

# Module 1: Repository Structure in Scientific Julia Packages

Madhusudhan Pandey, PhD

November 21, 2025

## Abstract

This lecture provides an overview of the standard repository structure used in modern scientific Julia packages, using `ModelingToolkit.jl` as a representative example. The session introduces graduate and PhD students to the essential folders, configuration files, and automation tools that support high-quality research software development. Key concepts include documentation workflows, benchmarking, modular extensions, testing infrastructures, and continuous integration pipelines. By understanding the purpose and interplay of components such as `src`, `docs`, `test`, and the `.github` automation ecosystem, students gain the foundational skills required to design, maintain, and publish professional scientific software. The lecture equips learners to build reproducible, scalable, and maintainable research codebases aligned with best practices in computational science and engineering.

This lecture has several modules. **This is Lecture Module 1.** Each module in this lecture series is designed as a self-contained 30-minute session. The material may be taken independently or with an instructor, and is suitable for learners at the beginner, intermediate, or advanced level. This flexibility allows students to progress at their own pace while ensuring that each module provides a complete and accessible learning experience.

## 1 Repository Structure Overview

This lecture introduces the standard repository organisation used in modern scientific Julia projects.<sup>1</sup> We use `ModelingToolkit.jl` as a canonical example from the SciML ecosystem. The items are listed in their natural, top-down ordering within a GitHub repository. Figure 1 shows a repository structure of `ModelingToolkit.jl` on Github.

### 1.1 Folders

#### 1.1.1 .github/

Contains GitHub automation tools including CI/CD workflows, issue templates, and pull request templates. **Concept:** Automate testing, documentation building, formatting checks, and enforce quality assurance across contributions.

#### 1.1.2 benchmark/

Includes benchmarking scripts that measure the performance of critical package features across releases. **Concept:** Maintain computational efficiency for research workloads and avoid regressions.

#### 1.1.3 docs/

The full documentation infrastructure built using `Documenter.jl`. Contains tutorials, manuals, examples, and deployment configuration. **Concept:** Make documentation a first-class citizen to support scientific reproducibility.

#### 1.1.4 ext/

Extension modules enabled only when optional dependencies are present. **Concept:** Modular design that keeps the base package lightweight while enabling advanced add-ons.

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<sup>1</sup>This section contains AI-generated explanatory text (AI slop).

The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for `ModelingToolkit.jl`. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Code, Issues (433), Pull requests (102), Actions, Projects, Security, and Insights. Below the navigation is a search bar and a "Sponsor" button. The repository name `ModelingToolkit.jl` is displayed with a green icon, and it's marked as Public.

Below the header, there's a summary bar showing the master branch, 113 branches, 465 tags, a search bar for "Go to file", an "Add file" button, and a "Code" dropdown menu.

The main content area displays a list of commits from AyushSabharwal, ordered by date. Each commit includes a thumbnail, the file path, a brief description, and the time since the commit. The commits cover various aspects of the repository, such as fixing cache issues, adding benchmarks, updating documentation, and reverting code changes.

At the bottom of the commit list, there are links to the README, Code of conduct, Contributing, License, and Security pages. The README section is currently active, showing the title "ModelingToolkit.jl". Below the title are several buttons: Zulip, chat, docs, SciML, codecov (77%), coverage (84%), CI (no status), ColPrac, Contributor's Guide, code style, and SciML.

Figure 1: Repository structure of `ModelingToolkit.jl` on GitHub.

### 1.1.5 `src/`

The core implementation of the package, containing:

- module definitions

- types and structs
- symbolic systems
- differential-algebraic formulations
- algorithms and utilities

**Concept:** The computational “engine room” of the codebase.

#### 1.1.6 test/

Contains unit tests executed through `Pkg.test`. Ensures correctness, prevents regressions, and validates mathematical behaviour. **Concept:** Provide scientific reliability and reproducibility via automated testing.

## 1.2 Top-Level Files

### 1.2.1 .JuliaFormatter.toml

Formatting rules for automatic code style enforcement. **Concept:** Maintain consistent coding style across collaborators.

