

Foundations of Audio Signal Processing:

Exercise sheet 9

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Exercise 9.1

(a)

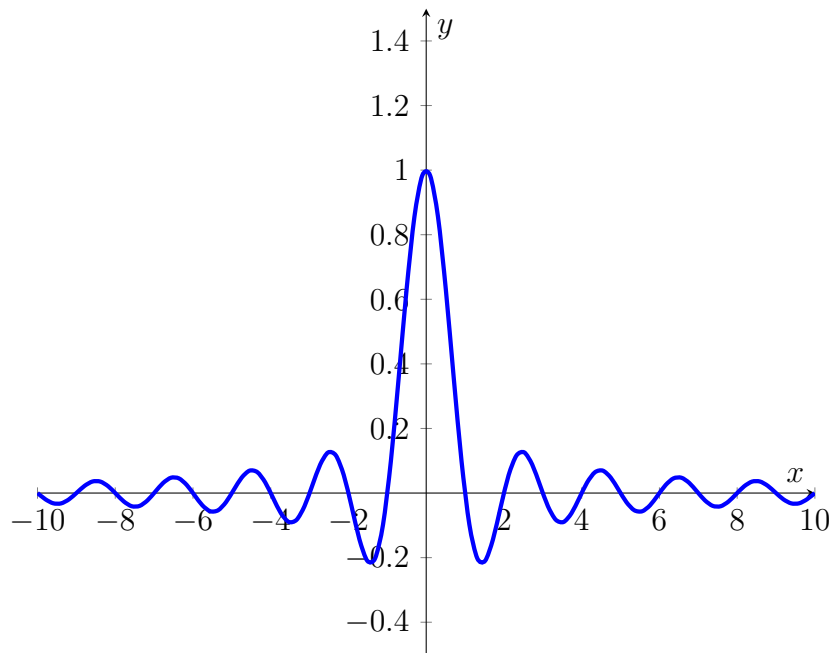


Figure 1: Plot of $\text{sinc}(x)$.

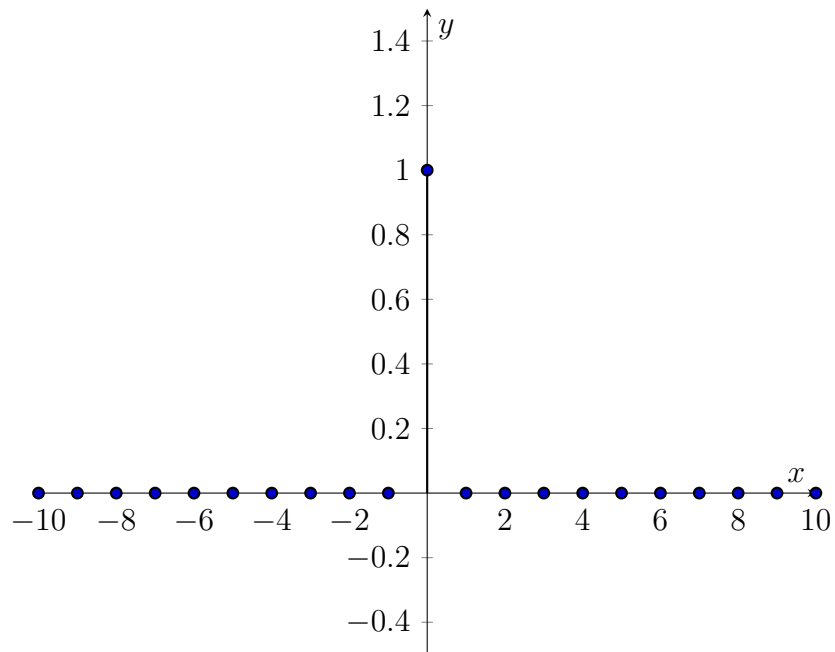


Figure 2: Plot of sampled sinc(x) with T=1.

Sampling rate is $\frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{1} = 1\text{Hz}$

