VI. MATHEMATICAL PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED USING ADMM AND VERIFY ITS SOLUTION WITH CENTRALIZED OPTIMIZATION

Consider a following optimization problem:

$$\min \sum_{t=1}^{5} \left[5x^t + 3y^t + 50(\Delta n^t)^2 + 100(\hat{y} - y^t) \right]$$
 (43)

subject to:

$$x^t \ge 0 \tag{44}$$

$$x^t + y^t + 5n^t = \hat{l} \tag{45}$$

$$0 \le y^t \le \hat{y} \tag{46}$$

$$\Delta n^t = n^t - n^{t-1}; \quad n^0 = 0 \tag{47}$$

$$0 \le n \le 8$$
, (n is an integer variable) (48)

$$\hat{y}[1:5] = [2,4,8,7,10] \tag{49}$$

$$\hat{l}[1:5] = [25, 40, 35, 50, 55] \tag{50}$$

We will separate the objective function (43) in two parts, such as:

$$\min \sum_{t=0}^{5} \left[5x^t + 3y^t + 50(\Delta n^t)^2 \right] + \min \quad \sum_{t=0}^{5} 100(\hat{y} - y^t)$$
 (51)

For applying ADMM, we shall separate the common variable y from both objective by introducing an auxiliary variable z, such as:

$$\min \sum_{t=0}^{5} \left[5x^{t} + 3y^{t} + 50(\Delta n^{t})^{2} \right] + \min \sum_{t=0}^{5} 100(\hat{y} - z^{t})$$
(52)

subject to:

$$y^t - z^t = 0 (53)$$

VII. THINGS TO PERFORM

- 1) First solve the above optimization with centralized optimization.
- 2) Solve the same problem with integer relaxation using ADMM.
- 3) Solve the same problem with Branch and Bound integrated ADMM.