# **Green University of Bangladesh**

# **Department of Computer Science and Engineering**

## Midterm Assessment (Assignment with rubrics), Fall 2021

Course Code: MAT 201 Course Title: Statistics and Complex Variables
Full Marks: 10 Time: 24 Hours

Answer all the following questions:

[The values on the right-hand side indicate marks allocated for that question only and the [CO#] represents mapping of the question with one of the expected outcomes of the course.]

(a) A sample of 77 individuals working at a particular office was selected and the noise level [CO1]
 (dBA) experienced by each individual was determined, yielding the following data
 ("Acceptable Noise Levels for Construction Site Offices," Building Serv. Engr. Research and
 Technology, 2009: 87–94)

55.3	55.3	55.3	55.9	55.9	55.9	55.9	56.1	56.1	56.1	56.1	56.1	56.1
56.8	56.8	57.0	57.0	57.0	57.8	57.8	57.8	57.9	57.9	57.9	58.8	58.8
58.8	59.8	59.8	59.8	62.2	62.2	63.8	63.8	63.8	63.9	63.9	63.9	64.7
64.7	64.7	65.1	65.1	65.1	65.3	65.3	65.3	65.3	67.4	67.4	67.4	67.4
68.7	68.7	68.7	68.7	69.0	70.4	70.4	71.2	71.2	71.2	73	73	73.1
73.1	74.6	74.6	74.6	74.6	79.3	79.3	79.3	79.3	83	83	83	

Calculate an estimate of the mean of this distribution by short-cut method.

(b) From the following data calculate quartile deviation:

Profit (Lakhs)	No. of companies
0-9	25
10-19	100
20-29	175
30-39	74
40-49	66
50-59	35
60-69	5

[CO1] 2

2

#### **Rubrics for Question-1**

Marks	Level	Descriptions
4	Excellent	Gives a complete response with a clear, coherent and suitable explanation including strong arguments; identifies all the important elements of the problem with proper examples.
3.5	Very Good	Gives a complete response including strong arguments; identifies all the important elements of the problem without examples.
3	Good	Completes the problem but the explanation may be muddled; argumentation may be incomplete; may not include examples.
2	Average	Completes the problem with some minor computational errors, may include wrong examples.
1	Poor	Description is not understandable; may make major computational errors, include wrong examples.

2 (a) Calculate mean deviation and then calculate standard deviation using empirical relation from [CO1] 1.5 the following frequency distribution given below:

wages	300-	400-	500-	600-	700-	800-	900-	1000-	1100-
	399	499	599	699	799	899	999	1099	1199
No. of	9	12	17	22	30	45	30	25	10
Companies									

(b) The following data are the shoe sizes of 50 male students. The sizes are discrete data since [CO1] 1.5 shoe size is measured in whole and half units only. Draw a histogram, frequency polygon. Suppose you choose six bars.

9	9	9.5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10.5
10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	11	11	11
11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	12	12	12
12	12	12	12	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	14	9.5

### **Rubrics for Question-2**

Marks	Level	Descriptions
3	Excellent	Gives clear explanations with appropriate diagrams (if necessary); identifies all the important elements of the problem.
2.5	Very Good	Gives clear explanations without appropriate diagrams; understands the underlying mathematical ideas shortly.
2	Good	Completes the problem but the explanation may be muddled; diagram may be inappropriate or unclear, understands the underlying mathematical ideas shortly.
1.5	Average	Completes the problem with some minor computational errors and mathematical ideas is not clearly stated.
1	Poor	Unable to indicate which information is appropriate to the problem.

3. Calculate skewness and kurtosis form the following frequency distribution and comment on [CO1] the result:

Daily Wages	No. of Factory
12-14	25
14-16	10
16-18	17
18-20	74
20-22	66
22-24	35
24-26	5

3

# **Rubrics for Question-3**

Marks	Level	Descriptions
3	Excellent	Gives clear explanations with appropriate diagrams (if necessary); identifies all the important elements of the problem.
2.5	Very Good	Gives clear explanations without appropriate diagrams; understands the underlying mathematical ideas shortly.
2	Good	Completes the problem but the explanation may be muddled; diagram may be inappropriate or unclear, understands the underlying mathematical ideas shortly.
1.5	Average	Completes the problem with some minor computational errors and mathematical ideas is not clearly stated.
1	Poor	Unable to indicate which information is appropriate to the problem.