# **Supervised learning - Task 2 for TSF Internship**

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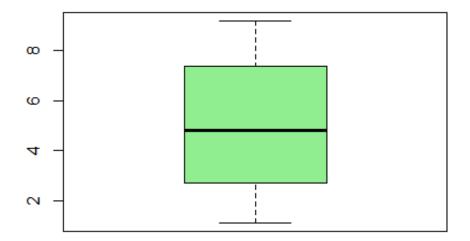
#### 10/08/2020

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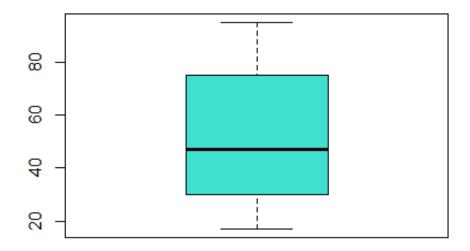
- 1. Import Data
- 2. EDA (Univariate and Bivariate analysis)
- 3. Correlation check
- 4. Data splicing
- 5. Build Linear regression model
- 6. Check Prediction

```
#Import libraries
library(ggplot2)
library(coefplot)
library(corrplot)
library(psych)
library(tidyverse)
library(MASS)
library(lattice)
library(DataExplorer)
library(ModelMetrics)
library(lmtest)
library(caret)
library(recipes)
library(caTools)
library(Hmisc)
library(GGally)
```

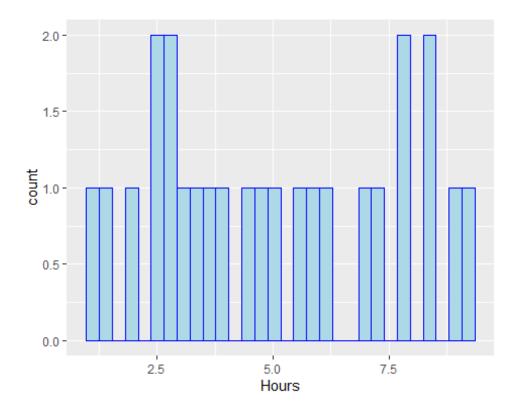
```
#Import data
setwd("P:/R file")
getwd()
## [1] "P:/R file"
library(readr)
Score_data <- read.csv("Student_score.csv")</pre>
view(Score_data)
str(Score_data)
## 'data.frame': 25 obs. of 2 variables:
## $ Hours : num 2.5 5.1 3.2 8.5 3.5 1.5 9.2 5.5 8.3 2.7 ...
## $ Scores: int 21 47 27 75 30 20 88 60 81 25 ...
summary(Score_data)
##
       Hours
                       Scores
## Min.
          :1.100
                   Min.
                          :17.00
## 1st Qu.:2.700
                   1st Qu.:30.00
## Median :4.800
                   Median :47.00
## Mean
         :5.012
                   Mean
                          :51.48
## 3rd Qu.:7.400
                   3rd Qu.:75.00
## Max.
          :9.200
                   Max.
                         :95.00
dim(Score_data)
## [1] 25 2
names(Score_data)
## [1] "Hours" "Scores"
attach(Score_data)
#EDA
#Univariate and Bivariate analysis
boxplot(Hours, col = "lightgreen")
```



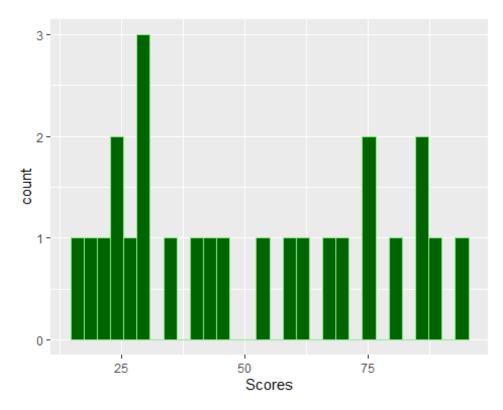
# boxplot(Scores, col = "turquoise")



ggplot(Score\_data, aes(x= Hours)) + geom\_histogram(bins = 30, fill = "lightbl
ue",col = "blue")