### 1.2.2 .codecov.yml

Configuration for uploading coverage results toCodecov. **Concept:** Track how much of the codebase is tested.

### 1.2.3 .gitignore

Specifies files to exclude from version control (logs, artefacts, build outputs). **Concept:** Keep the repository clean and efficient.

### 1.2.4 .typos.toml

Configuration for automated spell checking across source and documentation. **Concept:** Improve documentation and code professionalism.

### 1.2.5 CITATION.bib

BibTeX entry enabling academic citation of the software. **Concept:** Support open, citable scientific software.

### 1.2.6 CONTRIBUTING.md

Instructions for contributors regarding code style, workflows, and testing. **Concept:** Standardise contributions for sustainable research development.

### 1.2.7 LICENSE.md

Specifies the legal software license. **Concept:** Clarify rights for use, sharing, modification, and distribution.

### 1.2.8 NEWS.md

Version-by-version change log. **Concept:** Transparent tracking of software evolution.

### 1.2.9 Project.toml

Defines:

- package name and UUID
- version
- dependencies
- compatibility rules

**Concept:** Declare the project as a Julia package.

### 1.2.10 README.md

Introductory documentation shown on the GitHub front page. **Concept:** Provide a quick start and essential overview.

### 1.2.11 demo.jl

A runnable example script demonstrating usage. **Concept:** Practical starting point for new users.

## 2 Summary Table

Item	Concept / Purpose
.github/	CI/CD workflows and automation
benchmark/	Performance measurement
docs/	Documentation infrastructure
ext/	Optional extension modules
src/	Core implementation
test/	Automated testing
.JuliaFormatter.toml	Code formatting rules
.codecov.yml	Coverage reporting
.gitignore	Ignore unnecessary files
.typos.toml	Spell-check configuration
CITATION.bib	Academic citation
CONTRIBUTING.md	Contributor guidelines
LICENSE.md	Legal licensing
NEWS.md	Version changes
Project.toml	Package identity
README.md	Usage overview
demo.jl	Example usage

## 3 GitHub Automation Workflows

The `.github/workflows` directory contains GitHub Actions automation scripts. Each file defines a continuous integration (CI) or maintenance job that runs automatically in response to events such as pushes, pull requests, tagging releases, or scheduled intervals. The following provides a concise conceptual overview of each workflow file.

### 3.1 Workflow Files in `.github/workflows/`

#### 3.1.1 CompatHelper.yml

Runs the CompatHelper bot, which automatically opens pull requests to update version bounds for dependencies in `Project.toml`. **Purpose:** Ensure the package stays compatible with the latest ecosystem without breaking constraints.

### **3.1.2 Documentation.yml**

Builds and deploys the package documentation using Documenter.jl. **Purpose:** Keep online documentation updated whenever new code is merged.

### **3.1.3 Downgrade.yml**

Tests the package against older versions of dependencies or Julia. **Purpose:** Guarantee backward compatibility across environments.

### **3.1.4 Downstream.yml**

Runs tests for external packages that depend on this package. **Purpose:** Detect whether changes break downstream users.

### **3.1.5 FormatCheck.yml**

Runs JuliaFormatter to ensure consistent code formatting and rejects unformatted pull requests. **Purpose:** Enforce style uniformity across contributors.

### **3.1.6 ReleaseTest.yml**

Runs additional tests or checks that should occur only during a tagged release. **Purpose:** Validate correctness before publishing a new version.

### **3.1.7 SpellCheck.yml**

Checks for spelling mistakes in documentation, comments, and docstrings. **Purpose:** Maintain textual quality and professionalism.

### **3.1.8 TagBot.yml**

Automatically creates GitHub releases and tags once a version is registered in the Julia General registry. **Purpose:** Automate release management and version tagging.

### **3.1.9 Tests.yml**

The main CI workflow that runs `Pkg.test()` on multiple Julia versions and operating systems. **Purpose:** Ensure correctness, stability, and reproducibility of the package across platforms.

