INFRASTRUCTURE AS CODE

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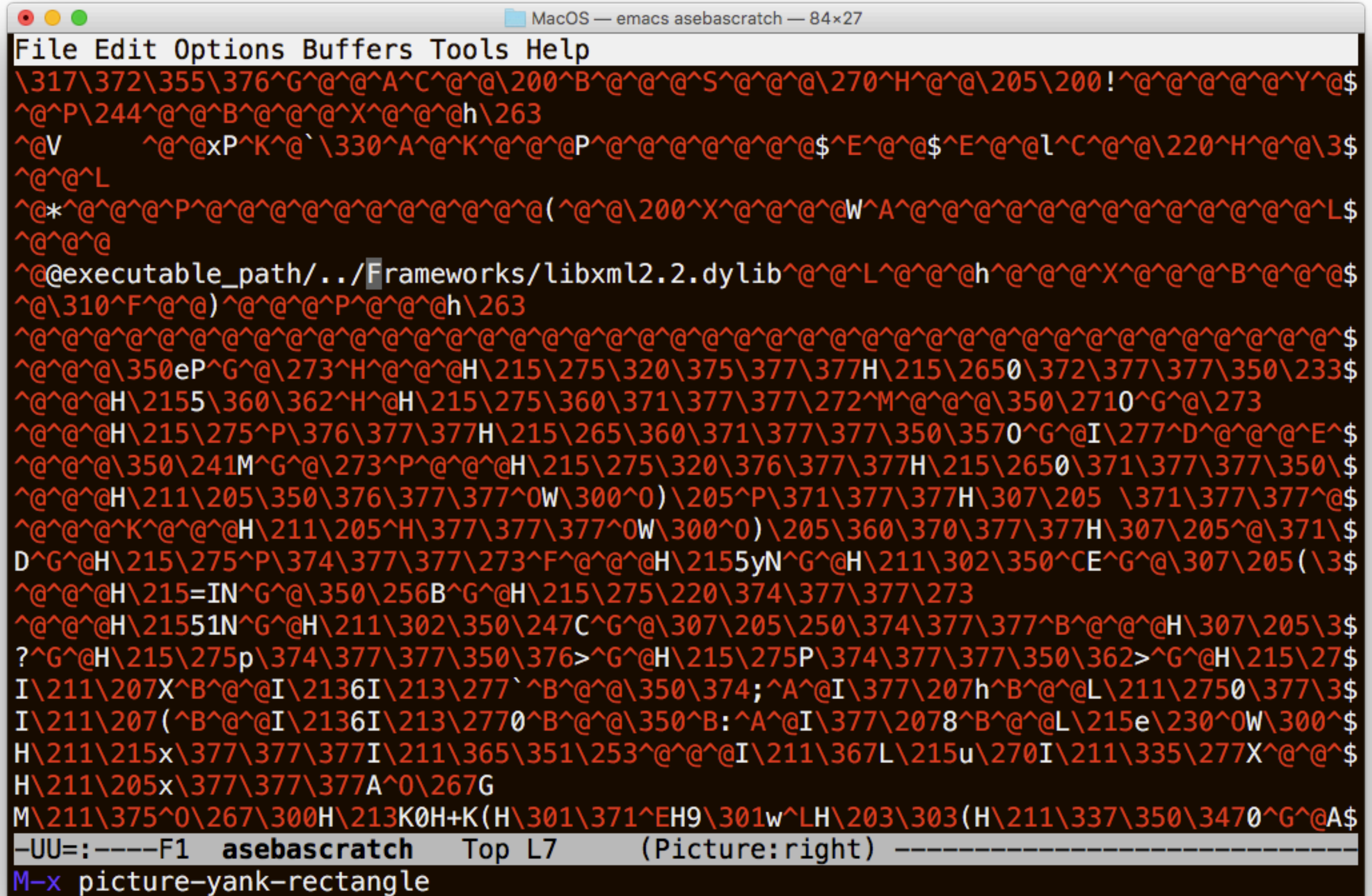
EQUIPE
PLEIADE

BORDEAUX SUD-OUEST

2016-11-08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Pets versus Cattle

Pets versus Cattle

(or sheep)

https://vimeo.com/4486963

Infrastructure as Code

Jenkins 2 Pipeline

- *Jenkinsfile*
- Require environment
- Define stages for build, test, deploy, …
- Run by Jenkins on agents
- Checked in to SCM: versions, branches, dev workflow incl. reviews

Docker

- *Dockerfile*
- Create environment
- Define filesystem layers for individual microservices
- Run on container host
- Checked in to SCM: versions, branches, dev workflow incl. reviews

