```
#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    const int num = 2;//const--常属性(使num不可修改,但是num本质还是变量)
    printf(" % d\n", num)
   return 0;
#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX 10
int main()
    int arr[MAX] = { 10 };
   printf("%d\n", MAX);
   return 0;
}
//结果输出10
三.
#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
#include<stdio.h>
enum Sex
{
   male, female, secret
   //这三个值叫枚举常量
};
int main()
{
    printf("%d\n", female);
    printf("%d\n", male);
    printf("%d\n", secret);
   //枚举--一列举
}//结果为1,0,2
```

枚举常量是不能改的

```
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         五、
#define CRT SECURE NO WARNINGS
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    char arr[] = "abc";//数组
    char arr2[] = { 'a', 'b', 'c' };
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(arr));
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(arr2));
   return 0;
}//结果为3,随机值
//如果将arr2 改为char arr2[]={'a','b','c','\0'}则结果为3,3
六.
#define CRT SECURE NO WARNINGS
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
   printf("abc");
    printf("abcn");
    printf("abc\n");//\n为转义字符(改变字母意思,换行)
    printf("c:\text\7\text.c");//\t为水平制表符(在ext前空出\t的距离)
   return 0;
}//结果为abc, abcn, abc, c:
                             ext
                                     ext.c
             在书写连续多个问号时使用,防止
```

七. Ctrl+k+c----注释 Ctrl+K+U 取消注释

```
八.
#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    int input = 0;
    printf("加入米哈游\n");
    printf("好好学习吗? (1/0) \n");
    scanf("%d", &input);
    if (input == 1)
        printf("好工作\n");
    else
        printf("种地\n");
   return 0;
}
//选择语句,结果:加入米哈游
//好好学习吗? (1 / 0)
十.
#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    int line = 0;
    printf("加入米哈游\n");
    while (line < 20000)
        printf("敲一行代码:%d\n", line);
        line++;
    if(line>=20000)
    printf("好公司\n");
   return 0;
}//循环语句
+-
#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
#include<stdio.h>
int Add(int x, int y)
```

```
int z = x + y;
    return z;
int main()
    int sum = 0;
    int num1 = 10;
    int num2 = 12;
    sum = Add(num1, num2);
    printf("sum=%d\n", sum);
    return 0;
}//自定义函数
+=.
#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    int arr[5] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 };
    int i = 0;
    while (i < 5)
        printf("%d\n", arr[i]);
        i++;
    }
    return 0;
}//数组的访问
```