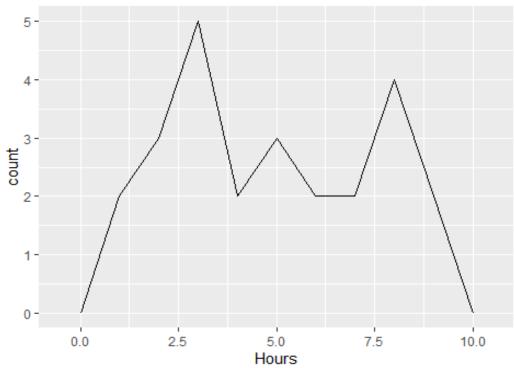


ggplot(Score\_data, aes(x = Scores)) + geom\_histogram(bins = 30, fill = "darkg
reen", col = "lightgreen")



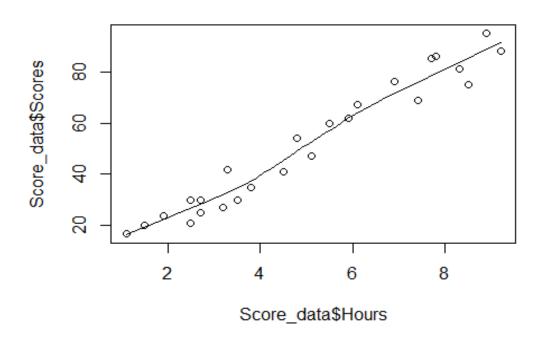
```
ggplot(Score_data, aes(Hours, colour = Scores)) +
  geom_freqpoly(binwidth = 1) + labs(title="Score Distribution by Hours")
```

# Score Distribution by Hours

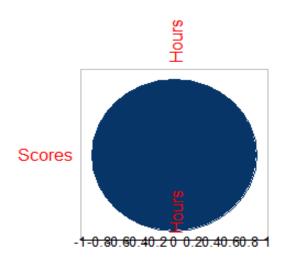


scatter.smooth(x=Score\_data\$Hours, y=Score\_data\$Scores, main="Scores ~ Hours")

### Scores ~ Hours

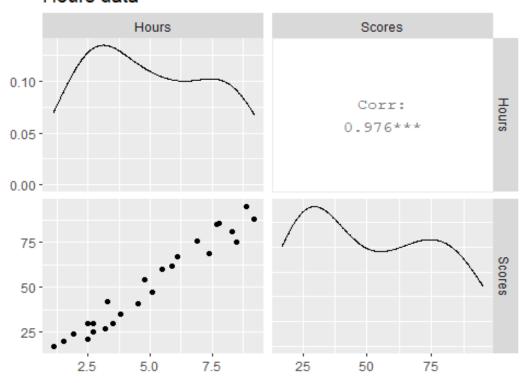


```
#Correlation
Score.cor = cor(Score_data)
Score.cor = cor(Score_data, method = c("pearson"))
library(Hmisc)
Score.rcorr = rcorr(as.matrix(Score_data))
Score.rcorr
##
          Hours Scores
           1.00
                  0.98
## Hours
## Scores 0.98
                  1.00
##
## n= 25
##
##
## P
##
          Hours Scores
## Hours
## Scores 0
corrplot(Score.cor, type="lower", diag = FALSE)
```



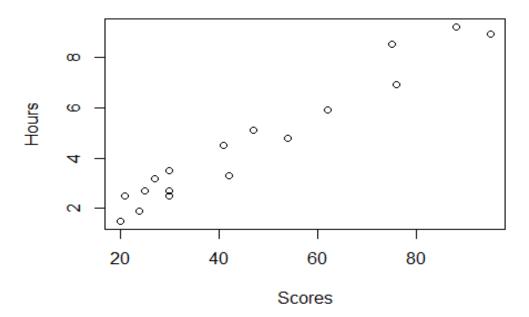
ggpairs(data=Score\_data, columns=1:2, title="Hours data")

