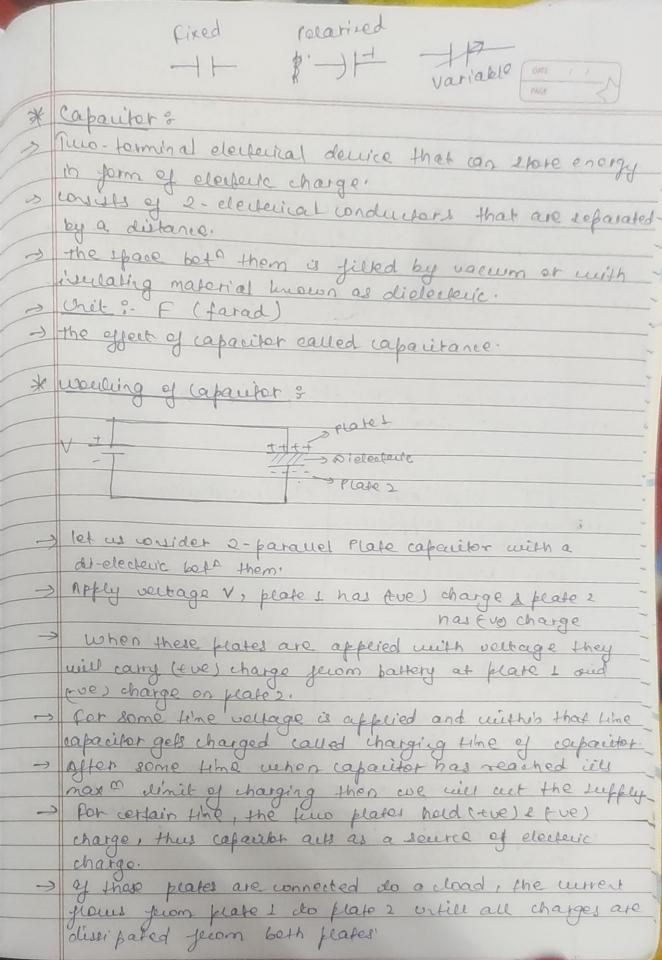
Paris Passine status energy. e.g. capaisor, inductor Unilateral - surrout flow one direction e.g., doude transfer Bilateral -> e.g. sesyter, apaider cumped - resisters, capactors & inductor can be Disteributed a surveyor of separated physically. e gral Time variant => function of time carble Time Invariant of Net function of time. chear N/w > gollow the ferriple of suferfalition " Jdoes not " " LT = Low Tension. 2/ HT > High Tension 1.10 when bull supply is needed Pig, 11 Kw, 33 KW, 1324W and abone low veltage line chigh voltage who In I phase -> 230 V In 3 11 -) 900V Used in house Used in industries, universities i hostels S: Small wirest is used where low veltage is and with very high current' with very high vellage Uses step-down Hayformer Uses Step-up transpormer 3' HT panels are istalled Only indoor as both cutdoor and indoct.



this time of discharging of corpacitor is called time of dissifation * Types of capacitor ?
I Clerterolytic capacitot => used whon large capacitor values are required 1st electerade -> thin metal film Dielecteric > this layer of 04'do and electerate > a semi-liquid electeratife 1010 in ferm of jelly. Hica (about tot) 2- types (1) Clampled very etable chemically, @ reica' electerically and 3' Paper (apacitor =) works nuo thin fail theels and es sepearated by paper The sandwich of this fails & paper to evolled into agrindrical thated and then enclosed into plastic Capeule. Film capacitat => uses this plastic as di-electeric e.s, Polyeter film, sextenently thin metallized film, PTE film Non-Polarized) Plastic foil generally 2 capacitors in the series which are back to back non-felaticed by and hence, the result is in the non-petarized with half-capacitions Ceramic Capacitat & uses ceramic material as dielected The ceramics are of the 1st material lo use in the peroduction es capacitor as an insulator.

