

C Assignment - Pointers

Swapnil Basak
EE11B122
IIT Madras

August 13, 2012

Problem Statement

The task is to create a C program that goes through a text file and prints the statistics of number of words with different lengths. We will consider words of length of 3 to 10 for our statistics. This program is written by indexing through strings using pointers.

Code

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<stdlib.h>
3 #define MAXLENGTH 512
4 /*
5  Program to find out no. of words with N
6  chars breaking at ' ','.',',','/t','/0',' '
7  This is the Pointer method implementation.
8  Swapnil Basak
9  EE11B122
10 */
11
12 int main(int argc, char **argv)
13 {
14     /* Expects a filename too, check for that */
15     if(argc != 2)
16     {
17         printf("Usage: ./a.out <filename>");
18         exit(1);
19     }
20     /* File pointer */
21     FILE *fp;
22     fp=fopen(argv[1], "r");
23     if(fp == NULL)
24     {
25         printf("File could not be opened");
26         exit(2);
27     }
28     char buf[MAXLENGTH];
29     int i = 0;
30     char wordcount[11];
31     int wordlen=0;
32     int ptr_i=0;
33     int count=0;
34     /* Buffer pointer */
35     char *ptr;
36     /* Initialize all to 0 */
37     for(i=0;i<11;i++)
38     {
39         wordcount[i]=0;
40     }
```

```

41 /* Loop till EOF */
42 while(fgets(buf, MAXLENGTH, fp))
43 {
44     printf("Parsing_text_-->_%s_\n", buf);
45     ptr=buf;
46     for(ptr=buf;; ptr++)
47     {
48         /* Split at specified characters and check if it is in between a sentence
49         or at the beginning */
50         if(*ptr=='_' || *ptr=='\t' || *ptr==',' || *ptr=='.' )
51         {
52             /* Second condition avoids double spaces and spaces after periods */
53             if(ptr_i!=0) //&&((ptr_i-count)>1))
54             {
55                 wordlen=ptr_i-count;
56                 /* Move count to letter after present ptr_i */
57                 count=ptr_i+1;
58                 wordcount[wordlen]+=1;
59                 wordlen=0;
60             }
61             /* Specific logic for EOF as vars need to be reset */
62             if(*ptr=='\0')
63             {
64                 wordlen=ptr_i-count-1;
65                 wordcount[wordlen]+=1;
66                 wordlen=0;
67                 ptr_i=0;
68                 count=0;
69                 /* End Iteration */
70                 break;
71             }
72             /* Increment ptr_i */
73             ptr_i++;
74         }
75     }
76     for(i=1; i<11; i++)
77     {
78         printf("The_no._of_%d_lettered_words_are_%d_\n", i, wordcount[i]);
79     }
80     fclose(fp);
81     return 0;
82 }

```

Output

```

1 ./a testfile.txt
2 Parsing text --> This is a test file with default words to see if it parses correctly
3
4 The no. of 1 lettered words are 0
5 The no. of 2 lettered words are 4
6 The no. of 3 lettered words are 1
7 The no. of 4 lettered words are 3
8 The no. of 5 lettered words are 1
9 The no. of 6 lettered words are 2
10 The no. of 7 lettered words are 1
11 The no. of 8 lettered words are 0
12 The no. of 9 lettered words are 1
13 The no. of 10 lettered words are 0

```

Algorithm

A pointer *ptr* is declared that indexes throughout the buffer string. Two flags are used for the logic.

- A file stream is opened with specified txt file, exception is raised if not
- *buf* is initialized per line with MAXLENGTH till EOF is reached
- *ptr_i* that travels with the pointer index
- *count* that relates to the last position of *ptr_i*
- *wordcount* is stored in an array with *wordcount*[n] denotes no. of words consisting of n letters.
- Finally results are displayed