Homework09

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Question 1

Chapter 3 Exercise 1A

```
library("tidyverse")
library("AER")
data("HousePrices")
library("mgcv")
# take a look to see variable listing and format
str(HousePrices)
## 'data.frame':
                   546 obs. of 12 variables:
## $ price : num 42000 38500 49500 60500 61000 66000 66000 69000 83800 88500 ...
## $ lotsize : num 5850 4000 3060 6650 6360 4160 3880 4160 4800 5500 ...
## $ bedrooms : num 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ bathrooms : num 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 ...
## $ stories : num 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 3 1 4 ...
## $ driveway : Factor w/ 2 levels "no", "yes": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ recreation: Factor w/ 2 levels "no", "yes": 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 2 ...
## $ fullbase : Factor w/ 2 levels "no", "yes": 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 ...
## $ gasheat : Factor w/ 2 levels "no", "yes": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ aircon
               : Factor w/ 2 levels "no", "yes": 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 ...
               : num 1000002001...
##
   $ garage
               : Factor w/ 2 levels "no", "yes": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
   $ prefer
fitGaussAM <- mgcv::gam(price ~ s(lotsize, k=27) + bedrooms + factor(bathrooms) +
                         factor(stories) + factor(driveway) + factor(recreation)
                       + factor(fullbase) +
                         factor(gasheat) + factor(aircon) + garage + factor(prefer)
                         data=HousePrices
                         family=gaussian
```

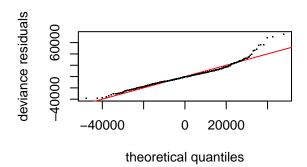
Question 2

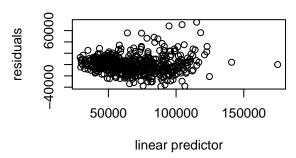
Chapter 3 Exercise 1B

Evaluate whether or not the residuals are consistent with the model assumptions.

```
mgcv::gam.check(fitGaussAM)
```

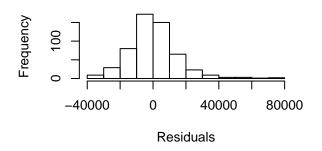
Resids vs. linear pred.

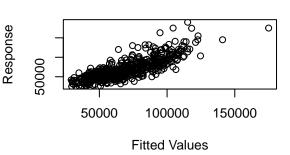




Histogram of residuals

Response vs. Fitted Values





```
##
## Method: GCV
                 Optimizer: magic
## Smoothing parameter selection converged after 5 iterations.
## The RMS GCV score gradient at convergence was 84.05184 .
## The Hessian was positive definite.
## Model rank = 41 / 41
##
## Basis dimension (k) checking results. Low p-value (k-index<1) may
## indicate that k is too low, especially if edf is close to k'.
##
##
                      edf k-index p-value
                 k'
## s(lotsize) 26.00
                     3.22
                             0.95
```

From the above output, it appears that we have evidence of skewness in our residual plots (qq plot shows skewness, as does the residual histogram). It also appears that we have some evidence of heteroscedasticity (our fitted vs. residual value plot shows an increase in residual variance as we increase the value of our predictor). Additionally, the p-value from our console output suggests that we should be using a larger number of basis functions for smoothed predictor, *lotsize*.

Question 3

Chapter 3 Exercise 1F

```
, stories=2
, driveway="yes"
, recreation="no"
, fullbase="yes"
, gasheat="yes"
, aircon="no"
, garage=2
, prefer="no"
)

X_predict <- predict(fitGaussAM, newdata=X, se.fit=T)
print("Home price given by: ")

## [1] "Home price given by: "

pasteO("Ca$ ", round(X_predict$fit, 2))

## [1] "Ca$ 94511.07"</pre>
```

The predicted home price is given by \$94,511.07.

Chapter 3 Exercise 1G

```
# generate the bounds for a 95% confidence interval for the mean house price
lwr <- X_predict$fit - (1.96*X_predict$se.fit)
upr <- X_predict$fit + (1.96*X_predict$se.fit)
paste0("95% Confidence Interval given by: (", round(lwr, 2), ", ", round(upr, 2), ")")
## [1] "95% Confidence Interval given by: (87232.86 , 101789.29)"</pre>
```

Question 4

Run a cosso on the model in Exercise 1A, along with a stepwise regression. Compare.

```
library("cosso")
```

I am first going to prep the data to get it into a form that the COSSO package appears to be looking for (I suspect that it may struggle with factor encodings).

```
## Error in solve.default(A + 1e-07 * diag(nrow(A)), b): system is computationally singular: reciprocal
# follow-up on suspicion that lack of normality in response variable distribution may be causing some i
# conduct test of normality for response and log-transformed response.
print(shapiro.test(y))
##
##
   Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: y
## W = 0.92206, p-value = 3.383e-16
print(shapiro.test(y_alt))
##
##
   Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: y_alt
## W = 0.99626, p-value = 0.2274
\# y_{alt} follows normal distribution - retry COSSO model
cosso_mod2 <- cosso::cosso(x=X, y=y_alt, family=c("Gaussian"))</pre>
## Error in solve.default(A + 1e-07 * diag(nrow(A)), b): system is computationally singular: reciprocal
# using the hint from the problem set, try converting the factors to integers using as integer
X <- HousePrices[, -1]</pre>
X$driveway <- as.integer(X$driveway)</pre>
X$recreation <- as.integer(X$recreation)</pre>
X$fullbase <- as.integer(X$fullbase)</pre>
X$gasheat <- as.integer(X$gasheat)</pre>
X$aircon <- as.integer(X$aircon)
X$prefer <- as.integer(X$prefer)
str(X)
## 'data.frame':
                    546 obs. of 11 variables:
## $ lotsize : num 5850 4000 3060 6650 6360 4160 3880 4160 4800 5500 ...
## $ bedrooms : num 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ bathrooms : num 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 ...
## $ stories : num 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 3 1 4 ...
## $ driveway : int 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ recreation: int 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 2 ...
## $ fullbase : int 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 ...
## $ gasheat : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ aircon
               : int 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 ...
                : num 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 ...
## $ garage
## $ prefer
                : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
# now we have our new design matrix - let's transform the response and proceed
cosso mod3 <- cosso::cosso(x=X
                           , y=log(HousePrices[, 1])
                            family=c("Gaussian")
```

