DOCTORHARISINGHGOUR VISHWAVIDYALAYA DEPARTMENTOFCOMPUTER APPLICATIONS



CSA-CC-3206: WEB

APPLICATION LAB

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBMITTED BY

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QUESTION 1 => WRITE INSTALLATION STEPS OF XAMPP

Here are the steps to install XAMPP on a Windows machine:

Step 1: Download XAMPP

- 1. Visit the [official XAMPP website](https://www.apachefriends.org/index.html).
- 2. Choose the version of XAMPP based on your operating system (Windows, Linux, or macOS).
- 3. Click the "Download" button for the latest version.

Step 2: Run the Installer

- 1. Once the download is complete, locate the downloaded file (e.g., `xampp-windows-x.x.x-installer.exe` for Windows).
- 2. Double-click the installer to run it.
- 3. If prompted by User Account Control (UAC), click "Yes" to allow the installer to make changes to your device.

Step 3: Select Components

- 1. The installer will open a setup wizard.
- 2. Click "Next" on the initial welcome screen.
- 3. You'll be asked to select the components you want to install (e.g., Apache, MySQL, PHP, Perl). By default, all components are selected. You can leave them checked or uncheck any components you don't need.
- 4. Click "Next."

Step 4: Choose Installation Folder

- 1. Choose the folder where XAMPP should be installed. By default, it installs in `C:\xampp`.
- 2. Click "Next."

Step 5: Language Selection

- 1. Select the language for XAMPP's interface (English or your preferred language).
- 2. Click "Next."

Step 6: Begin Installation

- 1. Click "Next" to start the installation process.
- 2. Wait for the installation to complete. This may take a few minutes depending on your system.

Step 7: Start the XAMPP Control Panel

- 1. Once the installation is complete, check the box to launch the XAMPP Control Panel.
- 2. Click "Finish."

Step 8: Run Apache and MySQL

- 1. In the XAMPP Control Panel, you'll see a list of services (Apache, MySQL, FileZilla, etc.).
- 2. Click the "Start" button next to Apache and MySQL to start the web server and database server.
- 3. If the services start successfully, the module names will turn green.

Step 9: Test the Installation

1. Open your web browser.

- 2. Type 'http://localhost' or 'http://127.0.0.1' in the address bar and hit Enter.
- 3. If XAMPP is installed correctly, the XAMPP dashboard will appear, confirming a successful setup.

Optional: Configure Services to Start Automatically

1. If you want Apache and MySQL to start automatically when you launch XAMPP, check the "Svc" checkbox next to each service in the Control Panel.

QUESTION 2 => WAP TO PRINT HELLO MESSAGE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<metacharset="UTF-8">
<metaname="viewport"content="width=device-width,initial-scale=1.0">
<title>PHP-Hello,World!</title>
<style>
body{
display:flex;
justify-content:center; align-items: center; height: 100vh;
background-color: #f0f0f0; font-family:Arial,sans-serif;
}
h1{
color:#333;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1><?phpecho'Hello,World!';?></h1>
</body>
</html>
```

Hello, World!

QUESTION 3 => WAP TO USE OF DATATYPES

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
```

```
<metacharset="UTF-8">
<metaname="viewport"content="width=device-width,initial-scale=1.0">
<title>PHPDataTypes</title>
body{
display:flex;
flex-direction:column; align-items: center; justify-content:center; height: 100vh;
background-color: #f0f0f0; font-family:Arial,sans-serif;
.datatype { margin: 10px; padding:10px;
border: 1px solid #ccc; background-color:#fff; width: 300px;
text-align:center;
</style>
<body>
<divclass="datatype">
<h2>String</h2>
<?php
$string="Hello,World!"; echo $string;
<divclass="datatype">
<h2>Integer</h2>
<?php
$integer=123; echo $integer;
?>
</div>
<divclass="datatype">
<h2>Float</h2>
<?php
$float=3.14; echo $float;
?>
</div>
<h2>Boolean</h2>
<?php
$boolean= true;
echo$boolean?'True':'False';
?>
</div>
<divclass="datatype">
<h2>Array</h2>
<?php
$array=array("Apple","Banana","Cherry"); echo implode(", ", $array);
?>
</div>
<divclass="datatype">
<h2>Object</h2>
<?php
class Car {public$make;
public$model;
public function construct($make,$model){
$this->make=$make;
$this->model=$model;
```

```
$car = new Car("Toyota", "Corolla"); echo$car->make."".$car->model;
?>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

String Hello,World! Integer 123 Float 3.14 Boolean True Array Apple, Banana, Cherry

QUESTION 4 => WAP TO SHOW USE OF OPERATORS.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<metacharset="UTF-8">
<metaname="viewport"content="width=device-width,initial-scale=1.0">
<title>PHPOperators</title>
<style>
```

Object

```
body{
display:flex;
flex-direction:column; align-items: center; justify-content:center; height: 150vh;
background-color: #f0f0f0; font-family:Arial,sans-serif;
.operator { margin: 10px; padding:10px;
border: 1px solid #ccc; background-color:#fff; width: 300px;
text-align:center;
<divclass="operator">
<h2>Addition</h2>
<?php
$a= 10;
$b =20;
$sum=$a+$b;
echo"$a +$b = $sum";
</div>
<h2>Subtraction</h2>
<?php
$sub=$a -$b;
echo"$a -$b =$sub";
?>
</div>
<divclass="operator">
<h2>Multiplication</h2>
<?php
$mul=$a* $b;
echo"$a *$b = $mul";
<divclass="operator">
<h2>Division</h2>
$div=$a/$b;
echo"$a /$b= $div";
?>
</div>
<divclass="operator">
<h2>Modulus</h2>
<?php
$mod=$a%$b;
echo"$a %$b= $mod";
```

Addition

10 + 20 = 30

Subtraction

10 -20 =-10

Multiplication

10 *20 = 200

Division

10 /20= 0.5

Modulus

10 %20= 10

QUESTION 5 => WAP TO SHOW USE OF IF ELSE STATEMENT.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<metacharset="UTF-8">
<metaname="viewport"content="width=device-width,initial-scale=1.0">
<title>PHPIFELseStatement</title>
<style>
body{
display:flex;
flex-direction:column; align-items: center; justify-content:center;
height:100vh;
background-color: #f0f0f0; font-family:Arial,sans-serif;
}
.result{
margin: 10px; padding: 10px;border:1pxsolid#ccc;
background-color:#fff; width: 300px;
text-align:center;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<divclass="result">
<h2>CheckNumber</h2>
?php
```

```
$number=10;
if ($number > 0) {
echo"$number is a positive number.";
}elseif($number<0) {
echo"$numberis a negative number.";
}else{
echo"$numberis zero.";
}
}
</div>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

CheckNumber

10 is a positive number.