OUTLINE

1. Jenkins 2 Pipeline

   Syntax, examples

   Blue Ocean user interface

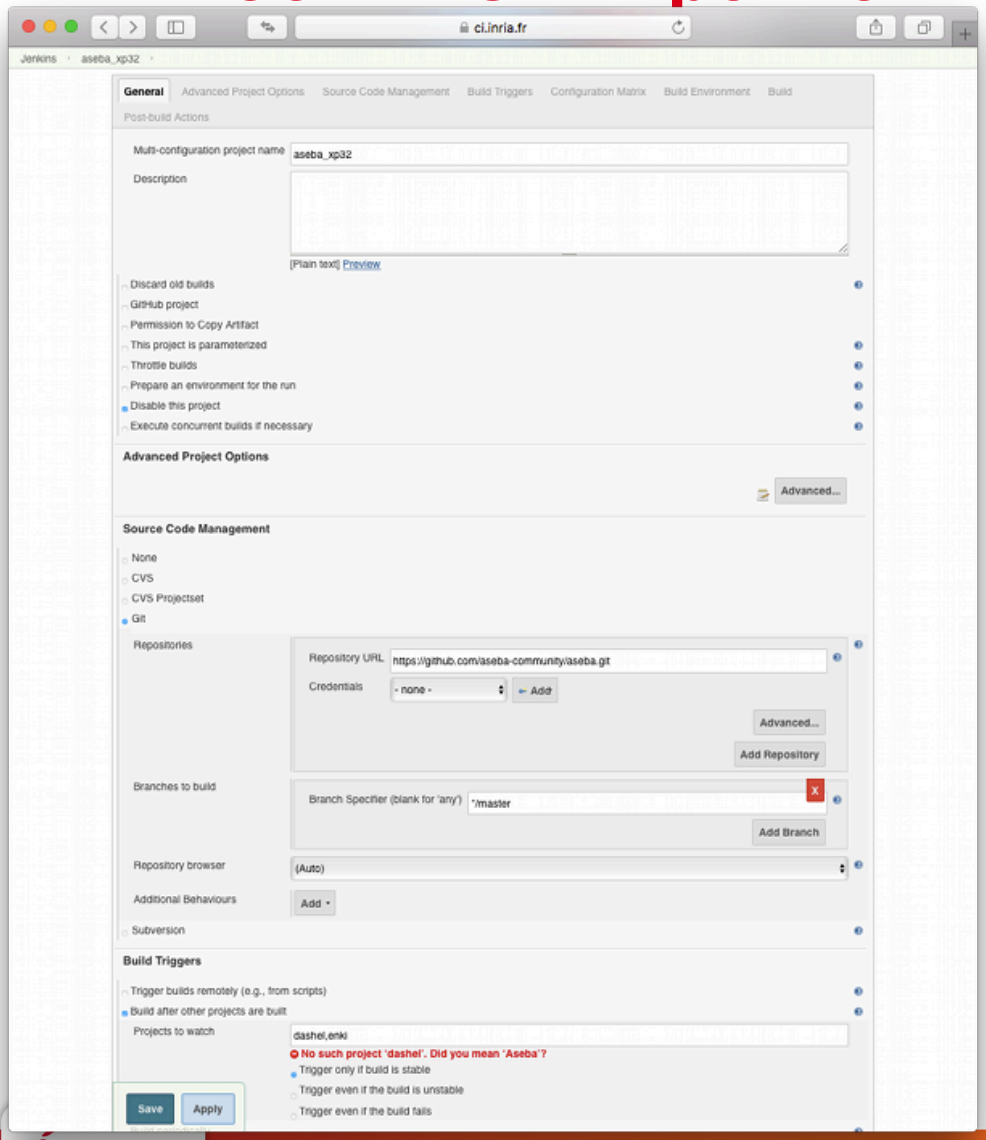
2. Docker

   Syntax, examples

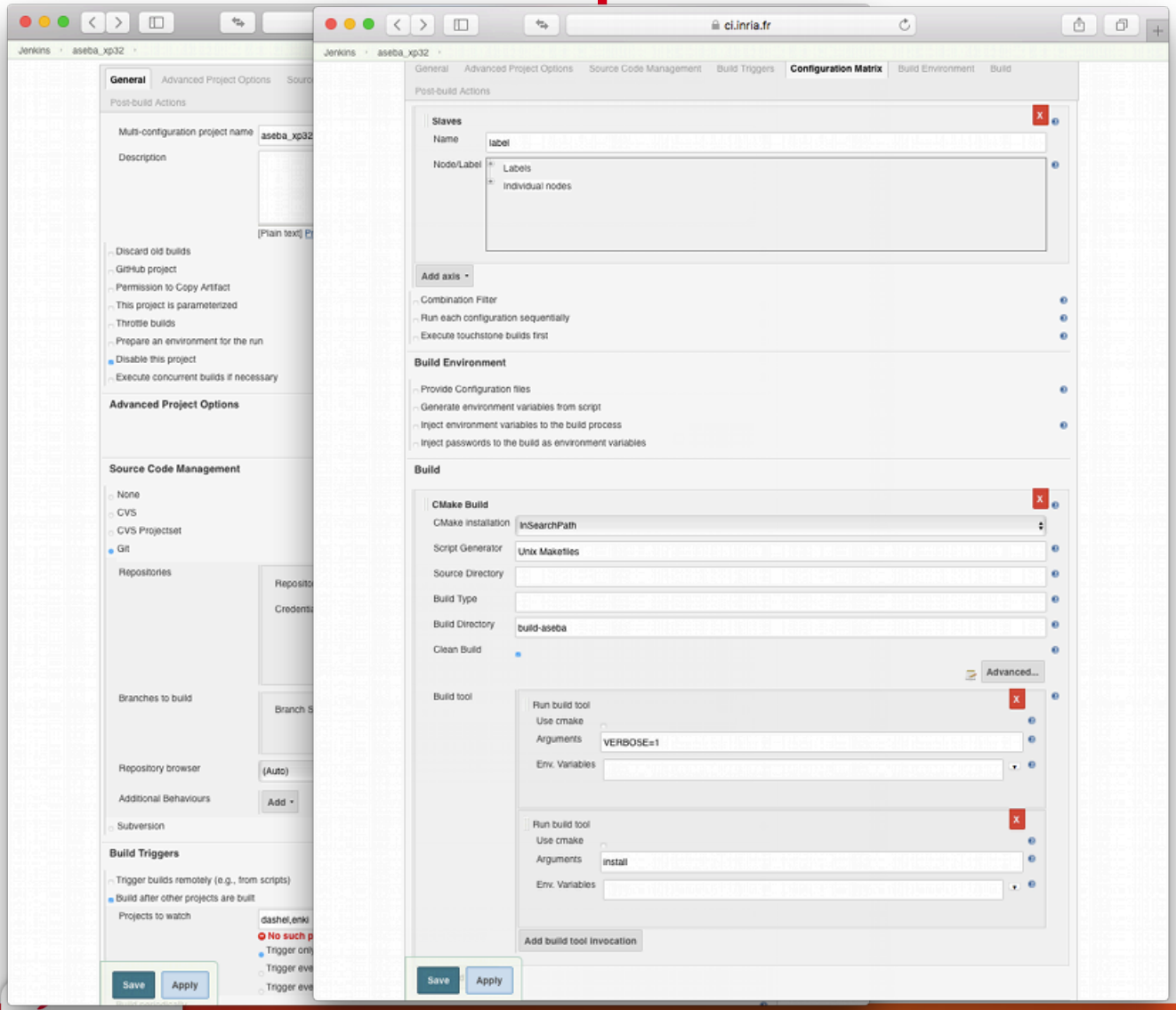
   Orchestration of microservice architectures

3. Take home message: everything in SCM

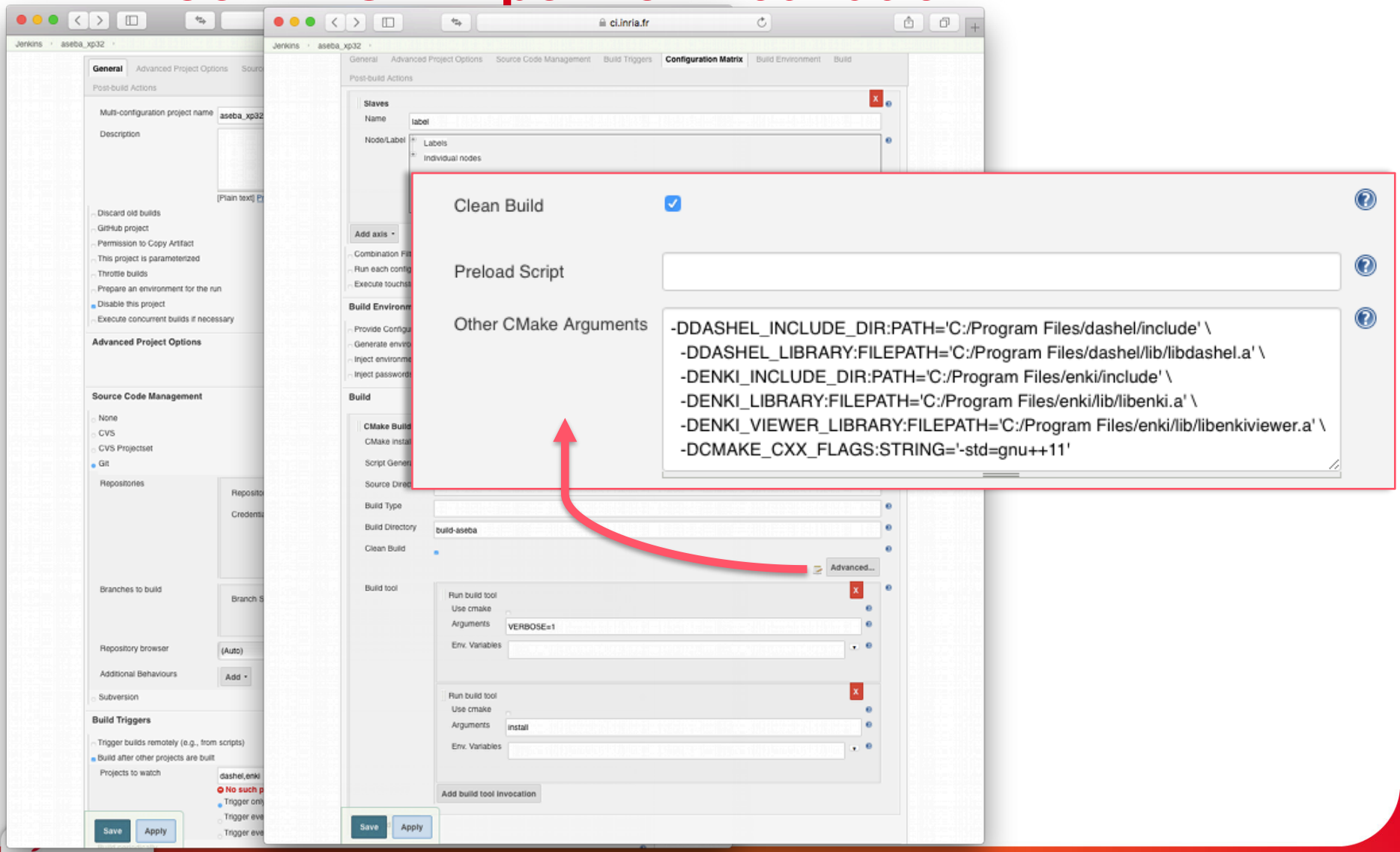
Jenkins 2 Pipeline: motivation



Jenkins 2 Pipeline: motivation



Jenkins 2 Pipeline: motivation



Jenkins 2 Pipeline: syntactic structure

```
def servers


stage('Dev') {
    node {
        checkout scm
        servers = load 'servers.groovy'
        mvn '-o clean package'
        dir('target') {stash name: 'war', includes: 'x.war'}
    }
}


stage('QA') {
    parallel(longerTests: {
        runTests(servers, 30)
    }, quickerTests: {
        runTests(servers, 20)
    })
}


milestone 1
stage('Staging') {
    lock(resource: 'staging-server', inversePrecedence: true) {
        milestone 2
        node {
            servers.deploy 'staging'
        }
        input message: "Does ${jettyUrl}staging/ look good?"
    }
    try {
        checkpoint('Before production')
    } catch (NoSuchMethodError _) {
        echo 'Checkpoint feature available in CloudBees Jenkins Enterprise.'
    }
}


milestone 3
stage ('Production') {
```

