## **SQL WITH—CTE (Common Table Expression)**

## Your First WITH (CTE)

The same question as you saw in  $\boxed{\text{your first subquery}}$  is provided here along with the solution.

QUESTION: You need to find the average number of events for each channel per day.

## SOLUTION:

Let's try this again using a WITH statement.

Notice, you can pull the inner query:

This is the part we put in the **WITH** statement. Notice, we are aliasing the table as **events** below:

```
WITH events AS (

SELECT DATE_TRUNC('day',occurred_at) AS day,

channel, COUNT(*) as events

FROM web_events

GROUP BY 1,2)
```

```
Now, we can use this newly created events table as if it is any other table in our database:
```

```
WITH events AS (
SELECT DATE_TRUNC('day',occurred_at) AS day,
channel, COUNT(*) as events

FROM web_events
GROUP BY 1,2)

SELECT channel, AVG(events) AS average_events
FROM events
GROUP BY channel
ORDER BY 2 DESC;
```

For the above example, we don't need anymore than the one additional table, but imagine we needed to create a second table to pull from. We can create an additional table to pull from in the following way:

```
WITH cte1 as(
    select * from
    Submissions s
    left join Hackers h
    on s.hacker_id=h.hacker_id),

cte2 as(
    select submission_date,hacker_id,count(distinct(submission_id))
    from Submissions
    group by 1,2)
```

select submission\_date,hacker\_id,count(distinct(submission\_id) as csd) from Submissions group by 1,2