientist st;
    st.gdata();
    st.sdata();
    st.getdata();
    st.showData();
    st.enter();
    st.display();
    laborer lb;
    lb.getdata();
    lb.showData();
    return 0;
```

Question 4.

An educational institution wishes to maintain a database of its employees. The database is divided into a number of classes whose hierarchical relationships are shown in Fig.1. The figure also shows the minimum information required for each class. Specify all the classes and define methods to create the database and retrieve individual information as and when required.

Answer:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class staff
protected:
    int code;
    string name;
public:
    void sinput()
        cout << "\nEnter code : ";</pre>
        cin >> code;
        cout << "\nEnter name : ";</pre>
        cin >> name;
    void idisplay()
        cout
             << "\nCode : " << code;
        cout << "\nName : " << name;</pre>
};
class teacher : public staff
protected:
    string sub;
    string pub;
public:
    void tinput()
         sinput();
        cout << "\nEnter subject : ";</pre>
        cin >> sub;
```

```
cout << "\nEnter publication : ";</pre>
        cin >> pub;
    void tdisplay()
        idisplay();
        cout << "\nSubject : " << sub;</pre>
        cout << "\nPublication : " << pub;</pre>
};
class officer : public staff
protected:
    string g;
public:
    void oinput()
        sinput();
        cout << "\nEnter grade : ";</pre>
        cin >> g;
    void odisplay()
        idisplay();
        cout << "\nGrade : " << g;</pre>
};
class typist : public staff
protected:
    double s;
public:
    void tpinput()
        sinput();
        cout << "\nEnter speed : ";</pre>
        cin >> s;
    void tydisplay()
        idisplay();
        cout << "\nSpeed " << s;</pre>
class regular : public typist
```

```
protected:
    double sal;
public:
    void input()
        tpinput();
        cout << "\nEnter monthly salary : ";</pre>
        cin >> sal;
    void display()
        tydisplay();
        cout << "\nSalary : " << sal;</pre>
};
class causal : public typist
protected:
    double sal;
public:
    void input()
        tpinput();
        cout << "\nEnter daily salary : ";</pre>
        cin >> sal;
    void display()
        tydisplay();
        cout << "\nSalary : " << sal;</pre>
};
int main()
    int ch, ch2;
    cout << "\nEnter 1 for teacher";</pre>
    cout << "\nEnter 2 for typist";</pre>
    cout << "\nEnter 3 for officer";</pre>
    cout << "\nEnter your choice : ";</pre>
    cin >> ch;
    if (ch == 1)
        teacher t;
        t.tinput();
        t.tdisplay();
```

```
else if (ch == 3)
    officer o;
    o.oinput();
    o.odisplay();
else if (ch == 2)
    cout << "\nEnter 1 for regular";</pre>
    cout << "\nEnter 2 for causal";</pre>
    cout << "\nEnter your choice : ";</pre>
    cin >> ch2;
    if (ch2 == 1)
        regular r;
        r.input();
        r.display();
    else if (ch2 == 2)
        causal c;
        c.input();
        c.display();
return 0;
```