Jenkins 2 Pipeline: syntactic structure

```groovy
def servers

stage('Dev') {
    node {
        checkout scm
        servers = load 'servers.groovy'
        mvn '-o clean package'
        dir('target') {stash name: 'war', includes: 'x.war
    }
}

stage('QA') {
    parallel(longerTests: {
        runTests(servers, 30)
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milestone 1
stage('Staging') {
    lock(resource: 'staging-server', inversePrecedence: tr
        milestone 2
        node {
            servers.deploy 'staging'
        }
        input message: "Does ${jettyUrl}staging/ look good
    }
    try {
        checkpoint('Before production')
    } catch (NoSuchMethodError _) {
        echo 'Checkpoint feature available in CloudBees Jenkins Enterprise.'
    }
}

milestone 3
stage ('Production') {
```
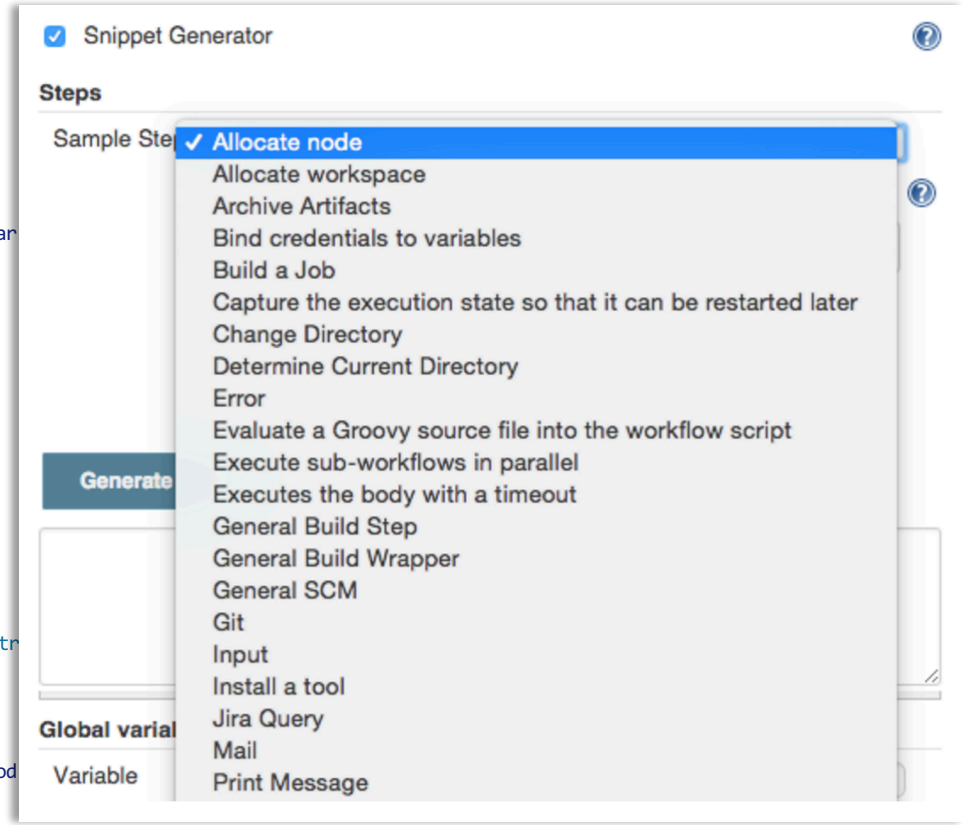



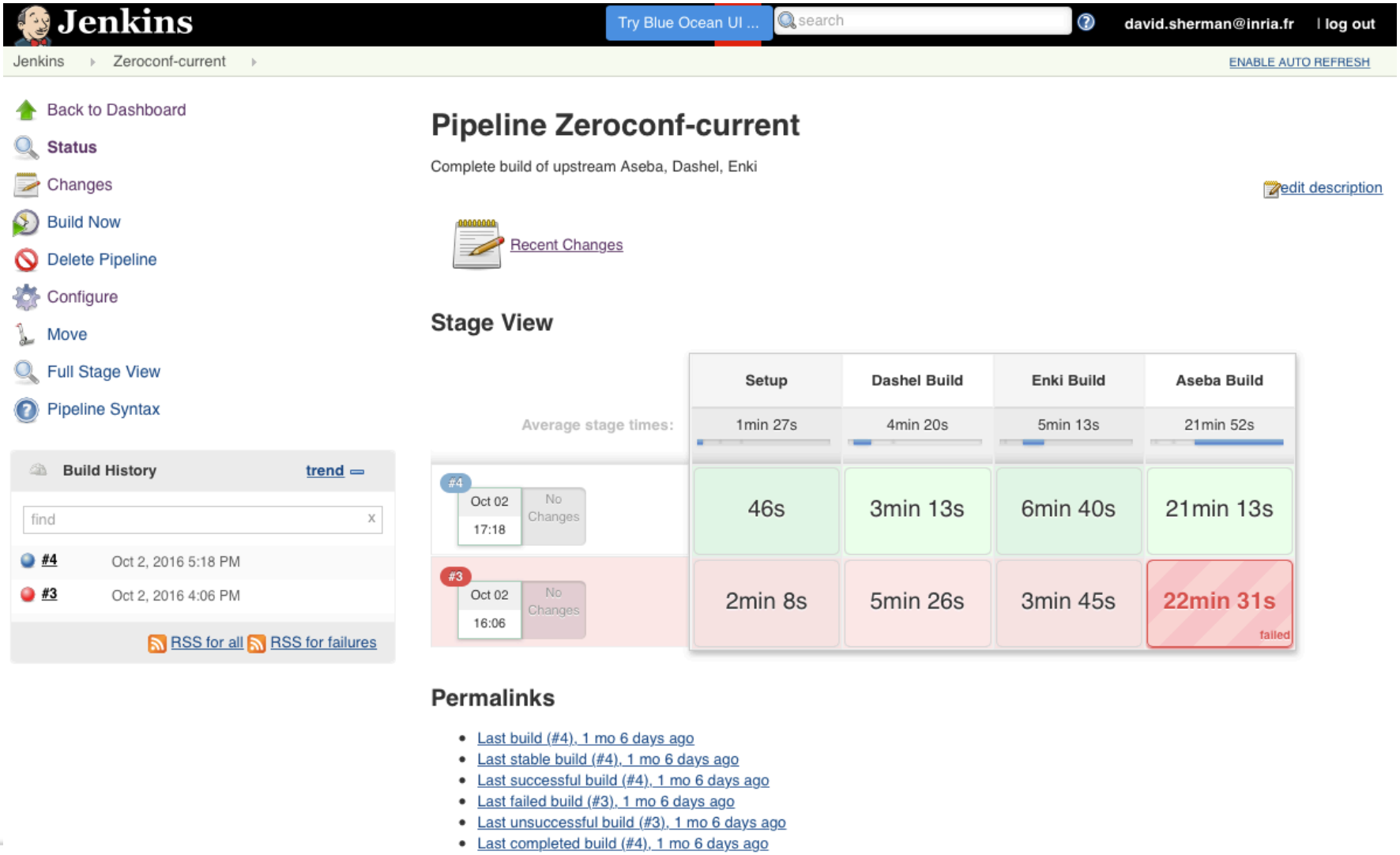
Jenkins 2 Pipeline: model definition

```
pipeline {
    agent any
    stages {
        stage('Build') {
            steps {
                sh 'echo building...'
            }
        }
        stage('Test') {
            steps {
                sh 'echo testing...'
            }
        }
        stage('Sanity check') {
            steps {
                input "Does the staging environment for ${env.APP_NAME} look ok?”
            }
        }
        stage('Deploy - Staging') {
            steps {
                sh 'echo deploying to staging...'
                sh 'echo smoke tests...'
            }
        }
        stage('Deploy - Production') {
            steps {
                sh 'echo deploying to production...'
            }
        }
```