Error in solve.default(A + 1e-07 * diag(nrow(A)), b): system is computationally singular: reciprocal The COSSO package does not seem to be able to solve the matrices we are giving it. Move on to the stepwise regression.

```
detach("package:mgcv", unload=TRUE)
## Warning: 'mgcv' namespace cannot be unloaded:
     namespace 'mgcv' is imported by 'car' so cannot be unloaded
library("gam")
# create the initial model object
house_init <- gam::gam(price ~ s(lotsize, 27) + bedrooms + factor(bathrooms)
                          + factor(stories) + factor(driveway) + factor(recreation)
                        + factor(fullbase)
                           + factor(gasheat) + factor(aircon) + garage + factor(prefer)
                         , data=HousePrices
                          family=gaussian
\# note that I am only allowing the continuous terms the possibility of
# entering the model as smooths
house_step <- gam::step.gam(house_init, scope=list(</pre>
                              "lotsize" = ~1 + lotsize + s(lotsize, 23)
                              , "bedrooms" = ~1 + bedrooms
                                "bathrooms" = ~ 1 + bathrooms
                                "stories" = ~ 1 + stories
                              , "driveway" = ~ 1 + driveway
                              , "recreation" = ~ 1 + recreation
                               "fullbase" = ~ 1 + fullbase
                              , "gasheat" = ~ 1 + gasheat
                              , "aircon" = ~1 + aircon
                               "garage" = ~ 1 + garage + s(garage, 23)
                                "prefer" = ~ 1 + prefer
                             , trace=T
                               direction="forward"
## Start: price ~ s(lotsize, 27) + bedrooms + factor(bathrooms) + factor(stories) +
                                                                                              factor(drivew
print("Final model Variables are given by: ")
## [1] "Final model Variables are given by: "
print(names(house step$model)[-1])
## [1] "s(lotsize, 27)"
                              "bedrooms"
                                                    "factor(bathrooms)"
## [4] "factor(stories)"
                              "factor(driveway)"
                                                    "factor(recreation)"
## [7] "factor(fullbase)"
                              "factor(gasheat)"
                                                    "factor(aircon)"
## [10] "garage"
                              "factor(prefer)"
From the stepwise output, it appears that we could not have improved the model by taking away any terms -
we appear to have selected the correct model from the beginning. This is perhaps unsurprising - if we examine
summary output for the initial model fit, we can see that all of the included terms are highly significant (see
below).
gam::summary.gam(house_init)
## Call: gam::gam(formula = price ~ s(lotsize, 27) + bedrooms + factor(bathrooms) +
```

```
##
       factor(stories) + factor(driveway) + factor(recreation) +
##
       factor(fullbase) + factor(gasheat) + factor(aircon) + garage +
       factor(prefer), family = gaussian, data = HousePrices)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
              1Q Median
                            3Q
                                  Max
  -39048
          -8214 -1556
                          7715
                                67467
##
## (Dispersion Parameter for gaussian family taken to be 222856358)
##
##
       Null Deviance: 388602785841 on 545 degrees of freedom
## Residual Deviance: 112319290958 on 503.9986 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 12087.01
## Number of Local Scoring Iterations: 2
##
## Anova for Parametric Effects
##
                              Sum Sq
                                        Mean Sq F value
                                                            Pr(>F)
## s(lotsize, 27)
                        1 1.1156e+11 1.1156e+11 500.5867 < 2.2e-16 ***
## bedrooms
                        1 3.1687e+10 3.1687e+10 142.1836 < 2.2e-16 ***
## factor(bathrooms)
                        3 4.1081e+10 1.3694e+10 61.4469 < 2.2e-16 ***
## factor(stories)
                        3 1.7319e+10 5.7729e+09 25.9043 1.343e-15 ***
## factor(driveway)
                        1 5.4481e+09 5.4481e+09 24.4469 1.042e-06 ***
                        1 5.7514e+09 5.7514e+09 25.8076 5.321e-07 ***
## factor(recreation)
## factor(fullbase)
                        1 7.5499e+09 7.5499e+09
                                                 33.8778 1.045e-08 ***
## factor(gasheat)
                        1 1.6098e+09 1.6098e+09
                                                 7.2237 0.007433 **
## factor(aircon)
                        1 1.5496e+10 1.5496e+10 69.5314 7.224e-16 ***
## garage
                        1 5.9405e+09 5.9405e+09
                                                 26.6562 3.505e-07 ***
                                                 41.6331 2.588e-10 ***
## factor(prefer)
                        1 9.2782e+09 9.2782e+09
## Residuals
                     504 1.1232e+11 2.2286e+08
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Anova for Nonparametric Effects
##
                     Npar Df Npar F
                                         Pr(F)
## (Intercept)
                           26 2.3903 0.0001687 ***
## s(lotsize, 27)
## bedrooms
## factor(bathrooms)
## factor(stories)
## factor(driveway)
## factor(recreation)
## factor(fullbase)
## factor(gasheat)
## factor(aircon)
## garage
## factor(prefer)
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Question 5

Chapter 3 Exercise 4

4A

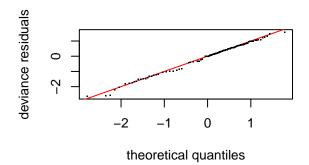
```
library("aplore3")
data(icu)
# take a look
str(icu)
## 'data.frame':
                   200 obs. of 21 variables:
           : int 4 8 12 14 27 28 32 38 40 41 ...
          : Factor w/ 2 levels "Lived", "Died": 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ sta
## $ age : int 87 27 59 77 76 54 87 69 63 30 ...
## $ gender: Factor w/ 2 levels "Male", "Female": 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 ...
## $ race : Factor w/ 3 levels "White", "Black",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ ser : Factor w/ 2 levels "Medical", "Surgical": 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 ...
          : Factor w/ 2 levels "No", "Yes": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ can
## $ crn
           : Factor w/ 2 levels "No", "Yes": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ inf
          : Factor w/ 2 levels "No", "Yes": 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 ...
## $ cpr
          : Factor w/ 2 levels "No", "Yes": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
          : int 80 142 112 100 128 142 110 110 104 144 ...
## $ sys
## $ hra
           : int 96 88 80 70 90 103 154 132 66 110 ...
## $ pre
          : Factor w/ 2 levels "No", "Yes": 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 ...
## $ type : Factor w/ 2 levels "Elective", "Emergency": 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 ...
           : Factor w/ 2 levels "No", "Yes": 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ fra
## $ po2
           : Factor w/ 2 levels "> 60", "<= 60": 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 ...
           : Factor w/ 2 levels ">= 7.25", "< 7.25": 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ ph
          : Factor w/ 2 levels "<= 45","> 45": 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ pco
          : Factor w/ 2 levels ">= 18", "< 18": 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 ...
## $ bic
          : Factor w/ 2 levels "<= 2.0","> 2.0": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ cre
          : Factor w/ 3 levels "Nothing", "Stupor", ..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ loc
4B
Select a logistic gam with the response variable being the indicator of a patient dying.
# just to make sure interpretation doesn't get messed up, recode the live variable
icu$live <- ifelse(icu$sta=="Lived", 1, 0)</pre>
table(icu$live, icu$sta) # quick check
##
##
      Lived Died
               40
##
     0
          0
    1
        160
# initial model object
icu_init <- gam::gam(live ~ age + gender + race + ser</pre>
                       + can + crn + inf
                         + cpr + sys + hra + pre
                         + type + fra + po2
                         + pco + bic + cre +
```

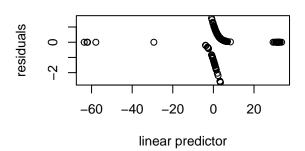
```
loc
   data=icu
   family=binomial(link="logit")
)
# stepwise regression setup
icu_step <- gam::step.gam(icu_init, scope=</pre>
                          list("age" = ~1 + age + s(age, 2)
                                , "gender" = ~ 1 + gender
                                , "ser" = ~1 + ser
                                 "can" = ~ 1 + can
                                "crn" = ~1 + crn
                                , "inf" = ~1 + inf
                                "cpr" = ~1 + cpr
                                 "sys" = ~1 + sys + s(sys, 2)
                                , "hra" = ~1 + hra + s(hra, 2)
                                , "pre" = ~ 1 + pre
                                 "type" = ~ 1 + type
                                "fra" = ~ 1 + fra
                                "po2" = ~1 + po2"
                                , "ph" = ~1 + ph
                                "pco" = ~1 + pco"
                                 "bic" = \sim 1 + bic
                                , "cre" = ~ 1 + cre
                                 "loc" = ~ 1 + loc
## Start: live ~ age + gender + race + ser + can + crn + inf + cpr + sys +
                                                                                  hra + pre + type + fra
## Step:1 live ~ race + age + gender + ser + can + crn + cpr + sys + hra +
                                                                                 pre + type + fra + po2
## Step: 2 live ~ race + age + gender + ser + can + crn + cpr + sys + hra +
                                                                                 pre + type + fra + po2
## Step:3 live ~ race + age + gender + ser + can + crn + cpr + sys + pre +
                                                                                 type + fra + po2 + pco
## Step:4 live ~ race + age + gender + ser + can + crn + cpr + sys + pre +
                                                                                 type + fra + po2 + pco
## Step:5 live ~ race + age + gender + ser + can + crn + cpr + sys + pre +
                                                                                 type + fra + pco + loc
## Step:6 live ~ race + age + gender + ser + can + cpr + sys + pre + type +
                                                                                  fra + pco + loc ; AIC=
## Step:7 live ~ race + age + gender + can + cpr + sys + pre + type + fra +
                                                                                  pco + loc ; AIC= 144.7
## Step:8 live ~ race + age + gender + can + cpr + sys + pre + type + fra +
                                                                                  ph + pco + loc; AIC=
## Step:9 live ~ race + age + gender + can + cpr + sys + pre + type + ph +
                                                                                 pco + loc ; AIC= 143.25
## Step:10 live ~ race + s(age, 2) + gender + can + cpr + sys + pre + type +
                                                                                   ph + pco + loc; AIC=
The step trace was printed above, but let's take a look to see what the final model is:
print("ICU data set stepwise model given by: ")
## [1] "ICU data set stepwise model given by: "
(step_vars <- names(icu_step$model)[-1])</pre>
                    "s(age, 2)" "gender"
## [1] "race"
                                             "can"
                                                         "cpr"
  [6] "sys"
                                             "ph"
                    "pre"
                                "type"
                                                         "pco"
## [11] "loc"
```

4C - Use mgcv::gam to re-fit the model selected in part B with GCV used for selction of the smoothing paramters. Include numerical and graphical summaries.

