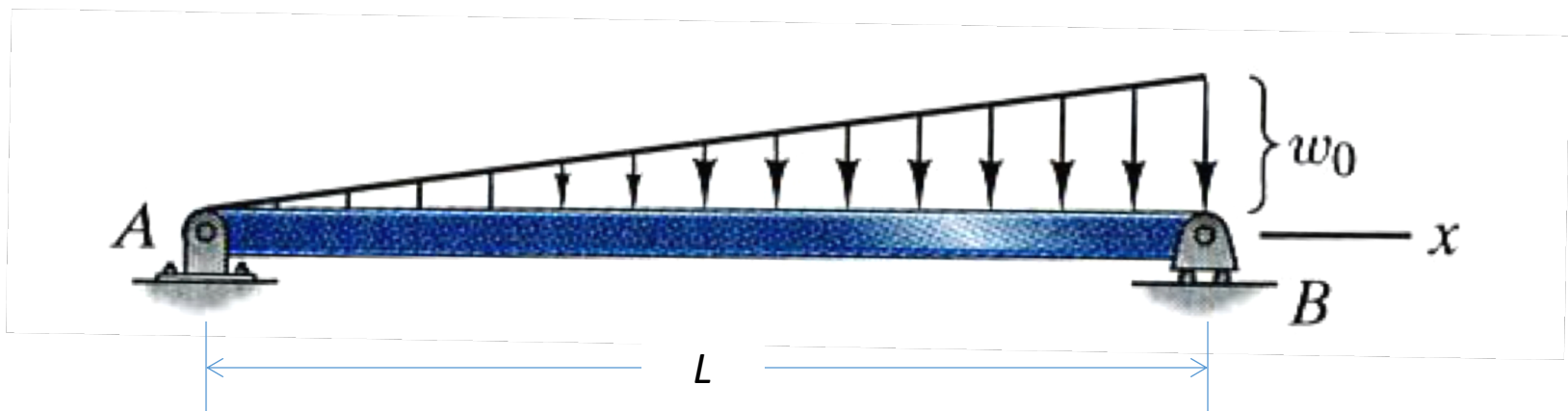


# **Recitation 4**

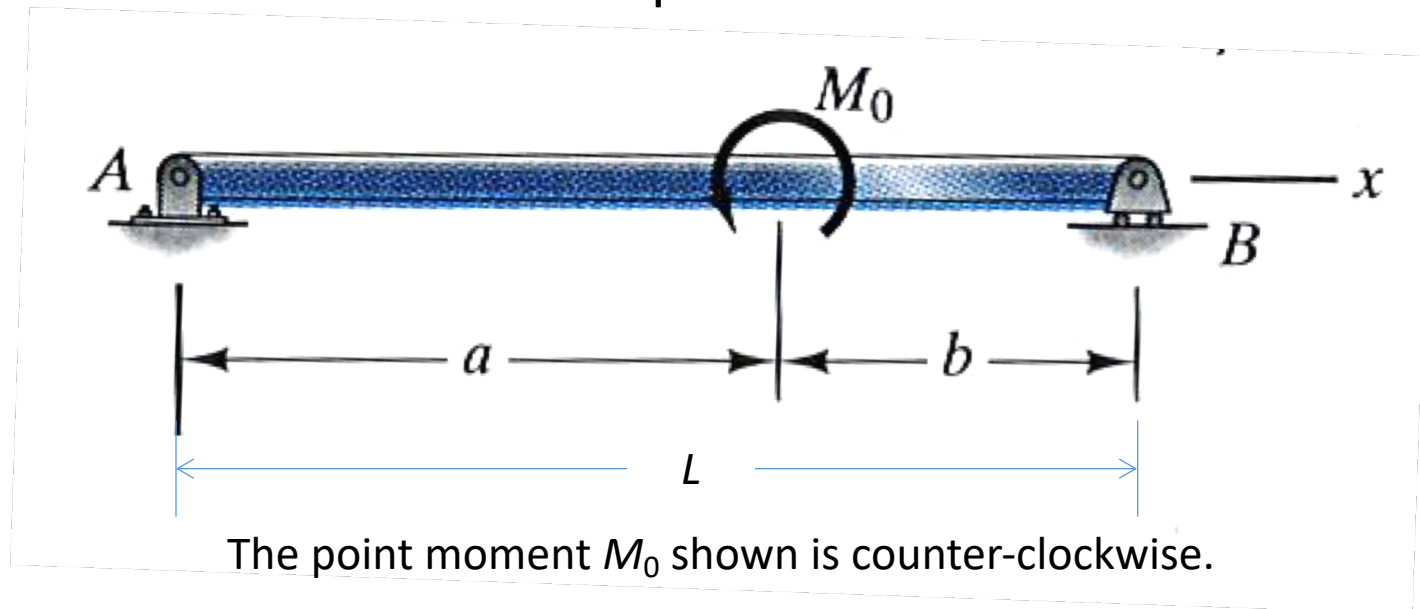
# Problem 1a

- Write a fourth-order differential equation for the deflection ( $d^4v/dx^4$ ).
- Write the boundary conditions needed to fully solve the equation for the deflection as a function of  $x$  from the fourth-order differential equation.
- Write the matching conditions (if any) needed to fully solve the equation for the deflection as a function of  $x$  from the fourth-order differential equation.