### **3.1.10 benchmark.yml**

Runs performance benchmarks on scheduled intervals or on request. **Purpose:** Track performance regressions or improvements over time.

## **3.2 Other GitHub Automation Files**

### **3.2.1 dependabot.yml**

Configures Dependabot to monitor external dependencies and automatically open pull requests when updates become available. **Purpose:** Keep dependencies secure and up to date.

## **4 Summary Table: GitHub Workflow Automation**

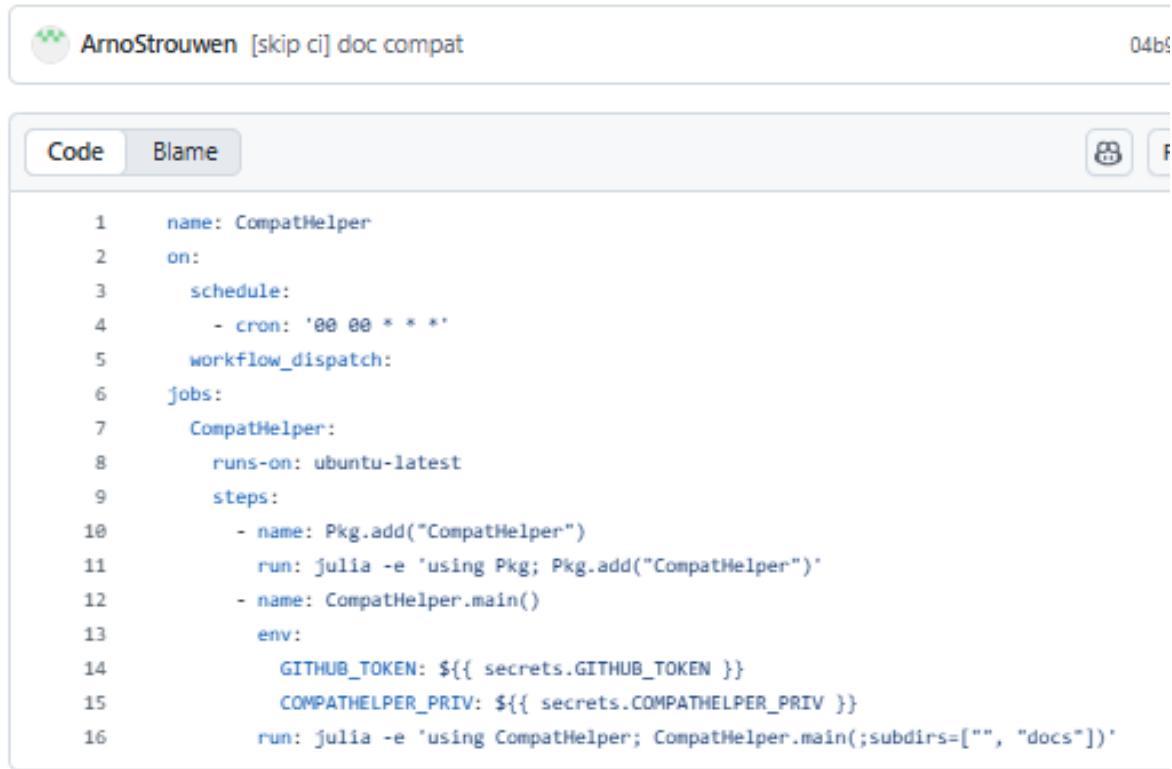
## **5 First two github automation Workflow Files in ModelingToolkit.jl**

### **5.1 CompatHelper.yml: Dependency Compatibility Automation**

The `CompatHelper.yml` workflow is executed daily via a cron schedule. It ensures that the package remains compatible with the latest versions of its dependencies.