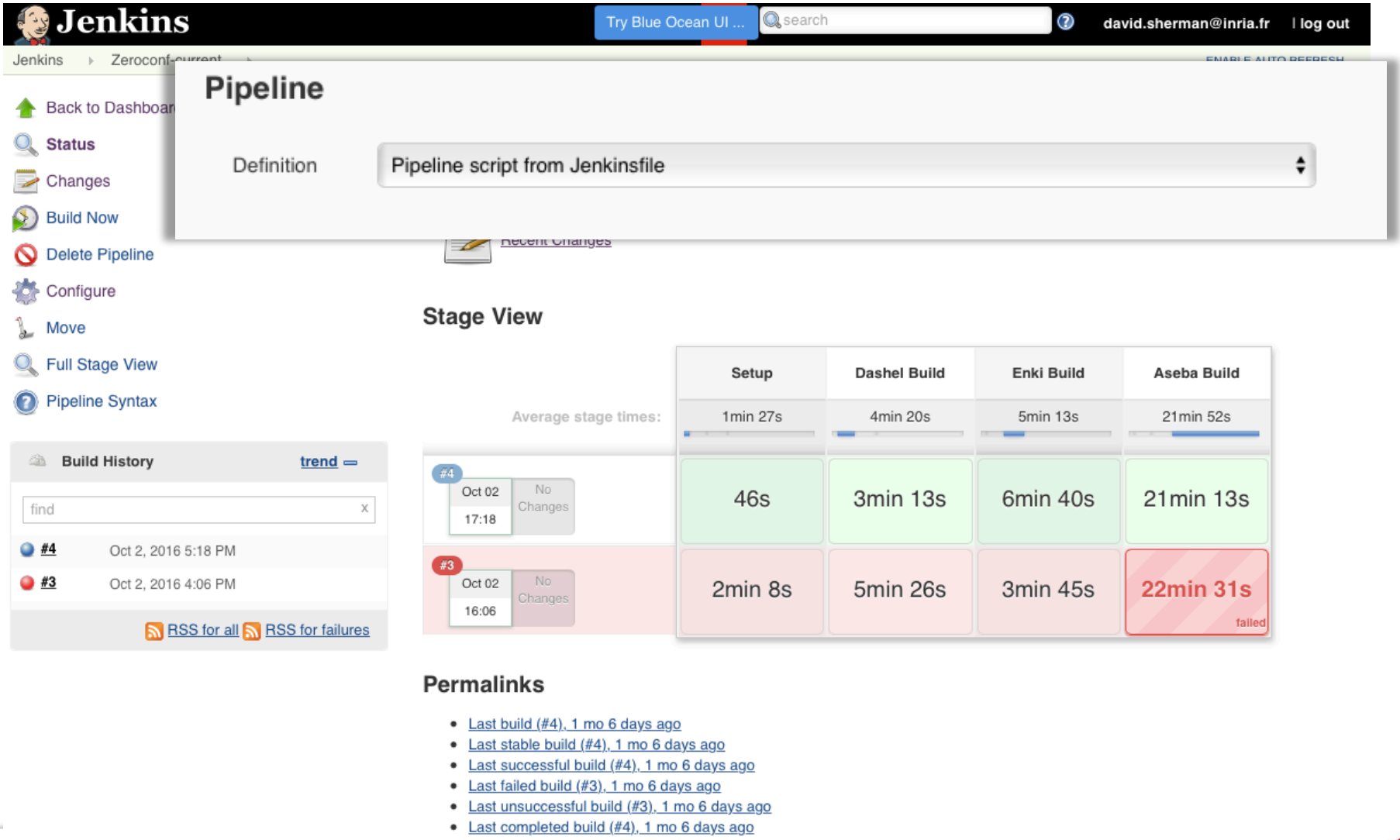
Jenkins 2 Pipeline: model definition

```
stage('Dashel') {
    node('inirobot-win7') {
        git branch: 'pollsocketstream', url: 'https://github.com/davidjsherman/dashel.git'
        sh '''git submodule update --init'''
        withEnv(["INSTALL=${pwd()}/_install","BUILD=${pwd()}/_build"]) {
            sh '''rm -rf ${INSTALL}/dashel && mkdir -p ${INSTALL}/dashel
                  rm -rf ${BUILD} && mkdir ${BUILD}
                  cd ${BUILD}
                  cmake ${WORKSPACE} -G 'Unix Makefiles' \
                        -DCMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX:PATH=${INSTALL}/dashel \
                        -DBUILD_SHARED_LIBS:BOOL=OFF
                  make
                  make install
               '''
        }
        stash includes: '_install/dashel/**', name: 'dashel'
    }
}
```

