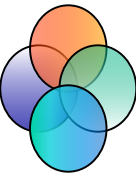


# 作业



已知矩形理想金属波导( $xy$ 方向为矩形,  $z$ 向无穷)内传输的电场和磁场分别为:  $\vec{E} = \vec{a}_y E_y$       $\vec{H} = \vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z$

其中:  $E_y = -j\omega\mu \cdot \frac{\pi}{a} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$

$$H_x = j\beta \cdot \frac{\pi}{a} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$

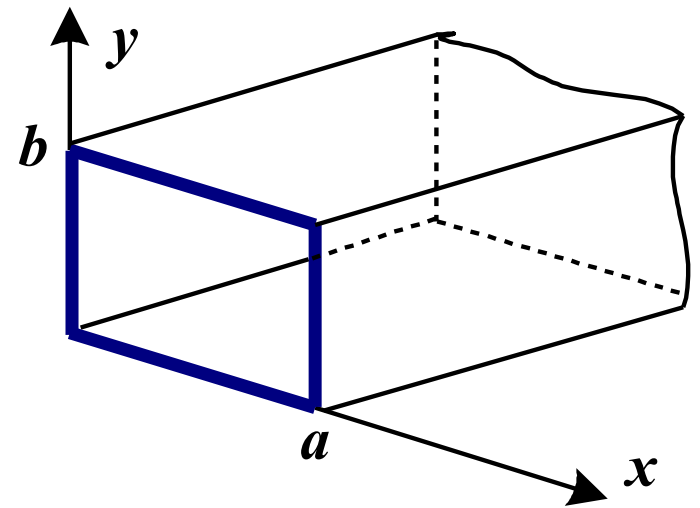
$$H_z = H_0 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$

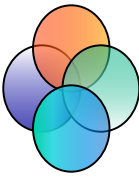
$H_0$ 、 $\omega$ 、 $\mu$ 、 $\beta$  是常数

求: 内部的金属四壁的

(1) 面电荷密度

(2) 面电流密度





# (1)面电荷密度

$$E_y = -j\omega\mu \cdot \frac{\pi}{a} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$

$$E_y = \omega\mu \cdot \frac{\pi}{a} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) e^{j\omega t - j\pi/2}$$

$$E_y(t) = \omega\mu \cdot \frac{\pi}{a} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t - \pi/2)$$

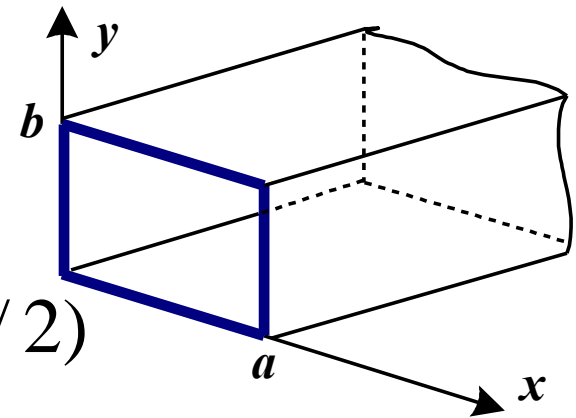
$$D_y(t) = \varepsilon_0 \omega\mu \cdot \frac{\pi}{a} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t - \pi/2)$$

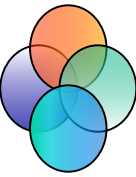
对于理想导体边界  $D_n = \rho_S$

At  $x=0 \& a$   $\rho_S = D_n = 0$

At  $y=0$   $\rho_{S,y=0} = D_y(t) = \varepsilon_0 \omega\mu \cdot \frac{\pi}{a} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t - \pi/2)$

$\rho_{S,y=b} = -D_y(t) = -\varepsilon_0 \omega\mu \cdot \frac{\pi}{a} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t - \pi/2)$





## (2) 面电流密度

$$H_x = j\beta \cdot \frac{\pi}{a} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$

$$H_z = H_0 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$

$$\vec{H} = \vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z$$

$$= \vec{a}_x \beta \cdot \frac{\pi}{a} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos\left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$+ \vec{a}_z H_0 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t)$$