```
library("mgcv")
detach("package:gam", unload=TRUE)
refit_gcv <- mgcv::gam(live ~ race + s(age) + gender + can + cpr + sys + pre + type +
                       ph + pco + loc
         , data=icu
         , family=binomial(link="logit")
          method="GCV.Cp"
mgcv::summary.gam(refit_gcv)
##
## Family: binomial
## Link function: logit
##
## Formula:
## live ~ race + s(age) + gender + can + cpr + sys + pre + type +
##
      ph + pco + loc
##
## Parametric coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 3.059e+00 1.559e+00 1.961 0.04984 *
## raceBlack
              2.904e+01 1.107e+06 0.000 0.99998
## raceOther
               -2.365e-01 1.194e+00 -0.198 0.84306
## genderFemale 7.053e-01 5.260e-01
                                     1.341 0.17993
## canYes -3.203e+00 1.046e+00 -3.061 0.00221 **
## cprYes
              -1.224e+00 8.712e-01 -1.406 0.15987
               1.957e-02 8.370e-03 2.338 0.01940 *
## sys
## preYes -1.177e+00 6.610e-01 -1.781 0.07490 .
## typeEmergency -3.883e+00 1.285e+00 -3.021 0.00252 **
## ph< 7.25
             -1.732e+00 9.707e-01 -1.785 0.07433 .
## pco> 45
               2.036e+00 9.873e-01
                                     2.062 0.03923 *
## locStupor
                                     0.000 0.99997
               -6.376e+01 1.796e+06
## locComa
               -3.178e+00 1.130e+00 -2.813 0.00491 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Approximate significance of smooth terms:
          edf Ref.df Chi.sq p-value
## s(age) 1.586 1.967 9.997 0.00502 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## R-sq.(adj) = 0.419 Deviance explained = 43.3\%
## UBRE = -0.28677 Scale est. = 1
                                        n = 200
mgcv::gam.check(refit_gcv)
```

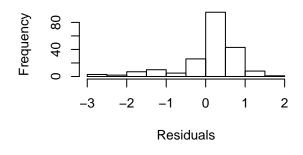
Resids vs. linear pred.

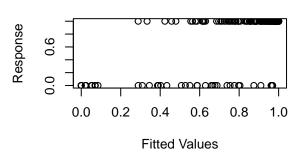




Histogram of residuals

Response vs. Fitted Values