QUESTION 6 => WAP TO SHOW USE OF SWITCH STATEMENT.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<metacharset="UTF-8">
<title>PHPSwitchStatement</title>
body{
display:flex;
flex-direction:column; align-items: center; justify-content:center; height: 100vh;
background-color: #f0f0f0; font-family:Arial,sans-serif;
.result{
margin: 10px; padding: 10px;border:1pxsolid#ccc;
background-color:#fff; width: 300px;
text-align:center;
</style>
<body>
<h2>Day of the Week</h2>
$day=date("1"); switch ($day) {
case"Monday":
echo"TodayisMonday.Startoftheworkweek!"; break;
case"Tuesday":
echo"TodayisTuesday.Keepgoing!"; break;
```

```
case"Wednesday":
echo"TodayisWednesday.Halfwaythrough!"; break;
case"Thursday":
echo"TodayisThursday.Almostthere!"; break;
case"Friday":
    echo"TodayisFriday.Weekendisnear!"; break;
    case"Saturday":
    echo"TodayisSaturday.Enjoyyourweekend!"; break;
    case"Sunday":
    echo"TodayisSunday.Relaxandrecharge!"; break;
default:
    echo"Unknownday!"; break;
}
?>
</div>
</dody>
</html>
```

Day of the Week

TodayisThursday.Almostthere!

QUESTION 7 => WAP TO SHOW USE OF WHILE LOOP.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>WhileLoopExample</title>
<style>
body{
font-family:Arial,sans-serif; text-align: center;
margin-top:50px;
}
.number{
font-size:24px; margin: 10px;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Numbersfrom1to 10</h1>
<?php
$count= 1;
while($count<=10){
echo"<divclass='number'>$count</div>";
$count++;
}
}
```

Numbersfrom1to 10

12345678910

QUESTION 8 => WAP TO SHOW USE OF DO WHILE LOOP.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>DoWhileLoopExample</title>
<style>
body{
font-family:Arial,sans-serif; text-align: center;
margin-top:50px;
}
.number{
font-size:24px; margin: 10px;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>NumbersfromIto 10</h1>
<?php
$count=1; do {
echo"<divclass='number'>$count</div>";
$count++;
}while($count<=10);
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Numbersfrom1to 10

12345678910

QUESTION 9 => WAP TO SHOW USE OF FOR LOOP.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>ForLoopExample</title>
<style>
body{
```

```
font-family:Arial,sans-serif; text-align: center;
margin-top:50px;
}
.number{
font-size:24px; margin: 10px;
}

</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Numbersfrom1to 10</h1>
</php
for ($count = 1; $count <= 10; $count++) { echo"<divclass='number'>$count</div>";
}
}
</body>
</html>
```

Numbersfrom1to 10

12345678910

QUESTION 10 => WAP IN TO SHOW USE OF FOR EACH LOOP.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<html>
<head>
<title>ForeachLoopExample</title>
<style>
body{
font-family:Arial,sans-serif; text-align: center;
margin-top:50px;
}
.color{
font-size:24px;

margin:10px;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<hl>ListofColors</hl>

<holor=array("Red","Green","Blue","Yellow","Purple"); foreach ($colors as $color) {
    echo"<divclass='color'>$color</div>";
}

<html>

<p
```

ListofColors

RedGreenBlueYellowPurple

QUESTION 11 => WAP TO CHECK EVEN OR ODD NUMBER.

```
?php
// Input number
$number = 7; // You can change this value to test with different numbers

// Check if the number is even or odd
if ($number % 2 == 0) {
    echo "$number is even.";
} else {
    echo "$number is odd.";
}
```

7 is odd.

QUESTION 12 => WAP TO CHECK PRIME NUMBER OR NOT.

```
<?php
// Function to check if a number is prime
function isPrime($number) {
    // Prime numbers are greater than 1
    if ($number <= 1) {
        return false;
    }

    // Check divisibility from 2 to the square root of the number
    for ($i = 2; $i <= sqrt($number); $i++) {
        if ($number % $i == 0) {
            return false; // Divisible by another number, not prime
        }
}</pre>
```

```
return true; // Prime if no divisors found
}

// Input number
$number = 29; // Change this value to test with other numbers

// Check if the number is prime
if (isPrime($number)) {
   echo "$number is a prime number.";
} else {
   echo "$number is not a prime number.";
}
```

 \leftarrow \rightarrow \mathbf{C} \odot localhost/php_program/pr12.php

29 is a prime number.

