Assignment 5

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```
# Professor allowed me to use other small dataset because my laptop is getting stuck while implement Food101 dataset which large.
# Dataset - https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/prasunroy/natural-images
#https://www.kaggle.com/code/androbomb/using-cnn-to-classify-images-w-pytorch/notebook
```

Basic CNN Architecture

```
Net(
  (conv1): Conv2d(3, 12, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
1))
  (conv2): Conv2d(12, 24, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1))
  (pool): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil_mode=False)
  (drop): Dropout2d(p=0.2, inplace=False)
  (fc): Linear(in_features=24576, out_features=8, bias=True)
)
```

As a optimaizer, I decided to use the **ADAM (ADAptive Moment estimation)** optimization algorithm, that is an extension to stochastic gradient descent that has recently seen broader adoption for deep learning applications in computer vision and natural language processing. For more on optimizers in PyTorch.

The traning function we need to define needs the following steps:

- 1. Set the model to training mode;
- 2. Process the images in batches; we will iterate over images in batches. Inside each batches, we have to
 - A. Import labels and features;
 - B. Reset the optimizer
 - C. Push the data forward through the layers of the model
 - D. compute the loss
 - E. Backpropagate
- 3. Compute the Average Loss of the Model during the Epoch

We will thus calling eath once per epoch.

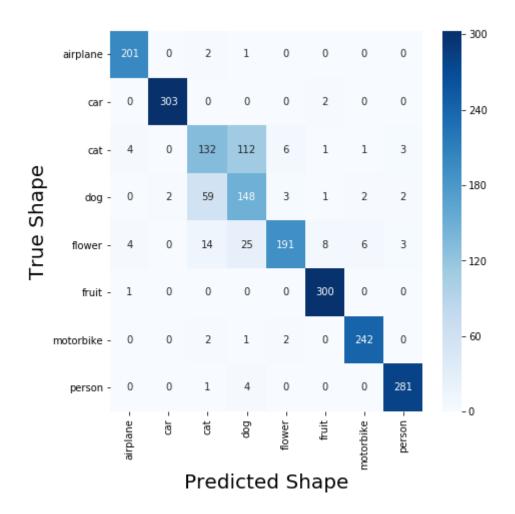
I took epoch =10

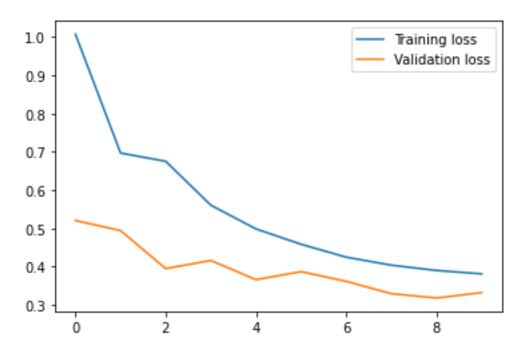
Epoch: 10

Training set: Average loss: 0.380777

Validation set: Average loss: 0.331784, Accuracy: 1798/2070 (87%)

Getting predictions from test set...





All Convolutional Network

Network used:

```
Allconvo(
  (conv1): Conv2d(3, 16, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1,
1))
padding=(1, 1))
  (conv3): Conv2d(32, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2),
padding=(1, 1)
padding=(1, 1)
  (pool): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
  (dropout): Dropout2d(p=0.4, inplace=False)
  (batchnorm1): BatchNorm2d(16, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
 (batchnorm2): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
 (batchnorm3): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
  (fc1): Linear(in_features=1600, out_features=512, bias=True)
  (fc2): Linear(in features=512, out features=256, bias=True)
 (fc3): Linear(in_features=256, out features=4, bias=True)
Epoch: 10
     Training batch 1 Loss: 0.256552
     Training batch 6 Loss: 0.243364
     Training batch 7 Loss: 0.221827
     Training batch 8 Loss: 0.362315
     Training batch 9 Loss: 0.191053
     Training batch 10 Loss: 0.198967
     Training batch 14 Loss: 0.213669
     Training batch 15 Loss: 0.314441
     Training batch 16 Loss: 0.271592
     Training batch 17 Loss: 0.311054
     Training batch 18 Loss: 0.250080
     Training batch 23 Loss: 0.407007
     Training batch 24 Loss: 0.334117
     Training batch 25 Loss: 0.275229
     Training batch 31 Loss: 0.240108
     Training batch 32 Loss: 0.151909
     Training batch 33 Loss: 0.284326
```