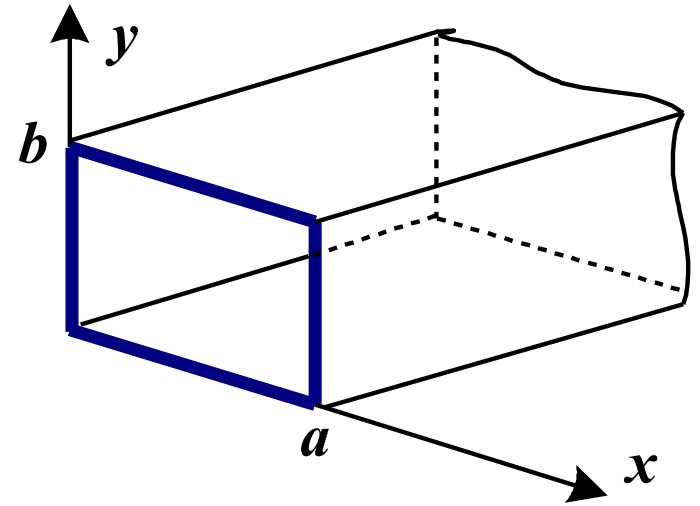
在理想导体边界  $\vec{a}_n \times \vec{H} = \vec{J}_{ST}$

$$\text{At } x=0 \quad \vec{a}_n = \vec{a}_x$$

$$\vec{J}_{ST, x=0} = \vec{a}_n \times \vec{H} = \vec{a}_x \times (\vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z) = -\vec{a}_y H_z = -\vec{a}_y H_0$$

$$\text{At } x=a \quad \vec{a}_n = -\vec{a}_x$$

$$\vec{J}_{ST, x=a} = \vec{a}_n \times \vec{H} = -\vec{a}_x \times (\vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z) = \vec{a}_y H_z = -\vec{a}_y H_0$$



## (2) 面电流密度



$$\begin{aligned}\vec{H} &= \vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z \\ &= \vec{a}_x \beta \cdot \frac{\pi}{a} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos\left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \\ &\quad + \vec{a}_z H_0 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t)\end{aligned}$$

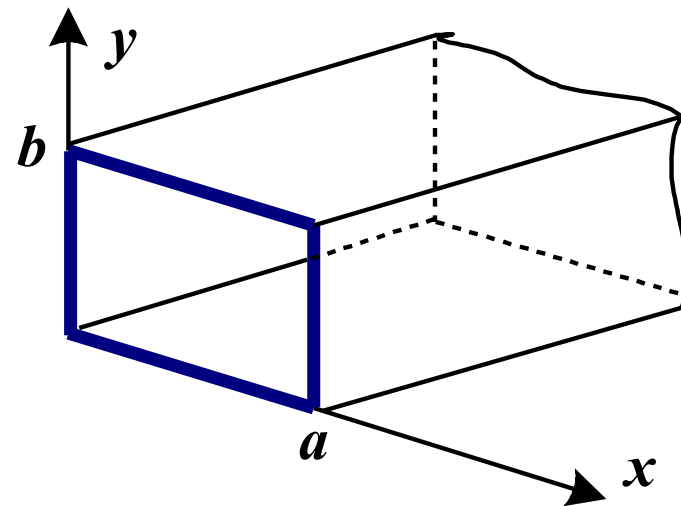
在理想导体边界  $\vec{a}_n \times \vec{H} = \vec{J}_{ST}$

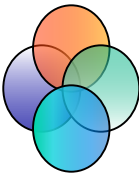
$$\text{At } y=0 \quad \vec{a}_n = \vec{a}_y$$

$$\vec{J}_{ST, y=0} = \vec{a}_n \times \vec{H} = \vec{a}_y \times (\vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z) = -\vec{a}_z H_x + \vec{a}_x H_z$$

$$\text{At } y=b \quad \vec{a}_n = -\vec{a}_y$$

$$\vec{J}_{ST, y=b} = \vec{a}_n \times \vec{H} = -\vec{a}_y \times (\vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z) = \vec{a}_z H_x - \vec{a}_x H_z$$





