# MAHARASHTRA AT A GLANCE

# Census of India 2011



Release of provisional population totals of Maharashtra State

1st April, 2011

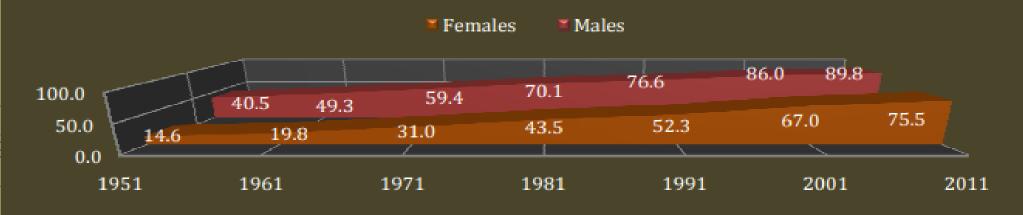
SAHYADRI, STATE GUEST HOUSE MALBAR HILL, MUMBAI-400 006

#### The State as Seen in India

- Next to UP, Maharashtra with 11,23,72,972 population is the second largest state in India in terms of size of population and Bihar with 10,38,04,637 is in the third position.
- ❖The growth rate during 2001-11 is 15.99% in the state is less than the same at national level which is 17.64%.
- In terms of growth rate Maharashtra stands at 21st rank in India.
- ❖In terms of sex ratio the state in 22<sup>nd</sup> rank with 925 females per 1000 males against 940 at national level.
- Child sex ratio is 883 females per 1000 males against 940 national level.
- The state with literacy rate 82.9% against the national average of 74.0% stands at 12<sup>th</sup> rank in the country.
- The density of population is 365 persons per sq. Km. as compared to 382 at national level
- The proportion of children in age 0 to 6 years is 11.43% against 13.12% at national level.

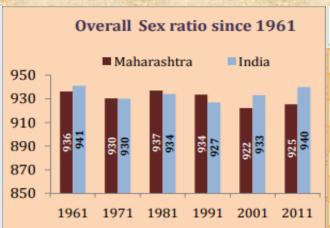
Child sex ratio below 850			
District	2001	2011	
Bid	894	801	
Jalgaon	880	829	
Ahmadnagar	884	839	
Buldana	908	842	
Kolhapur	839	845	
Jalna	903	847	
Aurangabad	890	848	
Child Sex Rati			
District	2001	2011	
Ratnagiri	952	940	
Gondiya	958	944	
Chandrapur	939	945	
Gadchiroli	966	956	

### Litaracy rates since 1951



# **Sex Composition**

- \* The rate of growth is 15.8% for males and 16.2% for females.
- \* A relatively higher female growth brought some improvement in sex ratio.
- Sex ratio has increased from 922 to 925 during this 2001-11.
- But the child sex ratio(age 0-6 years) is decreasing since 1991.
- Child sex ratio has come down to 883 in 2011 from 913 in 2001.



### **Population Growth**

- The state has recorded 11,23,72,972 population with growth rate 15.99% over 2001 census. This was 22.73 during 1991-01.
- This shows reduction in growth rate by 6.74% points.
- Total density is 365 persons per sq. Km. as compared to 315 in 2001.
- First time, after 1921, Ratnagiri and Sindhudurg registered have negative growth rate -4.96% and 2.30% respectively.
- Mumbai, has recorded negative growth rate of -5.75% in 2011.
- Highest rate of growth is in Thane (35.9%) followed by Pune (30.3%).

Population	2001	2011
Total Population		
Persons	9,68,78,627	11,23,72,972
Males	5,04,00,596	5,83,61,397
Females	4,64,78,031	5,40,11,575
0-6 Population		
Persons	1,36,71,126	1,28,48,375
Males	71,46,432	68,22,262
Females	65,24,694	60,26,113
Literates		
Persons	6,39,65,943	8,25,12,225
Males	3,71,84,963	4,62,94,041
Females	2,67,80,980	3,62,18,184

District with Higher sev

High growth rate		District with Higher sex		
(Above 2	0 percent)	ratio		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		District	Sex ratio	
District	Growth rate	Ratnagiri	1123	
Thane	+ 35.	Sindhudurg	1037	
Pune	+ 30.	-		
Acceptant	. 27	Gondiya	996	
Aurangabad	+ 27.	Satara	986	
Nandurbar *	+ 25.	Bhandara	984	
Nashik	+ 22.	Gadchiroli		
Jalna	+ 21.	Gadchiroii	975	
Parbhani		Nandurbar	972	
Paronani	+ 20.			
Magativa	growth rate	Sex Ratio below 900		
Negative growth rate		District	Sex ratio	
(Less than 0%)		District	Jex latio	
District Growth rate		Mumbai	838	
District	Growth rate			
Sindhudurg	- 2.30	Mumbai	857	

- 4.96

- 5.75

Ratnagiri

Mumbai

(Suburban)

880

Thane

## Scenario In Districts.

- Thane is the biggest district with population 1,10,54,131 and constitutes about 9.84% of total population of the state.
- Next to Thane, Pune and Mumbai (suburban) are the bigger districts with population 94,26,959 (8.4%) and 93,32,481 (8.3%) respectively.
- In 2001, Mumbai (sub-urban) was on the top with 8.9% share in the total states population.
  - Sindhudurg is the smallest district with population 8,48,868 which is barely 0.8% of states population.
- Next to Sindhudurg, Gadchiroli is the small district with a share of only 1%.
- Hingoli, Washim and Bhandara with a share of population 1.1% each are the other small districts.

# Child sex ratio1991-2011