QUESTION 13 => WAP TO FIND FACTORIAL OF A NUMBER.

```
??php
// Function to calculate factorial
function factorial($number) {
    $fact = 1; // Start with 1 because factorial starts at 1

    // Multiply from 1 to the given number
    for ($i = 1; $i <= $number; $i++) {
        $fact *= $i; // Multiply the current result by i
    }

    return $fact;
}

// Input number
$number = 5; // You can change this number to test

// Check if the number is non-negative
if ($number < 0) {
        echo "Factorial is not defined for negative numbers.";
} else {
        // Display the factorial of the number
        echo "The factorial of $number is " . factorial($number);
}
}
</pre>
```

← → C ① localhost/php_program/pr13.php

The factorial of 5 is 120

QUESTION 14 => WAP TO CHECK STRONG NUMBER OR NOT.

```
<?php
// Function to calculate factorial of a number
function factorial($n) {
    $fact = 1;
    for ($i = 1; $i <= $n; $i++) {
        $fact *= $i;
    }
    return $fact;
}

// Function to check if a number is a Strong number
function isStrongNumber($number) {
    $sum = 0;
    $temp = $number;

    // Loop through each digit of the number
    while ($temp > 0) {
        // Get the last digit
```

```
$digit = $temp % 10;

// Add the factorial of the digit to the sum
$sum += factorial($digit);

// Remove the last digit from the number
$temp = (int)($temp / 10);
}

// Check if the sum of the factorials of the digits is equal to the number
if ($sum == $number) {
    return true;
} else {
    return false;
}

// Input number
$number = 145; // You can change this number to test

// Check if the number is a Strong number
if (isStrongNumber($number)) {
    echo "$number is a Strong number.";
} else {
    echo "$number is not a Strong number.";
}
```

145 is a Strong number.

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QUESTION 15 => WAP TO CHECK PALLINDROME NUMBER OR NOT.

localhost/php_program/pr14.php

```
<?php
// Function to check if a number is palindrome
function isPalindrome($number) {
    // Convert the number to a string
    $strNumber = (string)$number;

    // Reverse the string and compare it with the original
    if ($strNumber == strrev($strNumber)) {
        return true; // The number is a palindrome
    } else {
        return false; // The number is not a palindrome
    }
}

// Input number
$number = 121; // You can change this number to test

// Check if the number is a palindrome
if (isPalindrome($number)) {
        echo "$number is a palindrome.";
} else {
        echo "$number is not a palindrome.";
}
</pre>
```

```
}
?>

C ① localhost/php_program/pr15.php
```

121 is a palindrome.

QUESTION 16=> WAP TO SHOW USER DEFINED FUNCTION.

```
<!php
// User-defined function to calculate the sum of two numbers
function addNumbers($a, $b) {
    $sum = $a + $b;
    return $sum;
}

// Calling the function and storing the result
$result = addNumbers(5, 10);

// Displaying the result
echo "The sum of 5 and 10 is: " . $result . "<br>?

// User-defined function without parameters
function greetUser() {
    echo "Hello, welcome to PHP!";
}

// Calling the function
greetUser(); // This will display the greeting message
?>
```

← → C ① localhost/php_program/pr16.php

The sum of 5 and 10 is: 15 Hello, welcome to PHP!

QUESTION 17 => WAP TO SHOW SET() FUNCTION AND UNSET() FUNCTION

```
<?php
// Declaring a variable
$name = "John";

// Display the variable value
echo "Name before unset: " . $name . "<br>;

// Unset the variable
unset($name);

// Try to display the variable after unset
if (isset($name)) {
    echo "Name after unset: " . $name . "<br>;
} else {
```

```
echo "Name has been unset and no longer exists.";
}
?>

<?php
// Start the session
session_start();

// Set a session variable
$_SESSION['username'] = "Alice";

// Display session variable value
echo "Session username is: " . $_SESSION['username'] . "<br/>
// Unset the session variable
unset($_SESSION['username']);

// Try to access the session variable after unset
if (isset($_SESSION['username'])) {
    echo "Session username is: " . $_SESSION['username'];
} else {
    echo "Session username has been unset.";
}
?>
```

← → ♂ iocalhost/php_program/pr17.php

Name before unset: John

Name has been unset and no longer exists. Session username is: Alice Session username has been unset.

QUESTION 18 => WAP TO REVERSE STRING USING SIMPLE FUNCTION AND USING PARAMETRIZED FUNCTION.

```
<?php
// Simple function to reverse a fixed string
function reverse_String() {
    $str = "Hello, PHP!"; // Fixed string
    $reversedStr = strrev($str); // Use PHP's built-in strrev() function
    echo "Original String: " . $str . "<br/>echo "Reversed String: " . $reversedStr . "<br/>}

// Call the function to reverse the string
reverse_String();
}

<?php
// Parameterized function to reverse a string
function reverseString($str) {
    $reversedStr = strrev($str); // Use PHP's built-in strrev() function
    return $reversedStr;
}

// Input string</pre>
```

```
$inputString = "Welcome to PHP!";

// Call the function and pass the string as an argument
$reversedString = reverseString($inputString);

// Display the results
echo "Original String: " . $inputString . "<br>;
echo "Reversed String: " . $reversedString . "<br>;
}>
```

← → C (i) localhost/php_program/pr18.php

Original String: Hello, PHP! Reversed String: !PHP ,olleH Original String: Welcome to PHP! Reversed String: !PHP ot emocleW

QUESTION 19 => WAP TO SHOW USE OF STRING FUNCTIONS.

```
$string = "Hello, PHP String Functions!";
// 1. strlen() - Get the length of a string
echo "Length of string: " . strlen($string) . "<br>";
echo "Uppercase string: " . strtoupper($string) . "<br>";
// 3. strtolower() - Convert string to lowercase
echo "Lowercase string: " . strtolower($string) . "<br>";
// 4. ucfirst() - Convert the first character of the string to uppercase
echo "First letter uppercase: " . ucfirst($string) . "<br>";
echo "Each word capitalized: " . ucwords($string) . "<br>";
echo "Substring (7 to 11): " . substr($string, 7, 5) . "<br>";
echo "Reversed string: " . strrev($string) . "<br>";
echo "Position of 'PHP': " . strpos($string, "PHP") . "<br>";
// 9. str replace() - Replace all occurrences of a substring with another substring
echo "Replace 'PHP' with 'Java': " . str_replace("PHP", "Java", $string) . "<br>";
// 10. 	ext{trim()} - 	ext{Remove} whitespace (or other characters) from the beginning and end of a string
echo "Trimmed string (spaces removed): '" . trim(" Hello World! ") . "'<br>";
```







localhost/php_program/pr19.php

Length of string: 28

Uppercase string: HELLO, PHP STRING FUNCTIONS!

