答案

A 卷

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
55	36	13	2	52	4	31	39	53	14
(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
59	48	49	12	3	18	5	59	29	12
(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)
25	50	57	56	56	40	3	12	34	3
(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)
3	12	3	42	38	26	8	19	41	48

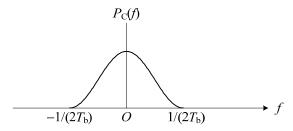
B卷

(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)
55	9	42	23	1	19	30	45	60	43
(51)	(52)	(53)	(54)	(55)	(56)	(57)	(58)	(59)	(60)
15	13	51	4	36	35	33	15	29	17
(61)	(62)	(63)	(64)	(65)	(66)	(67)	(68)	(69)	(70)
24	29	34	14	14	48	36	4	38	36
(71)	(72)	(73)	(74)	(75)	(76)	(77)	(78)	(79)	(80)
36	4	36	25	41	8	47	5	50	13

(1)
$$[3 \%] h(t) = \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{t}{T_b}\right)$$

(2) [2]
$$P_{A}(f) = \frac{1}{T_{b}}$$

(3)
$$[2 \%] P_{\text{B}}(f) = P_{\text{A}}(f) |1 + e^{j2\pi f T_{\text{b}}}|^2 = \frac{4\cos^2 \pi f T_{\text{b}}}{T_{\text{b}}}$$



【2分】

二、

(4)【3分】000110

三、(1) 【3 分】频差是 1Hz,最小频差是 $1/(2T_b)$,因此 Tb=0.5s

(2)
$$g(t) = 2\sin(\pi t)\sin(11\pi t) = \cos 10\pi t - \cos 12\pi t = \frac{s_1(t) - s_2(t)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

判决量 z 中的均值是信号成分,为

$$\int_{0}^{T_{b}} \frac{s_{1}(t) - s_{2}(t)}{\sqrt{2}} s_{1}(t) dt = \frac{E_{1}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{T_{b}}{\sqrt{2}}$$
 [2 \(\frac{1}{2}\)]

方差是

$$\frac{N_0}{2}E_g = \frac{N_0}{4}[E_1 + E_2] = \frac{N_0T_b}{2}$$
 (2 %)

$$f_1(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi N_0 T_b}} \exp \left(-\frac{\left(z - \frac{T_b}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2}{N_0 T_b} \right)$$
 [2 %]

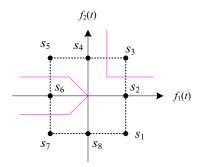
(3) 判决错误率等于噪声小于 $-\frac{T_b}{\sqrt{2}}$ 的概率,为

$$\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{erfc}\left(\frac{\frac{T_b}{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{N_0 T_b}}\right) = \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{erfc}\left(\sqrt{\frac{T_b}{2N_0}}\right) \qquad (3 \%)$$

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$$E_s = \frac{4 \times 2 + 4 \times 1}{8} = 1.5$$
, $d_{\min} = 1$

(2)【4分】

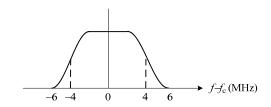


(3) 【4 分】
$$1-(1-p)^2 = 2p-p^2$$

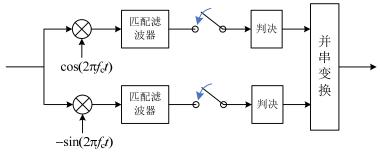
五、(1) 【4分】

$$R_s(1+\alpha) = B$$
, $R_s = \frac{12}{1+0.5} = 8$ MBaud, $R_b = 4R_s = 32$ Mbps

(2)【4分】



(3)【4分】



六、(1)【3 分】编码结果是 11101001

(2)
$$\Delta = 1/4$$
, $-(8-\Delta/2) = -7.875$ [3 $\%$], $N_{\rm q} = \frac{\Delta^2}{12} = \frac{1}{192}$ [3 $\%$]

(3) 【3分】 R_b =4×64=256kbps

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附加题(10分):

(1)【4分】

$$\frac{1}{E_g} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} s(t) g_n(t) dt = \frac{1}{E_g} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k g_k(t) \right) g_n(t) dt$$
$$= \frac{a_n}{E_g} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_n^2(t) dt = a_n$$

(2) 【6分】(证明方法不唯一)

$$a_n = \frac{1}{E_g} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} s(t) g(t - nT_s) dt = \frac{1}{E_g} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} S(f) \left[G(f) e^{-j2\pi f nT_s} \right]^* dt$$

其中 G(f)是 g(t)的傅氏变换,为

$$G(f) = \begin{cases} T_{s}, & |f| \leq W \\ 0, & |f| > W \end{cases}$$

从频域可以求出 $E_g = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left| G(f) \right|^2 \mathrm{d}f = 2WT_s^2 = T_s \circ S(f)$ 的带宽是 W,因此 $a_n = \frac{1}{T_s} \int_{-W}^{W} S(f) G^*(f) \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{j}2\pi f n T_s} \mathrm{d}t = \int_{-W}^{W} S(f) \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{j}2\pi f n T_s} \mathrm{d}t$ $= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} S(f) \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{j}2\pi f n T_s} \mathrm{d}t = s(nT_s)$