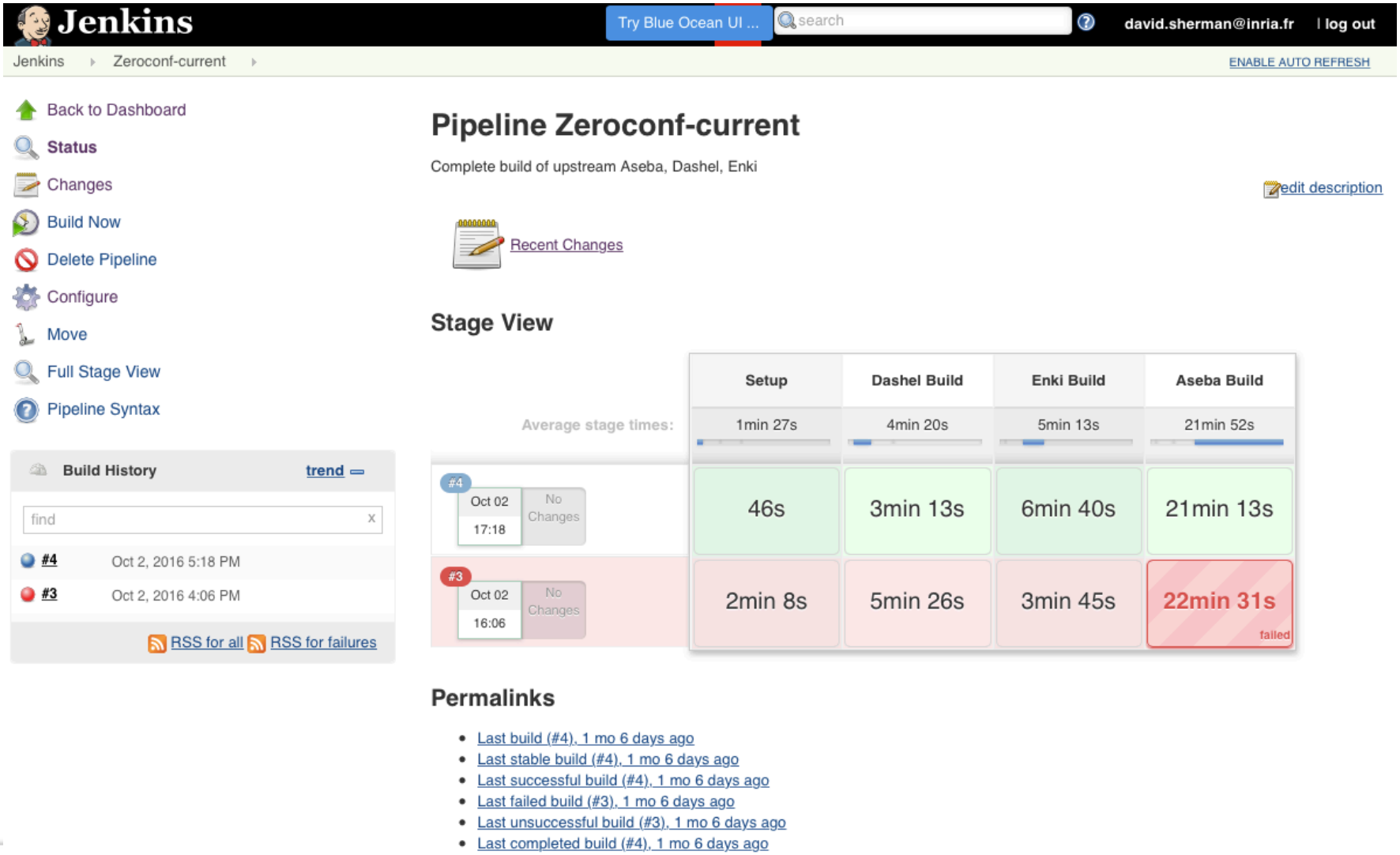
Jenkins 2 Pipeline: example



Jenkins 2 Pipeline: example



Jenkins 2 Pipeline: example



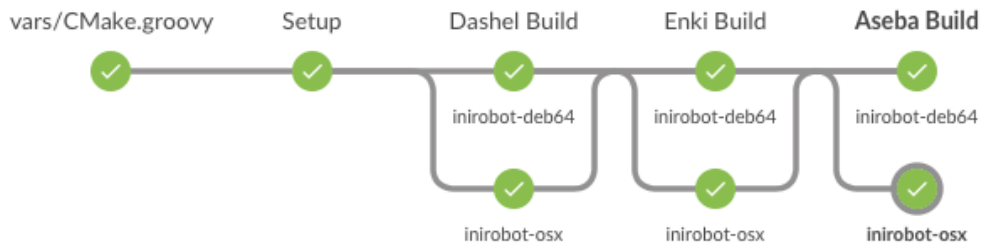
Jenkins 2 Pipeline: example

jenkins / Zeroconf-current #4

Branch Zeroconf-current
Commit 1781dd4
No changes

32 minutes
a month ago

Pipeline | Changes | Tests | Artifacts



Steps - inirobot-osx

- Restore files previously stashed
- Shell Script
- Determine current directory
- Print Message
- Print Message
- Shell Script
- Stash some files to be used later in the build

Jenkins 2 Pipeline: multibranch

For a multibranch project, Jenkins will:

- Check out each of the (selected) branches
- Create a workspace for each branch
- Run the `Jenkinsfile` in each branch

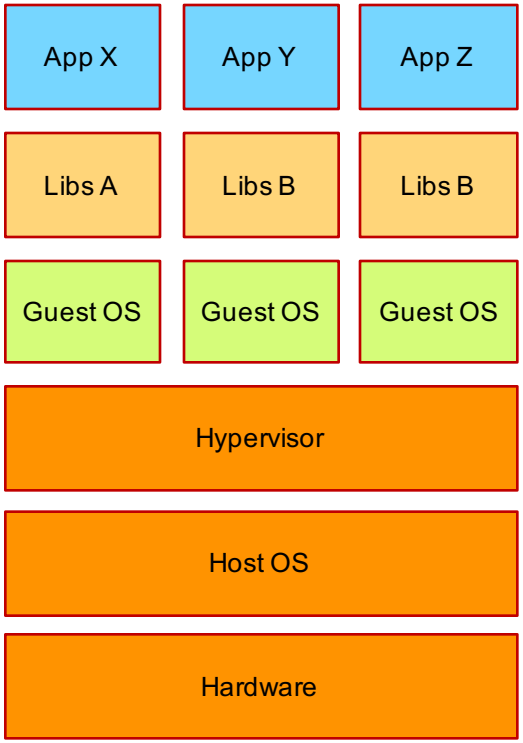
This can be extended to all repositories in a given GitHub organization

This can be used to automatically trigger building and testing the merge for every pull request that is submitted

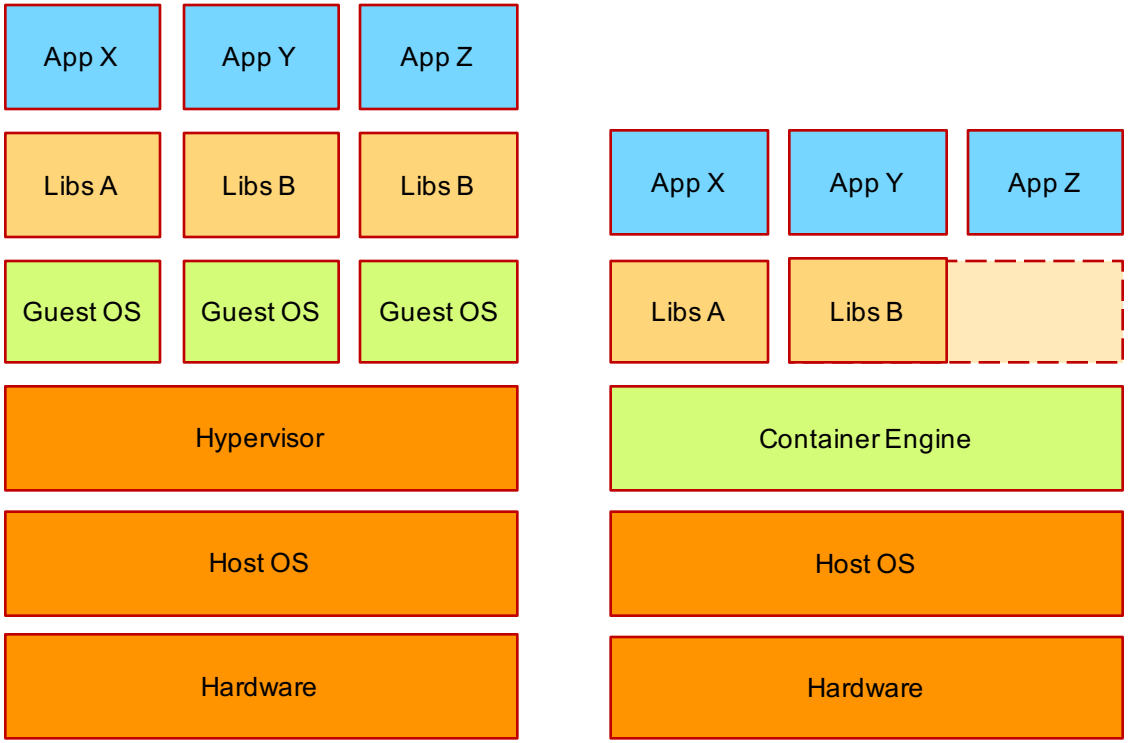
Since the `Jenkinsfile` is shipped with the source code, building and testing

- Are integrated in the development process
- Benefit from the team's **git** workflow (issues, reviews, branch staging)