Lowercase string: hello, php string functions!

First letter uppercase: Hello, PHP String Functions! Each word capitalized: Hello, PHP String Functions!

Substring (7 to 11): PHP S

Reversed string: !snoitcnuF gnirtS PHP ,olleH

Position of 'PHP': 7

Replace 'PHP' with 'Java': Hello, Java String Functions! Trimmed string (spaces removed): 'Hello World!'

QUESTION 20=> WAP TO CREATE CONSTRUCT OR AND INITALIZE A OBJECT OF CLASS BY USING OBJECT ORIENTED FUNCTION.

```
// Define a class called "Person"
class Person {
    // Properties of the class
   public $name;
   public $age;
    // Constructor to initialize properties
    function __construct($name, $age) {
        $this->name = $name; // Set the name property
       $this->age = $age; // Set the age property
    function displayInfo() {
        echo "Name: " . $this->name . "<br>";
        echo "Age: " . $this->age . "<br>";
$person1 = new Person("John Doe", 25);
$person1->displayInfo();
$person2 = new Person("Alice Smith", 30);
$person2->displayInfo();
```

Name: John Doe

Age: 25

Name: Alice Smith

Age: 30

QUESTION 21 => WAP TO INHERIT MEMBERS OF A SUPER CLASS IN SUBCLASS.

← → C i localhost/php_program/pr20.php

```
<?php
// Superclass (Parent Class)
class Animal {
    // Property of the superclass
    public $name;

    // Constructor of the superclass
    function __construct($name) {
        $this->name = $name;
    }

    // Method of the superclass
```

```
function speak() {
    echo $this->name . " makes a sound.<br>";
}

// Subclass (Child Class) that inherits from Animal
class Dog extends Animal {
    // Additional method in the subclass
    function speak() {
        echo $this->name . " barks.<br>";
    }
}

// Creating an object of the subclass (Dog)
$dog = new Dog("Buddy");

// Calling the inherited constructor (from the parent class)
$dog->speak(); // This will call the overridden method in the Dog class

// Creating an object of the superclass (Animal)
$animal = new Animal("Generic Animal");
$animal->speak(); // This will call the method in the Animal class
}>
```

Buddy barks.

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Generic Animal makes a sound.

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QUESTION 22 => WAP TO SHOW USES OF NAMESPACES.

localhost/php_program/pr21.php

```
<?php
// Define a namespace called "Animals"
namespace Animals {
    class Dog {
        public function speak() {
            echo "Woof! Woof!<br/>;
        }
    }
    class Cat {
        public function speak() {
            echo "Meow! Meow!<br>";
        }
    }
}

// Define a namespace called "Vehicles"
namespace Vehicles {
    class Car {
        public function start() {
            echo "Vroom! Vroom!<br/>;
        }
    }
}

class Bike {
    public function start() {
```

```
echo "Zoom! Zoom!<br>";
namespace Animals1 {
   class Dog1 {
       public function speak() {
           echo "Woof! Woof!<br>";
namespace MathOperations {
   const PI = 3.14159;
    function add($a, $b) {
       return $a + $b;
    function multiply($a, $b) {
       return $a * $b;
   use Animals\Dog;
   use Animals\Cat;
   $dog = new Dog();
   $dog->speak(); // Output: Woof! Woof!
   $cat = new Cat();
   $cat->speak(); // Output: Meow! Meow!
namespace {
   use Vehicles\Car;
   use Vehicles\Bike;
   $car = new Car();
   $car->start(); // Output: Vroom! Vroom!
   $bike = new Bike();
    $bike->start(); // Output: Zoom! Zoom!
namespace {
   use Animals1\Dog1 as Puppy;
    $myPuppy = new Puppy();
   $myPuppy->speak(); // Output: Woof! Woof!
```

```
namespace {
    echo "Addition of 5 and 10: " . \MathOperations\add(5, 10) . "<br/>br>"; // Output: 15
    echo "Multiplication of 5 and 10: " . \MathOperations\multiply(5, 10) . "<br>"; //
    // Directly use the constant by referencing its full namespace
   echo "Value of PI: " . \MathOperations\PI . "<br>>"; // Output: 3.14159
```

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localhost/php_program/pr22.php

Woof! Woof! Meow! Meow! Vroom! Vroom! Zoom! Zoom! Woof! Woof! Addition of 5 and 10: 15 Multiplication of 5 and 10: 50 Value of PI: 3.14159

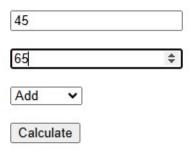
QUESTION 23 => WAP TO IMPLEMENT CALCULATOR.

```
function calculate($num1, $num2, $operator) {
    switch($operator) {
        case 'add':
            return $num1 + $num2;
        case 'subtract':
            return $num1 - $num2;
        case 'multiply':
            return $num1 * $num2;
            if ($num2 == 0) {
                return "Error! Division by zero.";
                return $num1 / $num2;
        default:
           return "Invalid operator!";
if ($_SERVER["REQUEST_METHOD"] == "POST") {
   $num1 = $_POST['num1'];
   $num2 = $_POST['num2'];
   $operator = $_POST['operator'];
   $result = calculate($num1, $num2, $operator);
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <title>PHP Calculator</title>
   <h1>PHP Calculator</h1>
   <form method="post">
       <input type="number" name="num1" placeholder="Enter first number" required><br><br><br>
       <input type="number" name="num2" placeholder="Enter second number" required><br><br>
       <select name="operator">
           <option value="add">Add</option>
           <option value="subtract">Subtract</option>
           <option value="multiply">Multiply</option>
           <option value="divide">Divide</option>
       <input type="submit" value="Calculate">
   <?php
   if (isset($result)) {
       echo "<h2>Result: $result</h2>";
</body>
```

