

# Green University of Bangladesh Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

Faculty of Sciences and Engineering Semester: (Summer, Year:2022), B.Sc. in CSE (Day)

#### LAB REPORT NO # 03

Course Title: Data Structure Lab
Course Code: CSE 106 Section: PC-213DA

#### **Student Details**

Name	ID
Pankaj Mahanto	213902002

Lab Date : 22/06/2022 Submission Date : 28/06/2022

Course Teacher's Name : Farhana Akter Sunny

**Farhana Akter Sunny** 

**Senior Professor** 

**Green University of Bangladesh** 

[For Teachers use only: Don't Write anything inside the box]

Lab Report Status	
Marks:	Signature:
Comments:	Date:

### 1. TITLE OF THE LAB EXPERIMENT [1]

- Implement a program of Quick Sort with Recursion.
- Implement a program of merge sort with recursion

### 2. OBJECTION [1]

In this problem I will discuss recursive function and how it use?

#### 3. PROCEDURE /ANALYSIS/DESIGN/PSEUDOCODE [2]

```
Quick Sort Algorithm
partition(A[], low, high)
1.[Initialize] Set i=low+1, j=high and
PIVOT=low.
2.[Scan from i to j]
(a) Repeat while A[i] <= A[PIVOT] and
i \neq PIVOT
i=i+1
[end of loop]
(b) if PIVOT=i, then return.
(c) if A[i]>A PIVOT]>, then
i.[Interchange A[i] AND A[PIVOT]
TEMP = A[PIVOT], A[PIVOT] = A[i],
A[i] = TEMP
ii. Set PIVOT=i
iii. Go to Step 3.
[end of if structure]
3.[Scan from j to i]
(a) Repeat while A[PIVOT] <= A[j] and
PIVOT ≠ j
j = j - 1
[end of loop]
(b) if PIVOT=j, then return.
(c) if A[PIVOT]>A[j], then
i.[Interchange A[PIVOT] AND A[j]]
TEMP = A[PIVOT], A[PIVOT] = A[j],
A[j] = TEMP
ii. Set PIVOT=j
```

# Merge sort algorithm

```
MERGE_SORT(a, low, high)

if low < high

1. set mid = (low + high)/2

2. MERGE_SORT(a, low, mid)

3. MERGE_SORT(a, mid + 1, high)

4. MERGE (a, low, mid, high)

end of if

END MERGE_SORT
```

#### 4. IMPLEMENTATION

# Quick\_Sort:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void inputArr(int a[], int n)
{
    cout << "\n store data in array\n"
        << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        cout << i + 1 << " element:";
        cin >> a[i];
    }
    cout << endl;
}

void swap(int *a, int *b)
{
    int temp = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = temp;
}

void PrintArr(int a[], int n)
{
    int i;</pre>
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     cout << a[i] << " ";
int partition(int a[], int low, int high)
  int i, j, pivot;
  int n = 6;
  while (low < high)
     i = low + 1;
     j = high;
     pivot = low;
     while (a[i] \le a[pivot] && (pivot != i))
       i++;
     while (a[j] \ge a[pivot] && (pivot != j))
       j--;
     if (i < j)
       swap(&a[i], &a[j]);
       // cout<<"sorted "<<i-1<<" pass =";
       PrintArr(a, 6);
       cout << "\n";
       break;
     }
     swap(&a[pivot], &a[j]);
     // cout << "sorted " << pivot + 4 << " pass = ";
     PrintArr(a, 6);
     cout \ll "\n";
     break;
  return j;
void QuickSort(int a[], int low, int high)
  if (low < high)
     int index = partition(a, low, high);
     QuickSort(a, low, index - 1);
     QuickSort(a, index + 1, high);
  }
int main()
  int n = 6;
  int a[n];
  inputArr(a, n);
  cout<<"\nGiven array: ";</pre>
  PrintArr(a, n);
```

# Merge Sort:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void inputArr(int a[], int n)
{
  cout << "\n store data in array\n"</pre>
      << endl;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     cout << i + 1 << " element:";
     cin >> a[i];
  cout << endl;</pre>
// void swap(int *a, int *b)
// {
     int temp = *a;
//
//
     *a = *b;
     *b = temp;
//
// }
void PrintArr(int a[], int n)
  int i;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     cout << a[i] << " ";
}
```

```
void Merge(int a[], int low, int mid, int high)
  int i, j, k, n1, n2;
  n1 = mid - low + 1;
  n2 = high - mid;
  int l[n1], r[n2];
  for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
     l[i] = a[low + i];
  for (j = 0; j < n2; j++)
     r[j] = a[j + mid + 1];
  i = 0;
  j = 0;
  k = low;
  while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2)
     if (l[i] < r[j])
        a[k] = l[i];
       i++;
     }
     else
        a[k] = r[j];
       j++;
     k++;
  while (i < n1)
     a[k] = l[i];
     i++;
     k++;
     PrintArr(a, 6);
```

```
cout << "\n";
  while (j < n2)
     a[k] = r[j];
     j++;
     k++;
     PrintArr(a, 6);
     cout << "\n";
   }
}
void MergeSort(int a[], int low, int high)
{
  if (low < high)
   {
     int mid = (low + high) / 2;
     MergeSort(a, low, mid);
     MergeSort(a, mid + 1, high);
     Merge(a, low, mid, high);
  }
int main()
  int n = 6;
  int a[n];
  inputArr(a, n);
  cout << "\n Given array here:" << endl;
  PrintArr(a, n);
  cout << "\n";
  MergeSort(a, 0, 5);
  cout << "\n";
  cout << "\nfinal sorted output here!!\n"</pre>
      << endl;
  PrintArr(a, n);
  return 0;
}
```

# 5. TEST RESULT

### **Output Quick sort:**

store data in array

```
1 element:7
2 element:4
3 element:10
4 element:8
5 element:3
6 element:5
```

Given array: 7 4 10 8 3 5 7 4 5 8 3 10 7 4 5 3 8 10 3 4 5 7 8 10 3 4 5 7 8 10 3 4 5 7 8 10

final sorted output here!!

3 4 5 7 8 10

# **Output Merge sort:**

store data in array

```
1 element:31
2 element:12
3 element:8
4 element:25
5 element:20
6 element:17
```

final sorted output here!!

8 12 17 20 25 31

## 6. ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION

In first problem we get the proper use of recursion and how to use it.In

these problem first of all use merge sort and low and high element then use merge then call merge sort and finally solved this problem. In the second question we will try merge sort. First of all face some problem in the particular question but finally solved it.