

- T3. (1) 真 (2) 假 (3) 真 (4) 真  
(5) 真 (6) 假 (7) 真 (8) 假

- T4. (1) 假 反例:  $A = \{a\}$   $B = \{b\}$   $C = \{\{a\}\}$   
(2) 假 反例:  $A = \{a\}$   $B = \{\{a\}\}$   $C = \{\{a\}\}$   
(3) 假 反例:  $A = \{a\}$   $B = \{a, b\}$   $C = \{\{a\}\}$

- T5. (1) 真  
(2) 假 反例:  $A = \{a\}$   $B = \{\{a\}\}$   $C = \{\{a\}, \{b\}\}$   
(3) 假 反例:  $A = \{a\}$   $B = \{a, b\}$   $C = \{\{a, b\}\}$

- T6. (1)  $2^{\{a, b, c\}} = \{\emptyset, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}, \{b, c\}, \{a, b, c\}\}$   
(2)  $2^{\{a, \{b, c\}\}} = \{\emptyset, \{a\}, \{\{b, c\}\}, \{a, \{b, c\}\}\}$   
(3)  $2^{\{\emptyset\}} = \{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\}$   
(4)  $2^{\{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\}} = \{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}, \{\{\emptyset\}\}, \{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\}\}$

T8. 证明: (1)  $(A \setminus B) \setminus C = (A \cap B') \cap C'$   

$$= A \cap (B' \cap C')$$

$$= A \cap (B \cup C)'$$

$$= A \setminus (B \cup C)$$

(2) 由(1)已知  $(A \setminus B) \setminus C = A \setminus (B \cup C)$



$$\begin{aligned}
 A \setminus (B \cup C) &= A \setminus [(B \cup C) \cap X] \\
 &= A \setminus [(B \cup C) \cap (C \cup C')] \\
 &= A \setminus [(C \cup B) \cap (C \cup C')] \\
 &= A \setminus [(C \cap C) \cup (B \cap C')] \\
 &= A \setminus [C \cup (B \cap C')] \quad (\text{由 (1) 得}) \\
 &= (A \setminus C) \setminus (B \cap C') \\
 &= (A \setminus C) \setminus (B \setminus C)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (3) \quad (A \setminus B) \setminus C &= A \setminus (B \cup C) \quad (\text{由 (1) 结论}) \\
 &= A \setminus (C \cup B) \\
 &= (A \setminus C) \setminus B \quad (\text{由 (1) 结论})
 \end{aligned}$$

T9. 证明: 循环论证.

① 证明  $A \subseteq B \Rightarrow A' \cup B = X$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 A' \cup B &= A' \cup (A \cup B) \quad (A \subseteq B) \\
 &= (A' \cup A) \cup B \quad (\text{交换律}) \\
 &= X \cup B = X
 \end{aligned}$$

② 证明  $A' \cup B = X \Rightarrow A \cap B' = \emptyset$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 A \cap B' &= (A')' \cap B' = (A' \cup B)' \\
 &= X' = \emptyset
 \end{aligned}$$

③ 证明  $A \cap B' = \emptyset \Rightarrow A \subseteq B$ :

$$A = A \cap X = A \cap (B \cup B') = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap B')$$



$$= (A \cap B) \cup \phi = A \cap B$$

$$\Rightarrow A \subseteq B$$

故命题  $A \subseteq B$ ,  $A' \cup B = X$ ,  $A \cap B' = \phi$  相互等价.

T10. (1) 不一定成立. 反例:  $A = \{a\}$ ,  $B = \{b\}$ ,  $C = \{a, b\}$

$$A \cup B = A \cup C = \{a, b\}, \text{ 但 } B \neq C.$$

(2) 不一定成立. 反例:  $A = \{a\}$ ,  $B = \{a\}$ ,  $C = \{a, b\}$ ,

$$A \cap B = A \cap C = \{a\}, \text{ 但 } B \neq C.$$