Workflow File	Purpose / Concept
CompatHelper.yml	Automatically update version bounds
Documentation.yml	Build and deploy documentation
Downgrade.yml	Test compatibility with older versions
Downstream.yml	Test dependent downstream packages
FormatCheck.yml	Enforce automatic code formatting
ReleaseTest.yml	Run release-only pre-publication tests
SpellCheck.yml	Spell-check documentation and comments
TagBot.yml	Generate tags/releases automatically
Tests.yml	Main test suite across Julia/OS versions
benchmark.yml	Run performance benchmarks
dependabot.yml	Auto-update dependencies

[ModelingToolkit.jl](#) / [.github](#) / [workflows](#) / [CompatHelper.yml](#)



```

1   name: CompatHelper
2   on:
3     schedule:
4       - cron: '00 00 * * *'
5     workflow_dispatch:
6   jobs:
7     CompatHelper:
8       runs-on: ubuntu-latest
9       steps:
10      - name: Pkg.add("CompatHelper")
11        run: julia -e 'using Pkg; Pkg.add("CompatHelper")'
12      - name: CompatHelper.main()
13        env:
14          GITHUB_TOKEN: ${{ secrets.GITHUB_TOKEN }}
15          COMPATHELPNER_PRIV: ${{ secrets.COMPATHELPNER_PRIV }}
16        run: julia -e 'using CompatHelper; CompatHelper.main(;subdirs=["", "docs"])'

```

Figure 2: Repository structure of `CompatHelper.yml` from `.github/workflows/` folder of `ModelingToolkit.jl` on GitHub.

### Conceptual Summary

- Installs the `CompatHelper` Julia package.
- Uses the GitHub token and a private RSA key to authenticate.
- Automatically opens pull requests to update `Project.toml`.

**Purpose:** Reduce maintenance burden and ensure ecosystem-wide compatibility for fast-moving scientific libraries.

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page for `ModelingToolkit.jl`. The specific file displayed is `.github/workflows/Documentation.yml`. The code content is as follows:

```

1   name: Documentation
2
3   on:
4     push:
5       branches:
6         - master
7         - v10
8       tags: '*'
9     pull_request:
10
11    concurrency:
12      # Skip intermediate builds: always, but for the master branch.
13      # Cancel intermediate builds: always, but for the master branch.
14      group: ${github.workflow}-${github.ref}
15      cancel-in-progress: ${github.ref != 'refs/heads/master' && github.refs != 'refs/tags/*'}
16
17    jobs:
18      build:
19        runs-on: ubuntu-latest
20        steps:
21          - uses: actions/checkout@v4
22          - uses: julia-actions/setup-julia@latest
23            with:
24              version: '1.7'
25          - run: sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install -y xorg-dev mesa-utils xvfb libgl1 freeglut3-dev libxrandr
26          - name: Install dependencies
27            run: DISPLAY=:0 xvfb-run -s '-screen 0 1024x768x24' julia --project=docs/ -e 'using Pkg; Pkg.develop(Packag
28          - name: Build and deploy
29            env:
30              GITHUB_TOKEN: ${secrets.GITHUB_TOKEN} # For authentication with GitHub Actions token
31              DOCUMENTER_KEY: ${secrets.DOCUMENTER_KEY} # For authentication with SSH deploy key
32              JULIA_DEBUG: "Documenter"
33            run: DISPLAY=:0 xvfb-run -s '-screen 0 1024x768x24' julia --project=docs/ --code-coverage=user docs/make.jl
34          - uses: julia-actions/julia-processcoverage@v1
35          - uses: codecov/codecov-action@v5
36            with:
37              files: lcov.info
38              token: ${secrets.CODECOV_TOKEN}
39              fail_ci_if_error: true

```

Figure 3: Repository structure of `Documentation.yml` from `.github/workflows/` folder of `ModelingToolkit.jl` on GitHub.

## 5.2 Documentation.yml: Automated Documentation Build

The `Documentation.yml` workflow defines the full automation pipeline for building and deploying package documentation. It triggers on pushes to the `master` and `v10` branches, as well as on tagged releases.

### Conceptual Summary

- Installs Julia and required system dependencies.
- Runs documentation builds in a headless X virtual framebuffer (XVFB).

- Uses Documenter.jl with SSH authentication to deploy docs.
- Uploads documentation code coverage to Codecov.

**Purpose:** Guarantee that documentation is always consistent with the latest code and is automatically deployed without manual intervention.