



JENSON USA



Analysis of Sales Data

 **JENSON USA**

Driven Insights using Advance MySQL



Presented By:

Pankaj Kumar



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Problem Statement



As a data analyst at Jenson USA, the goal is to utilize data analytics to gain insights into customer behavior, staff performance, inventory management, and store operations. By analyzing data through MySQL, the aim is to identify trends, optimize processes, and make informed decisions that enhance overall business performance.



About Jenson USA

Jenson USA is a leading retailer specializing in bicycles, cycling gear, and accessories. Known for its extensive product range and commitment to customer satisfaction, Jenson USA serves a diverse clientele of cycling enthusiasts. The company leverages both its online presence and physical stores to deliver high-quality products and services. By analyzing customer interactions, sales data, and operational metrics, Jenson USA seeks to maintain its position as a top choice for cyclists.



Let's Uncover the insights using Advance MySQL



- Find the total number of products sold by each store along with the store name



SELECT

```
stores.store_name,  
SUM(order_items.quantity) AS total_No_Of_product
```

FROM

```
stores
```

```
INNER JOIN
```

```
orders ON stores.store_id = orders.store_id
```

```
INNER JOIN
```

```
order_items ON orders.order_id = order_items.order_id
```

```
GROUP BY stores.store_name;
```



- Calculate the cumulative sum of quantities sold for each product over time.

```
with a as (  
  select order_items.product_id, orders.order_date,  
         sum(order_items.quantity) quantity from orders  
  inner join order_items on orders.order_id=order_items.order_id  
  group by order_items.product_id, orders.order_date)  
  
select product_id, order_date, sum(quantity)  
over(partition by product_id order by order_date) as cumulative_sum_quantity from a;
```





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- Find the product with the highest total sales (quantity * price) for each category.

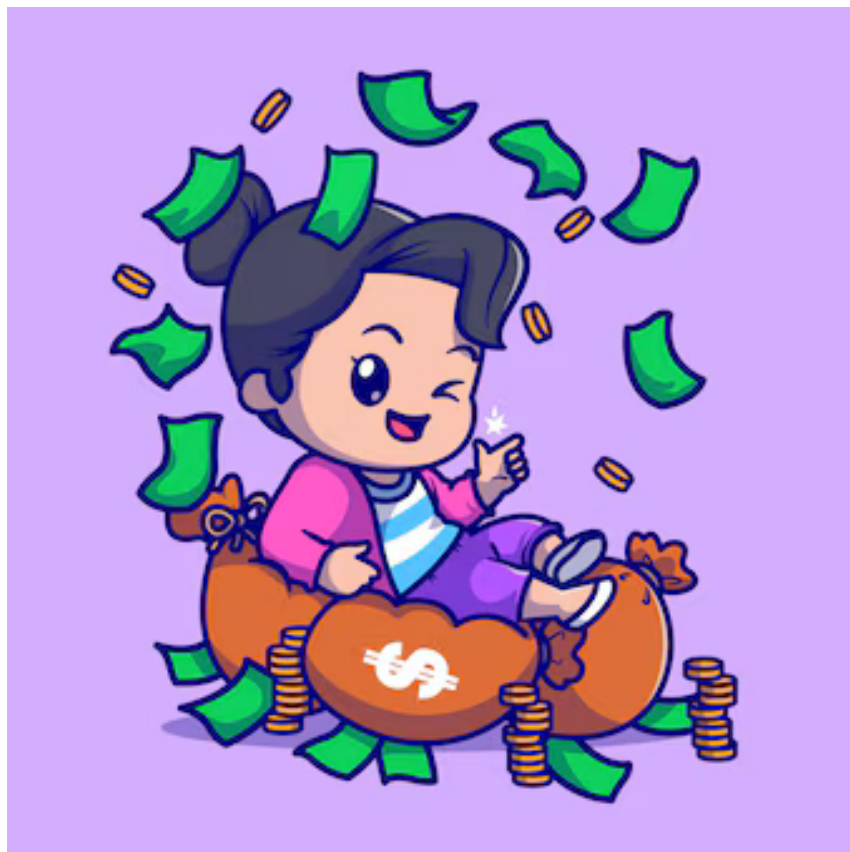


```
with a as (select products.product_name, categories.category_name,  
sum((order_items.quantity)*(order_items.list_price-order_items.discount))  
as total_sales  
from products inner join order_items on  
products.product_id=order_items.product_id  
inner join categories on  
products.category_id=categories.category_id  
group by products.product_name, categories.category_name)  
select product_name, category_name, total_sales from  
(select product_name, category_name, total_sales, rank()  
over(partition by category_name order by total_sales desc) as rnk from a) b  
where rnk=1;
```



