Arch Linux

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The Arch Way

Simplicity

- trying to hide the complexities of a system actually results in an even more complex system
- keep the complexities well organized and transparent

Code-correctness over convenience

- elegance of design , clean, correct, simple code, rather than unnecessary patching, automation, eye candy or "newbie-friendliness."
- Simple implementation shall always trump simple user interface.

User-centric vs "User-Friendly"

complete control and responsibility over the system.

Openness

- ▶ Openness removes all boundaries and abstraction between the user and the system.
- provides more control, while simultaneously simplifying system maintenance.

Freedom

- embrace functionality over ideology
- no automatic configuration
- no opinions
- "Arch Linux is what you make it." Judd Vinet
- meta distribution
- encourages configuration using text-files

advantages of text-based configuration

- universally accessible
- infinitely more configurable
- does NOT hide any configuration flags
- easy backup/restore
- store your configs in version control
- revert back to last working config
- share and improve you configuration
- https://github.com/pankajmore/dotfiles

do-it-yourself approach

- you are fully responsible for your system
- you know enough about the system to think of possible causes that lead to a bug
- try to fix the system yourself before asking

Rolling Release

- ▶ latest version of your favourite software in the official repo
- no version anxiety
- no upgrade breakage

non-patched, vanilla software

- software delivered as the upstream developer intended
- less monkey patching leads to fewer bugs introduced by the distro maintaners
- almost all bugs are upstream

BSD like init system

- rc.conf to manage your major system settings
- much easier to configure than multi-directory runlevel based init scripts

Pacman

- extremely fast
- tells you what its doing, and doesn't do anything without asking
- does NOT 'automate' for your 'convenience'
- does NOT alter configs which might have been 'customized'
- does NOT install a service and set it up to run automatically
- only does what a package manager ought to do

ABS

- ports-like system for building and packaging software from source Code
- ▶ PKGBUILD to automate software compilation
- Much saner than manually compiling a software
- install using pacman to keep track of the newly installed package
- see a PKGBUILD in action! eg. firefox

Why ABS?

- Compile or recompile a package, for any reason
- ► Make and install new packages from source of software for which no packages are yet available
- Customize existing packages to fit your needs (enabling or disabling options, patching)
- Rebuild your entire system using your compiler flags, "a la FreeBSD" (e.g. with pacbuilder)
- Cleanly build and install your own custom kernel
- Get kernel modules working with your custom kernel
- Easily compile and install a newer, older, beta, or development version of an Arch package by editing the version number in the PKGBUILD

AUR

- ► Arch User Repository (AUR) is a community-driven repository for Arch users.
- collection of unsupported PKGBUILDs
- iitk firewall authentication PKGBUILD
- automates those long boring ubuntu tutorials to install some estoric software

Who should *NOT* use Arch?

- you disagree with the Arch philosophy.
- you do not have the ability/time/desire for a 'do-it-yourself' GNU/Linux distribution.
- you require support for an architecture other than x86_64 or i686.
- you take a strong stand on using a distribution which only provides free software as defined by GNU.
- you believe an operating system should configure itself, run out of the box, and include a complete default set of software and desktop environment on the installation media.
- you do not want a bleeding edge, rolling release GNU/Linux distribution.
- you are happy with your current OS.
- you want an OS that targets a different userbase.



Advantages of using Arch !!

- "the red pill for ubuntu users"
- realise that debating which distro is better is pointless
- an end to your distro-hopping habit
- more knowledge about linux internals than you could have learnt in years of using ubuntu
- ▶ improves your sys-admin skills
- smooth system maintenance

Try Arch

- Programmers and tinkerers generally like Arch after switching from Ubuntu
- ► Those who are new to Linux might need to spend considerable time and effort to get familiar with the Linux ecosystem
- competent Ubuntu users might be delighted by Arch
- Test it in a VirtualBox
- a weekend to spare for installation
- ▶ follow the Beginner's Guide in the Arch Wiki to install Arch
- just by installing Arch you would know more about Linux than the average Ubuntu guy

Relevant Links:

- ► Arch Linux Home Page
- ▶ The Arch Way
- FAQ
- Beginners' Guide
- ► This Slide goo.gl/v8Vb1