## 题目修正:

其中:

$$E_y = -j\omega\mu \cdot \boxed{\frac{\pi}{a}} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$
$$H_x = j\beta \cdot \boxed{\frac{\pi}{a}} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$

修改为:

$$E_y = -j\omega\mu \cdot \boxed{\frac{a}{\pi}} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$
$$H_x = j\beta \cdot \boxed{\frac{a}{\pi}} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$

## 答案修正:

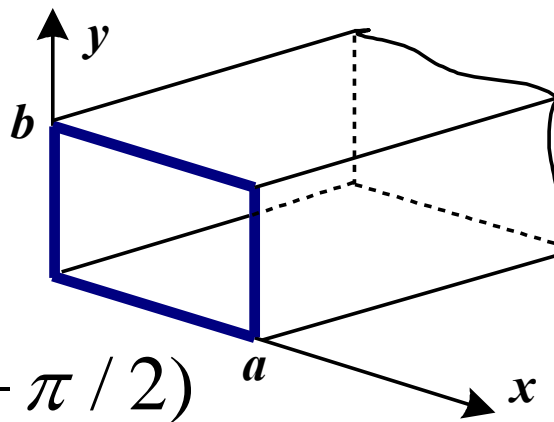


$$E_y = -j\omega\mu \cdot \frac{a}{\pi} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$

$$E_y = \omega\mu \cdot \frac{a}{\pi} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) e^{j\omega t - j\pi/2}$$

$$E_y(t) = \omega\mu \cdot \frac{a}{\pi} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t - \pi/2)$$

$$D_y(t) = \varepsilon_0 \omega\mu \cdot \frac{a}{\pi} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t - \pi/2)$$

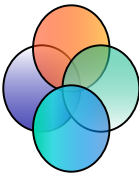


对于理想导体边界:

$$\text{At } x=0 \& a \quad \rho_S = D_n = 0$$

$$\text{At } y=0 \quad \rho_{S,y=0} = D_y(t) = \varepsilon_0 \omega\mu \cdot \frac{a}{\pi} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t - \pi/2)$$

$$\rho_{S,y=b} = -D_y(t) = -\varepsilon_0 \omega\mu \cdot \frac{a}{\pi} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t - \pi/2)$$



$$H_x = j\beta \cdot \frac{a}{\pi} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$

$$H_z = H_0 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right)$$

$$\vec{H} = \vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z$$

$$= \vec{a}_x \beta \cdot \frac{a}{\pi} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos\left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$+ \vec{a}_z H_0 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t)$$

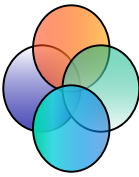
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At  $x=a$   $\vec{a}_n = -\vec{a}_x$

$$\vec{J}_{ST, x=a} = \vec{a}_n \times \vec{H} = -\vec{a}_x \times (\vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z) = \vec{a}_y H_z = -\vec{a}_y H_0$$



$$\begin{aligned}\vec{H} &= \vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z \\ &= \vec{a}_x \beta \cdot \frac{a}{\pi} \cdot H_0 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos\left(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \\ &\quad + \vec{a}_z H_0 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \cdot x\right) \cos(\omega t)\end{aligned}$$

在理想导体边界  $\vec{a}_n \times \vec{H} = \vec{J}_{ST}$

At  $y=0$   $\vec{a}_n = \vec{a}_y$

$$\vec{J}_{ST, y=0} = \vec{a}_n \times \vec{H} = \vec{a}_y \times (\vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z) = -\vec{a}_z H_x + \vec{a}_x H_z$$

At  $y=b$   $\vec{a}_n = -\vec{a}_y$

$$\vec{J}_{ST, y=b} = \vec{a}_n \times \vec{H} = -\vec{a}_y \times (\vec{a}_x H_x + \vec{a}_z H_z) = \vec{a}_z H_x - \vec{a}_x H_z$$