- Find the customer who spent the most money on orders.

```
with a as (select concat(customers.first_name, ' ', customers.last_name) full_name,  
sum((order_items.quantity)*(order_items.list_price-order_items.discount))  
as spent_amt from customers inner join orders  
on customers.customer_id=orders.customer_id inner join order_items  
on order_items.order_id=orders.order_id group by concat(customers.first_name, ' ', customers.last_name) )  
select full_name, spent_amt from  
(select *, rank() over(order by spent_amt desc) as rnk from a) b where rnk=1;
```



- Find the highest-priced product for each category name.

```
with a as
(select products.product_name, categories.category_name, products.list_price
from products inner join categories
on products.category_id=categories.category_id)
select * from
(select *, rank() over(partition by category_name order by list_price desc) as rnk from a) b
where rnk=1;
```



Find the total number of orders placed by each customer per store



```
select orders.store_id,stores.store_name, concat(customers.first_name,' ',customers.last_name)
cus_fullname, count(orders.order_id) as total_order_count from
orders inner join customers on
customers.customer_id=orders.customer_id inner join stores
on stores.store_id=orders.store_id
group by orders.store_id,stores.store_name, concat(customers.first_name,' ',customers.last_name)
```





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Find the names of staff members who have not made any sales



```
select staffs.store_id,concat(staffs.first_name,' ',staffs.last_name)
as staffmember_full_name from staffs
where not exists(select orders.staff_id from orders
where staffs.staff_id=orders.staff_id);
```





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Find the top 3 most sold products in terms of quantity.

```
select product_name from  
(select products.product_name,sum(order_items.quantity) total_quantity,  
rank() over(order by sum(order_items.quantity) desc) rnk  
from products  
inner join order_items on products.product_id=order_items.product_id  
group by products.product_name) a  
where rnk<=3;
```





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Find the median value of the price list

```
with a as(  
  select list_price, row_number() over(order by list_price) rn,  
         count(list_price) over() cn from order_items)  
select  
  case when cn%2=0 then (select avg(list_price) from a  
    where rn in(cn/2,(cn/2)+1))  
  else (select list_price from a where rn=(cn+1)/2)  
end as median from a limit 1;
```



List all products that have never been ordered.(use
Exists)

```
select products.product_id, products.product_name from products  
where not exists(select product_id from order_items  
where products.product_id=order_items.product_id);
```



List the names of staff members who have made more sales than the average number of sales by all staff members.



```
select staffs.staff_id, coalesce(sum(order_items.quantity*(order_items.list_price-order_items.discount)),0) as sales
from staffs left join orders
on staffs.staff_id=orders.staff_id
left join order_items on
orders.order_id=order_items.order_id
group by staffs.staff_id
having sum(order_items.quantity*(order_items.list_price-order_items.discount))>
(select avg(sales)
from
(select staffs.staff_id, coalesce(sum(order_items.quantity*(order_items.list_price-order_items.discount)),0) as sales
from staffs left join orders
on staffs.staff_id=orders.staff_id
left join order_items on
orders.order_id=order_items.order_id
group by staffs.staff_id) as a);
```



Identify the customers who have ordered all types of products (i.e., from every category).



```
select customers.customer_id from customers join orders
on customers.customer_id=orders.customer_id join
order_items on orders.order_id=order_items.order_id
join products p on p.product_id=order_items.product_id
group by customers.customer_id
having count(distinct p.category_id)=(select count(category_id) from categories);
```



Customer Behavior: Targeted marketing can boost sales by focusing on high-value customers and converting occasional buyers into repeat customers.

Staff Performance: Training and incentives for staff can enhance service quality and increase sales.

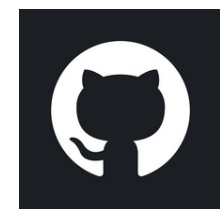
Inventory Management: Better inventory forecasting will reduce stockouts and excess inventory, improving cash flow.

Store Operations: Optimizing store layouts and checkout processes can enhance the shopping experience and increase revenue.

By acting on these insights, Jenson USA can improve customer satisfaction and drive business growth.



[linkedin.com/in/pankaj-kumar-da](https://www.linkedin.com/in/pankaj-kumar-da)



github.com/pankajkumar-data-analyst



pankajnewacc@gmail.com