# C Assignment - Histogram

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#### **Problem Statement**

The task is to create a C program that goes through a text file and prints the statistics of number of words with different lengths. We will consider words of length of 3 to 10 for our statistics. This program is written by indexing through strings using arrays.

#### Code

```
#include < stdio . h>
2 #include < stdlib . h>
3 #define MAXLENGTH 512
4 /*
5 Program to find out no. of words with N
6 chars breaking at ',','.','/t','/0',' '
   This is the Array method implementation.
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9
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10 | */
11
12 // Histogram
13 void histogram (int p[10])
14
15 | int i = 0;
16
   int max=0;
17
   int j=1;
18 // Find max occurences for upper limit of Y-axis
19 | for (i = 0; i < 9; i + +)
20
21
     if (p[i]>max)
22
23
     max=p[i];
24
25
   printf("\n");
26
   // Plotting Logic
28
   for (i = max; i > 0; i --)
29
30
      printf("|",i);
     for (j=1; j<11; j++)
31
32
33
        if(p[j]>=i)
34
35
          printf("# ");
36
        }
37
        else
38
39
          printf("
40
```

```
42 | printf("\n");
 43 | }
 44
    printf("|_
    printf(" |1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10");
45
46
47
48 int main(int argc, char **argv)
49
50 /* Expects a filename too, check for that */
 51 | if (argc != 2)
 52 | {
      printf("Usage ./a.out <filename>");
 53
54
      exit(1);
 55 | }
 56 /* File pointer */
 57 | FILE *fp;
58 | fp=fopen(argv[1], "r");
 59 \mid \mathbf{if} (fp == NULL)
 60 | {
61
      printf("File could not be opened");
62
      exit(2);
63 | }
 64 char buf [MAXLENGTH];
65 \mid int counter = 0;
66 char wordcount[11];
67 | int wordlen=0;
    int tempcount=0;
69 /* Initialize all to 0 */
70 | for (counter = 0; counter < 11; counter ++)
71 | {
72
      wordcount[counter]=0;
73 | }
    /* Loop till EOF */
74
    while(fgets(buf, MAXLENGTH, fp))
 75
 76
      printf("Parsing text line --> %s", buf);
77
 78
        for ( counter = 0; counter < MAXLENGTH; counter ++)</pre>
 79
           /* Split at specified characters and check if it is in between a sentence
 80
           or at the beginning */
 81
           if (buf[counter]== ' '|| buf[counter]== '\t'|| buf[counter]== ', ')
 82
 83
 84
           /* Second condition avoids double spaces and spaces after periods */
 85
             if (counter!=0) /* &&((counter-tempcount) >1)) */
 86
87
               wordlen=counter-tempcount;
88
               wordcount[wordlen]+=1;
89
               wordlen=0;
90
           /* Move tempcount to present space+1 */
 91
92
           tempcount=counter+1;
93
           /* Specific logic for EOF as vars need to be reset */
 94
 95
           if (buf [counter] == '\0')
96
 97
             wordlen=counter-tempcount-1;
98
             wordcount[wordlen]+=1;
99
             wordlen=0;
100
             tempcount=0;
             /* End iteration */
101
102
             break;
103
           }
104
        }
```

### **Output**

```
./a testfile.txt
 2
   Parsing text --- This is a test file with default words to see if it the histogram draws corre
   The no. of 1 lettered words are 1
   The no. of 2 lettered words are 4
   The no. of 3 lettered words are 2
   The no. of 4 lettered words are 4
   The no. of 5 lettered words are 2
   The no. of 6 lettered words are 0
9
   The no. of 7 lettered words are 1
10
11
   The no. of 8 lettered words are 0
12
   The no. of 9 lettered words are 2
13
   The no. of 10 lettered words are 0
14
15
16
17
18
19
   |1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
20
```

## **Algorithm**

An array index ptr is declared that indexes throughout the buffer string. Two flags are used for the logic.

- A file stream is opened with specified txt file, exception is raised if not
- buf is initialized per line with MAXLENGTH till EOF is reached
- counter that travels with the array index
- tempcount that relates to the last position of counter
- wordcount is stored in an array with wordcount[n] denotes no. of words consisting of n letters
- wordcount is passed to histogram() and proocessed
- The max element is found in the array. This serves as the maximum Y axis limit.
- Consequently, the text graph is filled with a double for-loop if for wordcount[n] the max element at that iteration is smaller than max(wordcount[n])
- Finally results are displayed