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Provisioning Single-node Kubernetes Cluster using kubeadm on Ubuntu 20.04

🕒 2021-05-28 📁 Server Configuration 🔑 kubeadm, kubernetes

There are many tools out there to provision single-node Kubernetes clusters but kubeadm is the way to go for a production-like set up. Although it is more difficult to create a cluster with kubeadm, with its configuration options you can tweak the cluster to your needs. By following this post you can easily create a Single-node Kubernetes Cluster using kubeadm on Ubuntu 20.04.

```
$ kubectl get all
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
pod/wordpress-5bbd6f75ff-xv57n     1/1     Running   2          21h
pod/wordpress-mariadb-0             1/1     Running   2          21h

NAME                                TYPE                CLUSTER-IP      EXTERNAL-IP      PORT(S)          AGE
service/kubernetes                  ClusterIP           10.96.0.1       <none>           443/TCP          45h
service/wordpress                   LoadBalancer       10.110.213.79   <pending>        80:30936/TCP,443:32419/TCP  21h
service/wordpress-mariadb           ClusterIP           10.103.175.154  <none>           3306/TCP         21h

NAME                                READY   UP-TO-DATE   AVAILABLE   AGE
deployment.apps/wordpress           1/1     1            1          21h

NAME                                DESIRED   CURRENT   READY   AGE
replicaset.apps/wordpress-5bbd6f75ff 1         1         1       21h

NAME                                READY   AGE
statefulset.apps/wordpress-mariadb  1/1     21h
```

Install general dependencies

Some packages need to be installed on your system for the commands we're going to use later.

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install -y apt-transport-https ca-certificates \
    curl gnupg lsb-release
```

Install docker from official repository

Installing docker from official docker repository as this is the recommended way.

```
# Remove all other versions of docker from your system
sudo apt-get remove -y docker docker-engine \
    docker.io containerd runc

# Add docker GPG key
curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg \
```

```
| sudo gpg --dearmor \  
-o /usr/share/keyrings/docker-archive-keyring.gpg  
  
# Add docker apt repository  
echo \  
"deb [arch=amd64 signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/docker-  
archive-keyring.gpg] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu  
$(lsb_release -cs) stable" \  
| sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/docker.list  
  
# Fetch the package lists from docker repository  
sudo apt-get update  
  
# Install docker and containerd  
sudo apt-get install -y docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io
```

Configure docker for kubeadm

We have to do some configuration changes to docker to make it work with Kubernetes or kubeadm pre-flight checks will fail.

```
# Configure docker to use overlay2 storage and systemd  
sudo mkdir -p /etc/docker  
cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/docker/daemon.json  
{  
    "exec-opts": ["native.cgroupdriver=systemd"],  
    "log-driver": "json-file",  
    "log-opts": {"max-size": "100m"},  
    "storage-driver": "overlay2"  
}  
EOF  
  
# Restart docker to load new configuration  
sudo systemctl restart docker  
  
# Add docker to start up programs  
sudo systemctl enable docker  
  
# Allow current user access to docker command line  
sudo usermod -aG docker $USER
```

Install kubeadm, kubelet & kubectl

You need to ensure the versions of kubeadm, kubelet and kubectl are compatible.

```
# Add Kubernetes GPG key
sudo curl -fsSLo /usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-
keyring.gpg \
  https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt/doc/apt-key.gpg

# Add Kubernetes apt repository
echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-
keyring.gpg] https://apt.kubernetes.io/ kubernetes-xenial
main" \
  | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list

# Fetch package list
sudo apt-get update

sudo apt-get install -y kubelet kubeadm kubectl

# Prevent them from being updated automatically
sudo apt-mark hold kubelet kubeadm kubectl
```

Ensure swap is disabled

Swap feature has to be disabled because it is not supported by Kubernetes. See the [GitHub issue re-garding swap on Kubernetes](#) for details.

```
# See if swap is enabled
swapon --show

# Turn off swap
sudo swapoff -a

# Disable swap completely
sudo sed -i -e '/swap/d' /etc/fstab
```

Create the cluster using kubeadm

It's only a single command to initialise the cluster but it won't be very functional in single-node environments until we make some changes. Note that we're providing "--pod-network-cidr" parameter as required by our CNI plugin (Flannel).

```
sudo kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=10.244.0.0/16
```

Configure kubectl

To be able to access the cluster we have to configure kubectl.

```
mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
```

Untaint node

We have to untaint the node to allow pods to be deployed to our single-node cluster otherwise your pods will be stuck in pending state.

```
kubectl taint nodes --all node-role.kubernetes.io/master-
```

Install a CNI plugin

For networking to function you have to install a [Container Network Interface \(CNI\) plugin](#). We're installing [flannel](#).

```
kubectl apply -f
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml
```

Install helm

To install our packages we're installing helm v3.

```
curl
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/helm/helm/master/scripts/get-helm-3 | bash
```

Install a CSI driver

For storage to work we need to install a [Container Storage Interface \(CSI\) driver](#). We'll install [OpenEBS](#).

```
# Add openebs repo to helm
helm repo add openebs https://openebs.github.io/charts

kubectrl create namespace openebs

helm --namespace=openebs install openebs openebs/openebs
```

Install a test application

To test the cluster you can deploy WordPress. Note that we need to specify the storage class provided by our CSI.

```
# Add bitnami repo to helm
helm repo add bitnami https://charts.bitnami.com/bitnami

helm install wordpress bitnami/wordpress \
  --set=global.storageClass=openebs-hostpath
```

The end

You have successfully created a single-node Kubernetes Cluster using kubeadm on Ubuntu 20.04 and the cluster has everything you need to install your application.

If you'd like to watch this in a video, see below:

References

- [Installing kubeadm | Kubernetes](#)
- [Creating a cluster with kubeadm | Kubernetes](#)
- [Container runtimes | Kubernetes](#)
- [Install Docker Engine on Ubuntu | Docker Documentation](#)
- [Disable swap on Ubuntu – Grasping Tech](#)
- [Kubernetes: Up and Running – 2nd Edition – Amazon](#)

Related posts

- [Single-node Kubernetes on Raspberry Pi](#)
- [What's the best Kubernetes distribution for local environments?](#)
- [Silly but This Is a WordPress Blog Running on Kubernetes](#)

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