And in contract of the last of	- A
PAGE	

4 Harmonics 8-I Harmonics are werent or vertages with prequencies that are l'heger muliple of jundament al power frequency. then the 2nd is 120 Hz and 3rd is 180 Hz > Harmonics are a result of non-vinear loads that wonverts are the veltage to DC Typical Harmonis Southe 6- pulse derine (517,11,13,17,19,... Reutifier 11,13,23,35 12 --- . 18 ---17,19,35,37 29 ---23,25,49,49 . 8 (7,111 (8,17,19) FC-motor 160 3,5,7,9,11,13 telluminations : The Cuminous flux received by surface per crit area is called Ellumination. Denoted by E and measured in LUX. E = Cuminous Flux Area luminous flux - the ligh energy readiated out per Driks- Camen (second yelom body in jorns of lumihous) -> Illumination describes the measurement of amount of light falling on and speceading over a given surface area. unite seigntness is visual perception of this stight and pypological sensation of elight

* cables and Hs Agber ? * Power crection Factors :--> Power factor is the measure of how efficiently. incoming power is used in an electerical installation. > Ratio of active Pewer to Appaint pewer nector seem of active and dewer needed got weful work postore power volt Amperes watt / Vidowatt -> Power jacker consection aims at to inferous power factor and of power quality. -> Reduces load on electerical disteribution system, 1 energy efficiency and I eleperical costs. > Also I chances of failure of equipmons. Valent Cartaining Depending Respected Police Floor Realgo -> corpariters are used to imperious power factor because capacitors store is evergy in the form of voitage that heiß in reducing Reactive Power -> which does not take part is entent generation ! Pawel - malitain Fleitro--> the cosine angle bet " voltage & current in a circuit is power factor should be close to vity (1).

Vapour Compression Vapour Absorption Healed and Absorbed s. Referigerent vafour is 2. Hechanicall work supply to the compressor Heat energy supply to the generator 3' More competession work is enquired less 4. COP High cop cou C'mited upos 1000 tous about 1000 for Neisy Quiet eferation More lealinge due de Almest there is no lealing a 38. High operation cost less low roll Surtable Rejerigerant Ammoria.

(*) HUAC -> Stands for Heating, Ventriation and Air Conditioning. Emegy pains opportunities: -> HUAC consumes nearly 50-60% power in any building. Strategies:
energy pains opportunities.
I HUAC concurred nearly 50-60% power in any building
Grategies:
- Selecting the right temperature for AC.
- Buldine origination! Or the plation on Root @ 1/2001
D. Souble glass recycled materials
Q. No leakage
9. fresh our intake should be sufficient
Files all Daylors obbassing it is in for and pl
Energy saving opportunities in fans and Blowns.
- for Lans: O Minimizing Pressure.
2. Control density
& fay efficiency
9. Hoper fan sizing
9. Adjustable speed Drives
(C): 11: 21 00th 2001 1 110
for fans: D. when installed make sure that the blader or and
for fans: O when installed, make sure that the blodes are properly balanced.
3. Use electoric regulator in place of conventional regulator
3. Use electoric regulator in dage of will havelet
(9. Use fans at low speed.
3. Tuen off fans william wat acquired
1. Tuen off fans whon not orguired. 1. Adjust the direction so that air blows downward.
By A window and so that all blows downwood.
restraction refalls use in good conditions
as what to allow mothers a:
(1) use properly designed blade fam.

- 1

1 1

* Fans / Blowers: Theoride air for industrial process requirements & ventilation - Axial fairs: The blades circulate parallel to air flow - Pocitive displacement fans: Consists of nultiple co- rotating shafts that nesh to move air and gases in a condrolled manner -) Centrifugal fans: The fan blade rotates perpendicular to air flow - Crossflow fans: Used whele space is small. -> Exhaust fans: Draw air out of a building. -) fans for personal work space. Both blowers and fam are used for cooling & air circulation Benefit of Green Buildings: Also called Enviornment Building Preserves procious resources. Bonofite: a heduction of partical resource consumption. & Reduction of operation costs. 3. Health I comfort and safety for all desidents. (1) Energy optimization. @ Reduction of Energy consumption Q. Letter Endood Air Quality. @ Enviornment - friendly. (a). Rupact on Enviornment (regarde) le small.

(x). Centrifugal Pumpe: - Mechanical device designed to move a fluid by means of rotational Energy. - Inseller is the key component. → consiste of a series of wired varies.

→ consiste of a series of wired varies.

