

# Beginner Array Patterns – Step by Step Complete Sheet

This document covers ALL beginner array patterns. Only arrays, loops, and conditions are required. Follow patterns in order.

## 1. Linear Traversal

**When to use:** Use when you need max, min, sum, count, or validation in a single pass.

- **Find Largest Element**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/largest-element-in-an-array/>  
Asked in: TCS, Infosys
- **Check if Array is Sorted**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/check-if-array-is-sorted-and-rotated/>  
Asked in: Wipro
- **Count Even Numbers**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/count-even-numbers/>  
Asked in: Capgemini

## 2. Reverse Array

**When to use:** Use for reversing, palindrome checks, and as a base for rotation.

- **Reverse Array**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/reverse-string/>  
Asked in: Accenture
- **Valid Palindrome**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/valid-palindrome/>  
Asked in: Infosys
- **Reverse an Array**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/reverse-an-array/>  
Asked in: TCS

## 3. Array Rotation

**When to use:** Use when circular left/right shifting is required.

- **Rotate Array by K**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/rotate-array/>  
Asked in: Cognizant
- **Left Rotate by One**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/array-rotation/>  
Asked in: Wipro

- **Check Rotated Sorted Array**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/check-if-array-is-sorted-and-rotated/>  
Asked in: Capgemini

## 4. Frequency Counting

**When to use:** Use when counting occurrences, duplicates, or majority.

- **Majority Element**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/majority-element/>  
Asked in: TCS
- **First Unique Element**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/first-unique-character-in-a-string/>  
Asked in: HCL
- **Frequency of Elements**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/counting-frequencies-of-array-elements/>  
Asked in: Infosys

## 5. Second Largest / Smallest

**When to use:** Use ranking logic without sorting.

- **Second Largest Element**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/find-second-largest-element-array/>  
Asked in: Infosys
- **Second Smallest Element**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/find-second-smallest-element-array/>  
Asked in: Wipro
- **Largest & Second Largest**  
<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/largest-and-second-largest/1>  
Asked in: TCS

## 6. Move / Rearrangement

**When to use:** Use when repositioning elements while keeping order.

- **Move Zeroes**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/move-zeroes/>  
Asked in: Amazon
- **Move Negatives to One Side**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/move-negative-numbers-beginning-positive-end-constant-extra-space/>  
Asked in: Flipkart
- **Segregate Even and Odd**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/segregate-even-and-odd-numbers/>  
Asked in: TCS

## 7. Validation Pattern

**When to use:** Use for checking array conditions and neighbour comparison.

- **Valid Mountain Array**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/valid-mountain-array/>  
Asked in: Microsoft
- **Non-Decreasing Array**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/non-decreasing-array/>  
Asked in: Infosys
- **Check Sorted Array**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/check-if-array-is-sorted-and-rotated/>  
Asked in: Wipro

## 8. Merge Two Arrays

**When to use:** Use when combining sorted arrays.

- **Merge Sorted Array**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/merge-sorted-array/>  
Asked in: Amazon
- **Union of Arrays**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/intersection-of-two-arrays/>  
Asked in: TCS
- **Merge Without Extra Space**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/merge-two-sorted-arrays/>  
Asked in: Accenture

## 9. Subarray (Brute Force)

**When to use:** Use for small constraints and fundamentals.

- **Print All Subarrays**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/print-subarrays-array/>  
Asked in: Infosys
- **Maximum Subarray**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/maximum-subarray/>  
Asked in: Wipro
- **Count Subarrays**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/count-subarrays-with-given-sum/>  
Asked in: TCS

## 10. Sliding Window (Fixed Size)

**When to use:** Use for contiguous subarray of fixed size k.

- **Max Sum Subarray Size K**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/find-maximum-average-subarray-of-k-length/>  
Asked in: Amazon
- **Maximum Average Subarray**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/maximum-average-subarray-i/>  
Asked in: Google
- **Sliding Window Basics**  
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/sliding-window-technique/>  
Asked in: Infosys

## 11. Prefix Sum

**When to use:** Use for fast range queries after preprocessing.

- **Running Sum**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/running-sum-of-1d-array/>  
Asked in: Amazon
- **Range Sum Query**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/range-sum-query-immutable/>  
Asked in: Microsoft
- **Subarray Sum Equals K**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/subarray-sum-equals-k/>  
Asked in: Google

## 12. Missing / Duplicate (1...N)

**When to use:** Use when elements lie in fixed range.

- **Missing Number**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/missing-number/>  
Asked in: Amazon
- **Find the Duplicate Number**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/find-the-duplicate-number/>  
Asked in: Google
- **First Missing Positive**  
<https://leetcode.com/problems/first-missing-positive/>  
Asked in: Microsoft