Connected to Python 3.11.7

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In [ ]:
        Final Project: Pet Matcher Driver
        STUDENT: Pamela Alvarez
        SEMESTER: Fall 2023
        import constants
        def validate_input(prompt: str) -> int:
            Ensures that the user provides a valid answer: 1, 2 or 3. If an invalid answer
            is entered, a custom message prints to the user and prompts them to provide an
            Args:
                prompt (str): a string containing the message to be printed to the user.
                The user will respond to this message with a 1, 2 or 3. If anything else is
                the user is prompted to choose a valid answer.
            Returns:
                int: the integer value 1, 2 or 3 based on the user's answer
            user_answer = input(prompt)
            if user answer.isnumeric():
                number = int(user_answer)
                if number > 0 and number < 4:</pre>
                    return number
                else:
                    print("Your answer must be 1, 2, or 3.")
                    return validate_input(prompt) # provide the same prompt to user until
            else:
                print("Your answer cannot contain letters. It must be the whole number '1',
                return validate input(prompt) # provide the same prompt to user until a va
        def get_prompt_answers() -> list:
            Obtains the user's response to each prompt. Asks the prompts in a rotating
            order, starting with a prompt for Pet A, then a prompt for Pet B, and so on
            until all prompts have been asked. Stores the ordered answers in a list. Return
            Args:
                None
            Returns:
                list [int]: a list of integers. Each integer is the user's response to a pr
                    The order of the elements in this list is [answer_A, answer_B, answer_C
                    in this pattern until an answer for all prompts is obtained.
            for i in range(0, constants.NUMBER_OF_PROMPTS): # the loop iterations must lin
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answer_A = validate_input(constants.PET_A_PROMPTS[i]) # rotate through the
        answer_C = validate_input(constants.PET_C_PROMPTS[i]) # a pet category are
        answer B = validate input(constants.PET B PROMPTS[i])
        answer_D = validate_input(constants.PET_D_PROMPTS[i])
        list.extend([answer_A, answer_B, answer_C, answer_D]) # keep the list in a
                                                               # for each pet cate
   return list
def sum_results(list: [int], index: int) -> int:
   Takes a list of integers and sums the every 4th element, starting with the
   first element at the index value provided.
   Example:
   >>> sum_results([1, 2, 2, 3, 1, 2, 2, 1, 3, 1, 3, 3], 2)
   Args:
      list [int]: a list consisting of integers.
      index (int): the index of the first element in the list to be added to the t
   Returns:
        int: the sum of every 4th element in the list, starting at the index provid
   final_score = list[index]
   while index < (len(list) - 4): #subtract 4 because there are 4 total pet categ
                                    # add 4 because there are 4 pet categories. Eve
        final_score += list[index] # the starting index will correspond to the sam
   return final score
def log_scores(list: [int]) -> dict:
   Takes a list of integers containing the user answers and returns a
   dictionary where each key is a pet type and each value is the corresponding
   sum of the user's answers.
   Example:
   constants.PET A = Cat
   constants.PET B = Reptile
   constants.PET_C = Hamster
   constants.PET_D = Rabbit
   >>> log_scores([2, 3, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 3])
   {'Cat': 4, 'Reptile': 5, 'Hamster': 2, 'Rabbit': 4}
   Args:
      list [int]: a list consisting of integers. These are the user's answers to o
        dict {str: int}: a dictionary where each key is a pet type, and each value
            of the user's responses to this pet type's prompts.
   results = {}
   results[constants.PET_A] = sum_results(list, 0) # according to the list order
   results[constants.PET_B] = sum_results(list, 1) # we know the exact starting i
   results[constants.PET_C] = sum_results(list, 2) # has its first value stored i
   results[constants.PET_D] = sum_results(list, 3)
    return results
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def find_pet_match(dict: {str: int}) -> list:
   Takes a dictionary and finds the highest value in the dictionary. Returns a lis
   where each element is a key corresponding to the highest value in the dictionar
   If the highest score is 10, and only one pet type has that value, only that pet
   is returned in the list. If there is a tie, then all the pet types with the tie
    score are returned in the list.
   Example:
   sample = {'Cat': 4, 'Reptile': 5, 'Hamster': 2, 'Rabbit': 4}
   >>> find_pet_match(sample)
   ['Reptile']
   Args:
         dict {str: int}: a dictionary where each key is a pet type, and each value
            of the user's responses to this pet type's prompts.