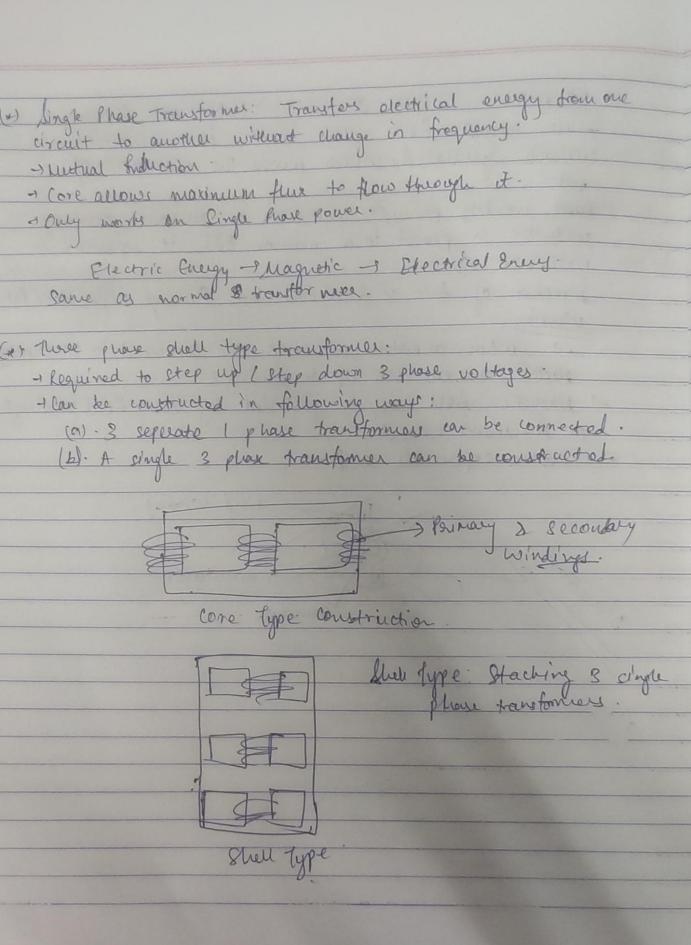
→ consiste of a series of wired varies. the irreumforence blu the vaines. - Rotatoral motion accelerates the fluid out (#) · Cooling Towers: -) designed to remove heat from a kuilding by spraying wooter. though -) Air comes in from the cides of tower and passes through falling coater.

-) As the air passes through water, heat is exchanged and some of the water evaporates -- The cooled monter is collected at the bottom of the former and pumped back into the building.

(X) Transformers.
STOTMES.
3 Electrical.
From high to low or low to wigh.
of Takes what as he was to high.
I works on the principle of electromagnetic Reduction.
Primary 3/8 Secondary winding.
winding 311 winding.
-) Creates AC voltage in the recondary will from the
Calland the voltage in the secondary coil from the
Clearent flowing in primary coil
Tworking remaple: founday's law of blectromagnetic hiduction.
- Transformation Ratio K = Cocondary Voltage K= E2 = Ne Brinary voltage E1 No
Porinary vottage EI NI
-) Efficiency - Power Out x 100.
Power In
Types: Step Up, Step Down, Feolation.
Types: Step Up, Step Down, Feologien.
country primary cainests primary
voltage to lawer voltage to Higher
voltage to lower voltage to Higher

0

, -



(4) DC Motor: lawest Electrical & Melhanical Energy. currents generated, which powers the movement of basic working principle when ever a everent carrying conductor is placed in a magnetic flold, it experiences mechanical force Direction of force is dotamined by Plenning Right Hand Rule electric cuarent sets up in winding.

- Magnetic field may be provided by using field windings or permanent magnet. at Armothe experiences a force. field winding.

(x) forduction fype Al Notors: , Electrical -> Lectrowal.

-> AKA Acynchronous motor

-> The electric cultert in the rotor is obtained by electromagnet for due ion

-> Tanduction motor can be made without electrical connections to the rotor.

-> These phone Anderetion motors are self ctarting reliable reconsuital.

-> Single phase are used for smaller loads.

3 Cables: construction of cables, types of cables, application A cable consists of any aluminium conductor covered by screening labor. 3 ypos of cablo: Fibor offic Cable: It consists of a bundle of gloss through which are used to transmit me mossages. Twisted Paix Cable: It is a type of ordinary wising which connects home and many prisings Computers Coxial Cable: Coxial cable, or coax cable is another type of copper cable which has an inner conductor surranded by foam insulation. -> Choosing among coxial, twisted and liber offic calle mainly defends on your needs and network typology. Applications of Cable: used in fraces controls transmission of signals computers and control systems.