```
Training batch 34 Loss: 0.348609
Training batch 36 Loss: 0.381754
Training batch 37 Loss: 0.287323
Training batch 39 Loss: 0.287313
Training batch 40 Loss: 0.250249
Training batch 41 Loss: 0.384035
Training batch 42 Loss: 0.285144
Training batch 43 Loss: 0.173163
Training batch 46 Loss: 0.167396
Training batch 47 Loss: 0.346009
Training batch 48 Loss: 0.316399
Training batch 49 Loss: 0.254362
Training batch 55 Loss: 0.377329
Training batch 56 Loss: 0.404574
Training batch 57 Loss: 0.156820
Training batch 59 Loss: 0.371543
Training batch 60 Loss: 0.257344
Training batch 63 Loss: 0.338472
Training batch 64 Loss: 0.344273
Training batch 65 Loss: 0.273731
Training batch 66 Loss: 0.254769
Training batch 67 Loss: 0.194062
Training batch 72 Loss: 0.422282
Training batch 74 Loss: 0.151157
Training batch 75 Loss: 0.225146
Training batch 80 Loss: 0.275824
Training batch 81 Loss: 0.314042
Training batch 83 Loss: 0.327011
Training batch 85 Loss: 0.147416
Training batch 87 Loss: 0.250847
Training batch 89 Loss: 0.394556
Training batch 90 Loss: 0.294581
```

```
Training batch 92 Loss: 0.105365
Training batch 93 Loss: 0.265292
Training batch 94 Loss: 0.115586
Training batch 95 Loss: 0.178074
Training batch 96 Loss: 0.165241
Training batch 97 Loss: 0.312843
Training set: Average loss: 0.276977
Validation set: Average loss: 0.274173, Accuracy: 1837/2070 (89%)
```

In All convolutional is more accurate then Basic CNN.

L1 Regularization

I took only 5 epoch

```
Loss after mini-batch 500: 2.94215 (of which 0.63957 L1 loss)
Loss after mini-batch 1000: 2.93445 (of which 0.63186 L1 loss)
Loss after mini-batch 1500: 2.93992 (of which 0.63733 L1 loss)
Loss after mini-batch 2000: 2.94098 (of which 0.63839 L1 loss)
Loss after mini-batch 2500: 2.93725 (of which 0.63468 L1 loss)
Loss after mini-batch 3000: 2.93692 (of which 0.63433 L1 loss)
Loss after mini-batch 3500: 2.94259 (of which 0.63999 L1 loss)
Loss after mini-batch 4000: 2.93637 (of which 0.63378 L1 loss)
Loss after mini-batch 4500: 2.93862 (of which 0.63604 L1 loss)
Loss after mini-batch 5000: 2.93913 (of which 0.63653 L1 loss)
Loss after mini-batch 5500: 2.93972 (of which 0.63714 L1 loss)
Loss after mini-batch 6000: 2.94161 (of which 0.63903 L1 loss)
Training process has finished.
```

L2 Regularization

Transfer Learning

#I did this whole assignmet using transfer learning....

```
!unzip archive\ \(1\).zip

# The images are in a folder named 'input/natural-
images/natural_images'

training_folder_name = 'data/natural_images'

# All images are 128x128 pixels
img_size = (128,128)

# The folder contains a subfolder for each class of shape
classes = sorted(os.listdir(training_folder_name))
print(classes)
```

['airplane', 'car', 'cat', 'dog', 'flower', 'fruit', 'motorbike',
'person']

```
# from PIL import Image

# function to resize image
def resize_image(src_image, size=(128,128), bg_color="white"):
    from PIL import Image, ImageOps

# resize the image so the longest dimension matches our target size
    src_image.thumbnail(size, Image.ANTIALIAS)

# Create a new square background image
    new_image = Image.new("RGB", size, bg_color)

# Paste the resized image into the center of the square background
    new_image.paste(src_image, (int((size[0] - src_image.size[0]) / 2),
    int((size[1] - src_image.size[1]) / 2)))

# return the resized image
    return new_image
```

```
training_folder_name = 'data/natural_images'

# New location for the resized images
train_folder = '../working/data/natural_images'

# Create resized copies of all of the source images
size = (128,128)

# Create the output folder if it doesn't already exist
```

```
if os.path.exists(train folder):
    shutil.rmtree(train folder)
print('Transforming images...')
for root, folders, files in os.walk(training folder name):
        print('processing folder ' + sub folder)
        saveFolder = os.path.join(train folder, sub folder)
        if not os.path.exists(saveFolder):
            os.makedirs(saveFolder)
        file names = os.listdir(os.path.join(root, sub folder))
        for file name in file names:
            file_path = os.path.join(root, sub folder, file name)
            image = Image.open(file path)
            resized image = resize image(image, size)
            saveAs = os.path.join(saveFolder, file name)
            resized image.save(saveAs)
print('Done.')
Transforming images...
processing folder fruit
processing folder person
processing folder dog
processing folder airplane
processing folder car
processing folder flower
processing folder cat
processing folder motorbike
Done.
```

After that I took same cnn model as I mentioned above..