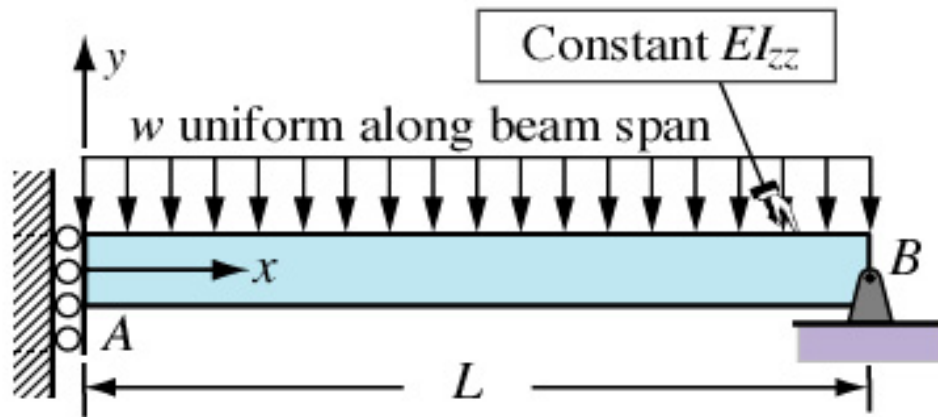


# Problem 1b

- Write a fourth-order differential equation for the deflection ( $d^4v/dx^4$ ).
- Write the boundary conditions needed to fully solve the equation for the deflection as a function of  $x$  from the fourth-order differential equation.
- Write the matching conditions (if any) needed to fully solve the equation for the deflection as a function of  $x$  from the fourth-order differential equation.



# Problem 2



## ***Boundary conditions:***

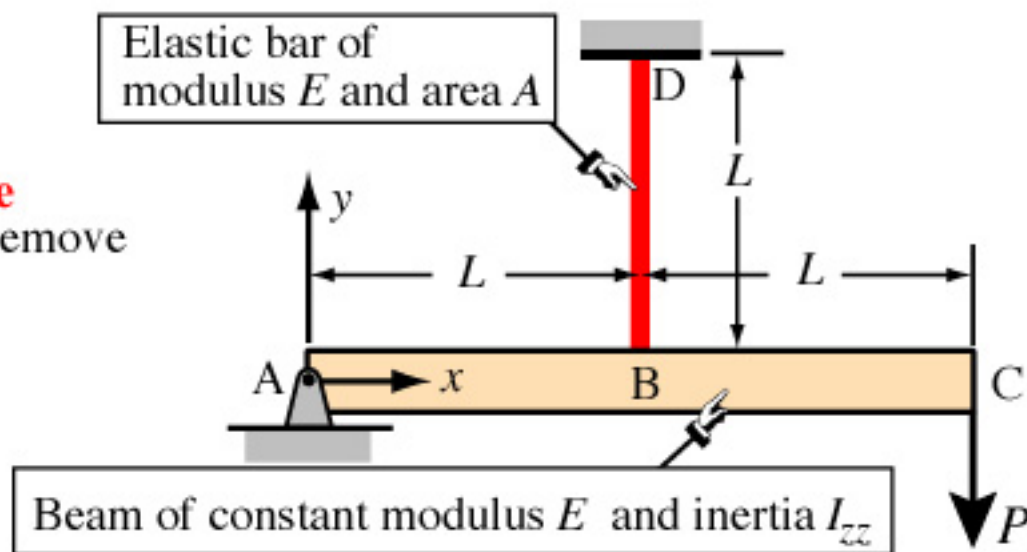
End A can deflect but cannot rotate  
so  $V_{yA} = V_y(0) = 0$ ,  $v'_A = v'(0) = 0$

End B is simply supported so  
 $M_{zB} = M_z(L) = 0$ ,  $v_B = v(L) = 0$

Solve by both 2nd and 4th order methods, and compare effort. Requested:  $v(x)$  and  $v_A = v(0)$  in terms of  $w$ ,  $L$ , and  $EI_{zz}$ . Challenge is how to apply the B.C.s given above.

# Problem 3

Note that structure is **statically determinate** (visualization: if you remove the bar, it collapses)



Beam AC is simply supported at A and propped by an *elastic* bar BD at half span B. Beam AC has constant bending inertia  $I_{zz}$ , bar BD has constant cross section  $A$ , and both members have the same modulus  $E$ . A point load  $P$  is applied at the free end C as shown in the Figure.

Using any method, find in terms of  $E$ ,  $A$ ,  $I_{zz}$ ,  $L$ , and  $P$ :

- axial force  $F_{BD}$  in bar BD (hint: structure is *statically determinate*)
- vertical deflection  $v_B$  at B (hint: it is controlled by the bar elongation)
- vertical deflection  $v_C$  at C (hint: find bending moment  $M_z(x)$ , integrate it twice, and apply deflection conditions at A and B)

**Partial answers:**  $v_B = -2PL/(EA)$ ,  $v_C = -4PL/(EA) - 2PL^3/(3EI_{zz})$