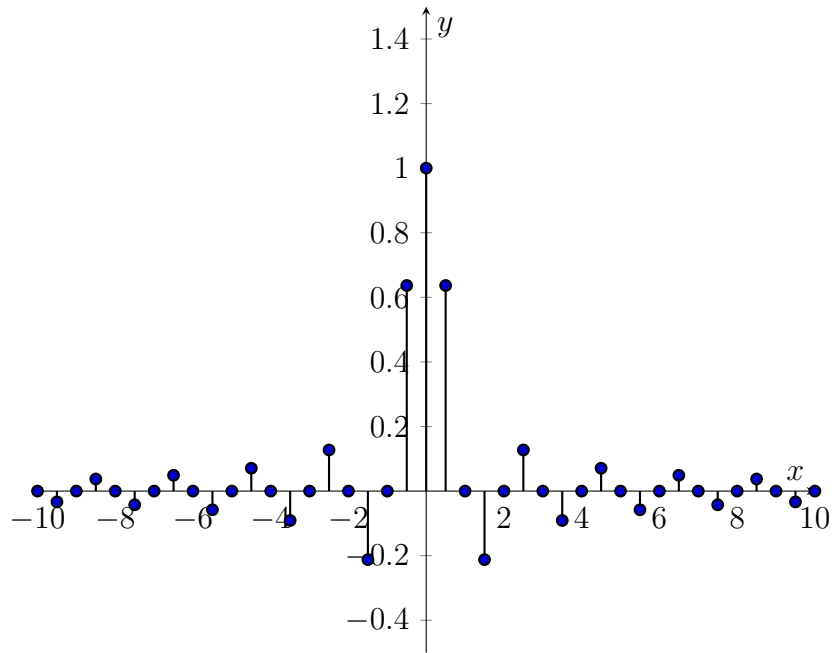


Figure 3: Plot of sampled sinc(x) with T=0.5.

Sampling rate is $\frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{0.5} = 2\text{Hz}$

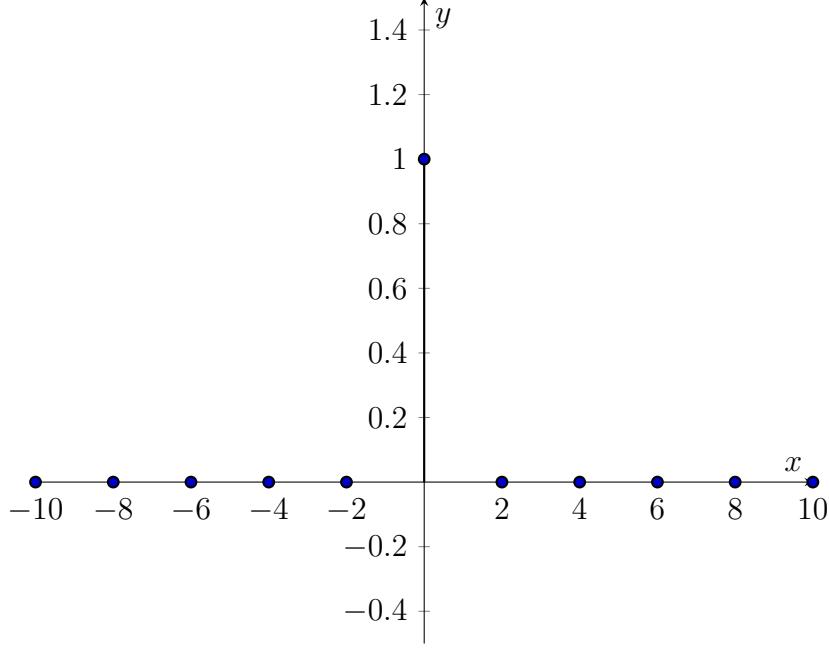


Figure 4: Plot of sampled $\text{sinc}(x)$ with $T=2$.

Sampling rate is $\frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{2} = 0.5\text{Hz}$

(b)

Fourier transform for $f(t) = \text{sinc}(t)$ is $\hat{f}(w) = \text{rect}(w)$

$$\text{rect}(w) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } |w| > \frac{1}{2} \\ 1/2, & \text{if } |w| = \frac{1}{2} \\ 1, & \text{if } |w| < \frac{1}{2} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

By definition, $\text{sinc}(t)$ is 0.5-bandlimited, and 0.5 is such smallest Ω

(c)

For $T = 1$, $\Omega = \frac{1}{2T} = \frac{1}{2}\text{Hz}$ signal is reconstructible because $\text{sinc}(t)$ is 0.5-bandlimited.

It is 0.5 bandlimited because $\hat{f}(w) = 0$ for $|w| > 0.5$

For $T = \frac{1}{2}$, $\Omega = \frac{1}{2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}} = 1\text{Hz}$ signal is reconstructible because $\text{sinc}(t)$ is 1-bandlimited.

It is 1 bandlimited because $\hat{f}(w) = 0$ for $|w| > 1$

For $T = 2$, $\Omega = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 2} = 0.25\text{Hz}$ signal is not reconstructible because $\text{sinc}(t)$ is not 0.25-bandlimited.

It is not 0.25-bandlimited because $\hat{f}(w) = 1$ for $0.5 > |w| \geq 0.25$

Exercise 9.2

(a)

$$(\uparrow M \circ T^k)[x](n) = \begin{cases} x(\frac{n}{M} - k), & \text{if } M|n \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

$$(T^k \circ \uparrow M)[x](n) = \begin{cases} x(\frac{n-k}{M}), & \text{if } M|n-k \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

Since $(\uparrow M \circ T^k)[x](n) \neq (T^k \circ \uparrow M)[x](n)$, upsampling operator is not time invariant

(b)

$$(T^k \circ E_\omega)[x](n) = e^{-2\pi i \omega n} x(n-k) \quad (4)$$

$$(E_\omega \circ T^k)[x](n) = e^{-2\pi i \omega (n-k)} x(n-k) \quad (5)$$

Since $\forall w \neq 0$, $(\uparrow M \circ T^k)[x](n) \neq (T^k \circ \uparrow M)[x](n)$, frequency shift operator is not time invariant