Docker: motivation

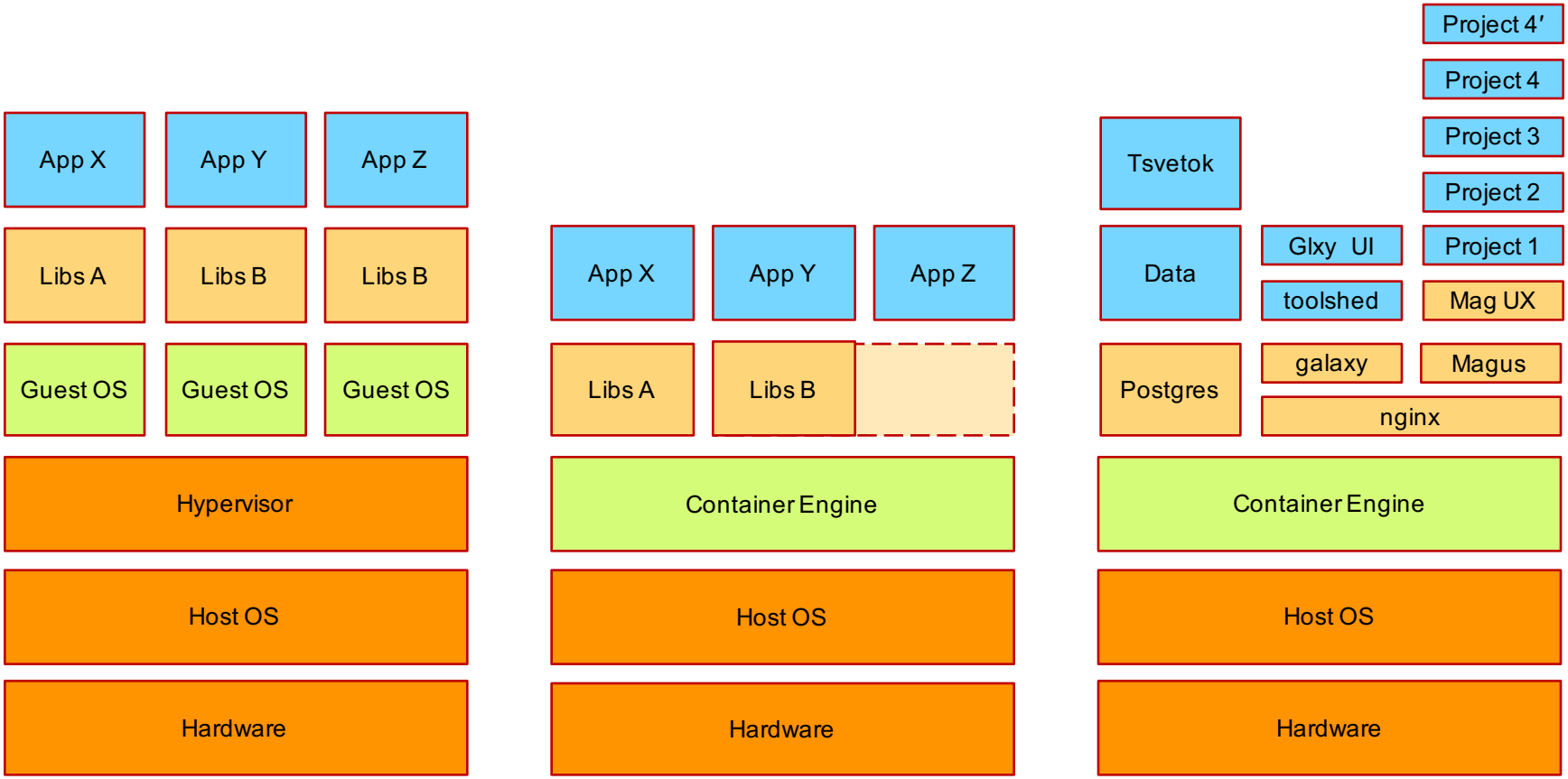


Docker: motivation



A *container* encapsulates one application and its dependencies

Docker: motivation



A *container* encapsulates one application and its dependencies

Docker: syntactic structure

A *container* encapsulates one application and its dependencies

```
FROM        ubuntu:14.04
RUN         apt-get update && apt-get install -y redis-server
EXPOSE      6379
ENTRYPOINT  ["/usr/bin/redis-server"]
```

Docker: syntactic structure

A *container* encapsulates one application and its dependencies

```
FROM        ubuntu:14.04
RUN         apt-get update && apt-get install -y redis-server
EXPOSE      6379
ENTRYPOINT  ["/usr/bin/redis-server"]
```

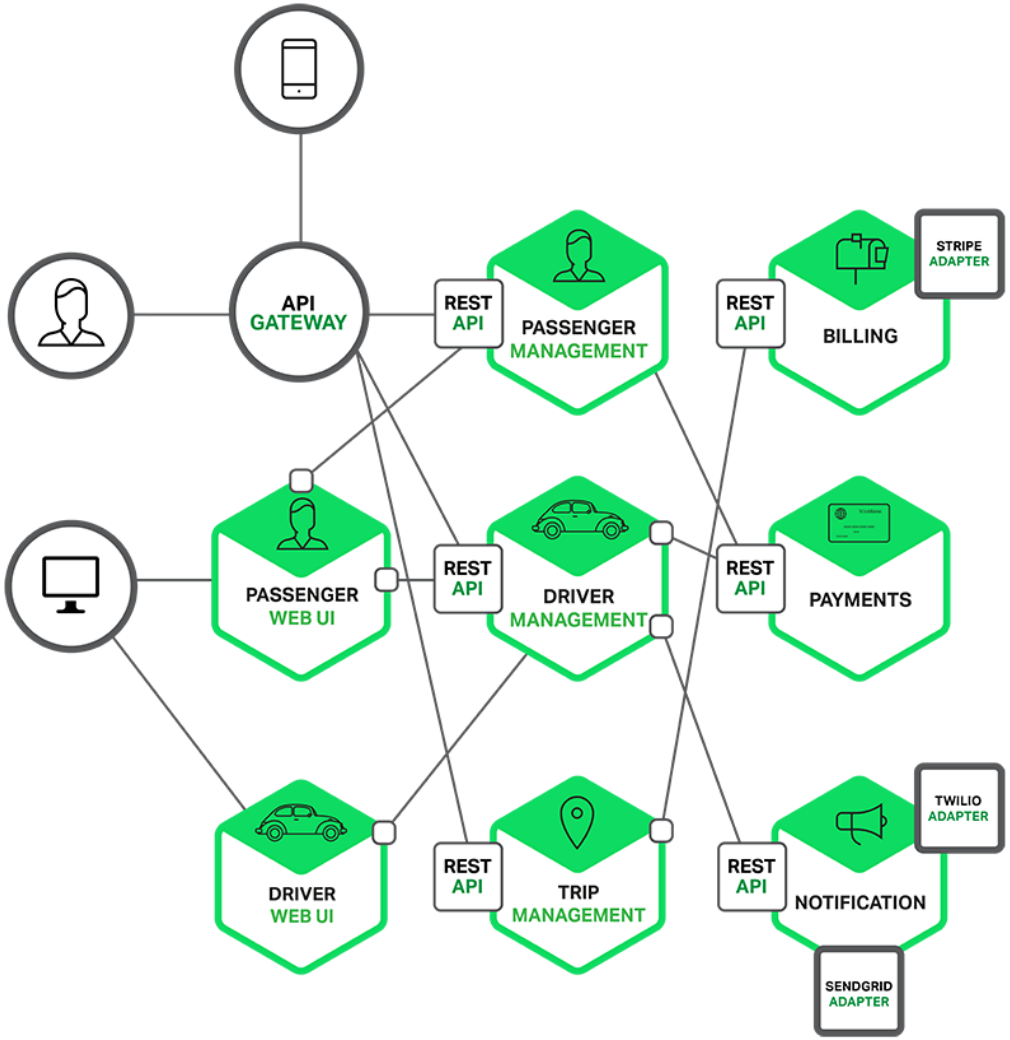
FROM Sets the Base Image for subsequent instructions.
RUN execute any commands in a new layer on top of the current image and commit the results.
CMD provide defaults for an executing container.
EXPOSE informs Docker that the container listens on the specified network ports at runtime.
ENV sets environment variable.
COPY copies new files or directories to container.
ENTRYPOINT configures a container that will run as an executable.
VOLUME creates a mount point for externally mounted volumes or other containers.
USER sets the user name for following RUN / CMD / ENTRYPOINT commands.
WORKDIR sets the working directory.
ONBUILD adds a trigger instruction when the image is used as the base for another build.
LABEL apply key/value metadata to your images, containers, or daemons.

Docker: syntactic structure

```
FROM ubuntu

RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y postgresql-9.3 \
    postgresql-client-9.3 postgresql-contrib-9.3

USER postgres
RUN /etc/init.d/postgresql start && \
    psql --command "CREATE USER docker WITH SUPERUSER PASSWORD 'docker';" && \
    createdb -O docker docker
RUN echo "host all  all    0.0.0.0/0  md5" >> \
    /etc/postgresql/9.3/main/pg_hba.conf
RUN echo "listen_addresses='*'" >> \
    /etc/postgresql/9.3/main/postgresql.conf

EXPOSE 5432
VOLUME  ["/etc/postgresql", "/var/log/postgresql", "/var/lib/postgresql"]
CMD ["/usr/lib/postgresql/9.3/bin/postgres", "-D", \
    "/var/lib/postgresql/9.3/main", "-c", \
    "config_file=/etc/postgresql/9.3/main/postgresql.conf"]
```