← → C (i) localhost/php_program/pr23.php

PHP Calculator



Result: 110

QUESTION 24 => WAP TO CALCULATE SIMPLE INTEREST.

```
<?php
// Function to calculate Simple Interest
function calculate_simple_interest($principal, $rate, $time) {
    return ($principal * $rate * $time) / 100;
}
// Take user input</pre>
```

```
if ($_SERVER["REQUEST_METHOD"] == "POST") {
    $principal = $_POST['principal'];
   $rate = $_POST['rate'];
   $time = $_POST['time'];
   $interest = calculate_simple_interest($principal, $rate, $time);
?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <title>Simple Interest Calculator</title>
    <h1>Simple Interest Calculator</h1>
    <form method="post">
        <input type="number" name="principal" placeholder="Enter principal" required><br><br><br>
        <input type="number" name="rate" placeholder="Enter rate" required><br><br>
        <input type="number" name="time" placeholder="Enter time in years" required><br><br>
        <input type="submit" value="Calculate Interest">
    if (isset($interest)) {
       echo "<h2>Simple Interest: $interest</h2>";
```

localhost/php_program/pr24.php

Simple Interest Calculator

100000	
10	
10	\$
Calculate Interest	

G

 \leftarrow \rightarrow

Simple Interest: 100000

QUESTION 25 => WAP TO CALCULATE COMPOUND INTEREST.

```
<?php
// Function to calculate Compound Interest
function calculate_compound_interest($principal, $rate, $time, $compoundings) {
    return $principal * pow((1 + $rate / $compoundings), $compoundings * $time) - $principal;
}</pre>
```

```
if ($_SERVER["REQUEST_METHOD"] == "POST") {
    $principal = $_POST['principal'];
    $rate = $_POST['rate'] / 100; // Convert percentage to decimal
   $time = $_POST['time'];
    $compoundings = $_POST['compoundings'];
    $interest = calculate compound interest($principal, $rate, $time, $compoundings);
?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <title>Compound Interest Calculator</title>
    <h1>Compound Interest Calculator</h1>
    <form method="post">
        <input type="number" name="principal" placeholder="Enter principal" required><br><br>
        <input type="number" name="rate" placeholder="Enter annual interest rate (%)"</pre>
required><br><br>
        <input type="number" name="time" placeholder="Enter time in years" required><br>><br>>
        <input type="number" name="compoundings" placeholder="Enter number of compoundings per</pre>
year" required><br><br>
       <input type="submit" value="Calculate Interest">
    </form>
    <?php
    if (isset($interest)) {
        echo "<h2>Compound Interest: $interest</h2>";
</body>
```

← → C (i) localhost/php_program/pr25.php

Compound Interest Calculator

1000000	
10	
10	
10	
Calculate Interest	

Compound Interest: 170481.38294215

QUESTION 26 => WAP TO SHOW USES OF FILE HANDLING.

```
<?php
// Writing to a file
$file = fopen("example.txt", "w"); // Open file for writing
if ($file) {
    fwrite($file, "Hello, this is a file handling demo in PHP.\n");
    fwrite($file, "This file was created and written using PHP.");
    fclose($file); // Close the file
    echo "Data has been written to the file.<br>";
$file = fopen("example.txt", "r"); // Open file for reading
if ($file) {
    echo "<h2>Contents of the file:</h2>";
    while (($line = fgets($file)) !== false) {
        echo nl2br($line); // nl2br() converts newlines to HTML <br> tags
    fclose($file); // Close the file
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>PHP File Handling Demo</title>
   <h1>PHP File Handling</h1>
    <Check the example.txt file for written content and the browser for the file's</p>
output.
```

← → C ① localhost/php_program/pr26.php

Data has been written to the file.

Contents of the file:

Hello, this is a file handling demo in PHP. This file was created and written using PHP.

PHP File Handling

Check the example.txt file for written content and the browser for the file's output.

27. WAP IN PHP TO VALIDATE AN EMAIL ADDRESS ENTERED BY USER

Valid email address.

QUESTION 28 => WAP IN PHP THAT REPLACES ALL SPACES IN STRING WITH UNDERSCORE

28. WAP IN PHP THAT REPLACES ALL SPACES IN STRING WITH UNDERSCORE

		-		
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QUESTION 29=>WAP IN PHP TO CHECK IF A STRING IS A VALID URL OR NOT

29. WAP IN PHP TO CHECK IF A STRING IS A VALID URL OR NOT

https://www.w3schools.com is a valid URL

QUESTION 30 => WAP IN PHP TO VALIDATE A PASSWORD MUST CONTAIN AT LEAST 8
CHARACTERS, ONE UPPERCASE LETTER, ONE LOWERCASE LETTER, ONE NUMBER AND ONE
SPECIAL CHARACTER

```
</html>
<?php

$password = "PhpProgram@123";

$pattern = '/^(?=.*[a-z])(?=.*[A-Z])(?=.*\d)(?=.*[\W_]).{8,}$/';

if (preg_match($pattern, $password)) {
    echo "Valid Password";
} else {
    echo "Invalid Password";
}

?>
```

30. WAP IN PHP TO
VALIDATE A PASSWORD
MUST CONTAIN AT LEAST 8
CHARACTERS, ONE
UPPERCASE LETTER, ONE
LOWERCASE LETTER, ONE
NUMBER AND ONE SPECIAL
CHARACTER