   Returns:
        list [str]: a list containing the key(s) in the dictionary with the highest
            is a tie for the highest value, all the keys with that value are return
   max_score = max(dict.values())
   match = [] # build a list to store the keys in because there may be ties for h
   for key in dict:
        if dict[key] == max_score:
            match.append(key)
   return match
def print_pet_match(list) -> None:
   Takes a list and prints the contents to the user. If only one element is in the
   message for one pet match is printed. If more than one element is in the list,
   for multiple pet matches is printed.
   Example:
   sample = [Cat]
   >>> print pet match(sample)
    'Hooray! Your pet match is:
   Cat'
   Args:
         list [str]: a list of one or more strings, representing the user's pet mat
   Returns:
       None. Prints a message to let the user know their pet matches.
    if len(list) > 1:
                            # if the list built in find_pet_match() has more than
        separator = " and " # more than one pet matches, so our printout message m
        matches = separator.join(list)
        print("Wow! You matched with the following pet types:")
        print(matches)
   else:
        print("Hooray! Your pet match is:")
        print(list[0])
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def print_pet_info(list: [str]) -> None:
   Takes a list containing the user's pet matches and prints corresponding
   information to the terminal based on the pet match.
   Args:
        list [str]: a list of one or more strings, representing the user's pet match
   Returns:
       None. If a pet type is in the list, prints information about that pet type
   print("Here is some information about your pet match:")
   if constants.PET_A in list:
                                   # go through each if statement sequentially be
        print(constants.PET_A_INFO) # any combination of pet matches, and we want
                                    # for each pet category that was matched
   if constants.PET_B in list:
        print(constants.PET_B_INFO)
   if constants.PET_C in list:
        print(constants.PET_C_INFO)
   if constants.PET D in list:
        print(constants.PET_D_INFO)
def main() -> None:
   Runs pet matching program. A welcome message introduces the program
   to the user. A series of prompts will then print to terminal. After each prompt
   user must enter a number: 1, 2 or 3 in order to receive the next prompt.
   If an invalid value is entered, message to user regarding answer requirements p
   and user is provided the same prompt until a valid answer is provided.
   Each prompt corresponds to one of four possible pet categories. The answers to
   logged. Once all prompts have been answered the total sums for each pet categor
   The pet category with the highest final score is printed to the terminal. It is
   than one pet category if there is a tie for the highest score. Information about
   is printed to the terminal.
   Args:
       None.
    Returns:
       None. Prints a series of messages to the terminal for the user.
   print(constants.WELCOME_MESSAGE) # introduce program and provide instructions
   user_answers = get_prompt_answers() # collect user answers to each prompt, one
   results = log_scores(user_answers) # store the results in a dictionary
   pet match = find pet match(results) # compare the total scores for each pet cd
   print_pet_match(pet_match) # share results with the user
   print_pet_info(pet_match) # share additional information about the user's pet
   print(constants.GOODBYE_MESSAGE) # goodbye message for user
if __name__ == "__main__":
   main()
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Welcome to the Pet Matcher!
       You will receive a series of prompts that will determine the best pet for you!
       Answer each prompt with a 1, 2, or 3, using the guide below.
       1 -- I don't agree with this at all
       2 -- I'm not sure how I feel about this
       3 -- I totally agree with this
       Hooray! Your pet match is:
       TestD
       Here is some information about your pet match:
       test d1
       test d2
       Thank you for using the Pet Matcher!
In [ ]: print(get_prompt_answers())
       [1, 3, 2, 3, 1, 3, 2, 3, 1, 3, 2, 3]
In [ ]: print(log_scores([1, 3, 2, 3, 1, 3, 2, 3, 1, 3, 2, 3]))
       {'TestA': 3, 'TestB': 9, 'TestC': 6, 'TestD': 9}
In [ ]: print(find_pet_match({'TestA': 3, 'TestB': 9, 'TestC': 6, 'TestD': 9}))
       ['TestB', 'TestD']
In [ ]: print(print_pet_match(['TestB', 'TestD']))
       Wow! You matched with the following pet types:
       TestB and TestD
       None
In [ ]: print(print_pet_info(['TestB', 'TestD']))
       Here is some information about your pet match:
       test b1
       test b2
       test b3
       test b4
       test d1
       test d2
       None
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