Docker: microservice architecture

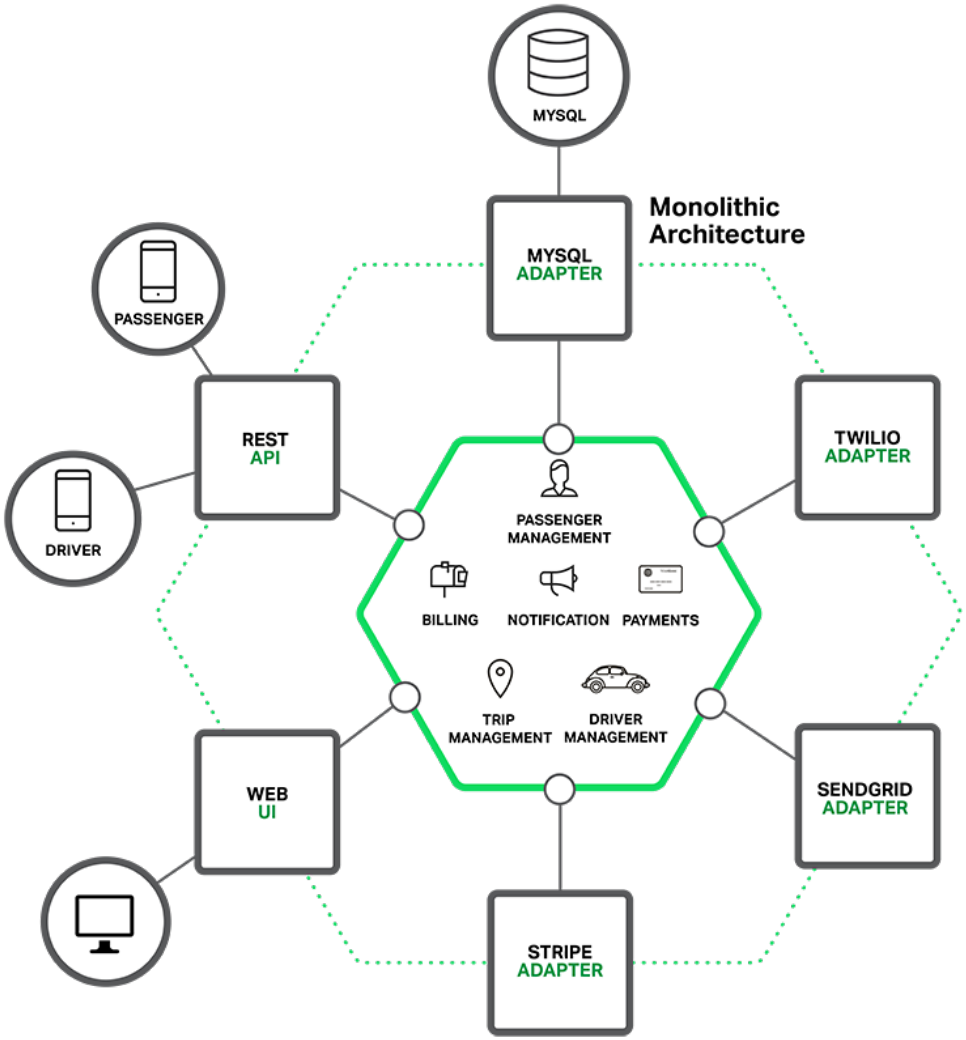
Loosely coupled services with bounded contexts



nginx.com

Docker: microservice architecture

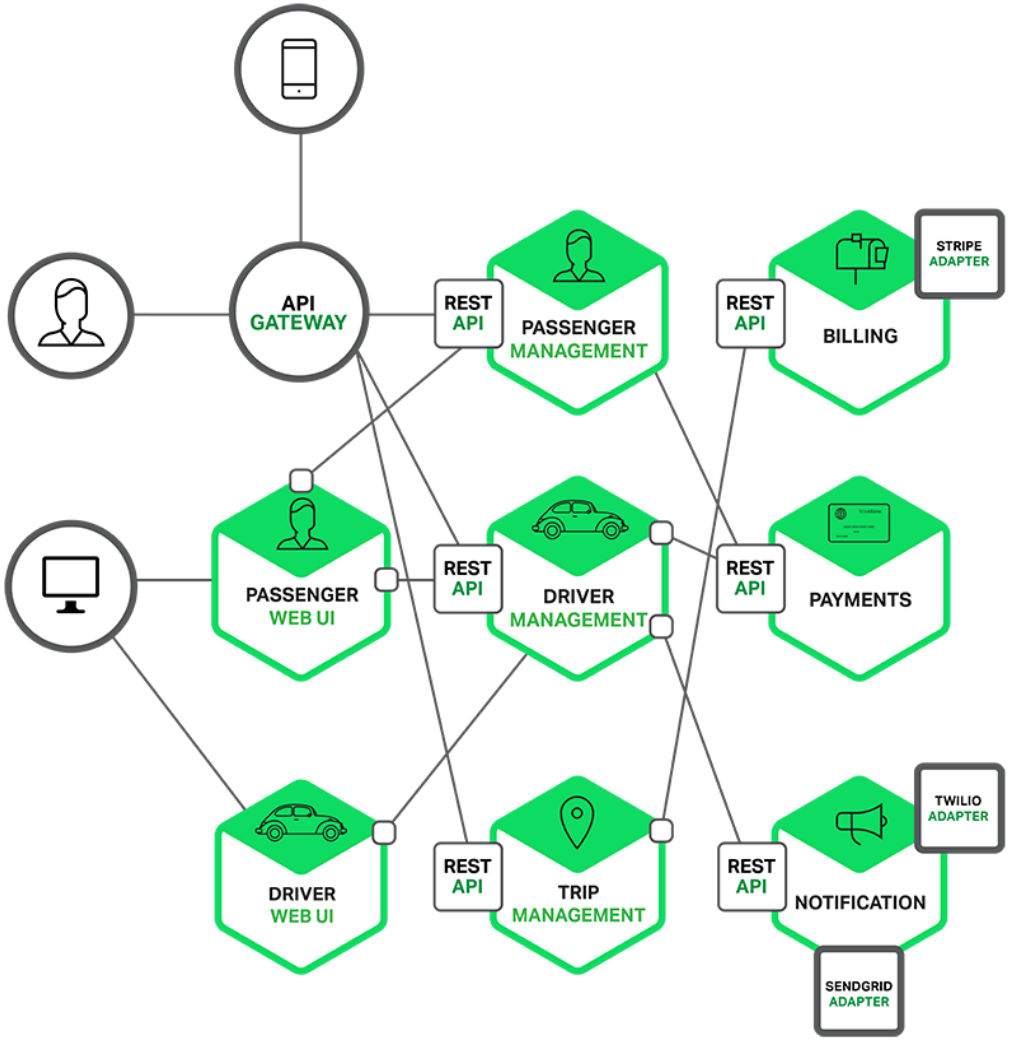
Loosely coupled services with bounded contexts



nginx.com

Docker: microservice architecture

Loosely coupled services with bounded contexts

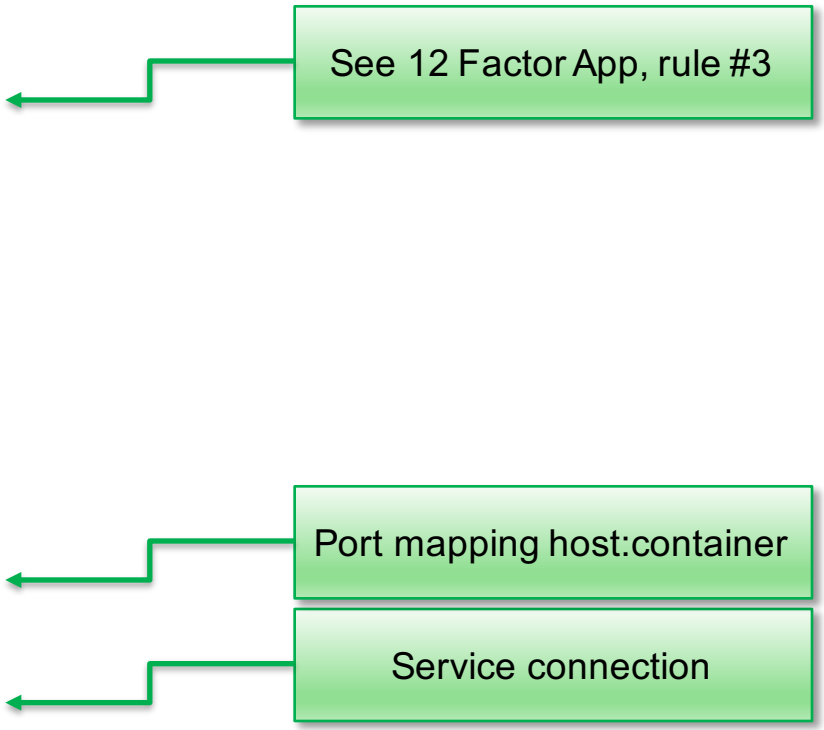


nginx.com

Docker: orchestration

Connect services using rules declared in an orchestration file also in the SCM

```
version: '2'

services:
   db:
     image: mysql:5.7
     volumes:
       - "./.data/db:/var/lib/mysql"
     restart: always
     environment:
       MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD: wordpress
       MYSQL_DATABASE: wordpress
       MYSQL_USER: wordpress
       MYSQL_PASSWORD: wordpress

   wordpress:
     depends_on:
       - db
     image: wordpress:latest
     links:
       - db
     ports:
       - "8000:80"
     restart: always
     environment:
       WORDPRESS_DB_HOST: db:3306
       WORDPRESS_DB_PASSWORD: wordpress
```