Valid Password

QUESTION 31 => WAP IN PHP TO EXTRACT DOMAIN NAME FROM URL

31. WAP IN PHP TO EXTRACT DOMAIN NAME FROM URL

google.com

QUESTION 32 => WAP IN PHP TO FIND AND REPLACE SPECIFIC WORD IN A STRING

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
```

WAP IN PHP TO FIND AND REPLACE SPECIFIC WORD IN A STRING

```
Array ( [0] => blue [1] => pink [2] => green [3] => yellow )
Replacements: 1
```

QUESTION 33 => WAP IN PHP TO MATCH AND COUNT THE NUMBER OF VOWELS IN ASTRING

WAP IN PHP TO MATCH AND COUNT THE NUMBER OF VOWELS IN ASTRING

Number of vowels: 5

QUESTION 34 => WRITE A PHP SCRIPT TO UPLOAD AN IMAGE FILE, VALIDATE ITS TYPE AND DISPLAY IT ON THE PAGE

```
_<?php</pre>
// Check if form is submitted
if ($_SERVER['REQUEST_METHOD'] == 'POST') {
    $allowedTypes = ['image/jpeg', 'image/png', 'image/gif'];
    $uploadDir = 'uploads/'; // Directory to store uploaded images
    // Check if the upload directory exists, if not, create it
    if (!is dir($uploadDir)) {
       mkdir($uploadDir, 0777, true);
    $fileTmpName = $_FILES['image']['tmp_name'];
    $fileName = $_FILES['image']['name'];
    $fileSize = $_FILES['image']['size'];
    $fileType = $ FILES['image']['type'];
    $fileError = $_FILES['image']['error'];
    // Check for errors
    if ($fileError !== UPLOAD_ERR_OK) {
        echo "Error during file upload.";
    if (!in_array($fileType, $allowedTypes)) {
        echo "Invalid file type. Only JPG, PNG, and GIF are allowed.";
    // Generate a unique name for the uploaded file
    $fileExtension = pathinfo($fileName, PATHINFO EXTENSION);
    $uniqueFileName = uniqid('img_', true) . '.' . $fileExtension;
    if (move_uploaded_file($fileTmpName, $uploadDir . $uniqueFileName)) {
        echo "File uploaded successfully. <br>";
        echo "Image preview: <br>";
        echo "<img src='" . $uploadDir . $uniqueFileName . "' alt='Uploaded Image'
width='300px' />";
       echo "Error moving the uploaded file.";
} else {
    echo '<form action="" method="POST" enctype="multipart/form-data">
            <label for="image">Choose an image to upload:</label>
            <input type="file" name="image" id="image" required>
            <button type="submit">Upload</button>
          </form>';
```

```
}
?>
```

Choose an image to upload: Choose File | module_table_bottom.png | Upload

QUESTION 35 => WRITE A PHP SCRIPT TO CREATE A BASIC LOGIN SYSTEM USING SESSIONS

```
/* Write a PHP script to create a basic login system using sessions */
session_start(); // Start the session
// Check if the user is already logged in, if so redirect to home page
if (isset($_SESSION['username'])) {
   header("Location: home.php");
$validUsername = "user";
$validPassword = "password123";
if ($_SERVER['REQUEST_METHOD'] == 'POST') {
   $username = $_POST['username'];
   $password = $_POST['password'];
    if ($username === $validUsername && $password === $validPassword) {
       // Set session variables
        $_SESSION['username'] = $username;
        header("Location: home.php");
    } else {
        // Invalid credentials
        $error = "Invalid username or password.";
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Login</title>
    <h2>Login</h2>
    // Display error message if credentials are invalid
```

```
<?php
session_start(); // Start the session

// Destroy all session data
session_unset();
session_destroy();

// Redirect to login page after logout
header("Location: login.php");
exit;</pre>
```

Login			
Username: user			
Password:	\supset		
Login			

Welcome, user!

You are logged in.

Logout

QUESTION 36 => WRITE A PHP SCRIPT TO CRAETE A FROM WITH FILEDS FOR "FIRST NAME" AND "LAST NAME". WHEN FORM IS SUBMITTED, DISPLAY A GTREETING MESSAGE THAT INCLUDES USER'S FIRST AND LAST NAME

```
^{\prime *} Write a PHp script to create a form with fields for "First Name " and " Last Name " .
When the form is submitted , display a greeting message that includes the user's first and
if ($_SERVER['REQUEST_METHOD'] == 'POST') {
   $firstName = htmlspecialchars($_POST['first_name']);
   $lastName = htmlspecialchars($_POST['last_name']);
    // Display the greeting message with the user's first and last name
    echo "<h2>Hello, $firstName $lastName! Welcome to our site.</h2>";
} else {
    <!DOCTYPE html>
    <html lang="en">
       <meta charset="UTF-8">
        <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
        <title>Greeting Form</title>
        <h2>Please enter your details:</h2>
        <form action="pn3.php" method="POST">
            <label for="first name">First Name:</label>
```



Please enter your details:

First Name:	sakshi	
Last Name:	pandey	
Submit		
← →	C 0	localhost/new/pn3.php

Hello, sakshi pandey! Welcome to our site.

QUESTION 37 => WRITE A PHP SCRIPT TO CREATE A SIMPLE CACULATOR WITH FORM AND DISPLAY THE RESULT

```
<?php

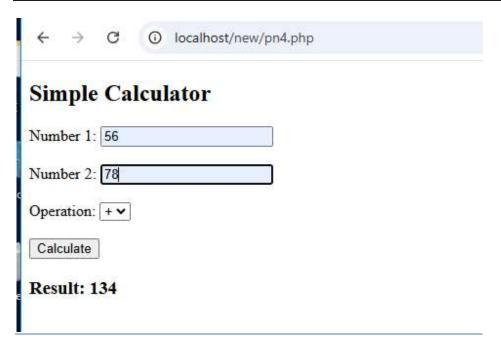
/* Write a PHp script to create a simple calculator form with two fields
for " Number1 " and "Number2 " and a drop-down to select an operation
(+, -, *, /) . when the form is submitted, display the result of the
selected operation */

// Initialize result variable
$result = null;

// Check if the form is submitted
if ($_SERVER['REQUEST_METHOD'] == 'POST') {
    // Get the input values from the form
    $number1 = $_POST['number1'];
    $number2 = $_POST['number2'];
    $operation = $_POST['operation'];
</pre>
```