```
##
## Method: UBRE
                  Optimizer: outer newton
## full convergence after 4 iterations.
## Gradient range [-9.377449e-08,-9.377449e-08]
## (score -0.2867667 & scale 1).
## Hessian positive definite, eigenvalue range [0.002132358,0.002132358].
## Model rank = 22 / 22
## Basis dimension (k) checking results. Low p-value (k-index<1) may
## indicate that k is too low, especially if edf is close to k'.
##
##
            k'
                edf k-index p-value
## s(age) 9.00 1.59
                       1.08
```

The model does not appear to be a great fit to the data - the residual histogram suffers from dramatic left-skewness. The good news, however, is that we have used an adequate number of basis functions in the fitting of our smoothed parameter (see console p-value above).

4D

Use the refitted GAM model to score a new record with the described characteristics.

```
new_rec <- data.frame(
    age=79
    , gender="Female"
    , race="White"
    , ser="Medical"
    , can="No"
    , crn="No"</pre>
```

```
, inf="No"
    , cpr="No"
    , sys=228
    , hra=94
    , pre="No"
    , type="Emergency"
    , fra="No"
    , po2="<= 60"
    , ph=">= 7.25"
    , pco="> 45"
    , bic="< 18"
    , cre="> 2.0"
    , loc="Coma"
# get prediction on the response scale, rather than logit.
new_rec_pred <- mgcv::predict.gam(refit_gcv, newdata=new_rec, type="response")</pre>
print("Case survival probability given by:")
## [1] "Case survival probability given by:"
print(new_rec_pred)
## 0.8965365
```

Question 6

Compare the stepwise and cosso models for Exercise 4 in Chapter 3

\$ genderFemale : num 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 ...

```
# first, fit a cosso model
icu_cosso1 <- cosso::cosso(x=icu[3:21]</pre>
                            , y=icu$live
                             , family=c("Binomial")
## Warning: from glmnet Fortran code (error code -1); Convergence for 1th
## lambda value not reached after maxit=100000 iterations; solutions for
## larger lambdas returned
## Warning in getcoef(fit, nvars, nx, vnames): an empty model has been
## returned; probably a convergence issue
## Error in predmat[which, seq(nlami)] = preds: replacement has length zero
# that didn't work - try out an alternative design matrix.
# one-hot encode the factors
X1 <- stats::model.matrix(~ -1 + gender + race + ser + can + crn + inf + cpr + pre + type + fra + po2 +
X2 <- icu %>%
 dplyr::select(age, sys, hra)
y <- icu$live
X <- data.frame(cbind(X1, X2))</pre>
str(X)
                    200 obs. of 22 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ genderMale
                 : num 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 ...
```

```
$ raceBlack
                         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                  : num
##
   $ raceOther
                  : num
                         0000000000...
  $ serSurgical : num
##
                         1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 ...
## $ canYes
                         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                  : num
##
   $ crnYes
                  : num
                         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ infYes
                  : num 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 ...
##
  $ cprYes
                  : num
                         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
##
   $ preYes
                  : num
                         0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 ...
##
   $ typeEmergency: num
                         1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 ...
##
  $ fraYes
                  : num
                         1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ po2...60
                  : num
                         1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 ...
## $ ph..7.25
                         1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                  : num
##
   $ pco..45
                         1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                  : num
## $ bic..18
                  : num
                         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 ...
## $ cre..2.0
                         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                  : num
## $ locStupor
                         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                  : num
## $ locComa
                  : num 0000000000...
## $ age
                         87 27 59 77 76 54 87 69 63 30 ...
                  : int
                  : int 80 142 112 100 128 142 110 110 104 144 ...
##
   $ sys
                  : int 96 88 80 70 90 103 154 132 66 110 ...
   $ hra
icu_cosso2 <- cosso::cosso(x=X, y=y, family=c("Binomial"))</pre>
```

Error in solve.QP(GH\$H, GH\$H %*% old.theta - GH\$G, t(Amat), bvec): matrix D in quadratic function is It does not appear that the cosso regularization implementation is appropriate for the design matrix we are using. I have no model to compare to the stepwise selection model from Exercise 4 in Chapter 3.

Question 7

Rerun the model from Chapter 3, Exercise 4 using mgcv's regularization implementation.

```
icu_mgcv <- mgcv::gam(live ~ s(age) + gender + race + ser</pre>
                        + can + crn + inf
                          + cpr + s(sys) + s(hra) + pre
                          + type + fra + po2
                          + pco + bic + cre +
  , data=icu
   family=binomial(link="logit")
   select=TRUE
(icu_mgcv_smry <- mgcv::summary.gam(icu_mgcv))</pre>
##
## Family: binomial
## Link function: logit
##
## Formula:
## live ~ s(age) + gender + race + ser + can + crn + inf + cpr +
##
       s(sys) + s(hra) + pre + type + fra + po2 + pco + bic + cre +
##
##
## Parametric coefficients:
```

```
##
                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                 5.109e+00 1.469e+00
                                      3.478 0.000505 ***
## genderFemale
                 5.299e-01 5.457e-01
                                       0.971 0.331533
## raceBlack
                 5.114e+01 1.744e+07
                                       0.000 0.999998
## raceOther
                -2.570e-02 1.291e+00 -0.020 0.984110
## serSurgical
                 8.862e-01 6.483e-01
                                      1.367 0.171628
## canYes
                -3.533e+00 1.132e+00 -3.122 0.001797 **
## crnYes
                -3.864e-01 8.554e-01 -0.452 0.651496
## infYes
                5.461e-02 5.571e-01
                                      0.098 0.921906
## cprYes
                -1.020e+00 1.041e+00 -0.980 0.327115
## preYes
                -1.434e+00 6.995e-01 -2.050 0.040379 *
## typeEmergency -3.520e+00 1.359e+00
                                     -2.590 0.009604 **
## fraYes
                -1.416e+00 1.032e+00 -1.372 0.170007
## po2<= 60
                                      0.483 0.628895
                 4.594e-01 9.506e-01
## pco> 45
                 1.389e+00 9.736e-01
                                       1.426 0.153752
## bic< 18
                -6.120e-02 8.523e-01
                                      -0.072 0.942759
## cre> 2.0
                -3.674e-01 1.216e+00 -0.302 0.762555
## locStupor
                -9.541e+01 3.021e+07
                                       0.000 0.999997
## locComa
                -3.303e+00 1.266e+00 -2.609 0.009071 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Approximate significance of smooth terms:
               edf Ref.df Chi.sq p-value
## s(age) 1.661e+00
                        9 9.791 0.00155 **
## s(sys) 3.800e+00
                        9 7.383 0.08310 .
## s(hra) 5.162e-05
                        9 0.000 0.66328
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## R-sq.(adj) = 0.416
                        Deviance explained = 46.9%
## UBRE = -0.23354 Scale est. = 1
```

Final model using this selection method is given by the following formula:

icu_mgcv_smry\$p.coeff