Docker: Ansible

```
- hosts: django
  roles:
    - django-gunicorn
- hosts: gulp
  roles:
    - gulp-static
- hosts: nginx
  roles:
    - role: j00bar.nginx-container
      ASSET_PATHS:
        - /tmp/django/static/
        - /tmp/gulp/node/dist/
```

Docker: Ansible

```
- hosts: django
  roles:
    - django-gunicorn
- hosts: gulp
  roles:
    - gulp-static
- hosts: nginx
  roles:
    - role: j00bar.ngi
      ASSET_PATHS:
        - /tmp/django/
        - /tmp/gulp/nc
```

```
django:
  image: centos:7
  environment:
    DATABASE_URL: "pgsql://{{ POSTGRES_USER }}:{{ POSTGRES_PASSWORD
}}@postgresql:5432/{{ POSTGRES_DB }}"
  expose:
    - "{{ DJANGO_PORT }}"
  working_dir: "{{ DJANGO_ROOT }}"
  links:
    - postgresql
  user: "{{ DJANGO_USER }}"
  command: ['/usr/bin/dumb-init', '{{ DJANGO_VENV }}/bin/gunicorn', '-w', '2',
'-b', '0.0.0.0:{{ DJANGO_PORT }}', 'example.wsgi:application']
  dev_overrides:
    command: ['/usr/bin/dumb-init', '{{ DJANGO_VENV }}/bin/python',
'manage.py', 'runserver', '0.0.0.0:{{ DJANGO_PORT }}']
    volumes:
      - "$PWD:{{ DJANGO_ROOT }}"
  options:
    kube:
      runAsUser: 1000
```

Docker: Ansible

```
- hosts: django
  roles:
    - django-gunicorn
- hosts: gulp
  roles:
    - gulp-static
- hosts: nginx
  roles:
    - role: j00bar.ngi
      ASSET_PATHS:
        - /tmp/django/
        - /tmp/gulp/no
```

```
gulp:
  image: centos:7
  user: {{ NODE_USER }}
  command: /bin/false
  dev_overrides:
    working_dir: "{{ NODE_HOME }}"
    command: ['/usr/bin/dumb-init', '{{ NODE_ROOT }}/node_modules/.bin/gulp']
    ports:
      - "80:{{ GULP_DEV_PORT }}"
    volumes:
      - "$PWD:{{ NODE_HOME }}"
    links:
      - django
  options:
    kube:
      state: absent
```

Docker: Ansible

```
- hosts: django
  roles:
    - django-gunicorn
- hosts: gulp
  roles:
    - gulp-static
- hosts: nginx
  roles:
    - role: j00bar.ngi
      ASSET_PATHS:
        - /tmp/django/
        - /tmp/gulp/no
```

```
nginx:
  image: centos:7
  ports:
    - "80:{{ DJANGO_PORT }}"
  user: 'nginx'
  links:
    - django
  command: ['/usr/bin/dumb-init', 'nginx', '-c', '/etc/nginx/nginx.conf']
  dev_overrides:
    ports: []
    command: '/bin/false'
  options:
    kube:
      runAsUser: 997
```

Jenkins 2 Pipeline can use Docker agents

Agents in pipeline-model-definition can be hosts or Docker containers

```
pipeline {
  agent docker:'node:6.3'
  stages {
    stage('build') {
      steps {
        sh 'npm --version'
        sh 'npm install'
        sh 'npm test'
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Coming soon in version 0.6: from [JENKINS-39216] a new parameter for `agent` to auto-.build a Dockerfile and run the build in a container based on that image

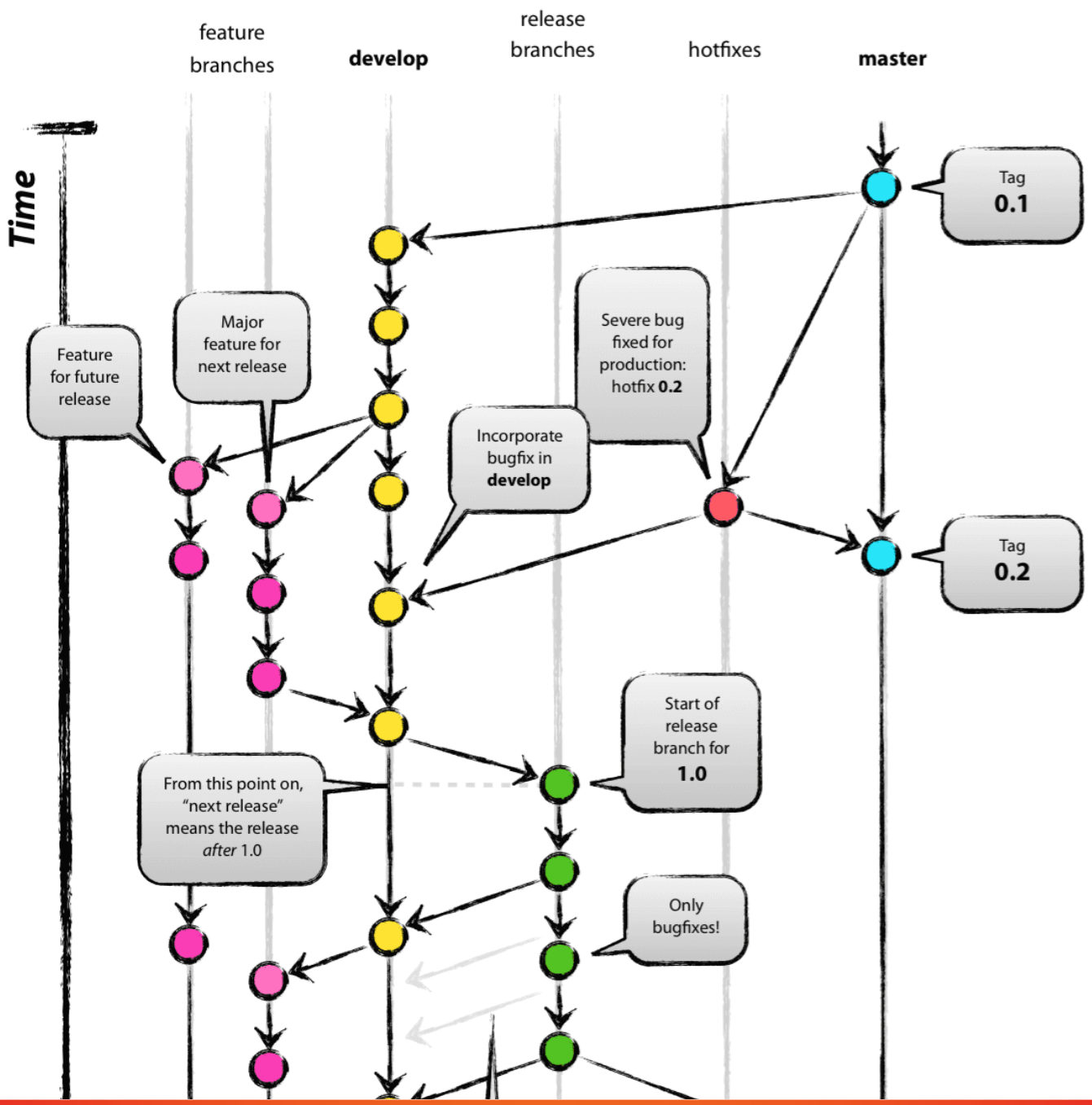
Take home message

Infrastructure as code: record it in the SCM

- Software component
  - Source code and dependencies (`Makefile`/`CMakeLists.txt`/`package.json`/…)
  - Instructions to build, test and deploy (`Jenkinsfile`)
- Container
  - Instructions to configure environment for each service (`Dockerfile`)
  - Instructions to link services together (`docker-compose.yml`/`answers.conf`/…)

Use the same SCM workflows that we use for software

- Branches (master, hotfix, development, feature)
- Code reviews, issues, and collaboration tools →→→ traceability
- Versioning, logs
- **No dark matter**


feature branches
develop
release branches
hotfixes
master
Time
Tag 0.1
Major feature for next release
Severe bug fixed for production: hotfix 0.2
Feature for future release
Incorporate bugfix in develop
Tag 0.2
Start of release branch for 1.0
From this point on, "next release" means the release after 1.0
Only bugfixes!