```
if (is_numeric($number1) && is_numeric($number2)) {
        switch ($operation) {
                $result = $number1 + $number2;
                $result = $number1 - $number2;
                break;
                $result = $number1 * $number2;
                break;
                if ($number2 != 0) {
                    $result = $number1 / $number2;
                    $result = "Error: Division by zero.";
                break;
            default:
                $result = "Invalid operation.";
                break;
    } else {
        $result = "Please enter valid numbers.";
?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
   <title>Simple Calculator</title>
    <h2>Simple Calculator</h2>
    <form action="pn4.php" method="POST">
        <label for="number1">Number 1:</label>
        <input type="text" name="number1" id="number1" required><br><br>
        <label for="number2">Number 2:</label>
        <input type="text" name="number2" id="number2" required><br><br>
        <label for="operation">Operation:</label>
        <select name="operation" id="operation" required>
            <option value="+">+</option>
            <option value="-">-</option>
            <option value="*">*</option>
            <option value="/">/</option>
        <button type="submit">Calculate/button>
    </form>
```

```
// Display the result after form submission
if ($result !== null) {
    echo "<h3>Result: $result</h3>";
}
?>
</body>
</html>
```



QUESTION 38 => WRITE A PHP SCRIPT TO CREATE A USER REGISTRATION

```
/* Write a PHp script to create a user registration form with fields for
" Username ", "Password ", " Confirm Password ".
When the form is submitted , check that the password and confirm password match.
If they match , display a success message, otherwise display an error */

// Initialize the result message
$message = "";

// Check if the form is submitted
if ($_SERVER['REQUEST_METHOD'] == 'POST') {
    // Get the form values
    $username = $_POST['username'];
    $password = $_POST['password'];
    $confirmPassword = $_POST['confirm_password'];

    // Check if password and confirm password match
    if ($password === $confirmPassword) {
        // Passwords match, display success message
        $message = "Registration successful! Welcome, $username.";
    } else {
        // Passwords don't match, display error message
        $message = "Error: Password and Confirm Password do not match.";
    }
}
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
   <title>User Registration</title>
   <h2>User Registration</h2>
   if ($message !== "") {
       echo "<p style='color: " . (strpos($message, "Error") === false ? "green" : "red") .
";'>$message";
   <form action="pn5.php" method="POST">
       <label for="username">Username:</label>
       <input type="text" name="username" id="username" required><br><br>
       <label for="password">Password:</label>
       <input type="password" name="password" id="password" required><br><br>
       <label for="confirm_password">Confirm Password:</label>
       <input type="password" name="confirm_password" id="confirm_password" required><br><br><br><br>
       <button type="submit">Register</button>
```

User Registration

Username:	
Password:	
Confirm Password:	
Register	

QUESTION 39 => WRITE A PHP SCRIPT TO HANDLE DIVIDE BY ZERO EXCEPTION

```
and display an error message */
// Initialize result variable and error message
$result = null;
$errorMessage = "";
if ($_SERVER['REQUEST_METHOD'] == 'POST') {
    $number1 = $_POST['number1'];
    $number2 = $_POST['number2'];
    if (is_numeric($number1) && is_numeric($number2)) {
            if (\text{$number2 == 0}) {
                throw new Exception("Error: Division by zero is not allowed.");
            } else {
                $result = $number1 / $number2;
        } catch (Exception $e) {
            $errorMessage = $e->getMessage();
    } else {
        $errorMessage = "Please enter valid numbers.";
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Simple Calculator with Exception Handling</title>
    <h2>Simple Division Calculator</h2>
    if ($errorMessage !== "") {
        echo "$errorMessage";
    } elseif ($result !== null) {
        echo "<h3>Result: $result</h3>";
    <form action="pn6.php" method="POST">
        <label for="number1">Number 1:</label>
        <input type="text" name="number1" id="number1" required><br><br>
```

Simple Division Calculator

Number 1: 56	
N. 1 2 G	
Number 2: 0	

QUESTION 40 => WRITE A PHP SCRIPT FOR CUSTOM EXCEPTION HANDLING

```
/* Write a PHp script that accepts an age input from user and throws a
custom exception if the age is less than 18. Catch the exception
and dsiplay an error message saying " Age must be 18 or older " */

// Define a custom exception class
class AgeException extends Exception {
    // Custom message for the exception
    public function errorMessage() {
        return "Error: Age must be 18 or older.";
    }

// Initialize variables
$age = null;
$errorMessage = "";

// Check if the form is submitted
if ($_SERVER['REQUEST_METHOD'] == 'POST') {
    // Get the age from the form
    $age = $_POST['age'];

    try {
        // Check if the age is numeric
        if (!is_numeric($age)) {
            throw new Exception("Error: Please enter a valid number for age.");
        }
}
```

```
if ($age < 18) {
           throw new AgeException(); // Custom exception is thrown
       } else {
           $errorMessage = "You are eligible, age is: $age.";
    } catch (AgeException $e) {
       // Catch the custom exception
       $errorMessage = $e->errorMessage();
   } catch (Exception $e) {
       $errorMessage = $e->getMessage();
?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
   <title>Age Check</title>
    <h2>Enter Your Age</h2>
    if ($errorMessage !== "") {
       echo "$errorMessage";
   <form action="pn7.php" method="POST">
       <label for="age">Age:</label>
       <input type="text" name="age" id="age" required><br><br><br>
       <button type="submit">Submit
    </form>
```

← → C ① localhost/new/pn7.php	
-------------------------------	--

Enter Your Age

Error: Age must be 18 or older.

Age: 12

Submit

QUESTION 41 => WRITE A PHP SCRIPT TO CONNECT TO MYSQL DATABASE QUESTION 42 => CREATE DATABSE COMPANY AND TABLE EMPLOYEE QUESTION 43 => PERFORM INSERTION AND DELETION OPERTATION