```
##
     (Intercept) genderFemale
                                   raceBlack
                                                 raceOther
                                                             serSurgical
##
      5.10934386
                  0.52987540
                                 51.13740379
                                               -0.02570271
                                                              0.88617293
##
          canYes
                        crnYes
                                      infYes
                                                    cprYes
                                                                  preYes
##
     -3.53320795
                 -0.38637136
                                                              -1.43383661
                                  0.05461166
                                               -1.02002560
## typeEmergency
                        fraYes
                                    po2<= 60
                                                   pco> 45
                                                                 bic< 18
##
     -3.51965012
                  -1.41606322
                                  0.45942109
                                                1.38870920
                                                              -0.06119857
##
        cre> 2.0
                     locStupor
                                     locComa
##
     -0.36739812 -95.40687476
                                 -3.30287387
```

Question 8

7A

```
library("kernlab")
data(spam)
print(names(spam))
```

```
##
    [1] "make"
                             "address"
                                                   "all"
                             "our"
##
   [4] "num3d"
                                                   "over"
  [7] "remove"
                             "internet"
                                                   "order"
## [10] "mail"
                             "receive"
                                                   "will"
## [13] "people"
                             "report"
                                                   "addresses"
## [16] "free"
                             "business"
                                                   "email"
## [19] "you"
                             "credit"
                                                   "your"
## [22] "font"
                              "num000"
                                                   "money"
## [25] "hp"
                             "hpl"
                                                   "george"
                                                   "labs"
## [28] "num650"
                             "lab"
## [31] "telnet"
                              "num857"
                                                   "data"
## [34] "num415"
                              "num85"
                                                   "technology"
## [37] "num1999"
                              "parts"
                                                   "mq"
                             "cs"
## [40] "direct"
                                                   "meeting"
## [43] "original"
                              "project"
                                                   "re"
                                                   "conference"
## [46] "edu"
                              "table"
## [49] "charSemicolon"
                             "charRoundbracket"
                                                   "charSquarebracket"
                             "charDollar"
                                                   "charHash"
## [52] "charExclamation"
## [55] "capitalAve"
                              "capitalLong"
                                                   "capitalTotal"
## [58] "type"
```

7B

Generate our testing and training data sets through randomization

```
set.seed(1)
nTest <- 1000
indsTest <- base::sample(1:nrow(spam), nTest, replace=FALSE)
indsTrain <- base::setdiff(1:nrow(spam), indsTest)
spamTest <- spam[indsTest, ]
spamTrain <- spam[indsTrain, ]</pre>
```

7C

##

Coefficients:

```
Fit a logistic GLM including all possible predictors.
fitTrainFullGLM <- glm(type ~ .</pre>
                        , family=binomial(link="logit")
                         data=spamTrain
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
print(summary(fitTrainFullGLM))
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = type ~ ., family = binomial(link = "logit"), data = spamTrain)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
       Min
                 1Q
                      Median
                                    3Q
                                             Max
## -4.1553 -0.2110
                      0.0000
                                0.1198
                                         5.3014
```

```
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                     -1.517e+00 1.585e-01 -9.571 < 2e-16 ***
## make
                     -4.409e-01
                                  2.526e-01
                                             -1.745 0.080919
## address
                     -1.570e-01
                                  8.387e-02
                                             -1.872 0.061152
## all
                      1.181e-01
                                  1.193e-01
                                              0.991 0.321862
## num3d
                      2.032e+00
                                  1.615e+00
                                              1.259 0.208171
## our
                                              4.793 1.64e-06 ***
                      5.592e-01
                                  1.167e-01
                                              3.149 0.001636 **
## over
                      8.656e-01
                                  2.748e-01
## remove
                      2.362e+00
                                  3.710e-01
                                              6.367 1.92e-10 ***
## internet
                      5.346e-01
                                  1.934e-01
                                              2.764 0.005703 **
## order
                      4.622e-01
                                  3.082e-01
                                              1.500 0.133615
## mail
                                              0.804 0.421577
                      5.913e-02
                                  7.357e-02
                                             -0.600 0.548687
## receive
                     -1.909e-01
                                  3.184e-01
## will
                     -1.230e-01
                                  8.344e-02
                                             -1.475 0.140272
                                             -0.760 0.447484
                                  2.557e-01
## people
                     -1.943e-01
## report
                      1.382e-01
                                  1.395e-01
                                              0.990 0.322001
## addresses
                                  9.064e-01
                      1.585e+00
                                              1.748 0.080381
## free
                      9.455e-01
                                  1.548e-01
                                              6.108 1.01e-09 ***
## business
                      8.731e-01
                                  2.478e-01
                                              3.524 0.000425 ***
## email
                      1.196e-01
                                  1.344e-01
                                              0.890 0.373724
## you
                      9.022e-02
                                 4.068e-02
                                              2.218 0.026563 *
## credit
                                  5.112e-01
                                              1.676 0.093758
                      8.568e-01
## your
                                 5.792e-02
                                              3.697 0.000219 ***
                      2.141e-01
## font
                      2.467e-01
                                  1.982e-01
                                              1.244 0.213341
## num000
                      2.036e+00
                                  4.671e-01
                                              4.358 1.31e-05 ***
## money
                      6.670e-01
                                  2.673e-01
                                              2.496 0.012570 *
                                  3.390e-01
                                             -5.397 6.76e-08 ***
## hp
                     -1.830e+00
                                             -2.199 0.027903 *
## hpl
                     -1.100e+00
                                  5.005e-01
                                  2.298e+00
                                             -4.866 1.14e-06 ***
## george
                     -1.118e+01
## num650
                      7.530e-01
                                  2.999e-01
                                              2.511 0.012049 *
## lab
                     -2.529e+00
                                  1.769e+00
                                             -1.430 0.152854
## labs
                     -2.853e-01
                                  3.261e-01
                                             -0.875 0.381765
## telnet
                     -1.542e-01
                                  4.297e-01
                                             -0.359 0.719664
## num857
                                  3.990e+00
                      1.315e+00
                                              0.330 0.741647
                                             -2.449 0.014328 *
## data
                     -9.200e-01
                                  3.757e-01
## num415
                                             -3.014 0.002582 **
                     -1.231e+01
                                  4.086e+00
## num85
                     -2.032e+00
                                  8.319e-01
                                             -2.442 0.014602 *
## technology
                      7.600e-01
                                  3.567e-01
                                              2.131 0.033100 *
## num1999
                     -8.878e-02
                                  2.059e-01
                                             -0.431 0.666359
                                  4.881e-01
## parts
                     -6.051e-01
                                             -1.240 0.215156
                                  4.436e-01
## pm
                     -6.065e-01
                                             -1.367 0.171540
## direct
                     -3.423e-01
                                  3.974e-01
                                             -0.861 0.389090
## cs
                     -4.961e+01
                                  2.481e+01
                                             -1.999 0.045567 *
                     -3.744e+00
                                  1.428e+00
                                             -2.621 0.008755 **
## meeting
## original
                     -8.478e-01
                                  7.574e-01
                                             -1.119 0.262971
                                  5.337e-01
                                             -2.535 0.011231 *
## project
                     -1.353e+00
## re
                     -8.749e-01
                                  1.770e-01
                                             -4.944 7.65e-07 ***
## edu
                     -1.277e+00
                                  2.986e-01
                                             -4.277 1.89e-05 ***
## table
                     -1.859e+00
                                  1.539e+00
                                             -1.208 0.226970
## conference
                     -6.055e+00
                                  2.720e+00
                                             -2.226 0.026034 *
                                             -2.799 0.005120 **
## charSemicolon
                     -1.543e+00
                                  5.511e-01
## charRoundbracket -5.443e-01
                                  3.756e-01
                                             -1.449 0.147217
## charSquarebracket -3.155e-01
                                 7.198e-01 -0.438 0.661189
## charExclamation
                      2.670e-01 6.796e-02
                                              3.929 8.52e-05 ***
```

