





### **NPTEL ONLINE CERTIFICATION COURSES**

**Course Name: Deep Learning** 

**Faculty Name: Prof. P. K. Biswas** 

**Department: E & ECE, IIT Kharagpur** 

### **Topic**

**Lecture 06: Discriminant Function and Decision Surface** 

#### **CONCEPTS COVERED**

**Concepts Covered:** 

☐ Bayes Minimum Error Classifier

■ Bayes Minimum Risk Classifier

**□** Discriminant Function

**□** Decision Boundary



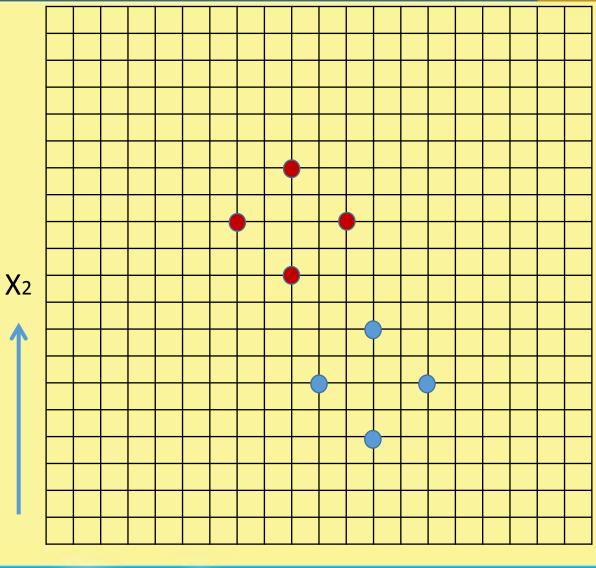


# **Discriminant Function**



# Discriminant Function under Multivariate Normal Distribution





$$\begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 14 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \implies \omega_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \implies \omega_2$$

X<sub>1</sub>



$$\begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 14 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} \implies \omega_1 \qquad \mu_1 = \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 14 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[X_1 - \mu_1][X_1 - \mu_1]^t = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} [0 \quad -2] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = M_1$$

$$[X_{2} - \mu_{1}][X_{2} - \mu_{1}]^{t} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}[0 \quad 2] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = M_{2}$$

$$[X_3 - \mu_1][X_3 - \mu_1]^t = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} [-2 \quad 0] = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = M_3$$

$$[X_4 - \mu_1][X_4 - \mu_1]^t = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} [2 \quad 0] = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = M_4$$

$$\Sigma_1 = \frac{1}{4} [M_1 + M_2 + M_3 + M_4]$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = 2I$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} \implies \omega_2 \qquad \mu_2 = \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma_2 = 2I$$



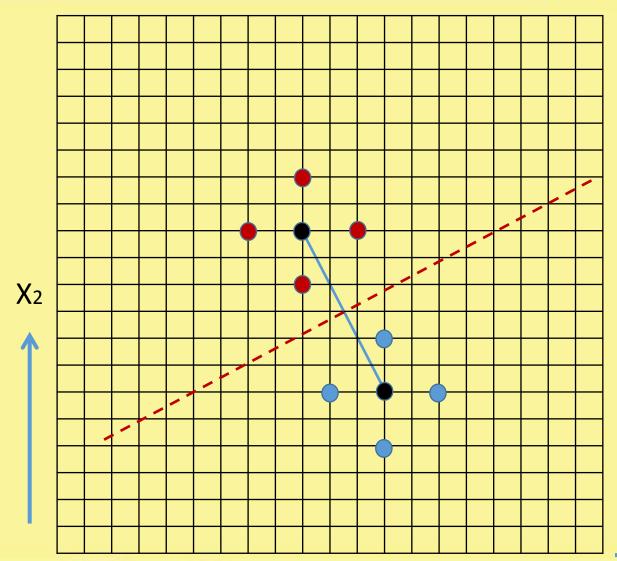
$$\Sigma_1 = \Sigma_2 = 2I \approx \sigma^2 I$$

Where

$$\sigma = \sqrt{2}$$



## **Decision Surface**



$$W^t(X - X_0) = 0$$

$$W = \mu_2 - \mu_1$$

$$X_0 = \frac{1}{2}(\mu_1 + \mu_2) - \frac{\sigma^2}{\|\mu_1 - \mu_2\|^2} \ln \frac{P(\omega_1)}{P(\omega_2)}(\mu_1 - \mu_2)$$

 $\chi_1$ 



# Discriminant Function under Multivariate Normal Distribution









### **NPTEL ONLINE CERTIFICATION COURSES**

Thank you