```
<?php
^{\prime*} Write a PHP script that connects to a MySQL database named company .
The script should use localhost as the server. root as the username , and an empty password.
display a message indicating whether the conection was sucess ful. */
$servername ="localhost";
$username = "root";
$password = "";
$dbname ="company";
$conn = new mysqli($servername,$username,$password,$dbname);
if($conn->connect_error){
   die("Connection failed: ".$conn->connect_error);
echo "connected successfully!";
Insert a new record */
$sql = "INSERT INTO employees (id, name_emp, email, salary) VALUES
('102', 'user4', 'user4@example.com',40000)";
if($conn->query($sql) == TRUE){
   echo "New record created successfully";
else{
   echo "Error: ".$sql."<br>>".$conn->error;
/* write php script to delete an employee data with id E102 */
$sql2 = "DELETE FROM employees WHERE id ='102' ";
if($conn->query($sql2) == TRUE){
   echo "Record deleted successfully";
else{
   echo "Error: ".$sql."<br>>".$conn->error;
$sql3 = " SELECT * FROM employees ORDER BY id";
$result = $conn->query($sql3);
$conn->close();
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <title>Employee details</title>
   <!-- CSS FOR STYLING THE PAGE -->
       table {
          margin: 0 auto;
           font-size: large;
          border: 1px solid black;
           text-align: center;
          color: #006600;
           font-size: xx-large;
           font-family: 'Gill Sans', 'Gill Sans MT',
       td {
           background-color: #E4F5D4;
          border: 1px solid black;
       td {
           font-weight: bold;
           border: 1px solid black;
           padding: 10px;
          text-align: center;
       td {
           font-weight: lighter;
       <h1>Company</h1>
              Employee Id 
              Employee Name
              Employee Email
              GFG Articles
           <?php
              while($rows=$result->fetch_assoc())
```



connected successfully!

Company

Employee Id	Employee Name	Employee Email	GFG Articles
101	Andrew	andrew@example.com	60000
103	user3	user3@example.com	40000

connected successfully!New record created successfully

Company

Employee Id	Employee Name	Employee Email	GFG Articles
101	Andrew	andrew@example.com	60000
102	user4	user4@example.com	40000
103	user3	user3@example.com	40000

connected successfully!Record deleted successfully

Company

Employee Id	Employee Name	Employee Email	GFG Articles
101	Andrew	andrew@example.com	60000
103	user3	user3@example.com	40000

Company

Employee Id	Employee Name	Employee Email	GFG Articles
101	Andrew	andrew@example.com	60000
103	user3	user3@example.com	40000

QUESTION 44 => WRITE A PHP SCRIPT TO DEMONSTRATE POST AND GET METHOD

```
<?php
demonstrate the use of both methods */
if ($_SERVER["REQUEST_METHOD"] == "POST") {
    $name = $_POST['name'];
    $age = $_POST['age'];
   echo "<h3>Form submitted using POST:</h3>";
    echo "Name: $name<br>";
    echo "Age: $age<br>";
// Check if the form was submitted using GET
if ($_SERVER["REQUEST_METHOD"] == "GET" && isset($_GET['search'])) {
    $search = $_GET['search'];
    echo "<h3>Search submitted using GET:</h3>";
    echo "Search term: $search term;
?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>POST and GET Example</title>
    <h2>POST Method Example</h2>
    <form method="POST" action="">
        Name: <input type="text" name="name"><br>
        Age: <input type="text" name="age"><br>
        <input type="submit" value="Submit via POST">
    <h2>GET Method Example</h2>
    <form method="GET" action="">
        Search: <input type="text" name="search">
        <input type="submit" value="Search via GET">
</body>
```

Name:	
Age:	
Submit via POST	

GET Method Example

Search:	Search via GET
---------	----------------

Search submitted using GET:

Search term: user1

POST Method Example

Name: user1 Age: 12 Submit via POST

GET Method Example

Search: user1 Search via GET

Form submitted using POST:

Name: user1 Age: 12

POST Method Example

Name	e: user1	- 6
Age:	12	
Subi	mit via POST	50

GET Method Example

Search:	Search via GET
---------	----------------

QUESTION 45 => WRITE PHP SCRIPT TO DEMONSTRATE SYMMETRIC ENCRYPTION AND DECRYPTION

```
/* Write a PHP script to demonstrate symmetric encryption and decryption */
function encrypt($data, $key) {
    // Generate a random initialization vector (IV) for encryption
   $iv = openssl_random_pseudo_bytes(openssl_cipher_iv_length('aes-256-cbc'));
    // Encrypt the data using AES-256-CBC encryption method
    $encryptedData = openssl_encrypt($data, 'aes-256-cbc', $key, 0, $iv);
    return base64_encode($encryptedData . '::' . $iv);
function decrypt($data, $key) {
    list($encryptedData, $iv) = explode('::', base64_decode($data), 2);
    // Decrypt the data using AES-256-CBC decryption method
    return openssl_decrypt($encryptedData, 'aes-256-cbc', $key, 0, $iv);
// Example data to be encrypted
$data = "This is a secret message!";
// Secret key for symmetric encryption (it should be 32 bytes for AES-256)
$key = "12345678901234567890123456789012"; // 32 bytes key
// Encrypt the data
```

```
$encryptedData = encrypt($data, $key);
echo "Encrypted Data: " . $encryptedData . "\n";

// Decrypt the data
$decryptedData = decrypt($encryptedData, $key);
echo "Decrypted Data: " . $decryptedData . "\n";
?>
```

← → C ① localhost/php_program/pn10.php

 $Encrypted\ Data:\ WHc5TnZtcVViUGxmQVZWWnl2YlNpd2lqbi83QTJCemFsRWtjNTFhTjZZWT06OtVXr0aNVllZMBudViMR.724 = Decrypted\ Data:\ This\ is\ a\ secret\ message!$