```
## charDollar
                      5.633e+00
                                  8.040e-01
                                              7.005 2.47e-12 ***
## charHash
                      2.770e+00
                                              2.345 0.019019 *
                                  1.181e+00
                      1.797e-02
## capitalAve
                                  2.041e-02
                                              0.881 0.378538
                      6.638e-03
                                  2.686e-03
                                              2.471 0.013479 *
  capitalLong
##
  capitalTotal
                      1.356e-03
                                  2.821e-04
                                              4.808 1.52e-06 ***
##
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
##
##
  (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 4823.9
                               on 3600
                                        degrees of freedom
                              on 3543
## Residual deviance: 1435.1
                                        degrees of freedom
  AIC: 1551.1
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 13
```

7D

Use a model selection strategy to select a subset of predictors. We have quite a few predictors - let's use a convenience function to generate potential predictors in our model.

```
spam_scope <- gam::gam.scope(frame=spamTrain, response=58)
head(spamTrain[, 1:57])</pre>
```

```
##
     make address all num3d our over remove internet order mail receive
## 1 0.00
              0.64 0.64
                             0 0.32 0.00
                                             0.00
                                                       0.00
                                                             0.00 0.00
                                                                           0.00
## 2 0.21
              0.28 0.50
                             0 0.14 0.28
                                             0.21
                                                      0.07
                                                             0.00 0.94
                                                                           0.21
## 3 0.06
              0.00 0.71
                             0 1.23 0.19
                                             0.19
                                                      0.12
                                                            0.64 0.25
                                                                           0.38
## 4 0.00
                                                      0.63 0.31 0.63
              0.00 0.00
                             0 0.63 0.00
                                             0.31
                                                                           0.31
## 6 0.00
              0.00 0.00
                             0 1.85 0.00
                                             0.00
                                                       1.85
                                                             0.00 0.00
                                                                           0.00
## 7 0.00
              0.00 0.00
                             0 1.92 0.00
                                             0.00
                                                      0.00
                                                            0.00 0.64
                                                                           0.96
##
     will people report addresses free business email you credit your font
## 1 0.64
             0.00
                     0.00
                               0.00 0.32
                                               0.00
                                                     1.29 1.93
                                                                   0.00 0.96
## 2 0.79
                     0.21
                                               0.07
                                                     0.28 3.47
             0.65
                               0.14 0.14
                                                                   0.00 1.59
                                                                                 0
## 3 0.45
             0.12
                     0.00
                                1.75 0.06
                                               0.06
                                                      1.03 1.36
                                                                   0.32 0.51
                                                                                 0
             0.31
                                                                   0.00 0.31
## 4 0.31
                     0.00
                               0.00 0.31
                                               0.00
                                                     0.00 3.18
                                                                                 0
## 6 0.00
             0.00
                     0.00
                                0.00 0.00
                                               0.00
                                                      0.00 0.00
                                                                   0.00 0.00
## 7 1.28
             0.00
                     0.00
                                0.00 0.96
                                               0.00
                                                     0.32 3.85
                                                                   0.00 0.64
     num000 money hp hpl george num650 lab labs telnet num857 data num415
##
## 1
       0.00
             0.00
                         0
                                 0
                                        0
                                             0
                                                  0
                                                                  0
                                                                       0
                                                                               0
                    0
                                                          0
## 2
       0.43
              0.43
                                                          0
                                                                       0
                                                                               0
                         0
                                 0
                                        0
                                                  0
                                                                  0
       1.16
             0.06
                                                                       0
                                                                               0
## 3
                         0
                                 0
                                        0
                                             0
                                                  0
                                                          0
                                                                  0
## 4
       0.00
              0.00
                     0
                         0
                                 0
                                        0
                                             0
                                                  0
                                                          0
                                                                  0
                                                                       0
                                                                               0
## 6
       0.00
              0.00
                    0
                         0
                                 0
                                        0
                                             0
                                                  0
                                                          0
                                                                  0
                                                                       0
                                                                               0
## 7
       0.00
              0.00
                    0
                         0
                                 0
                                        0
                                             0
                                                  0
                                                          0
                                                                  0
                                                                       0
##
     num85 technology num1999 parts pm direct cs meeting original project
## 1
         0
                     0
                           0.00
                                     0
                                        0
                                             0.00
                                                            0
                                                                   0.00
                                                   0
                                                                               0
## 2
         0
                     0
                           0.07
                                     0
                                        0
                                             0.00
                                                            0
                                                                   0.00
                                                                               0
## 3
         0
                     0
                           0.00
                                     0
                                        0
                                             0.06
                                                            0
                                                                   0.12
                                                                               0
                                                   0
                                        0
                                                                               0
## 4
         0
                     0
                           0.00
                                     0
                                             0.00
                                                   0
                                                            0
                                                                   0.00
## 6
         0
                     0
                           0.00
                                     0
                                        0
                                             0.00
                                                   0
                                                            0
                                                                   0.00
                                                                               0
## 7
         0
                      0
                           0.00
                                     0
                                        0
                                             0.00
                                                   0
                                                            0
                                                                   0.00
                                                                               0
##
            edu table conference charSemicolon charRoundbracket
```

