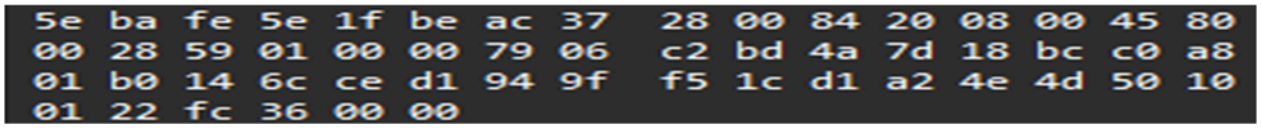
Wireshark IP Packet Analysis

Introduction

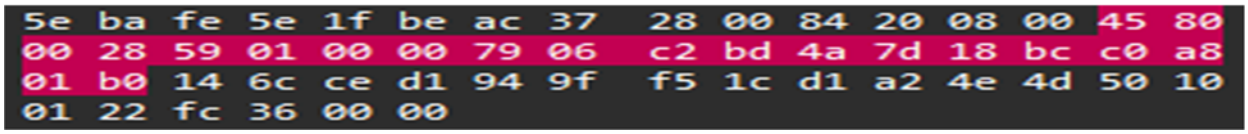
This report analyzes an IP packet captured using Wireshark, focusing on the structure and content of the IP header.

1 Packet Capture

2 Hexadecimal Data



3 IP Header Analysis



4 Wireshark IP packet Analysis

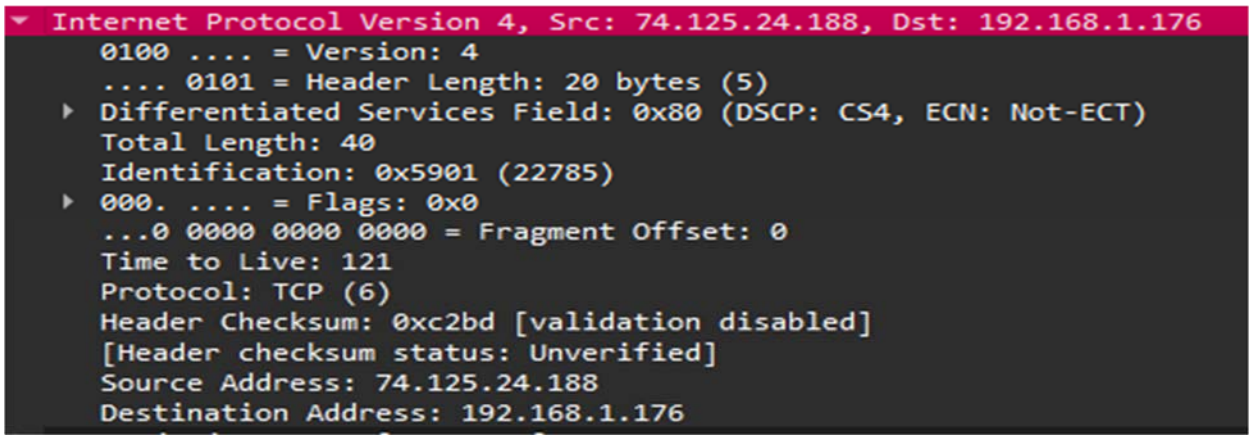


Figure: IP header fields in Wireshark

5 Explanation of each field of IPv4

Field	Value (Hex)	Value (Decoded)	Explanation
Version	4	4	IPv4
IHL	5	5	Header length 20 bytes
TOS	80	128	No special priority
Total Length	00 28	40 bytes	Packet Size
Identification	59 01	22785	Packet Identifier
Flags & Fragment Offset	00 00	0	No fragmentation
TTL	79	121	Max hops before discard
Protocol	06	6 TCP	Next level protocol
Header Checksum	c2 bd	49853	Error checking
Source IP	4a 7d 18 bc	74.125.24.188	Source address
Destination IP	c0 a8 01 b0	192.168.1.176	Destination address

Table: IP Header fields

6 Explanation of Fields

- **Version:** Always 4 for IPv4 packets.
- **IHL (Internet Header Length):** Measured in 32-bit words. Value 5 means 5*4=20 bytes.
- **TOS (Type of Service):** Specifies priority and handling of the packets
- **Total Length:** Sum of header and payload lengths in bytes.
- **Identification:** Unique identifier for fragments of the same packet.
- **Flags and Fragment Offset:** Control and indicate packet fragmentation.
- **TTL (Time to Leave):** Decremented at each hop. Packet is discarded when it reaches 0.
- **Protocol:** Indicates the next level protocol (6 for TCP).
- **Header Checksum:** Error-checking calculated over the entire header.
- **Source/Destination IP:** IP addresses of sender and receiver.