# Hours data



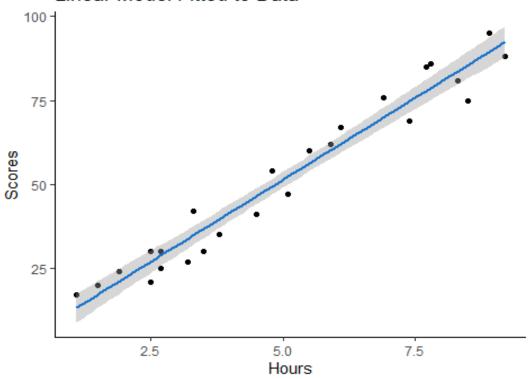
```
cor(Score_data$Hours, Score_data$Scores)
## [1] 0.9761907
#Data splicing
#Data is split into 2 part Train and Test with 70:30 ratio.
split <- sample.split(Score_data$Scores, SplitRatio = 0.70)</pre>
length(split)
## [1] 25
train<-subset(Score data, split == TRUE)</pre>
test<-subset(Score data, split == FALSE)</pre>
#Model building
#Simple Linear Regression
set.seed(123)
Mod1 <- lm(Scores ~ ., data = train)
summary(Mod1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Scores ~ ., data = train)
## Residuals:
      Min
              10 Median
                            30
                                   Max
## -8.921 -4.675 1.535 3.448 7.798
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 2.6486
                            2.9452
                                     0.899
                                               0.383
## Hours
                 9.5615
                            0.5698 16.779 3.95e-11 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 5.696 on 15 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9494, Adjusted R-squared: 0.946
## F-statistic: 281.6 on 1 and 15 DF, p-value: 3.949e-11
```

```
#Model plots
with(train,plot(Scores, Hours))
   abline(0, 1)
```



```
#Fitted line
ggplot(data = Score_data, aes(x = Hours, y = Scores)) +
geom_point() +
stat_smooth(method = "lm", col = "dodgerblue3") +
theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "white"),
axis.line.x=element_line(),
axis.line.y=element_line()) +
ggtitle("Linear Model Fitted to Data")
```

### Linear Model Fitted to Data



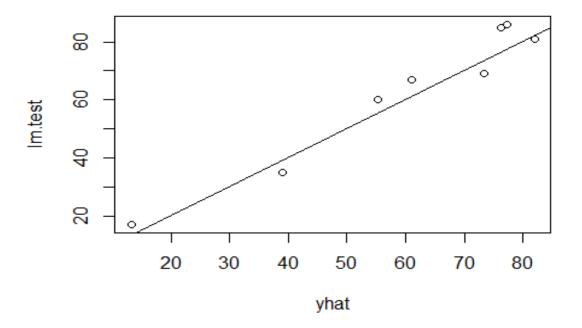
```
#K fold validation
set.seed(123)
train.control <- trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10)</pre>
#Train the model
model <- train(Scores~., data = train, method = "lm", trControl = train.contr</pre>
ol)
print(model)
## Linear Regression
##
## 17 samples
  1 predictor
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 15, 15, 15, 16, 15, 16, ...
## Resampling results:
##
##
     RMSE
               Rsquared MAE
##
     6.048492 1
                          5.73039
```

```
##
## Tuning parameter 'intercept' was held constant at a value of TRUE

#Predict MSE
yhat = predict(Mod1,newdata= test)
lm.test=test$Scores # These are the actual values
lm.test # Take a quick look

## [1] 60 81 85 17 67 69 35 86

plot(yhat,lm.test) # Let's plot predicted vs. actual
abline(0,1) # And draw a line
```



```
mean((yhat-lm.test)^2) # And calculate the MSE

## [1] 32.88531

#Calculate RMSE, MAE score on Test data
predictions <- predict(Mod1, test)
postResample(test$Scores, predictions)

## RMSE Rsquared MAE
## 5.7345714 0.9544756 5.1896996</pre>
```