```
## 1 0.00 0.00
                               0
                                           0.00
                                                            0.000
## 2 0.00 0.00
                   0
                               0
                                           0.00
                                                            0.132
## 3 0.06 0.06
                    0
                               0
                                           0.01
                                                            0.143
## 4 0.00 0.00
                               0
                                           0.00
                   0
                                                            0.137
## 6 0.00 0.00
                    0
                               0
                                           0.00
                                                            0.223
## 7 0.00 0.00
                    0
                               0
                                           0.00
                                                            0.054
     charSquarebracket charExclamation charDollar charHash capitalAve
## 1
                      0
                                  0.778
                                              0.000
                                                       0.000
                                                                   3.756
## 2
                      0
                                  0.372
                                              0.180
                                                       0.048
                                                                   5.114
## 3
                      0
                                                       0.010
                                  0.276
                                              0.184
                                                                   9.821
                      0
                                  0.137
                                              0.000
                                                       0.000
                                                                   3.537
                      0
## 6
                                  0.000
                                              0.000
                                                       0.000
                                                                   3.000
## 7
                                              0.054
                      0
                                  0.164
                                                       0.000
                                                                   1.671
##
     capitalLong capitalTotal
## 1
              61
## 2
             101
                          1028
## 3
             485
                          2259
## 4
              40
                           191
## 6
              15
                            54
## 7
               4
                           112
head(spamTrain[, 58])
## [1] spam spam spam spam spam
```

Levels: nonspam spam

```
detach("package:mgcv", unload=TRUE)
```

Warning: 'mgcv' namespace cannot be unloaded: ## namespace 'mgcv' is imported by 'car' so cannot be unloaded

Run the stepwise regression

```
#spam_init <- gam::gam(type ~ .</pre>
                         , family=binomial(link="logit")
#
                           data=spamTrain
#
#spam_step <- gam::step.gam(object=spam_init
                              , scope=spam_scope
#
#
```

That was taking way too long, and we aren't being asked to include smoothed predictors at this point. Let's fit this with the LASSO penalization.

```
library("glmnet")
```

```
X=as.matrix(spamTrain[, 1:57])
y=ifelse(spamTrain[, 58]=="spam", 1, 0)
# select optimal constraint via cross validation
set.seed(1738)
spam_cv <- glmnet::cv.glmnet(x=X</pre>
                                , y=y
                                , family="binomial"
                                , alpha=1
                                , nfolds=3 # reduce runtime
```

```
# grab our optimal lambda value
(lambda_min <- spam_cv$lambda.min)</pre>
## [1] 0.0003835095
# optimal coefficients
(mod_coefs <- coef(spam_cv, s=lambda_min))</pre>
## 58 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
                     -1.412852180
## (Intercept)
## make
                     -0.400146137
                     -0.155163456
## address
## all
                      0.132129269
## num3d
                      0.402742843
## our
                     0.549067865
## over
                      0.771903110
## remove
                      2.420956962
## internet
                      0.538726021
## order
                     0.391826012
## mail
                     0.052764955
## receive
                     -0.135399792
## will
                     -0.116623372
## people
                   -0.171177788
                     0.117303655
## report
## addresses
                      1.216677947
## free
                      0.936332770
## business
                      0.767227183
## email
                      0.132079843
## you
                      0.088475474
## credit
                      0.772890313
## your
                      0.210064405
## font
                      0.279642205
## num000
                      2.066734798
## money
                      0.796224089
## hp
                     -1.650870873
                     -0.973270171
## hpl
                     -3.010975301
## george
## num650
                     0.577793458
## lab
                     -1.455605289
## labs
                     -0.258525089
## telnet
                     -0.168375380
## num857
## data
                     -0.949914194
## num415
## num85
                     -1.532587411
## technology
                     0.690977263
## num1999
                     -0.127143757
## parts
                     -0.525389613
## pm
                     -0.477385056
## direct
                     -0.335102920
```

-8.006965011

-2.285386490

cs

meeting

```
## original
                     -0.605485428
## project
                     -1.214453893
## re
                     -0.820218860
## edu
                     -1.171519056
## table
                     -1.724287215
## conference
                    -4.329302828
## charSemicolon
                    -1.388743623
## charRoundbracket -0.463920403
## charSquarebracket -0.327927801
## charExclamation 0.274358851
## charDollar
                     5.272469251
## charHash
                      2.029033613
## capitalAve
                     -0.002228969
                      0.003883233
## capitalLong
                      0.001035578
## capitalTotal
```

It looks like we need most of the variables, with the exception of a few. Let's select those out of our design matrix for the upcoming GLM.

```
reduced_X <- data.frame(X) %>%
dplyr::select(-c(num857, num415, capitalAve))
```

Fit the logistic GLM based on this subset.

##

```
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
summary(new_glm)
```

```
## Call:
## stats::glm(formula = y ~ ., family = binomial(link = "logit"),
##
      data = design_mat)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                  30
                                         Max
## -4.1905 -0.2135
                   0.0000
                              0.1221
                                       5.0037
##
## Coefficients:
##
                      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                    -1.481e+00 1.559e-01 -9.498 < 2e-16 ***
## make
                    -4.528e-01 2.521e-01 -1.796 0.072464 .
## address
                    -1.596e-01 8.456e-02 -1.887 0.059116 .
## all
                     1.138e-01 1.189e-01
                                           0.957 0.338653
## num3d
                     2.046e+00 1.615e+00 1.267 0.205307
## our
                     5.594e-01 1.162e-01
                                           4.816 1.47e-06 ***
## over
                    8.576e-01 2.716e-01
                                           3.158 0.001588 **
## remove
                    2.382e+00 3.711e-01 6.419 1.38e-10 ***
## internet
                    5.430e-01 1.934e-01 2.808 0.004988 **
## order
                    4.437e-01 2.993e-01
                                           1.482 0.138255
## mail
                    6.223e-02 7.309e-02 0.851 0.394492
## receive
                   -1.886e-01 3.177e-01 -0.594 0.552706
```

```
## will
                     -1.218e-01 8.313e-02 -1.465 0.142947
                     -1.991e-01 2.539e-01 -0.784 0.432926
## people
## report
                     1.331e-01
                                1.391e-01
                                             0.957 0.338627
## addresses
                      1.577e+00
                                9.034e-01
                                             1.745 0.080942 .
## free
                     9.336e-01
                                 1.534e-01
                                             6.085 1.17e-09 ***
## business
                                             3.391 0.000698 ***
                     8.392e-01
                                2.475e-01
## email
                     1.190e-01
                                1.333e-01
                                             0.893 0.372040
## you
                     8.685e-02
                                4.057e-02
                                             2.141 0.032277 *
## credit
                     8.706e-01
                                 5.104e-01
                                             1.706 0.088037 .
## your
                     2.171e-01
                                 5.766e-02
                                             3.764 0.000167 ***
## font
                      2.608e-01
                                1.983e-01
                                             1.315 0.188551
## num000
                      2.050e+00
                                 4.681e-01
                                             4.381 1.18e-05 ***
## money
                     6.787e-01
                                 2.693e-01
                                             2.521 0.011712 *
## hp
                     -1.833e+00
                                 3.419e-01
                                           -5.361 8.26e-08 ***
                                 5.022e-01
                                            -2.197 0.028055 *
## hpl
                     -1.103e+00
## george
                     -9.968e+00
                                 1.963e+00
                                            -5.077 3.83e-07 ***
## num650
                     7.536e-01
                                 3.000e-01
                                             2.512 0.011988 *
## lab
                     -2.540e+00
                                1.773e+00
                                           -1.433 0.151901
## labs
                     -2.765e-01 3.244e-01
                                           -0.852 0.393987
## telnet
                     -1.711e-01
                                4.716e-01
                                            -0.363 0.716814
## data
                     -9.002e-01 3.698e-01
                                           -2.435 0.014911 *
## num85
                     -2.030e+00 8.056e-01
                                           -2.520 0.011742 *
## technology
                     7.764e-01
                                3.557e-01
                                             2.183 0.029035 *
## num1999
                     -8.945e-02
                                2.067e-01
                                           -0.433 0.665229
## parts
                     -6.028e-01
                                4.901e-01
                                           -1.230 0.218705
## pm
                     -6.081e-01
                                4.420e-01
                                           -1.376 0.168934
## direct
                                            -0.846 0.397478
                     -3.339e-01
                                 3.946e-01
## cs
                     -4.828e+01
                                 2.534e+01
                                           -1.905 0.056798 .
                                1.374e+00 -2.634 0.008427 **
## meeting
                     -3.621e+00
## original
                     -8.519e-01
                                 7.549e-01
                                           -1.128 0.259111
## project
                     -1.359e+00
                                 5.344e-01
                                            -2.542 0.011012 *
## re
                     -8.583e-01
                                1.747e-01
                                           -4.912 9.00e-07 ***
## edu
                     -1.283e+00
                                 2.999e-01
                                            -4.280 1.87e-05 ***
                                            -1.211 0.225878
## table
                     -1.849e+00
                                1.527e+00
                                            -2.220 0.026444 *
## conference
                     -6.114e+00
                                 2.755e+00
## charSemicolon
                                           -2.811 0.004946 **
                     -1.541e+00 5.483e-01
## charRoundbracket -5.471e-01
                                3.752e-01
                                           -1.458 0.144805
## charSquarebracket -3.057e-01
                                7.073e-01
                                           -0.432 0.665652
## charExclamation
                      2.638e-01
                                6.734e-02
                                             3.917 8.95e-05 ***
## charDollar
                                             6.866 6.60e-12 ***
                     5.419e+00 7.893e-01
## charHash
                     2.706e+00
                                1.184e+00
                                             2.287 0.022209 *
## capitalLong
                                1.975e-03
                                             4.047 5.20e-05 ***
                     7.992e-03
                                             4.715 2.42e-06 ***
## capitalTotal
                     1.271e-03 2.695e-04
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
                                       degrees of freedom
       Null deviance: 4823.9 on 3600
## Residual deviance: 1441.7 on 3546
                                       degrees of freedom
## AIC: 1551.7
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 13
```

7E

Make predictions for the test data classify as spam if prediction probability exceeds 0.5.

7F

Fit the same model as in part E, but fit all terms with smoothing splines. Apply the same classification criterion.

```
library("mgcv")
# mgcv::gam is taking a while, so I am going to try out mgcv::bam,
# which is for larger data sets
refit_mod <- mgcv::bam(</pre>
                       type ~
                         s(make) +
s(address) +
s(all) +
s(num3d) +
s(our) +
s(over) +
s(remove) +
s(internet) +
s(order) +
s(mail) +
s(receive) +
s(will) +
s(people) +
s(report) +
s(addresses) +
s(free) +
s(business) +
s(email) +
s(you) +
s(credit) +
s(your) +
s(font) +
s(num000) +
s(money) +
s(hp) +
s(hpl) +
s(george) +
```

```
s(num650) +
s(lab) +
s(labs) +
s(telnet) +
s(data) +
s(num85) +
s(technology) +
s(num1999) +
s(parts) +
s(pm) +
s(direct) +
s(cs) +
s(meeting) +
s(original) +
s(project) +
s(re) +
s(edu) +
s(table) +
s(conference) +
s(charSemicolon) +
s(charRoundbracket) +
s(charSquarebracket) +
s(charExclamation) +
s(charDollar) +
s(charHash) +
s(capitalLong) +
s(capitalTotal)
 , data=spamTrain
, family=binomial
)
## Warning: Possible divergence detected in fast.REML.fit
## Warning in bgam.fit(G, mf, chunk.size, gp, scale, gamma, method = method, :
## fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
```

7G

Based on the above, it appears that the non-smoothed GLM has superior classification accuracy.